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预防武装冲突

促进和保护人权:人权状况及特别报告员和代表的报告

安全理事会 第七十六年

2021年3月29日缅甸常驻联合国代表给秘书长的信

谨提及我分别于 2021 年 3 月 16 日和 19 日发出的信函,信中述及缅甸人民 面临的可怕处境和以互联网中断为形式的通信限制。就此再次写信于你,告知缅甸不断恶化的局势,提请紧急关注并采取必要行动拯救无辜平民的生命,使他们 免遭非法军政权的暴行和危害人类罪之害。

2021年2月1日缅甸发生军事政变后,侵犯人权行为升级,安全部队对手无寸铁的无辜平民实施恶性和非理性的暴行和杀戮,但针对这个非法军事团体的和平抗议活动在全国各地持续不断,并获得势头。缅甸安全部队,包括军队和警察部队,早在2月9日就开始了他们的野蛮行径和杀戮。死亡人数与日俱增,到2021年3月29日已达500多人。数千人受伤,2500多人被拘留。

2021年3月27日是缅甸第76个武装部队日,缅甸在这一天经历了2021年2月1日军事政变以来最血腥和最致命的一天。仅在2021年3月27日这一天,全国40多个城镇就有包括未成年人在内的至少114人被军方杀害。这场军事屠杀最年轻的受害者是来自曼德勒的一名5岁男孩。其他未成年受害者包括一名13岁男孩、一名14岁男孩和一名14岁女孩。在仰光的马扬戈镇,一名1岁男孩被士兵用橡皮子弹击中眼睛。

在德林达依省土瓦市,有报道称士兵和警察利用救护车作为伪装,从救护车上向抗议者和行人开枪。根据曼德勒 Dawei Su 地区一所房子的闭路电视画面,士兵们开枪打死了经过军车的一辆摩托车上三人,并夺走了尸体。



安全部队肆意、不分青红皂白地向民众及和平抗议者开火。他们朝葬礼活动 开枪,甚至朝外交设施开枪,如仰光的美国中心。对城市人口稠密地区的平民使 用了重型火炮,如火箭榴弹。

我借此写信机会感谢你以及联合国和国际社会对凶残的军队和安全部队杀 害包括儿童和青年在内的平民的行为进行谴责。

军方肆意、不分青红皂白的袭击迫使平民背井离乡,导致许多人流离失所。 这个法西斯军方的残暴和大规模杀戮无疑对全球和平与安全构成历史性的生死 存亡威胁。

缅甸人民感到无助,谋求国际社会紧急帮助拯救无辜平民的生命。我想提及 我们今天的电话交谈。我谨促请你并通过你促请国际社会毫不拖延地采取必要和 有效的行动,保护缅甸人民,使我们的生命免遭自称为国家管理委员会的非法军 政权实施的暴行和危害人类罪之害。因此,我谨代表缅甸人民向你和国际社会发 出如下呼吁:

- 应立即向缅甸人民提供保护,使其免遭军方实施的危害人类罪之害
- 应通过一切手段向有需要者紧急提供人道主义援助
- 应宣布缅甸相关地区为禁飞区,以避免战机轰炸造成进一步流血事件
- 应出于人道主义理由而向在邻国和其他地方寻求避难者提供必要的庇护所
- 应立即对军方实施军火禁运
- 应对军方、军方企业及其家属和企业实施有针对性、协调一致和更严厉的制裁
- 应冻结与军方及其成员有关联的银行账户,应立即切断流向军政权及其 关联者的资金
- 在任何情况下都不应承认这个杀戮成性的法西斯军政权
- 应暂停外国直接投资,直至缅甸恢复民选政府

拯救生命是人类一项崇高任务。因此,我要强调指出,国际社会有责任采取 必要手段,通过及时和果断的集体行动,帮助保护缅甸人民,使他们免遭军方实 施的暴行和危害人类罪之害。我们将永远铭记国际社会在这一艰难、需要援手的 时刻给予缅甸人民的帮助和支持。

谨此转递 2021 年 3 月 26 日和 28 日的信息资料供查阅(见附件一和二)。* 请将本函及其附件作为联合国文件分发为荷。

常驻代表

觉莫吞(签名)

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^{*} 仅以来件所用语文分发。

Annex I

Weekly Updates on Current Situation in Myanmar (26-3-2021)

Deployments of Military troops in Public Properties

Since 6 March 2021, the military troops have been deployed at many public buildings – hospitals, university campuses, and religious compounds all over the country, including Yangon, Ayeyarwady, Bago, Tanintharyi, Mandalay and Sagaing Regions and Mon, Kayah, and Kachin States. (The list of public properties are attached as Annex). These acts violate international laws and the commitment that Myanmar made.

In accordance with the Press Release by the UNICEF on 19 March 2021, security forces have been deployed in more than 60 schools and university campuses in 13 States and Regions. Save the Children, UNESCO and UNICEF called on security forces to leave those buildings and premises.

Deaths and Arbitrary Arrests

Since the military coup, almost 3,000 people have been arbitrarily detained and arrested by the military. As of 25th March 2021, more than 300 people have been ruthlessly murdered by the military. Many of the detainees are children under the age of 18. Moreover, underaged are among the victims of military shooting. The youngest victim, Khin Myo Chit, was a seven years old girl from Mandalay. Khin Myo Chit was in her house when the soldiers kicked in the door and came into her house. One soldier shot her in the abdomen for no reason while she was sitting in her father's lap.

Different types of peaceful protests

Beating pots and pans – Since the military coup on 1st February 2021, beating pots and pans has become a ritual everyday at 20:00 hours. People from all walks of life in every corner of the country beats pots and pans as a way of peaceful protest against the military. In Myanmar culture, people traditionally beat pots and pans to chase monsters and ghosts away. In recent weeks, the military has started arresting people who beat pots and pans, and shot live ammunitions into the houses that beat pots and pans. There are several videos of soldiers and police threatening people that they will shoot and kill them if they beat pots and pans. Notwithstanding the threats, arrests and shooting, people continue the ritual everyday at 20:00 hours.

Sit-in – As a way to avoid brutalities and shooting by the military, protestors organize sit-in protests in the neighbourhood. Since the military deployed more troops to crack down protestors at their assembly area and pick-up points, protestors started sit-in protests in their own neighborhoods.

No-human Strike – 'No-human strikes' have been increasingly popular across the country to minimize the risk of oppressing by the military. Lining up signboards and dolls in the streets and public areas as proxies for protests are involved in 'No-human strikes'.

Night protests – After violence crackdown by security forces to arrest protesters at nights in major cities like Yangon and Mandalay, people have joined the night protests in these cities and other small towns to prevent the security forces coming and shooting in the streets and arresting people. In some places, people hold the candles to pray for those who lost the lives during the strike and shape the candle of three-fingered protest sign to express their disappointment with the military coup.

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Dawn protests – Doctors and Nurses initiated the peaceful protests at dawn in Mandalay on 21 March 2021 to avoid a confrontation with security forces. They were in white-duty coats and chanted slogans.

Silent Strike – Silent Strike across the country to express sadden to those who have sacrificed their lives in fighting for democracy and freedom after the military coup happened on 24 March 2021. On that day, several shops and business set to close, vehicles were rarely seen on the roads and people didn't come out on the streets either to protest or even to go shopping.

Response by the International Community to the Military

The European Council imposed targeted sanctions, including a travel ban and an asset freeze, on eleven individuals related to military coup on 22 March 2021. Ten of eleven individuals are from the high ranks of the Military; belong to Commander-in-Chief Min Aung Hlaing, Deputy-Commander-in-Chief Soe Win and the Chairperson of the Union Election Commission.

The U.S Department of the Treasury's Office sanctioned, on 22 March 2021, two high-rank officials including Chief of Police Than Hlaing and Bureau of Special Operations Commander Lt. Gen Aung Soe, and two units of Military (33rd Light Infantry Division and 77th Light Infantry Division) in response to the military's continued atrocities and intimidation against peaceful protesters.

Restriction on freedom of expression

On 9th March, the military revoked the license of 5 local media outlets including Mizzima, DVB, Myanmar Now, Khit Thit and 7 Day News. Starting from 17 March 2021, all the private local daily newspapers have totally stopped the functions.

As of 18 March 2021, the number of journalists from the local news media who were arbitrarily arrested by the military has reached around 40.

Most of them were arrested while reporting protests against the military coup. In a few cases, the journalists were arrested at midnight at home by force.

The Committee Representing the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw (CRPH)

The Committee Representing the Pyidaungsu Hluttaw (CRPH) was established on 5 February 2021 after the military coup. The Committee is composed of the elected representatives (parliamentarians) from the 2020 General Elections. It closely cooperates with the respective stakeholders to implement (1) to eliminate the military dictatorship; (2) to immediately release President U Win Myint, State Counsellor Daw Aung San Suu Kyi and other detainees; (3) to restore democracy and; (4) to abolish the 2008 Constitution and to adopt the new Constitution which is based on the Federal democratic System.

The CRPH has appointed Mahn Win Khaing Than as an Acting Vice-President and Acting Ministers for President Office, Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Ministry of Health and Sports, Ministry of Education, Ministry of Labour, Immigration and Population, Ministry of Planning, Finance and Industry, Ministry of Commerce, Ministry of Investment and Foreign Economic Relations and Ministry of Social Welfare, Relief and Resettlement.

Fleeing to Neighbouring Countries

Since the end of February, in order to avoid the brutalities, killings, arbitrary arrests, hundreds of people including civil servants, politicians and celebrities have fled to India and Thailand. Most of people who fled to Indian Boarders are officials

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from Myanmar Police Force and their families and some are civil servants who are targeted for joining the Civil Disobedience Movement (CDM).

Actions against the government staffs who joined Civil Disobedience Movement

To protest against the military coup, civil servant medical doctors initiated the Civil Disobedience Movement (CDM) and CDM has gained momentum as the civil servants from other government sectors participated in the movement eventually. To date, tens of thousands of civil servants have joined the movement.

As the counteractions against the CDM, at first, the military group has ordered respective authorities to threaten and call back those staff. Later, the ministries temporarily suspended, or removed, or dismissed the CDM staffs who refused or ignored their notices and orders. Some were arrested by the military forces and charged with article 505 (b) of the Penal Code. All CDM staffs, especially staffs from Myanma Railways, have been forcibly evicted from the government housings/accommodation immediately or in short notice. According to the latest notice from the police, CDM staffs are notified to leave the government housings/accommodation by 25th March 2021 throughout the country. In addition to forced eviction, the military is targeting high level government officials, who are participating in CDM, and arresting them without any legal basis.

CDM- Diplomats

As of 23 March 2021, in addition to some of the mid-level and junior MOFA staff in Nay Pyi Taw and Yangon, Myanmar diplomats in New York, Washington D.C, Los Angeles, Geneva, Berlin, Tokyo, Tel Aviv, Ottawa and Paris have joined the civil disobedience movement so far. Actions taken against the Myanmar diplomats who have joined the CDM are quicker than normal procedures. Almost half of them are dismissed while the rest are being instructed to return to Myanmar.

Nomination of Civil Disobedience Movement to Noble Peace Prize 2022

Civil Disobedience Movement in Myanmar has been nominated for the Noble Peace Prize 2022 on 22 March 2021 by six professors from University of Oslo, Norway.

Possible Recommended Actions by the International Communities against Myanmar Military to protect lives of the people of Myanmar

- Protection from the international community: the international community should take without delay strongest possible measures/actions to protect the people of Myanmar and save lives of innocent civilians. Accordingly,
- Targeted, coordinated and tougher sanctions against the military and their families: the sanctions should not only target the top brass of the military and its family members but also for all ranks of the military and their family members. The sanctions should also target military owned business conglomerates and other businesses associated with the military and their family members.
- Freezing bank accounts associated with the military and their members: The bank accounts associated with the military, their family members and military-owned business conglomerates should immediately be frozen and any financial flow into the military regime and its associates should be cut off urgently.

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- Immediate suspension of development and technical aids to the military and the illegitimate government of Myanmar: International development and technical aids should be carefully channeled through INGOs, NGOs and CSOs to avoid benefiting the military regime.
- Blocking visas for Myanmar diplomats: In order to prevent the representation of illegitimate military group at the international level, the international community must immediately block the visa for the Myanmar diplomats, who are delegated after the coup.
- Blocking visas to military and all government officials: In order to disregard the military regime, it is essential to block/suspend issuance of visas to all levels of military members, their family members and all government officials from Myanmar.
- Not recognizing and dishonoring the illegitimate military regime: The international communities should take a firm stand against the military coup and the follow up crimes against humanity. In this regard, the international communities should publicly announce that they do not recognize the military regime.
- Suspension of foreign investments in Myanmar: We call for the international investors to sever all business ties with Myanmar. Foreign direct investments should be suspended until such time as the democratically elected government is restored in Myanmar.

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Annex II

Information Update on the situation in Myanmar on 27 March 2021

After the Military Coup in Myanmar on 1 Feb 2021, the protests against the illegitimate Military group has continued and gained momentum day by day despite the escalation of human rights violations as well as vicious and irrational brutalities and killings of the security forces against the unarmed civilians. The security forces in Myanmar, including both the military and the police force, have started their brutal acts and killings as early as 9 February. The number of deaths has been rising day by day and reached to over 423 on 27 March 2021.

Military's Propaganda on its controlled media before the Armed Forces Day

Before the 76th Armed Forces Day of Myanmar, on 26 March 2021, the military junta notified the public through military controlled media (MRTV) regarding the protests. They stated that the protesters should take lessons learned from the possible scenarios that of being shot into the head or at the back if they took to the streets. It was a threatening message to the public and it clearly proves that the military and security forces/services deliberately shot the peaceful protesters.

76th Armed Forces Day Ceremony on 27 March 2021

The military junta celebrated the 76th Armed Forced Day with a parade in the morning and gala dinner at night on 27 March 2021 in Nay Pyi Taw while military and police forces were killing scores of people and oppressing the protesters in the deadliest and murderous actions.

Deputy Defense Minister of Russia and representatives from Embassies of Russia, China, India, Pakistan, Bangladesh, Vietnam, Laos and Thailand in Yangon attended the ceremony.

The Most Deadliest Day since the Coup

On 27 March 2021, Myanmar experienced the bloodiest and deadliest day since the military coup on 1 February 2021. In more than 40 cities and towns across the country, at least 114 people including the underaged were murdered by the military.

The youngest victim of the military massacre was a five-year old boy from Mandalay. Other underaged victims include a 13 years old boy and 14 years old boy and girl. In Yangon's Mayangone Township, a one year old boy was shot in the eye by the soldiers with a rubber bullet.

In Dawei of Tanintharyi Region, there were reports of soldiers and police utilizing ambulances as disguises and shooting the protesters and pedestrians from the ambulances. According to CCTV footage from one of the houses at Dawei Su in Mandalay, soldiers shot three people on the motorbike who were riding past by military vehicle and took the body.

Military Airstrikes in the Karen National Union (KNU) controlled areas

On 27 March 2021, the military launched airstrikes in the KNU controlled areas, particularly the Day Bu No village of Lu Thaw Township in Mu Traw District. The airstrikes killed at least 3 civilians, injured many villagers and caused more than 10,000 people to flee and hide in the forest. In addition, more than 3,000 civilians crossed to the Thai borders to take refuge. The military continued its airstrike on 28 March 2021 in five areas in Lu Thaw Township and Mu Traw District.

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Shooting the American Centre

Shots were fired at the American Centre in Yangon on 27 March 2021. It was reported that a few glasses of the building were broken. According to the U.S. Embassy in Yangon, there were no injuries and the incident is now under investigation.

Shooting at the funeral

At Phayargyi Township in Bago region, on 28 March 2021, at the funeral of one of the 114 people killed on 27 March 2021, the security forces opened fire into the crowd while people were singing the revolution song for the fallen heroes.

Statements by the United Nations and the international community

In response to the brutal events and mass killings on the Armed Forces Day, the international community issued the statements on 27 and 28 March 2021 and condemned such inhumane acts of the military.

On 27 March 2021, the Secretary-General condemned the killing of dozens of civilians, including children and young people, by the Myanmar security forces, and pointed out that it was the highest daily death toll since the coup. ¹

On the same day, the United Nations Country Team in Myanmar, consisting of FAO, ILO, IOM, ITC, OCHA, UNAIDS, UNCDF, UNDP, UNEP, UNESCO, UNFPA, UN HABITAT, UNHCR, UNICEF, UNIDO, UNODC, UNOPS, UNV, UN WOMEN, WFP, and WHO, issued the joint statement condemning the acts of military, for the horrible killings and the needless loss of life on this Armed Forces Day, and further described as "bloodiest day since the coup".²

The U.S Ambassador to Myanmar issued a statement on 27 March 2021, expressing that Myanmar security forces are murdering unarmed civilians, including children, and called for an immediate end to the violence and the restoration of the democratically elected government.³ The European delegation to Myanmar also tweeted "a day of terror and dishonor".⁴

On March 28, the Chiefs of Defense from 12 countries, including Australia, Canada, Germany, Greece, Italy, Japan, the Kingdom of Denmark, the Kingdome of the Netherlands, New Zealand, the Republic of Korea, the United Kingdom, and the U.S, issued the joint statement condemning the use of lethal force against unarmed people by the Myanmar Armed forces and associated security services.⁵ This joint statement urges the Myanmar Armed forces to cease violence, and adds "A professional military follows international standards for conduct and is responsible for protecting – not harming – the people it serves".

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https://www.un.org/sg/en/content/statement%C2%A0attributable-the-spokesperson-for-the%C2%A0secretary-general-myanmar%C2%A0?fbclid=IwAR3ETEq1N6z QoaHVlqsxNvyFNDG90YhcJxx4TTJvvpFslbjcBW4uUPwh3M

https://myanmar.un.org/en/123295-statement-un-myanmar?fbclid=IwAR
FLb8RD1NnOYXn9mwzxEcqrkUU%20iD920h6HmX-y2hmsGbmrA-ZupY5pM

³ https://www.cbsnews.com/news/myanmar-coup-violence-dozens-killed/

⁴ https://www.cbsnews.com/news/myanmar-coup-violence-dozens-killed/

⁵ https://www.bbc.com/news/world-asia-56547381

Furthermore, the UN Special Adviser on the Prevention of Genocide and the UN High Commissioner for Human Rights issued the joint statement to condemn the "systematic attacks" of the military on the peaceful protestors, and send a clear warning of a heightened risk of atrocity crimes in Myanmar.⁶

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 $^{^6\} https://www.ohchr.org/EN/NewsEvents/Pages/DisplayNews.aspx?NewsID=26954\&LangID=E\&fb\ clid=IwARG\%20ozhuRIIVCInzzJ_Gx2AVvyFHiQGy40QySbg7qBFphXvm7bk0BQFAxS4.$