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# Committee on the Peaceful Uses of Outer Space

# National legislation and practice relating to the definition and delimitation of outer space

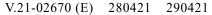
Note by the Secretariat

Addendum

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# II. Replies received from States members of the Committee

#### **Argentina**

[Original: Spanish] [1 March 2021]

The Argentine Republic has not enacted any legislation related directly to the definition or delimitation of outer space and airspace.

#### **Bolivia (Plurinational State of)**

[Original: Spanish] [9 March 2021]

While the questions prepared by the Office for Outer Space Affairs have been considered in accordance with the request, it should be noted that, at present, the country is not carrying out any research that would enable us to take a position or offer comments on the issues set out in the questionnaire.

The role of the Bolivian Space Agency, as a national strategic public company and in accordance with the decree through which it was established (Supreme Decree No. 423), is "initially, to manage and implement the Túpak Katari communications satellite project." Its functions include:

- Management and implementation of the Túpak Katari communications satellite project
- Promotion of the development of new satellite and space projects
- Promotion of training and technology transfer in the area of space technology
- Promotion of the use of satellite applications in social, production, defence, environmental and other programmes

Given that the Agency is not responsible for proposing regulations concerning the definition and delimitation of outer space and matters relating to suborbital flights for scientific missions or human transportation, both of those issues being the subject of the questionnaire, we consider that it is not appropriate for the Agency to complete the questionnaire.

#### Hungary

[Original: English] [2 March 2021]

There is currently no separate national regulation on space activities in Hungary. Act No. XCVII on Aviation (1995), article 71, point 32, reads "Hungarian airspace: the part of the airspace above Hungary up to the height that can be physically used for aviation based on the most advanced technical standards of the time".

## Morocco

[Original: French] [9 March 2021]

To date, Morocco has no national legislation on outer space. The draft national law on space currently being prepared does not address the issue of the definition and/or delimitation of outer space.

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## Nicaragua

[Original: Spanish] [8 March 2021]

In our legal system there is no legislation that defines or delimits outer space and airspace. However, Nicaragua adopted provisions relating to the exploitation and use of outer space through Decree No. 8245 – published in the Official Gazette of 15 June 2017 – approving the Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies.

As a United Nations Member State, Nicaragua complies with the provisions of the Radio Regulations issued by the International Telecommunication Union concerning satellite services. In addition, regulations on satellite communications were adopted through Administrative Agreement No. 2-97, issued by the Nicaraguan Telecommunications and Postal Institute (TELCOR, a regulatory body).

#### Peru

[Original: Spanish] [4 March 2021]

There are no national laws or practices that exist or are being developed that relate to the definition or delimitation of outer space or airspace.

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