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Conseil de sécurité
Soixante-seizième année

**Lettres identiques datées du 26 octobre 2021, adressées
au Secrétaire général et au Président du Conseil de sécurité
par la Représentante permanente du Liban
auprès de l'Organisation des Nations Unies**

D'ordre de mon gouvernement, j'ai l'honneur de vous faire tenir ci-joint un tableau récapitulatif des violations de la résolution [1701 \(2006\)](#) du Conseil de sécurité commises par Israël au cours du mois d'août 2021 (voir annexe)*.

Je vous serais reconnaissante de bien vouloir faire distribuer le texte de la présente lettre et de son annexe comme document de l'Assemblée générale, au titre du point 38 de l'ordre du jour, et du Conseil de sécurité.

L'Ambassadrice,
Représentante permanente
(Signé) Amal **Mudallali**

* Distribuée uniquement en anglais et en arabe.



**Annexe aux lettres identiques datées du 26 octobre 2021
adressées au Secrétaire général et au Président du Conseil
de sécurité par la Représentante permanente du Liban
auprès de l'Organisation des Nations Unies**

Land violations committed in August 2021

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
1 August	0715	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee vehicle, a four-wheel drive vehicle and dump truck carrying dirt and basecourse material stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah. Enemy personnel used two trench excavators to continue levelling the dirt road. They were accompanied by soldiers who deployed in the surrounding area and took up combat positions. Work ended at 1630 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
	2140	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Udaysah, near point TP37, Israeli enemy soldiers directed searchlights towards Lebanese territory.
2 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 10 in Duhayrah, 1 in Bustan, 24 in Amra and 21 in Hula.
	0715	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0830	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee vehicle, two four-wheel drive vehicles, a personnel carrier and a truck stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the locality of Saddanah, opposite point OP4 of the Indian contingent of the United Nations Interim Force in Lebanon (UNIFIL). Enemy personnel used two trench diggers to continue levelling the dirt road and to excavate a trench approximately 100 m long and 1 m deep. They were accompanied by soldiers who deployed in the surrounding area and took up combat positions. Work ended at 1630 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	2110	From occupied Palestinian territory, near the town of Maysat, Israeli enemy soldiers fired two flares that fell in Lebanese territory.
3 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 6 in Alma al-Sha'b, 4 in Duhayrah, 41 in Yarun, 14 in Amra, 32 in Hula and 1 in Mays al-Jabal.
	0630	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0830	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee, a black four-wheel drive vehicle, an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, a personnel carrier and a truck stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, opposite the Ruwaysat al-Alam position. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, continued levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they used two trench diggers to excavate a trench approximately 60 m long and 1 m deep. Work ended at 1730 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
	1320	As the civilian Hasan Zahrah was grazing a herd of livestock in the vicinity of the town of Shab'a, in the Sha'b al-Suwayd area, an Israeli enemy patrol directed light weapons fire into the air towards Lebanese territory from the perimeter of the enemy's Birkat al-Naqqar position, in order to intimidate the shepherd. No one was harmed in the incident.
	1803	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Udaysah, two Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	2107	From occupied Palestinian territory, opposite Birkat Risha and the town of Bustan, the Israeli enemy fired 12 flares, 5 of which fell in Lebanese territory.
	2235	From occupied Palestinian territory, at the southern boundary of the town of Aytarun, Israeli enemy soldiers fired a flare that fell in Lebanese territory.
4 August	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0840	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Birkat al-Naqqar, enemy personnel completed levelling and cleaning the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, and they used an excavator to split boulders. The work ended at 1640 hours.
	1215	<p>The Israeli enemy fired artillery shells that fell in Lebanese territory as follows:</p> <p>From 1215 to 1230 hours, eight shells fell in Sahl al-Khiyam.</p> <p>Between 1345 and 1502 hours, 24 shells fell in the outskirts of the town of Rashayya al-Fukhar (at Wadi al-Hayr and Khuraybah), causing fires to break out in Khuraybah; 22 shells fell outside the town of Habbariyah (in the area around Birkat al-Saddanah); 18 shells fell outside the town of Naqurah (at Tallat Umm al-Rabb); and 8 shells fell outside the town of Tayr Harfa (at Ayn al-Zarq).</p>
5 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 8 in Duhayrah and 41 in Yarun.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0900	In the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Birkat al-Naqqar, enemy personnel completed levelling and cleaning the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, and they used an excavator and a truck to split boulders. The work ended at 1600 hours.
	2330– 0015	The rumble of several explosions, the cause of which is unknown, was heard coming from the occupied Shab'a Farms.
6 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 4 in Duhayrah, 30 in Yarun, 10 in Hula and 19 in Amra.
	1115	The Israeli enemy fired 45 155-mm shells towards the Saddanah area, of which 30 fell outside the town of Habbariyah and 15 outside the town of Kafr Shuba, in the area of Izra'il. Residents extinguished the fires that broke out.
7 August	–	Some seven landmines that the Israeli enemy had left behind in the town of Hula were detonated.
8 August	0715	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
		other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	1045– 1200	The rumble of several explosions, the cause of which is unknown, was heard coming from the occupied Shab'a Farms.
9 August	0715	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
10 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 2 in Mays al-Jabal, 31 in Amra, 15 in Hula and 12 Duhayrah.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
11 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 19 in Mays al-Jabal, 19 in Hula, 8 in Duhayrah and 34 in Yarun.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0830	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee, a black four-wheel drive vehicle, an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle and a personnel carrier stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, opposite the Ruwaysat al-Alam position. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used three trench diggers to continue levelling the dirt road leading to the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position. Work ended at 1700 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
	1200	Opposite the town of Kafr Kila, a civilian bus and four civilian vehicles approached from the enemy's Jabal al-Tayyarah position in occupied Palestinian territory. Some 40 individuals in civilian clothing disembarked, scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 1250 hours.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
12 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 20 in Mays al-Jabal, 35 in Yarun, 33 in Hula, 30 in Amra, 1 in Bustan, 5 in Duhayrah and 11 in Marwahin.
	0930	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Aytarun, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory.
	1000	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
13 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 9 in Mays al-Jabal, 13 in Hula, 5 in Duhayrah, 7 in Marwahin and 26 in Yarun.
	0900	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, at the Israeli enemy's Humayri position, the cannon of a Merkava tank was pointed towards Lebanese territory until 0935 hours.
	1330	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Udaysah, near point TP36(2), Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
14 August	1015	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, at the Maysat point, Israeli enemy soldiers pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
15 August	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 12 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other four took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee vehicle, a black four-wheel drive vehicle, an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle and a truck stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, opposite point OP3 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the surrounding area and took up combat positions, used three trench diggers to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah and laid basecourse material in the trench next to the road. Work ended at 1630 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
16 August	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other five took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
17 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 26 in Yarun, 28 in Hula and 27 in Amra.
	1310	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 16 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other eight took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	2315– 2335	The sound of several explosions and light machine-gun fire was heard emanating from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of the Israeli enemy's Summaqah and Ruwaysat al-Alam positions.
18 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 24 in Mays al-Jabal, 39 in Yarun, 14 in Hula and 1 in Rabb al-Thalathin.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 15 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other eight took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0900	In occupied Palestinian territory, opposite the town of Wazzani, at the Israeli enemy's Humayri position, enemy soldiers pointed the cannon of a Merkava tank towards Lebanese territory.
19 August	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a Humvee, a black four-wheel drive vehicle, an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, a personnel carrier and two trucks stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used three trench diggers to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and laid basecourse material in the trench next to the road. Work ended at 1630 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1030	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 15 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon eight patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other seven took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
20 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 25 in Yarun, 17 in Hula and 26 in Amra.
	1530	A four-soldier Israeli enemy patrol unsuccessfully attempted to abduct the civilian Mahir Hamdan as he was grazing some 300 head of livestock outside the town of Shab'a, in the Saddanah area, opposite Birkat al-Naqqar. The soldiers detained the herd and took it into occupied territory.
22 August	0730	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 15 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other eight took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0930	As the civilian Marwan Atwi was herding livestock outside the town of Kafr Shuba, at Jabal al-Saddanah, opposite point OP4 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL, Israeli enemy patrol members fired in the air in the direction of Lebanese territory and over the herder's head. No one was injured.
23 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 32 in Mays al-Jabal, 13 in Hula and 41 in Yarun.
	0715	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 15 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other eight took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0730	Opposite the town of Wazzani, next to point OP8, an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two Humvee vehicles, two military four-wheel drive vehicles and a Merkava tank approached from occupied territory. Some 20 individuals in military clothing and a dog disembarked. They opened a metal gate in the technical fence and passed through it, and then conducted a foot patrol along the river, proceeding as far as the Maysat point. Meanwhile, the tank's cannon was pointed towards Lebanese territory. At 1910 hours, they closed the gate and left in the direction of occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0745–0810	The sound of light and medium machine-gun fire was heard emanating from inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of the Israeli enemy's Summaqah and Ruwaysat al-Alam positions.
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of two white four-wheel drive vehicles, a black four-wheel drive vehicle, an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, a personnel carrier and a white fuel tanker stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used three trench diggers, an olive-coloured wheel loader and two dump trucks to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they laid basecourse material in the trench next to the road. Work ended at 1700 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
24 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 7 in Mays al-Jabal, 24 in Yarun, 9 in Duhayrah, 16 in Hula and 14 in Amra.
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of a black four-wheel drive vehicle, an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, two white four-wheel drive vehicles and an armoured personnel carrier stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used three trench diggers, an olive-coloured wheel loader and two yellow dump trucks to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they laid basecourse material in the trench next to the road. Work ended at 1700 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
	0800	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 15 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other eight took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0920	Opposite the town of Kafr Kila, a civilian bus and a civilian vehicle approached from the enemy's Jabal al-Tayyarah position in occupied Palestinian territory. Some 30 individuals in civilian clothing disembarked, scouted the area and photographed the Lebanese side. They left in the direction of occupied territory at 0950 hours.
25 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 9 in Mays al-Jabal, 35 in Yarun, 2 in Duhayrah, 38 in Marwahin and 13 in Hula.
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, a black four-wheel drive vehicle, two white four-wheel drive vehicles and an armoured personnel carrier stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used two trench diggers, an olive-coloured bulldozer, a JCB bulldozer and two

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
		yellow trucks to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they filled up the trench next to the road. Work ended at 1700 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
	0800	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 15 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other eight took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
26 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 25 in Mays al-Jabal, 50 in Hula, 31 in Amra, 7 in Duhayrah, 8 in Bustan and 35 in Yarun.
	0730	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon seven patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other six took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, a black four-wheel drive vehicle, two white four-wheel drive vehicles and an armoured personnel carrier stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah, opposite points OP3 and OP4 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used two trench diggers, a JCB bulldozer and two yellow trucks to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they filled up the trench next to the road. Work ended at 1700 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
27 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 12 in Mays al-Jabal, 30 in Yarun and 1 in Duhayrah.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon six patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other seven took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, a black four-wheel drive vehicle and a white four-wheel drive vehicle stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah, opposite point OP4 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used two trench diggers, a JCB bulldozer and two yellow dump trucks to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they laid basecourse material in the trench next to the road in order to cover up an electrical cable. Work ended at 1700 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
29 August	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 13 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon six patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other seven took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.
	0800	An Israeli enemy patrol consisting of an olive-coloured four-wheel drive vehicle, a black four-wheel drive vehicle and a white four-wheel drive vehicle stopped inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah, opposite OP4 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL. Enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used two trench diggers, a JCB bulldozer and two yellow dump trucks to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they laid basecourse material in the trench next to the road in order to cover up an electrical cable. Work ended at 1700 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the patrol left and headed towards occupied territory.
30 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 24 in Mays al-Jabal, 16 in Yarun, 13 in Hula, 6 in Duhayrah, 1 in Bustan and 14 in Marwahin.
31 August	–	Landmines left behind by the Israeli enemy were detonated as follows: 15 in Mays al-Jabal, 33 in Yarun, 33 in Amra, 29 in Hula, 2 in Duhayrah, 1 in Bustan and 16 in Marwahin.
	0700	In occupied Lebanese territory, opposite the town of Udaysah and point TP36(2), an Israeli enemy patrol consisting of 25 individuals in military clothing approached and conducted a patrol along the dirt road from the aforementioned point to point TP37. Then, several of the patrol members opened a metal gate in the technical fence, whereupon 10 patrol members took up positions inside the emplacement situated at the site, while the other 15 took up positions along the dirt road and pointed their weapons towards Lebanese territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	0800	Inside the occupied Shab'a Farms, in the area of Saddanah, opposite point OP4 of the Indian contingent of UNIFIL, enemy personnel, escorted by soldiers who deployed in the area and took up combat positions, used three trench diggers to continue levelling the dirt road leading to Tallat al-Saddanah, in the direction of the enemy's Ruwaysat al-Alam position, and they fortified the aforementioned position. Work ended at 1730 hours. The construction vehicles remained where they were, while the enemy personnel left and headed towards occupied territory.
	0830	The rumble of several explosions and the sound of medium weapon fire, the cause of which is unknown, was heard coming from the occupied Shab'a Farms.

Sea violations committed in August 2021

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
1 August	0133	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) of 1 October 2011 for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1859	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2015	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 389 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2355	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
2 August	1846	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for four minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2013	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for one minute, proceeding on its way for some 55 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens and spoke over loudspeakers. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
3 August	2150	Off Ra's al-Naqrurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 333 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over and directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
4 August	1712	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1845	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 277 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
5 August	0140	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
	0225	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
6 August	0218	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
	0240	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 370 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0410	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 259 m. Crew members directed burst of gunfire towards a Lebanese fishing boat, without injuring anyone. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
7 August	1848	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for nine minutes, proceeding on its way for some 351 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
8 August	0138	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters.
	1647	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
9 August	0830	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
10 August	1839	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
11 August	2330	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two hours and five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 518 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
12 August	0055	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two hours and five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 463 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0737	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for six minutes, proceeding on its way for some 130 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens and spoke in Hebrew over loudspeakers. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1847	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for eight minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1916	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for nine minutes, proceeding on its way for some 389 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
14 August	0137	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 185 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	0720	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for 10 minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens and spoke in Hebrew over loudspeakers. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1813	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for seven minutes, proceeding on its way for some 407 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
15 August	1159	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 260 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1753	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 370 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
16 August	0658	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens and spoke over loudspeakers. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1835	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 204 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
17 August	0722	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for five minutes, proceeding on its way for some 130 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
18 August	1833	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 259 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
19 August	2235	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 166 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
20 August	1757	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 315 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
21 August	0003	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
22 August	0104	Off Ra's al-Naurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch fired a flare shell over Lebanese territorial waters.
	0730	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 185 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1844	Off Ra's al-Naurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
23 August	0644	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 166 m. Crew members sounded warning sirens. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1829	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for eight minutes, proceeding on its way for some 315 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
24 August	1835	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for four minutes, proceeding on its way for some 259 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2020	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
	2030	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, from inside occupied Palestinian territorial waters, the crew of an Israeli enemy military launch directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters.
25 August	1900	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for four minutes, proceeding on its way for some 240 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2011	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 203 m. Crew members directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	2027	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 111 m. Crew members fired a flare shell over and directed a searchlight towards Lebanese territorial waters, and they sounded warning sirens. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
26 August	0607	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 260 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
	1835	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 167 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
30 August	1826	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for three minutes, proceeding on its way for some 222 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.
31 August	1814	Off Ra's al-Naqurah, an Israeli enemy military launch violated the southern maritime boundary established by Decree No. 6433 (2011) for two minutes, proceeding on its way for some 296 m. The launch then left in the direction of occupied Palestinian territorial waters.

Air violations committed in August 2021

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
1 August	1335	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Naqurah. It circled over the South before leaving at 1440 hours over Kafr Shuba.
	2100	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving at 2315 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
2 August	0850	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1320 hours over the sea off Damur.
3 August	1105	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It proceeded as far as Juniyah and then circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda, Alayh and Matn before leaving at 1450 hours over the sea west of Sidon.
	1230	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh and heading north. They proceeded as far as Shikka and then circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1330 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.
	1840	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Mays al-Jabal. It circled over the South before leaving at 1900 hours over Yarun.
5 August	0045	Israeli enemy warplanes carried out two raids on Lebanese territory, one in the vicinity of the town of Dimashqiyah and the other in the vicinity of Rashidiyah, in Tyre district.
	0945	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1515 hours over the sea west of Damur.
	1015	Opposite the town of Markaba, near point BP34, an Israeli enemy drone approached from occupied Palestinian territory and violated Lebanese airspace, proceeding on its way for some 1,000 m. It left at 1018 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
	1955	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over the South before leaving at 2330 hours over Kafr Kila.
	2100	Opposite the town of Ayta al-Sha'b, near point BP13, an Israeli enemy drone flying at medium altitude approached from occupied Palestinian territory and violated Lebanese airspace, proceeding on its way for some 100 m. It left at 2115 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
7 August	0755	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1320 hours over the sea off Damur.
8 August	1000	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South and then disappeared from radar screens at 1410 hours over Marjayoun and did not reappear.
	1045	An Israeli enemy drone violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the occupied Shab'a Farms. It left at 1200 hours, heading in the direction of occupied territory.
11 August	0810	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1215 hours over the sea west of Damur.
	1220	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It left at 1240 hours over Kafr Kila.
	1355	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Yarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 1720 hours over Kafr Kila.
12 August	1015	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1525 hours over the sea west of Damur.
	1140	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Shikka. They circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1255 hours over Naqurah.
14 August	0655	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1140 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.
15 August	1910	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Aytarun. It circled over the South before leaving at 2200 hours over Rumaysh.
16 August	0745	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before disappearing from radar screens at 0825 hours over Beirut. It reappeared at 1350 hours over the sea off Na'imah. The aircraft left at 1405 hours over the sea west of Damur.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
17 August	1030	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1400 hours over the sea off Damur.
	1155	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving at 1500 hours over Kafr Kila.
	1820	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over the South before disappearing from radar screens at 2130 hours over Hasbaya.
18 August	1050	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda, Alayh and Matn before leaving at 1445 hours over the sea west of Damur.
	1135	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over the South before leaving at 1300 hours over Rumaysh.
	2155	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Kafr Kila. It circled over the South before disappearing from radar screens on 19 August 2021 over Hasbaya. It did not reappear.
19 August	1210	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea off Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1750 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.
	1345	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Shikka and heading east. They proceeded as far as the sea off Tyre and then circled over the sea between Tripoli and Tyre, before leaving at 1450 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.
	2255	Six Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Sidon and heading north. Two of the aircraft circled over the sea west of Khaldah while the other four proceeded as far as Jubayl. They left at 2310 hours.
20 August	2315	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 0320 hours on 21 August over the sea off Damur.
23 August	1035	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1540 hours over the sea off Damur.
	1205	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It proceeded as far as Kafr Shuba before leaving at 1230 hours over Kafr Shuba.

<i>Date</i>	<i>Time</i>	<i>Nature of violation</i>
24 August	0905	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda, Alayh, Matn and Kasrawan before leaving at 1305 hours over the sea off Damur.
	2345	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Damur. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before disappearing from radar screens at 0140 hours on 25 August over the sea off Damur.
26 August	0650	An Israeli enemy drone controlled from occupied Palestinian territory violated Lebanese airspace opposite Mays al-Jabal, crossing the Blue Line at point BP31. It proceeded on its way for some 50 m and then circled at medium altitude over the aforementioned town before leaving at 0652 hours in the direction of occupied territory.
27 August	1225	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b. It circled over the South before leaving at 1920 hours over Kafr Kila.
30 August	1055	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over the South before leaving at 1625 hours over Rumaysh.
	1630	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Rumaysh. It circled over the South before leaving at 1850 hours over Alma al-Sha'b.
	1935	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Shikka. It circled Shikka, Amyun and Batrun before leaving at 0220 hours on 31 August over the sea west of Shikka.
31 August	0910	An Israeli enemy reconnaissance aircraft violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Khaldah. It circled over Beirut and its suburbs, Ba'abda and Alayh before leaving at 1325 hours over the sea west of Na'imah.
	1030	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over Alma al-Sha'b and heading north. They proceeded as far as Shikka and then circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1130 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.
	1200	Two Israeli enemy warplanes violated Lebanese airspace, entering over the sea west of Shikka and heading south. They proceeded as far as Naqurah and then circled over all regions of Lebanon before leaving at 1300 hours over the sea west of Naqurah.