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# Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space

Information furnished in conformity with the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space

Note verbale dated 23 February 2021 from the Permanent Mission of Germany to the United Nations (Vienna) addressed to the Secretary-General

The Permanent Mission of Germany to the United Nations (Vienna), in accordance with article IV of the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space (General Assembly resolution 3235 (XXIX), annex), has the honour to transmit information concerning space objects launched by Germany (see annex).

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> The data on the space objects referenced in the annex were entered into the Register of Objects Launched into Outer Space on 3 March 2021.





#### Annex

#### Registration data on space objects launched by Germany<sup>2</sup>

#### **MOVE-IIB**

## Information provided in conformity with the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space

Committee on Space Research

international designator

2019-038N

Name of space object MOVE-IIB

National designator/registration

number

D-R078

State of registry Germany

Other launching States Czechia, Ecuador, Estonia, Finland, France, Israel,

Russian Federation, Sweden, Thailand, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland and

United States of America

Date and territory or location of launch 5 July 2019 at 0541 hours 46 seconds UTC;

Vostochny Cosmodrome, Russian Federation

Basic orbital parameters

Nodal period 95.26 minutes
Inclination 97.49 degrees
Apogee 550 kilometres
Perigee 512 kilometres

General functions of space object University nanosatellite for educational purposes

and technology demonstration. Satellite can send telemetry and receive commands. The goal of this project is to provide a flexible platform for scientific missions including all components necessary to successfully operate scientific payloads in low Earth orbit and beyond for at least six months. MOVE-IIB is a nearly exact copy of MOVE-II, which was launched in July 2019 with a

Soyuz rocket

### Additional voluntary information for use in the Register of Objects Launched into Outer Space

Munich

Website www.move2space.de/missions/move-iib/

Launch vehicle Soyuz 2.1b Fregat-M

Other information Other MOVE (Munich Orbital Verification

Experiment) missions: First-MOVE and MOVE-II.

MOVE is a student group at the Technical University of Munich for satellite development. The project is funded by the German Aerospace

Center (DLR)

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> The information was submitted using the form prepared pursuant to General Assembly resolution 62/101 and has been reformatted by the Secretariat.

#### **European Data Relay Satellite C (EDRS-C)**

## Information provided in conformity with the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space

Committee on Space Research

international designator

2019-049A

Name of space object European Data Relay Satellite C (EDRS-C)

National designator/registration

number

D-R079

State of registry Germany

Other launching States France, Luxembourg, United Kingdom and

European Space Agency

Date and territory or location of launch 6 August 2019 at 1930 hours 7 seconds UTC; French

Guiana

Basic orbital parameters

Nodal period 1,436 minutes
Inclination 0 degrees

Apogee 38,786 kilometres
Perigee 38,786 kilometres

General functions of space object EDRS-C is one component of the European data

relay system. Its two telecommunications payloads in geostationary orbit will enable broadband, bidirectional data relay between low Earth orbit satellites and an associated ground segment via

either of the EDRS payloads

## Additional voluntary information for use in the Register of Objects Launched into Outer Space

Geostationary position 31.19 degrees East

Space object owner or operator Airbus Defence and Space GmbH

Website www.airbus.com/space/telecommunications-

satellites/space-data-highway.html

Launch vehicle Ariane-5 ECA

Other information EDRS-C is a telecommunications satellite

consisting of the EDRS-C payload, the hosted payload Hylas3 from Avanti, and the hosted payload from ESA called Next Generation

Radiation Monitoring

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