





Convention sur la lutte contre la désertification

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Comité chargé de l'examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention

Dixième session

Changwon (République de Corée), 11-20 octobre 2011
Point 2 b) et c) de l'ordre du jour provisoire
Examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention et du plan-cadre
stratégique décennal visant à renforcer la mise en œuvre
de la Convention (2008-2018)
Plans de travail pluriannuels des institutions
et organes subsidiaires de la Convention
Résultats des institutions et organes subsidiaires de la Convention

Plans de travail pluriannuels des institutions et organes subsidiaires de la Convention

Projet de décision présenté par le Président du Comité chargé de l'examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention

La Conférence des Parties,

Rappelant la décision 3/COP.8, par laquelle les Parties ont adopté le plan-cadre stratégique décennal visant à renforcer la mise en œuvre de la Convention (2008-2018) (la Stratégie), et en particulier le paragraphe 38 de cette décision sur les cycles de planification et de budgétisation, dans laquelle les institutions de la Convention des Nations Unies sur la lutte contre la désertification sont priées d'élaborer leur propre plan de travail pluriannuel selon les principes de la gestion axée sur les résultats conformément à la Stratégie, et la section VII de l'annexe à ladite décision sur le suivi des résultats,

Rappelant aussi le paragraphe 2 b) de l'annexe à la décision 11/COP.9, dans laquelle le Comité chargé de l'examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention se voit confier la tâche d'examiner les résultats des institutions et organes subsidiaires de la Convention selon une méthode de gestion axée sur les résultats et à partir des rapports sur l'exécution du programme de travail biennal chiffré,

Ayant examiné les documents ICCD/CRIC(10)/2, ICCD/CRIC(10)/3, ICCD/CRIC(10)/4, ICCD/CRIC(10)/5, ICCD/CRIC(10)/6, ICCD/CRIC(10)/7-ICCD/COP(10)/CST/10, ICCD/CRIC(10)/8 et ICCD/CRIC(10)/9, et ayant mentionné les documents ICCD/COP(10)/10, ICCD/COP(10)/11, ICCD/COP(10)/12, ICCD/COP(10)/13, ICCD/COP(10)/14 et ICCD/COP(10)/15,



^{*} Nouveau tirage pour raisons techniques.

Soulignant l'importance d'un fonctionnement efficace et coordonné des institutions et organes subsidiaires de la Convention à l'appui des Parties qui mettent en œuvre la Stratégie,

- 1. Approuve l'orientation stratégique du Comité de la science et de la technologie, du Comité chargé de l'examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention, du Mécanisme mondial et du secrétariat, qui figure dans les plans de travail reproduits en annexe;
- 2. Prie le Comité de la science et de la technologie, le Comité chargé de l'examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention, le Mécanisme mondial et le secrétariat d'utiliser les plans de travail reproduits en annexe, en organisant leurs travaux selon des modalités compatibles avec les dispositions de la Convention et les décisions prises à la dixième session de la Conférence des Parties, et conformément aux lignes directrices de la Stratégie;
- 3. *Prie aussi* le Comité de la science et de la technologie, lors de l'élaboration de son plan de travail 2012-2015, de continuer à renforcer les activités de plaidoyer, de sensibilisation et d'éducation conformément au programme de travail du Comité figurant dans la Stratégie;
- 4. *Prie également* le secrétariat d'appuyer les activités énoncées dans la décision .../COP.10 sur les meilleurs moyens d'évaluer les progrès accomplis concernant les objectifs stratégiques 1, 2 et 3 de la Stratégie lors de la mise en œuvre du sousprogramme 3;
- 5. Prie en outre le Comité de la science et de la technologie et le Comité chargé de l'examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention de poursuivre les travaux de coordination visant à améliorer la gestion des connaissances au titre de la Convention des Nations Unies sur la lutte contre la désertification, afin de donner des informations qui soient cohérentes et facilement accessibles;
- 6. *Invite* les Parties, les donateurs et les institutions financières à apporter une aide technique et financière aux outils de gestion des connaissances au titre de la Convention des Nations Unies sur la lutte contre la désertification afin de mieux mettre en œuvre la Convention;
- 7. *Prie* le secrétariat et le Mécanisme mondial d'établir, conformément à la décision 3/COP.8, les plans de travail pluriannuels (2014-2017), en utilisant la méthode de gestion axée sur les résultats;
- 8. *Prie aussi* le secrétariat d'intégrer ses plans dans le plan de travail pluriannuel général relatif à la Convention, que la Conférence des Parties doit examiner à sa onzième session;

Résultats des institutions et organes subsidiaires de la Convention

- 9. Décide qu'à compter de sa douzième session, le Comité chargé de l'examen de la mise en œuvre de la Convention procédera à l'examen des résultats à partir des rapports sur l'exécution des programmes de travail biennaux chiffrés des institutions et organes subsidiaires de la Convention;
- 10. *Décide aussi* de recourir aux indicateurs de résultats et aux objectifs connexes figurant dans les plans de travail afin de pouvoir évaluer correctement les résultats des institutions et organes subsidiaires de la Convention.

Annexes

Annexe I

[English only]

Multi-year workplan for the Committee on Science and Technology (2012–2015)

Outcon	ne area:	Risks/assumptions:
assessm	onal monitoring and vulnerability ents on biophysical and socio-economic a affected countries are supported.	The political will of the Parties and low capacity in some affected countries.
Expecte	d accomplishments	Performance indicators
3.1.1	Affected Parties conduct impact assessments under the UNCCD, focusing on progress made in meeting strategic objectives 1–3.	The extent to which affected Parties report on progress made in meeting strategic objectives 1–3. A COP decision on a common approach for the reporting process on impact indicators.
Outcon	ne area:	Risks/assumptions:
availabl trends is	aseline based on the most robust data e on biophysical and socio-economic s developed and relevant scientific hes are gradually harmonized.	The political will of the Parties and low capacity in some affected countries.
Expecte	d accomplishments	Performance indicators
baselines fo	National, regional and global baselines for assessing progress in meeting strategic objectives 1–3 are	The extent to which affected Parties set up a baseline for assessing the progress in implementing the 10-year Strategy.
	established.	CST recommendations on baselines are reflected in COP decisions.
O 1		
Outcon		Risks/assumptions:
econom affected	wledge of biophysical and socio- ic factors and of their interactions in areas is improved to enable better a-making.	Engagement of the scientific community.
Expecte	d accomplishments	Performance indicators
3.3.1	The CST advances knowledge of biophysical and socio-economic factors and of their interactions in affected areas including issues associated with delineation of affected areas and planning and implementation of action.	CST recommendations on scientific advice delivered to the UNCCD decision-making process.

Outcome area:		Risks/assumptions:	
3.4 Knowledge of the interactions between climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and restoration of degraded land in affected areas is improved to develop tools to assist decision-making.		The political will of the Parties, and the engagement of the scientific bodies of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).	
Expected accomplishments		Performance indicators	
3.4.1	The CST increasingly cooperates with, and benefits from the work of, relevant organizations and bodies dealing with climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and restoration of degraded land.	The extent to which CST interacts with the scientific subsidiary bodies of the UNFCCC and the CBD, and other relevant scientific cooperation bodies.	

Outcon	ne area:	Risks/assumptions:
3.5 Effective knowledge-sharing systems, including traditional knowledge, are in place at the global, regional, subregional and national levels to support policymakers and end-users, including through the identification and sharing of best practices and success stories.		The political will of the Parties to continuously support the progressive development of the UNCCD knowledge management system.
Expected accomplishments		Performance indicators
3.5.1	Parties and other stakeholders increasingly use local, regional and global knowledge management systems.	Number of Parties and other stakeholders using local, regional and global knowledge management systems.

^a Excluding traditional knowledge on genetic resources.

Outcon	ne area:	Risks/assumptions:
3.6 Science and technology networks and institutions relevant to desertification/land degradation and drought are engaged to support UNCCD implementation.		The political will of the Parties to engage science and technology networks and institutions in affected countries. Engagement of the scientific community.
Expecte	ed accomplishments	Performance indicators
3.6.1	Provisions for the engagement of science and institutions are improved.	The extent to which scientific institutions participate in the work of the CST.

Annexe II

[English only]

Multi-year workplan for the Committee for the Review of the Implementation of the Convention (2012-2015)

A. Assessment of the implementation of the Convention and The Strategy

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties assess the progress made in meeting strategic objectives 1–4 of The Strategy and related targets, and provide guidance on further steps to be taken	CRIC draft decisions on further steps to be taken to meet the strategic objectives, taking into consideration the section of the mid-term evaluation that deals with strategic objectives 1–4
	Strategic objectives 1–3 analysed by the CST and integrated into PRAIS
	Target for 2012
	Second assessment of implementation (2010–2011) undertaken, including against impact indicators
	Target for 2013
	Targets for strategic objectives 1–4 adopted, including input by the CST
Parties assess the progress made in meeting operational objectives 1–5 of The Strategy and related targets, and provide guidance on further steps to be taken	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to the eleventh session of the COP (COP 11) on further steps to be taken to meet the operational objectives
	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to the twelfth session of the COP (COP 12) on further steps to be taken to meet operational objectives, outcome areas, performance indicators and related targets that may be adopted/amended as part of the mid-term evaluation at the performance level
	Target for 2012
	Second assessment of implementation (2010–2011) against performance indicators
	Target for 2014
	Third assessment of implementation (2012–2013) against performance indicators
Parties assess the mobilization and use of financial resources and other support, and provide guidance on how to enhance their effectiveness and efficiency in the achievement of the objectives of the Convention	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to COP 11 on how to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of financial resources and other support
	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to COP 12 on how to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of financial resources and other support, including on

	new provisions that may be adopted as part of the mid-term evaluation in this regard
	Target for 2012
	Second review of financial flows (2010–2011) based on preliminary analysis submitted by the GM to the secretariat
	Target for 2014
	Third review of financial flows (2012–2013) based on preliminary analysis submitted by the GM to the secretariat
Parties adopt methods that improve communication of information, as well as the quality and format of reports to be submitted to the COP	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to COP 11 on methods to improve communication of information and the quality and formats of reports
	Target for 2013
	Complete the first iteration on reporting against impact indicators and the second iteration on reporting against performance indicators as part of the mid-term evaluation

B. Performance review of the Convention's institutions and subsidiary bodies

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties review the performance of the secretariat and the Global Mechanism, and provide guidance on further improvements	CRIC draft decisions submitted to COP 11 and COP 12 on improving the performance of the institutions of the Convention
	Target for 2013
	Second review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year work programmes (2012–2013) submitted by the secretariat and the GM
	Target for 2015
	Third review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year work programmes (2014–2015) submitted by the secretariat and the GM, and taking into consideration the outcome of the mid-term evaluation of The Strategy
Parties review the performance of the CRIC and the CST and the interaction between them, and provide guidance on further improvements	CRIC draft decisions submitted to COP 11 and COP 12 on improving the performance of the subsidiary bodies of the Convention
	Target for 2013

Second review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year work programmes (2012–2013) of the CRIC and the CST

Target for 2015

Third review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year work programmes (2014–2015) of the CRIC and the CST, and taking into consideration the outcome of the mid-term evaluation of The Strategy

C. Compilation and dissemination of best practices

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
CRIC facilitates the compilation and dissemination of best practices	CRIC reviews the accessibility of best practices according to table 3 annexed to decision/COP.10
	CRIC identifies recommended primary databases on the basis of reports provided to intersessional sessions and as part of the assessment of implementation
	CRIC draft decision submitted to COP 11 on the possible ways to promote the analysis and dissemination of best practices, according to the respective mandates of the two Committees
	Target for 2013
	Recommended primary databases have been identified on theme 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 of the annex of decision/COP.10
	Joint report of the CST and CRIC tabled through CRIC 11 to COP 11 in 2013

D. Mid-term evaluation of The Strategy

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties consider an update of the IWG on the mid-term evaluation with a view of providing feedback on the work undertaken	Update on the mid-term evaluation considered and feedback provided through the final report of CRIC 11
	Target for 2013:
	Review of the progress made by the IWG on the mid- term evaluation

E. Collaboration with the Global Environment Facility

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties assess the progress made in the cooperation with the Global Environment	CRIC draft decision submitted to COP 11 on a revised memorandum of understanding with the GEF
Facility, and provide guidance on further improvement in order for the GEF to serve	Target for 2014
as a financial mechanism of the Convention	GEF reports according to the revised reporting requirements

F. Relationship with other relevant conventions and international organizations, institutions and agencies

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties assess the progress made in the relationships with other relevant conventions and international organizations, institutions and agencies, and provide guidance on further promotion and strengthening of synergies	CRIC draft decisions submitted to COP 11 and COP 12 on strengthening the relationships with other relevant conventions and international organisations, institutions and agencies Target for 2013 and 2015 Two reports by the secretariat to be reviewed in 2013 and 2015, respectively

Annexe III

[English only]

Multi-year workplan for the Global Mechanism (2012–2015)

Operational objective 1 – Advocacy, awareness-raising and education

To actively influence relevant international, national and local processes and actors in adequately addressing desertification/land degradation and drought-related issues.

Outcome area:

1.2 DLDD issues are addressed in relevant international forums, including those pertaining to agricultural trade, climate change adaptation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use, rural development, sustainable development and poverty reduction

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
1.2.01 Finance for SLM is addressed in relevant international forums	The number of relevant international forums to which the GM contributes that address financial issues related to SLM
	<u>Target for2012- 2013</u> : 6

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1.3 CSOs and the scientific community in the North and the South are increasingly engaged as stakeholders in the Convention's processes, and DLDD is addressed in their advocacy, awareness-raising and education initiatives

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators
(2012–2015)	(2012–2015)

 $1.3.01 \ CSOs \ engaged \ in \ IFS \ and \\ IFS \ and \ IFF \ processes \\ integrated \ investment \ frameworks \\ \\$

Target for 2012 – 13: 23

1.3.02 The scientific community is engaged to collect economic by the evidence for increasing investments in SLM

The number of scientific institutions engaged in SLM related processes supported by the GM

<u>Target for 2012 – 13:</u> 7

Operational objective 2 – Policy framework

To support the creation of enabling environments for promoting solutions to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

2.1 Policy, institutional, financial and socio-economic drivers of desertification/land degradation and barriers to SLM are assessed, and appropriate measures to remove these barriers are recommended

2.2 Affected country Parties revise their national action programmes (NAPs) into strategic documents supported by biophysical and socio-economic baseline information and include them in integrated investment frameworks

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

2.1.01 The development of SLM IFSs contribute to the alignment of the NAPs to The Strategy

The number of IFS-related processes contributing to NAP revision and alignment

Target for 2012 – 13: 12

Outcome area:

2.3 Affected country Parties integrate their NAPs and sustainable land management and land degradation issues into development planning and relevant sectoral and investment plans and policies

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

2.3.01 IFSs identify investment opportunities for NAP priorities in national development processes such as Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers and relevant sectoral and

investment plans and policies

The number of affected country Parties supported by the GM to focus strategically on the interlinkages between development, poverty reduction and DLDD/SLM finance

Target for 2012 – 13: 17

Outcome area:

2.4 Developed country Parties mainstream the objectives of the Convention and SLM interventions into their development cooperation programmes/projects in line with their support to national, sectoral and investment plans

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

2.4.01 SLM is mainstreamed into developed country Parties development policies

The number of donor platforms and individual donors that consider SLM issues in their development policies

Target for 2012 – 13: 7

Outcome area:	
3	among desertification/land degradation action programmes and biodiversity and action are introduced or strengthened to enhance the impact of interventions
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
2.5.01 Increased SLM financing through synergistic implementation of the Rio conventions	The number of relevant global and regional events related to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Convention on Biological Diversity to which the GM contributes

Operational objective 5 – Financing and technology transfer

"To mobilize and improve the targeting and coordination of national, bilateral and multilateral financial and technological resources in order to increase their impact and effectiveness"

Outcome area:	
	p integrated investment frameworks for leveraging national, bilateral and o increasing the effectiveness and impact of interventions
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.1.01 Regional and subregional platforms relevant to SLM financing functioning and supported by the GM	The number of regional and subregional platforms relevant to SLM financing functioning and supported by the GM through partnerships
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 26
5.1.02 Affected country Parties increasingly establish Integrated Investment Frameworks for SLM	The number of SLM Integrated Financing Strategies and IIFs supported by the GM endorsed by affected country Parties
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 25
5.1.03 Economic arguments in support of SLM investments are generated	The number of country Parties that have assessed the economic value of land
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 21

5.2 Developed country Parties provide substantial, adequate, timely and predictable financial resources to support domestic initiatives to reverse and prevent desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought **5.3** Parties increase their efforts to mobilize financial resources from international financial institutions, facilities and funds, including the Global Environment Facility (GEF), by promoting the UNCCD/sustainable land management agenda within the governing bodies of these institutions

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.2.01 Developed countries and IFIs, including the GEF, increasingly finance the SLM integrated investment frameworks	Rate of increase in financing volume of developed countries', IFIs and the GEF's contributions to support SLM IIFs (as per FIELD and PRAIS)
	<i>Target for 2012 – 13: 5%</i>

Outcome area:

5.4 Innovative sources of finance and financing mechanisms are identified to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought, including from the private sector, market-based mechanisms, trade, foundations and civil society organizations, and other financing mechanisms for climate change adaptation and mitigation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use and for hunger and poverty reduction

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.4.01 Country Parties are enabled to identify innovative resources and potential entry points for	The number of modules and approaches on innovative finance developed $\underline{Target for 2012 - 13}$: 17
innovative sources of finance and financing mechanisms related to	The number of organizations involved in partnerships with the GM related to innovative finance
SLM	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 20
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.4.02 Resources mobilized for SLM through the application of innovative sources of finance and financing mechanisms	The number of countries and subregions assisted by the GM with mobilizing innovative finance $\underline{Target for 2012 - 13}$: 39

Outcome area:

5.5 Access to technology by affected country Parties is facilitated through adequate financing, effective economic and policy incentives and technical support, notably within the framework of South-South and North-South cooperation

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.5.01 South-South and North- South partnerships allow affected country Parties to access knowledge on technology transfer	Technology transfer in the context of DLDD/SLM increasingly understood through a number of initiatives
2 07	<u>Target for 2012 – 13:</u> 7

Executive direction and management

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

X.1.01 The GM is an effective partner on financing for the Convention in international dialogues, partnerships and strategy development for servicing the Convention and its Parties

JWP completed and implemented *Target for 2012 – 13*: Yes

The proportion of the core budget adopted by the COP received for GM $_{\cdot\cdot}$

operations

Clearance by the President of IFAD on GM inputs

The number of meetings held among Facilitation Committee (FC) members

Target for 2012 – 13: 2

X.2.01 Effective and transparent management of the work programme and financial resources Quality and RBM performance enforced

Target for 2012 – 13: Yes

Level of satisfaction of country parties with the support provided by the GM

(survey)

Target for 2012 - 13: 60%

IFAD audit results on the GM are satisfactory

Target 2012-2013: Yes

Amount of voluntary contributions raised from donors

Target 2012-2013: EUR 7 000 000

The number of staff development and team-building initiatives undertaken

X.3.01 Communication to a wide audience of the services provided by the GM to the Convention

Unique visitors per day to the website

Target for 2012 - 13: 306

Annexe IV

[English only]

Multi-year workplan for the secretariat (2012–2015)

Subprogramme 1 - Advocacy, awareness-raising and education

To actively influence relevant international, national and local processes and actors in adequately addressing desertification/land degradation and drought-related issues.

Outcome area:

1.1 Desertification/land degradation and drought (DLDD) issues and the synergies with climate change adaptation/mitigation and biodiversity conservation are effectively communicated among key constituencies at the international, national and local levels

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

1.1.1. Awareness of addressing DLDD as one of the solutions to key global challenges increased through the Convention's communication and awareness-raising activities

The extent to which Parties and other stakeholders use the Convention's awareness-raising programmes and material

Target for 2013

Increase from 2011 in UNCCD website visits, number of articles addressing DLDD or sustainable land management (SLM) published, media requests and LandScan subscribers

Outcome area:

1.2 DLDD issues are addressed in relevant international forums, including those pertaining to agricultural trade, climate change adaptation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use, rural development, sustainable development and poverty reduction

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

1.2.1 The Convention process is increasingly recognized as a normative reference and the Convention secretariat nominated a global focal point for DLDD issues

Number of invitations to the secretariat to co-organize, chair or speak at high-level

1.3 CSOs and the scientific community in the North and the South are increasingly engaged as stakeholders in the Convention's processes, and DLDD is addressed in their advocacy, awareness-raising and education initiatives

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
1.3.1 CSO contributions to the	The extent to which CSO participation to Convention meetings is balanced
meetings and processes of the Convention are effectively	<u>Target for 2013</u>
facilitated	CSO representation at CRIC 11 covers all regions and is balanced in terms of gender and expertise
	The extent to which CSOs present their positions during COP and CRIC deliberations

Subprogramme 2 – Policy framework

To support the creation of enabling environments for promoting solutions to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

- **2.1** The policy, institutional, financial and socio-economic drivers of desertification/land degradation and barriers to SLM are assessed, and appropriate measures to remove these barriers are recommended
- **2.2** Affected country Parties revise their national action programmes (NAPs) into strategic documents supported by biophysical and socio-economic baseline information and include them in integrated investment frameworks
- **2.3** Affected country Parties integrate their NAPs, SLM and land degradation issues into development planning and relevant sectoral and investment plans and policies

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
2.1.1 Affected country Parties have increased support from major multilateral cooperation organizations and programmes in devising their NAPs and SLM, and addressing DLDD	The extent to which the policies and approaches of UNDP ¹ , UNEP ² , WMO ³ , FAO, ⁴ UNESCO ⁵ and IUCN ⁶ reflect the work carried out under the Convention

¹ United Nations Development Programme.

² United Nations Environment Programme.

³ World Meteorological Organization.

⁴ Food and Agriculture Organization.

⁵ United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

⁶ World Conservation Union.

2.4 Developed country Parties mainstream the objetives of the Convention and SLM interventions into their development cooperation programmes/projects in line with their support to national sectoral and investment plans

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

2.4.1 SLM/DLDD issues are mainstreamed into development agendas

The extent to which developed countries place DLDD issues on the agenda of multilateral policy forums

Outcome area:

2.5 Mutually reinforcing measures among desertification/land degradation action programmes and biodiversity and climate change mitigation and adaptation are introduced or strengthened in order to enhance the impact of interventions

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

2.5.1 Improved understanding of the importance of DLDD and SLM in addressing climate change and biodiversity

The extent to which the Convention, DLDD or SLM is referred to in documents and decisions concerning climate change and biodiversity

2.5.2 Improved understanding of the interlinkages between implementation of the Convention and addressing food security, water scarcity and drought, forestry, gender issues and migration

The extent to which the Convention, DLDD or SLM is referred to in the documents and decisions concerning food security, water scarcity and drought, forestry, gender issues and migration, building on inputs made by the secretariat

Subprogramme 3 – Science, technology and knowledge

To become a global authority on scientific and technical knowledge pertaining to desertification/land degradation and mitigation of the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

3.1 National monitoring and vulnerability assessments of biophysical and socio-economic trends in affected countries are supported

3.1.(a) Substantive preparation of the assessment of progress in meeting the strategic and operational objectives of The Strategy

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators (2012-2015)(2012-2015)3.1.1 Effective support to affected Parties in The extent to which the reports of Parties follow the reporting conducting assessments of implementation in guidelines meeting the five operational objectives under Target for 2013 the Strategy At least 75% of the reports received follow the guidelines 3.1.2 Effective support to Parties in The extent to which the reports of affected countries follow the monitoring impact, with focus on progress reporting guidelines made in meeting the strategic objectives under Target for 2013 The Strategy At least 75% of the reports received follow the guidelines

3.1 (h) Support to the review and assessment of progress in implementing The Strategy

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
3.1.3 Parties assess the relevance and effectiveness of The Strategy, and recommend appropriate measures for improving performance and furthering its implementation	COP 10

Linkages between GEF investment and the objectives of The Strategy clarified, including alignment of the sets of impact indicators of the GEF land degradation focal area and The Strategy;

The merits of a fixed timeframe, with 2018 being the final year of The Strategy, versus a rolling system, as applied in the RBM framework of the workplans of the institutions and subsidiary bodies of the Convention, considered.

3.1.4 Parties assess the progress made with the implementation of The Strategy and recommend appropriate measures to improve efficiency

The extent to which the assessment of progress made in the implementation of The Strategy is undertaken by referring to the baseline assessment of CRIC 9 (as reflected in the pertinent decisions of COP 10) and the analysis of trends to be undertaken at CRIC 1, by making use of the findings of the iterative process undertaken mainly in 2011 and 2012; and by considering how the results achieved under the operational objectives contribute to the delivery of the expected accomplishments under the strategic objectives

The extent to which PRAIS is implemented according to the provisions contained in the relevant decisions of COP 11

3.1.5 Parties assess the CRIC and provide guidance to improve its performance and increase its effectiveness	The extent to which the assessment of the CRIC concerns its operation under the terms of reference as modified by the relevant decision of COP 11
	Target for 2013
	Assessment of the relevance, impact, effectiveness, appropriateness of format and cost-effectiveness of CRIC meetings
3.1.6 Parties assess the CST, with reference of it fulfilling operational objective 3 on how best to measure progress on strategic objectives 1,2 and 3	The extent to which the assessment of the CST concerns its fulfillment of operational objective 3 on how best to measure progress on strategic objectives 1,2 and 3
3.1.7 Parties assess PRAIS and provide guidance on further improvement of its effectiveness	The extent to which the assessment of PRAIS concerns its implementation according to the provisions contained in the relevant decisions of COP 11
3.1.8 Parties assess the effectiveness of existing institutional arrangements and regional coordination mechanisms, and provide guidance on further improvement of regional coordination of the implementation of	The extent to which the assessment of the institutional arrangements for RCMs supports the revision and amendment of these arrangements

the Convention

3.2 A baseline based on the most robust data available on biophysical and socio-economic trends is developed and relevant scientific approaches are gradually harmonized

Expected accomplishments	
(2012–2015)	

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

3.2.1 Effective support to the CST to guide the development of national and global baselines for assessing progress in meeting strategic objectives 1–3

3.2.1 Effective support to the CST to guide the development of national and global baselines secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

3.3 Knowledge of biophysical and socio-economic factors and of their interactions in affected areas is improved to enable better decision-making

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

3.3.1 Effective support to the CST in advancing knowledge of the biophysical and socio-economic factors of DLDD and of related interactions in affected areas

The extent to which background information for and outcomes of the Convention's scientific conferences are disseminated in a timely manner to a large group of recipients

Target for 2013

The outcomes of the second scientific conference are made available online at least three months before COP 11

Outcome area:

3.4 Knowledge of the interactions between climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and restoration of degraded land in affected areas is improved to develop tools to assist decision-making

Expected	accomplishments
(2012-201)	15)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

3.4.1 Effective support to the CST in addressing interlinkages between the agenda of the CST and the agendas of other organizations and bodies relating to the interactions between climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and the restoration of degraded lands

The extent to which the background information of the secretariat on interlinkages is reflected in CST recommendations

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

The extent to which the actions and needs of the CST are reflected in the work of those scientific bodies and organizations that the secretariat has addressed

3.4.2 Improved knowledge and understanding of the mutual benefits of measures to address drought mitigation and the restoration of degraded land

The extent to which background information on drought mitigation is reflected in CST recommendations and COP decisions

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

3.5 Effective knowledge-sharing systems, including traditional knowledge, are in place at the global, regional, subregional and national levels to support policymakers and end-users, including through the identification and sharing of best practices and success stories

Expected accomplishments (2012-2015)

Performance indicators (2012-2015)

3.5.1 Effective support to the CST in promoting the use of scientific knowledge to support decision-making concerning the Convention

The extent to which partners support or join the improvement of knowledge management under the Convention

Target for 2013

10% increase of involved partners on 2011

Outcome area:

3.6 Science and technology networks and institutions relevant to DLDD are engaged to support the implementation of the Convention

Expected accomplishments (2012-2015)

Performance indicators (2012-2015)

supports the CST in improving the provisions for the engagement of scientists and scientific institutions

3.6.1 The secretariat effectively The extent to which the background information of the secretariat on how to improve provisions for the engagement of scientists and scientific institutions is reflected in CST recommendations

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

Subprogramme 4 – Capacity-building

To identify and address capacity-building needs to prevent and reverse desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

- 4.1 Countries which have carried out the national capacity self-assessment (NCSA) implement the resulting action plans to develop the necessary capacity at the individual, institutional and systemic levels to tackle DLDD issues at the national and local levels
- 4.2 Those countries which have not previously undertaken capacity needs assessments engage in relevant assessment processes to identify capacity needs for tackling DLDD at the national and local levels

⁷ Excluding traditional knowledge on genetic resources.

Expected accomplishments
(2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012-2015)

capacity-building under the Convention are improved

4.1.1 Opportunities for targeted The extent to which Parties participate in capacity-building that addresses Convention-related needs

Subprogramme 5 – Financing and technology transfer

To mobilize and improve the targeting and coordination of national, bilateral and multilateral financial and technological resources in order to increase their impact and effectiveness.

Outcome area:

- 5.1 Affected country Parties develop integrated investment frameworks for leveraging national, bilateral and multilateral resources with a view to increasing the effectiveness and impact of interventions
- 5.2 Developed country Parties provide substantial, adequate, timely and predictable financial resources to support domestic initiatives to reverse and prevent desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought
- 5.3 Parties increase their efforts to mobilize financial resources from international financial institutions, facilities and funds, including the GEF, by promoting the Convention's SLM agenda within the governing bodies of these institutions.
- 5.4 Innovative sources of finance and financing mechanisms are identified to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought, including from the private sector, market-based mechanisms, trade, foundations and CSOs, and other financing mechanisms for climate change adaptation and mitigation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use, and hunger and poverty reduction
- 5.5 Access to technology by affected country Parties is facilitated through adequate financing, effective economic and policy incentives and technical support, most notably within the framework of South-South and North-South cooperation

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.1.1. Increased understanding of the importance of DLDD and SLM on the part of the GEF, IFAD, the World Bank and regional banks	The extent to which the policies and approaches of the GEF, IFAD and the World Bank reflect the priorities set under the Convention

Subprogramme 6 - Management support for strategy implementation

(a) Executive direction and management		
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)	
6.1 Improved integrity and coherence of the Convention process	The extent to which Parties express their satisfaction	
(b) Conference services		
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)	
6.2 Parties are satisfied with improved conditions for taking	The extent to which arrangements to organize the sessions of the COP and its subsidiary bodies improve	
informed decisions at the level of the COP and its subsidiary	<u>Target for 2013</u>	
bodies	Feedback from Parties about the arrangements at CRIC 11 and the third special session of the CST (CST S-3)	
	The number of official documents promptly and effectively submitted to Parties for consideration at sessions of the COP and its subsidiary bodies	
	<u>Target for 2013</u>	
	Increased percentage of prompt submission of documentation	
6.3 Exchanges among Parties' representatives, scientific experts and/or other key stakeholders are efficiently facilitated	The extent to which requested meetings, workshops and seminars are organized promptly and within the limits of the allocated budget	
	Target for 2013	
	Feedback from partners in the organization of the meetings	
	The extent to which requested publications, documentation and information materials are processed promptly and within the limits of the allocated budget	
	<u>Target for 2013</u>	
	Feedback from units involved in the production of the publications, documentation and information material	

(c) Administration, finance and human resources

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators (2012-2015)(2012-2015)6.4 The secretariat's financial The proportion of actual expenditure compared to the approved budget and human resources are Target for 2013 100% administered effectively and efficiently, and in accordance The extent to which staff members' training requirements are met to implement the with the financial rules of the work programme of the secretariat Convention and the regulations Target for 2013 and rules of the United Nations At least 30% of the staff participates in training relating to their own work 6.5 Improved information and The extent to which information and communication technology services meet the communication technology secretariat's requirements services of the secretariat Target for 2013 The staff recognizes improvements in ICT services The extent to which Parties and other users express their satisfaction with services at conferences

Annexe V

[English only]

The 2012–2013 joint work programme between the secretariat and the Global Mechanism

Operational objective 1: Advocacy, awareness-raising and education

To actively influence relevant international, national and local processes and actors in adequately addressing issues relating to desertification/land degradation and droughtrelated issues.

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
	Joint contributions to at least four forums and processes	Joint or shared information materials on key DLDD-related issues that have relevance for resource mobilization

Operational objective 2: Policy framework

To support the creation of enabling environments for promoting solutions to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP 2.1 Regional cooperation and coordination to address DLDD and advance SLM are effectively supported	- The number of regional action programmes (RAPs) and subregional action programmes (SRAPs) that are aligned with The Strategy - The extent to which Parties use the services of the Regional Coordination Units in regional coordination	Support to regional cooperation and coordination in the content of the five annexes, including - provision of services to the regional advisory committee according to the agreed regional work programme, - support for the alignment of regional and subregional action programmes, and - organization of regional meetings preparatory to the sessions of the COP and its subsidiary bodies
JWP 2.2. Increased effectiveness of servicing countries in national action programme (NAP) alignment and mainstreaming	The number of NAPs aligned with The Strategy	Support for the alignment of NAPs with The Strategy, including - information products, - technical assistance, and - organization of subregional workshops on capacity-building for NAP, SRAP and RAP alignment

Operational objective 3: Science, technology and knowledge

To become a global authority on scientific and technical knowledge pertaining to desertification/land degradation and mitigation of the effects of drought.

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP 3.1 The review by the CRIC of the status of financing for the implementation of the	At least 50% of the recommendations of the GM and the secretariat are reflected in the	A CRIC document containing an analysis of financial information in the national reports
Convention is based on sound information	recommendations of the CRIC	Information on key issues on financing SLM for the CRIC and the COP
		Collaboration in the context of PRAIS, including use of the query functions on the public interface of PRAIS to allow access to data by the general public
		Revised templates, reporting guidelines and glossary as regards the programme and project sheets, the standard financial annex and strategic objective 4
		CRIC documentation on best practices

Operational objective 5: Financing and technology transfer

To mobilize and improve the targeting and coordination of national, bilateral and multilateral financial and technological resources in order to increase their impact and effectiveness

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP 5.1 A policy	The extent to which the	Material on resource needs, priorities and
environment that is more conducive to financing	financial requirements of and flows to the Convention are	policy arguments for effective resource mobilization
the Convention through	clearly and transparently	moonization
the implementation of	communicated to and	Joint or coordinated outreach to potential
the common fundraising	understood by partners	donors and partners
strategy	The extent to which recovered	
	The extent to which resources are mobilized to effectively deliver the work packages of the secretariat	
JWP 5.2 Improved opportunities for SLM initiatives to access innovative sources of	The number of financing channels/opportunities and initiatives for DLDD/SLM issues	Development of innovative approaches for marketing DLDD/SLM issues
financing		

EE: An enabling environment for strengthened collaboration

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP EE.1 Coordination, collaboration and communication between the two institutions is substantially improved	The number of coordination events held between the GM and the secretariat	Documentation on the JWP for consideration by the CRIC and the COP Coordinated approaches to various administrative issues