

大会
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第六十八届会议
议程项目 35
中东局势安全理事会
第六十九年2014 年 1 月 14 日黎巴嫩常驻联合国代表给秘书长和安全理事会主席的
同文信

继我 2014 年 1 月 9 日写信,说明黎巴嫩政府就以色列向黎巴嫩及其通信和数据网络发起电子战一事提出投诉后,谨随函附上与上述投诉有关材料(见附件)。

附件清单如下:

- 一. 在贝鲁特附近跟踪到的以色列信号的例证。
 - 二. 在纳古拉角以色列间谍站跟踪到的以色列信号的例证。
 - 三. 在 Jal Alam 以色列间谍站跟踪到的以色列信号的例证。
 - 四. 从黎巴嫩一侧拍摄的 Jal Alam 以色列间谍站照片。
 - 五. 从黎巴嫩一侧拍摄的 Al Abad 以色列间谍站照片。
 - 六. 从黎巴嫩一侧拍摄的纳古拉角以色列间谍站照片。
 - 七. 以色列偷获和暗中监视的黎巴嫩兆瓦级主干网链接信号的例证。
 - 八. 显示黎巴嫩边界一带以色列间谍站位置的地图。
 - 九. 2010 年国际电信联盟在墨西哥瓜达拉哈拉通过的第 173 号决议。
- 请将本信及其附件作为大会议程项目 35 的文件和安全理事会文件分发给荷。

常驻代表

大使

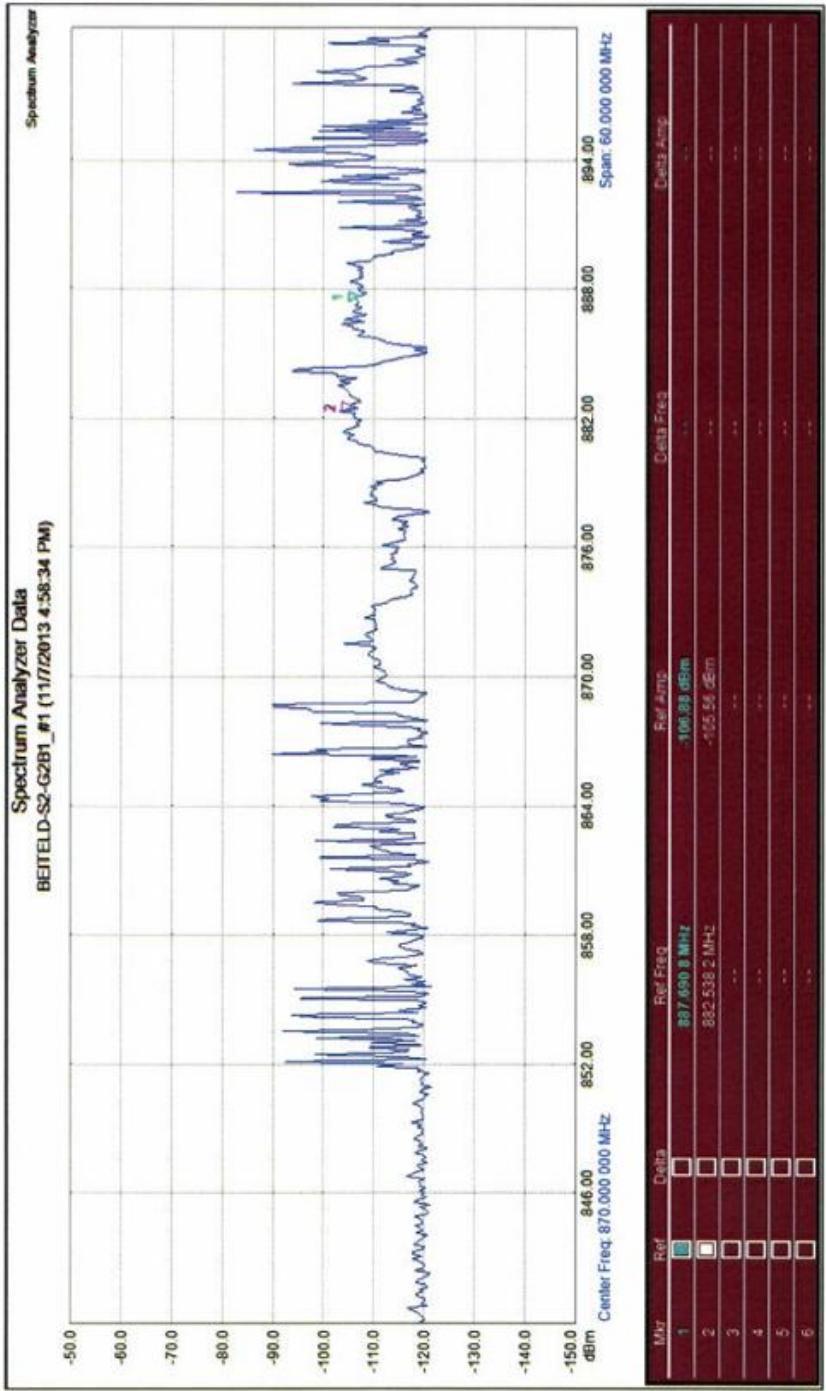
纳瓦夫·萨拉姆(签名)

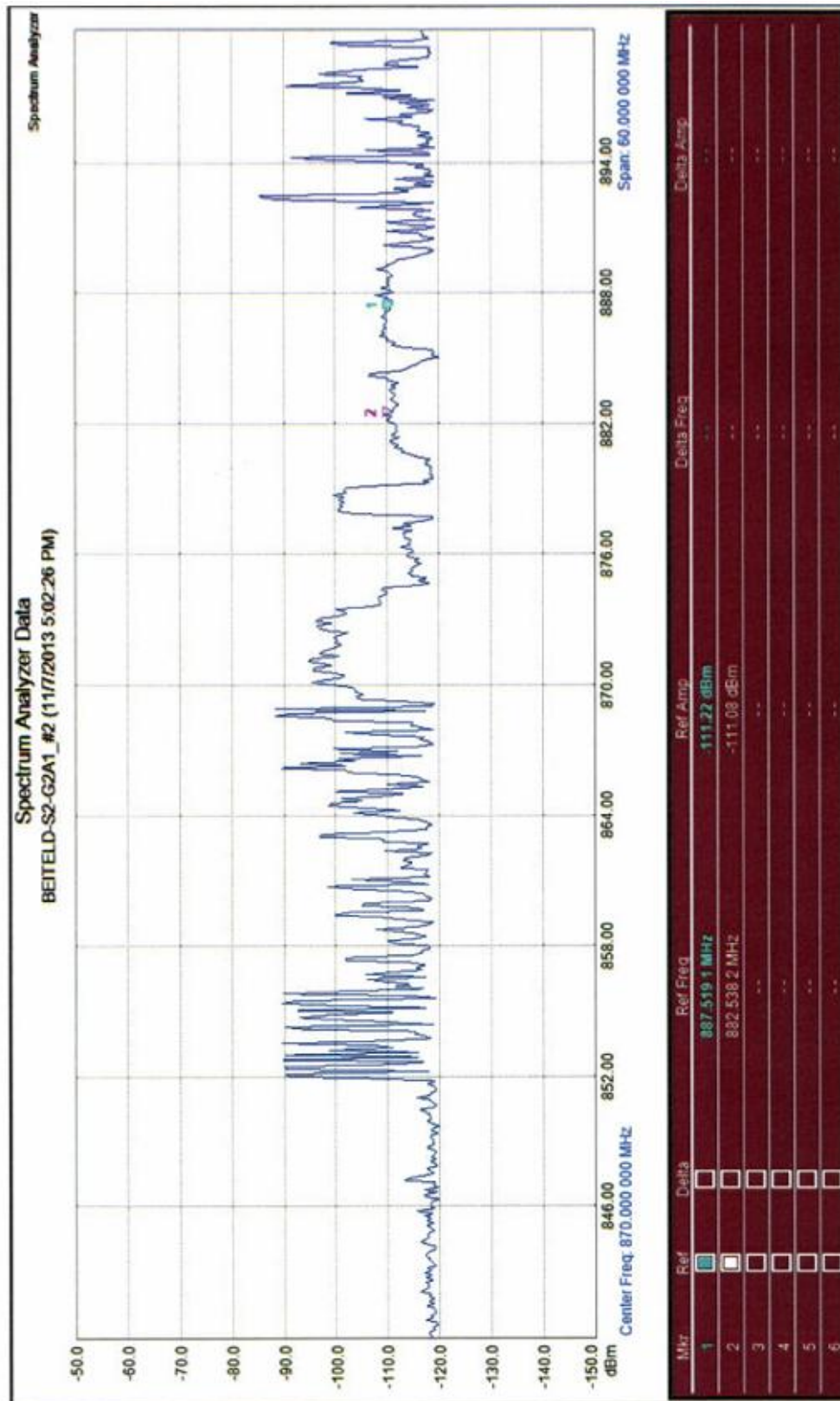


2014 年 1 月 14 日黎巴嫩常驻联合国代表给秘书长和安全理事会主席的
同文信的附件

Annex I

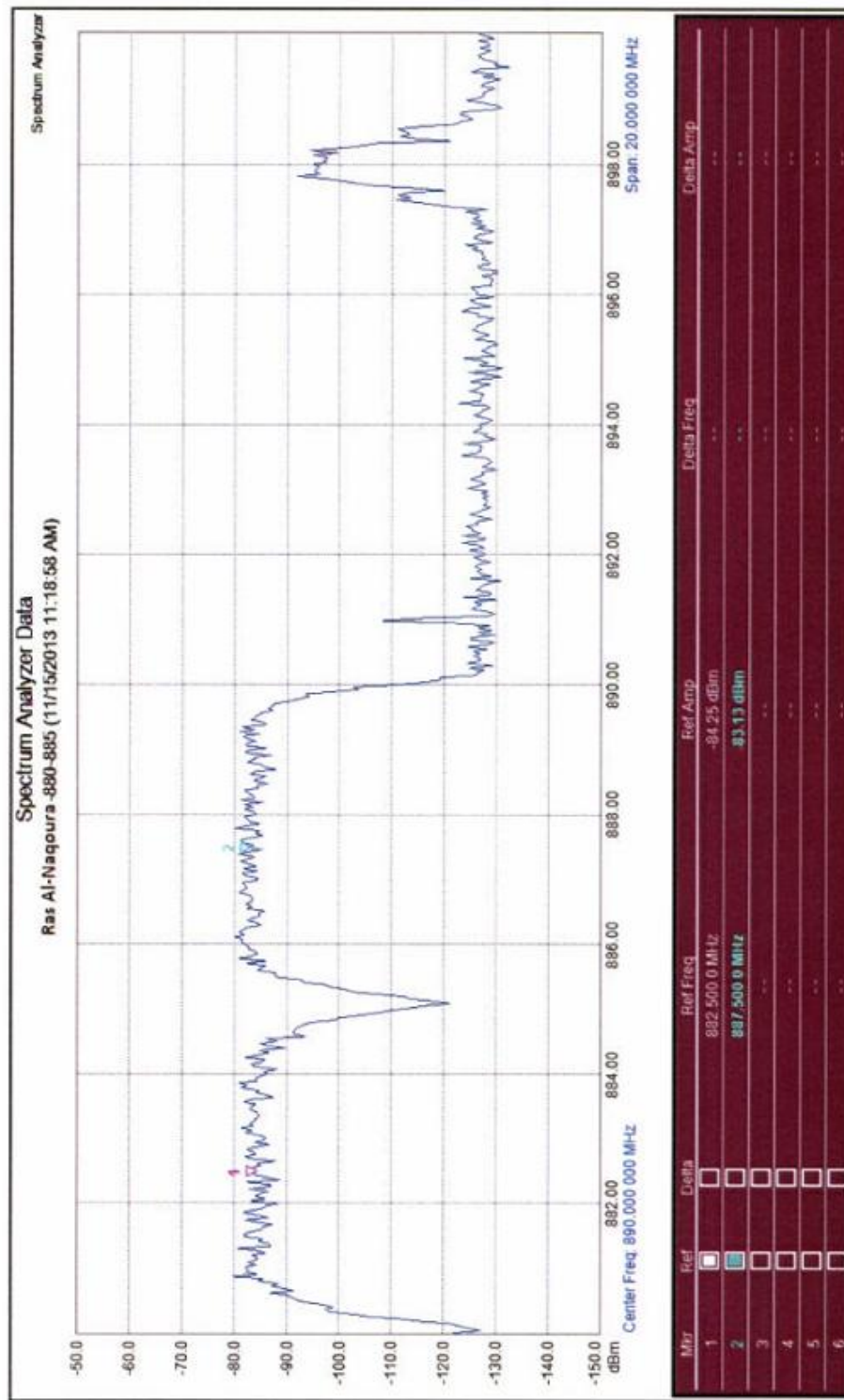
Examples of Israeli signals tracked in the Beirut vicinity



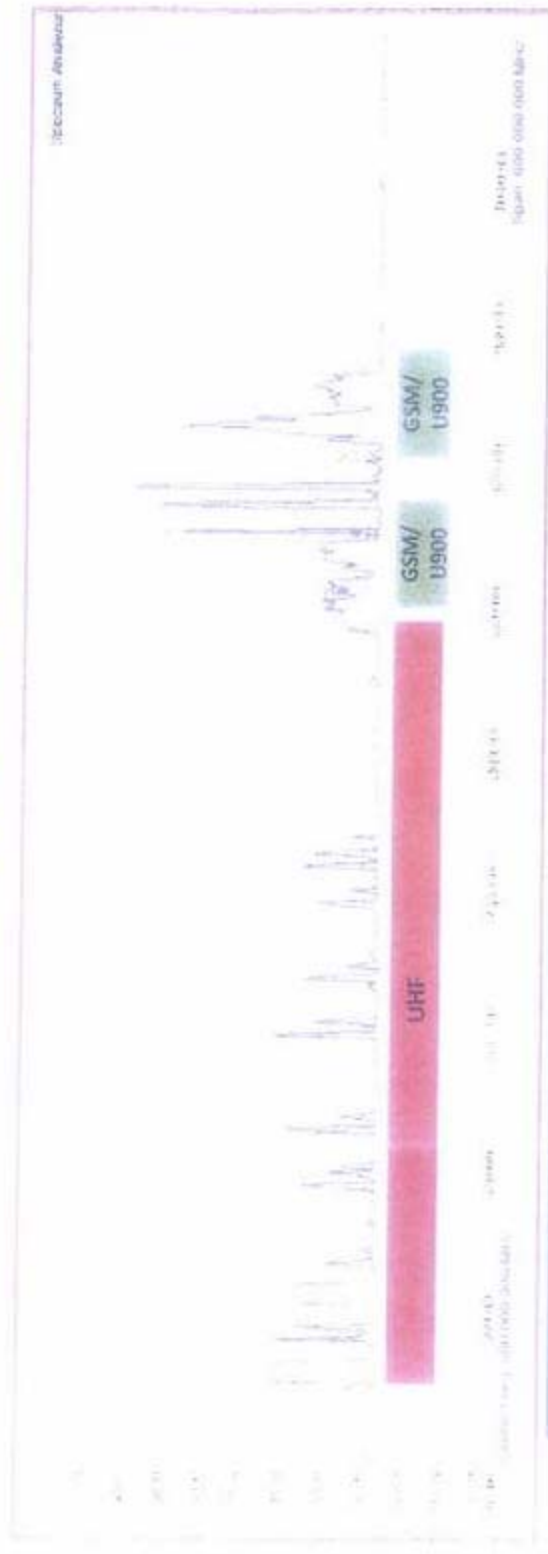


Annex II

Examples of Israeli signals tracked at Ras Al-Naqoura Israeli spying site

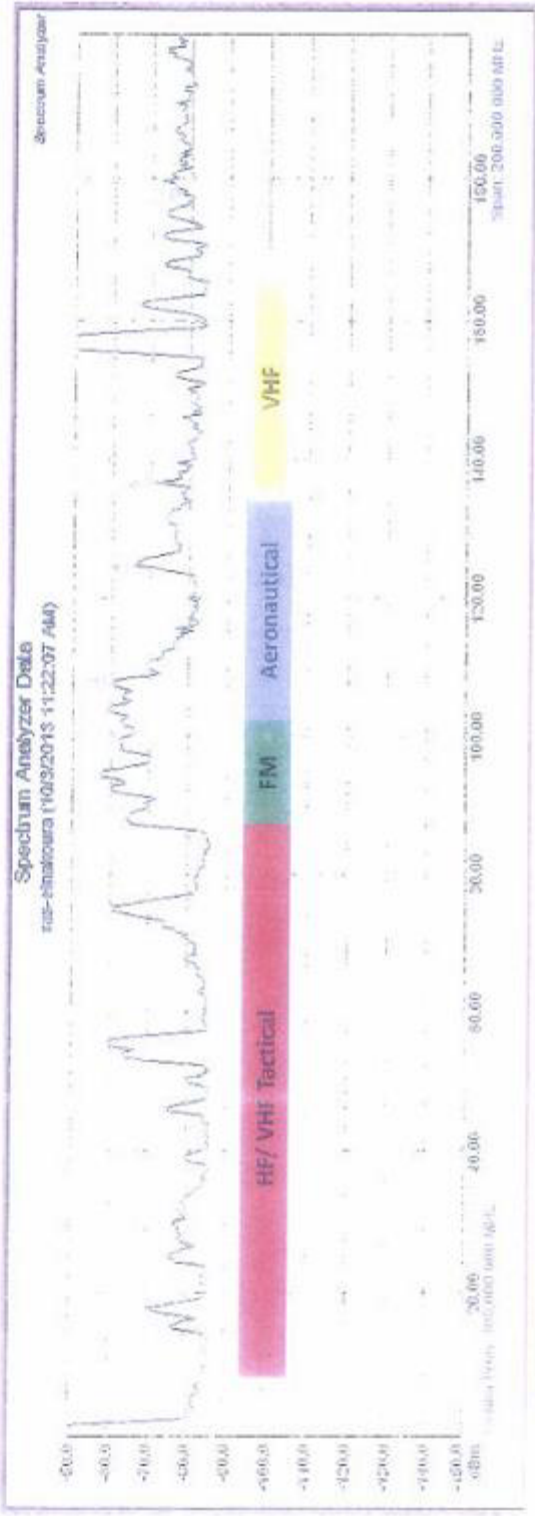


Signals Tracked at “Ras Al-Naqoura” Israeli Spying/Piracy Antennas Directed Towards Lebanon



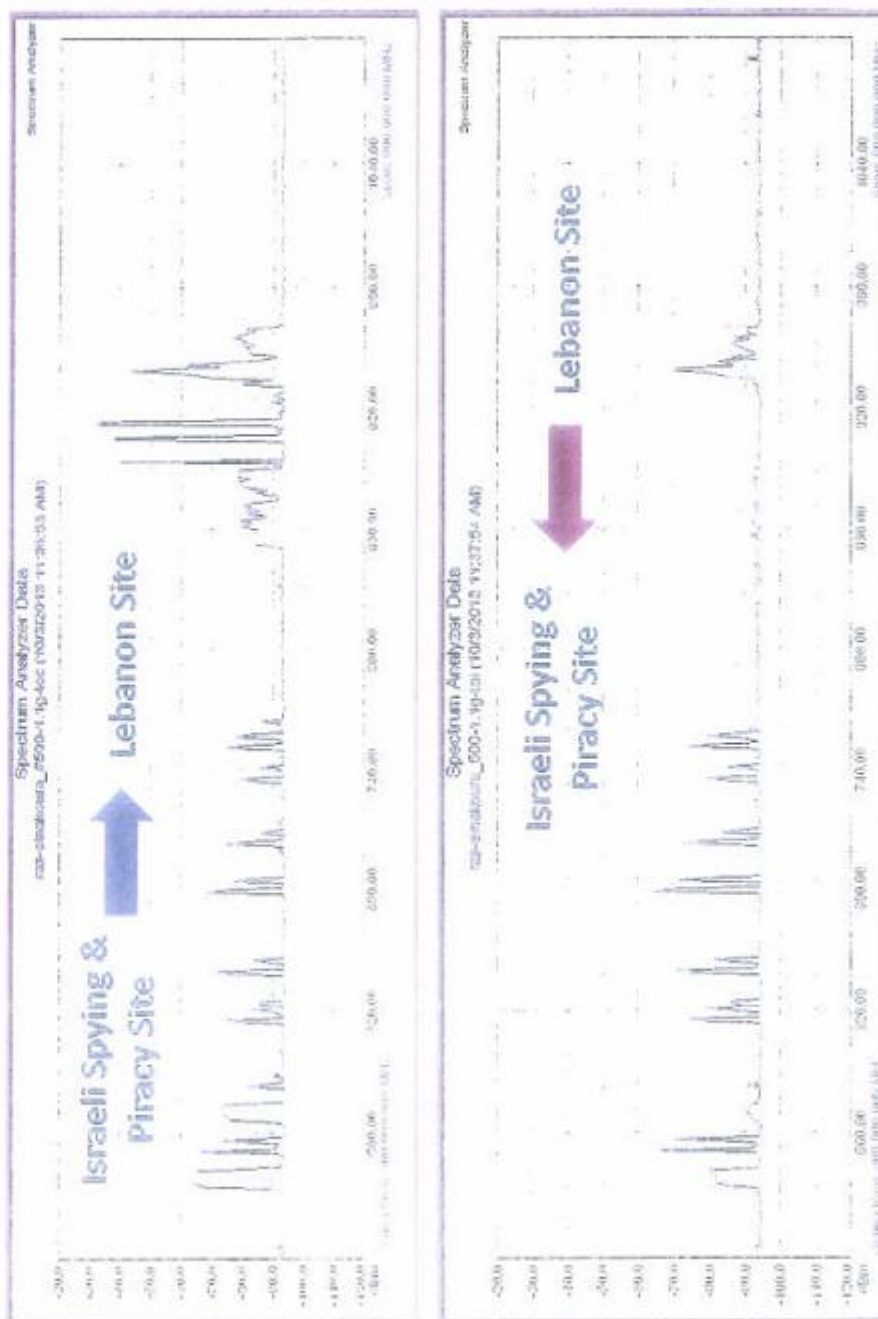
Band	Spectrum	Targeted Entities / Victims
UHF	530 MHz – 852 MHz	TV Broadcasting
GSM/ U900	880 MHz – 915 MHz	Mobile Cellular Voice and Data Communications
GSM/ U900	925 MHz – 960 MHz	Mobile Cellular Voice and Data Communications

Signals Tracked at “Ras Al-Naqoura” Israeli Spying/Piracy Antennas Directed Towards Lebanon



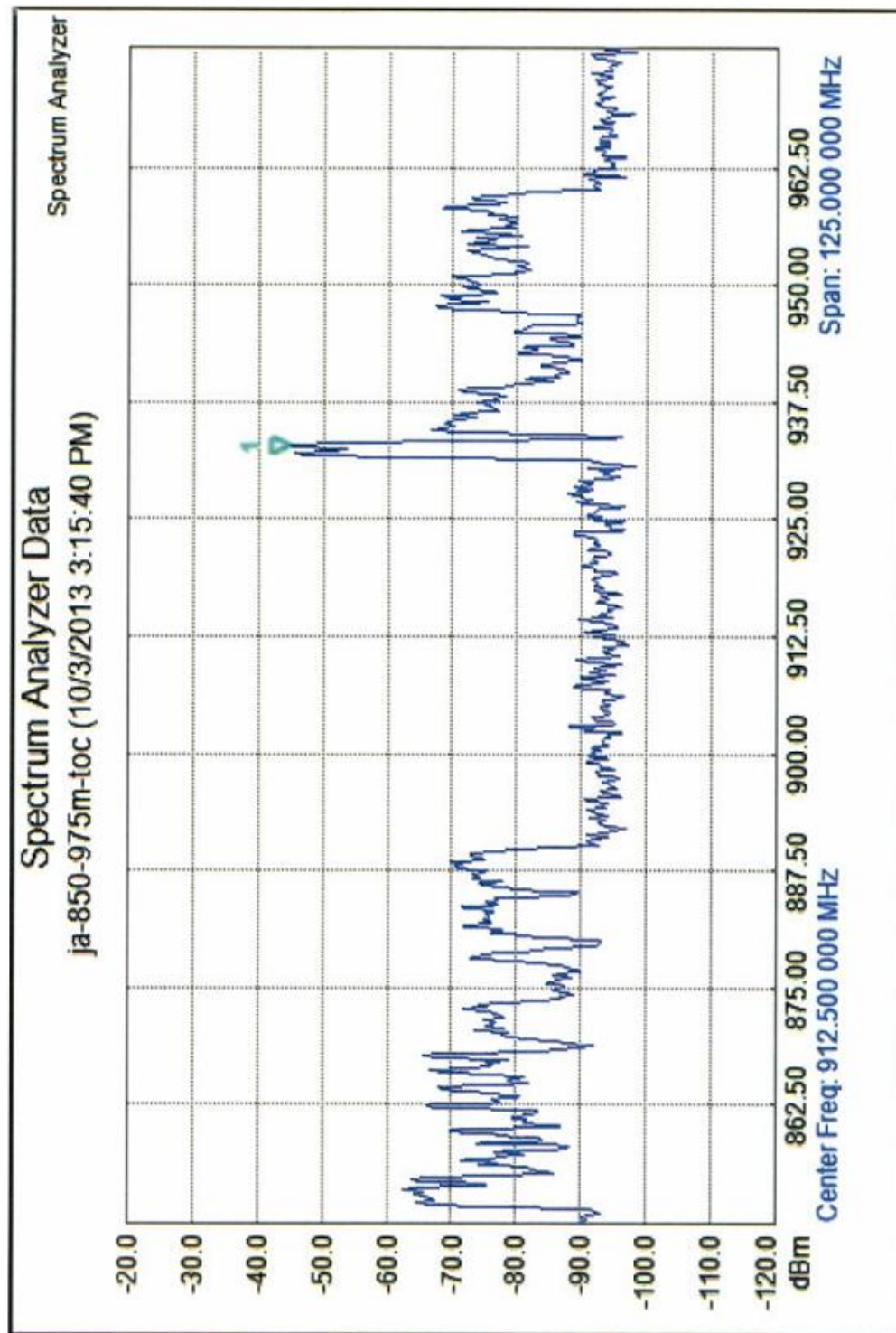
Band	Spectrum	Targeted Entities / Victims
VHF/ HF	14MHz -- 88 MHz	Lebanese Army & UNIFIL
FM	88 MHz - 103 MHz	Interference and Mass Communications
Aeronautical	103 MHz- 136MHz	Civil Aviations
VHF	136 MHz -- 145 MHz	Lebanese Army & UNIFIL

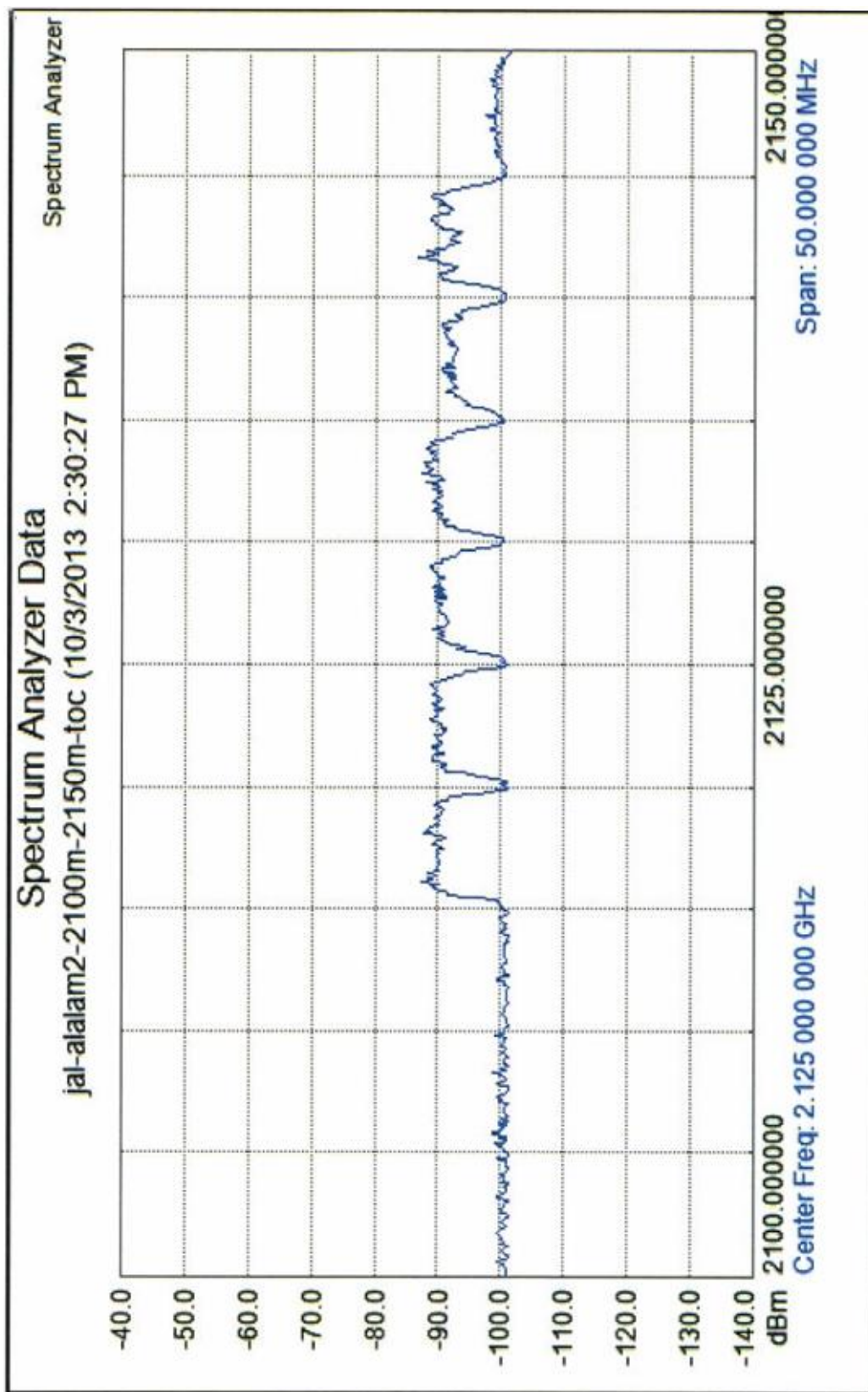
Example of Signals (Data, Voice, etc.) Exchanging in Both Directions

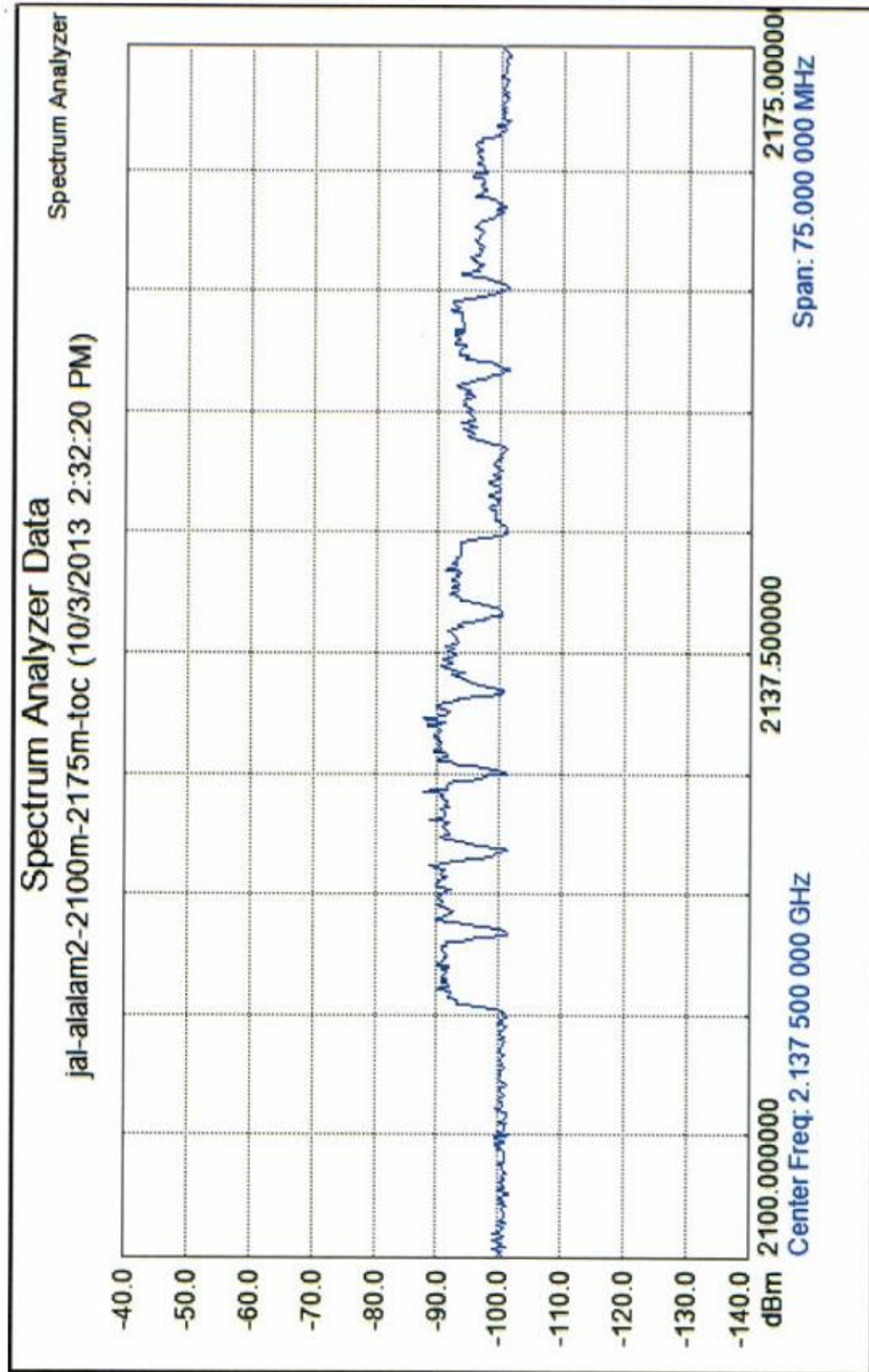


Annex III

Examples of Israeli signals tracked at Jal Alam Israeli spying site







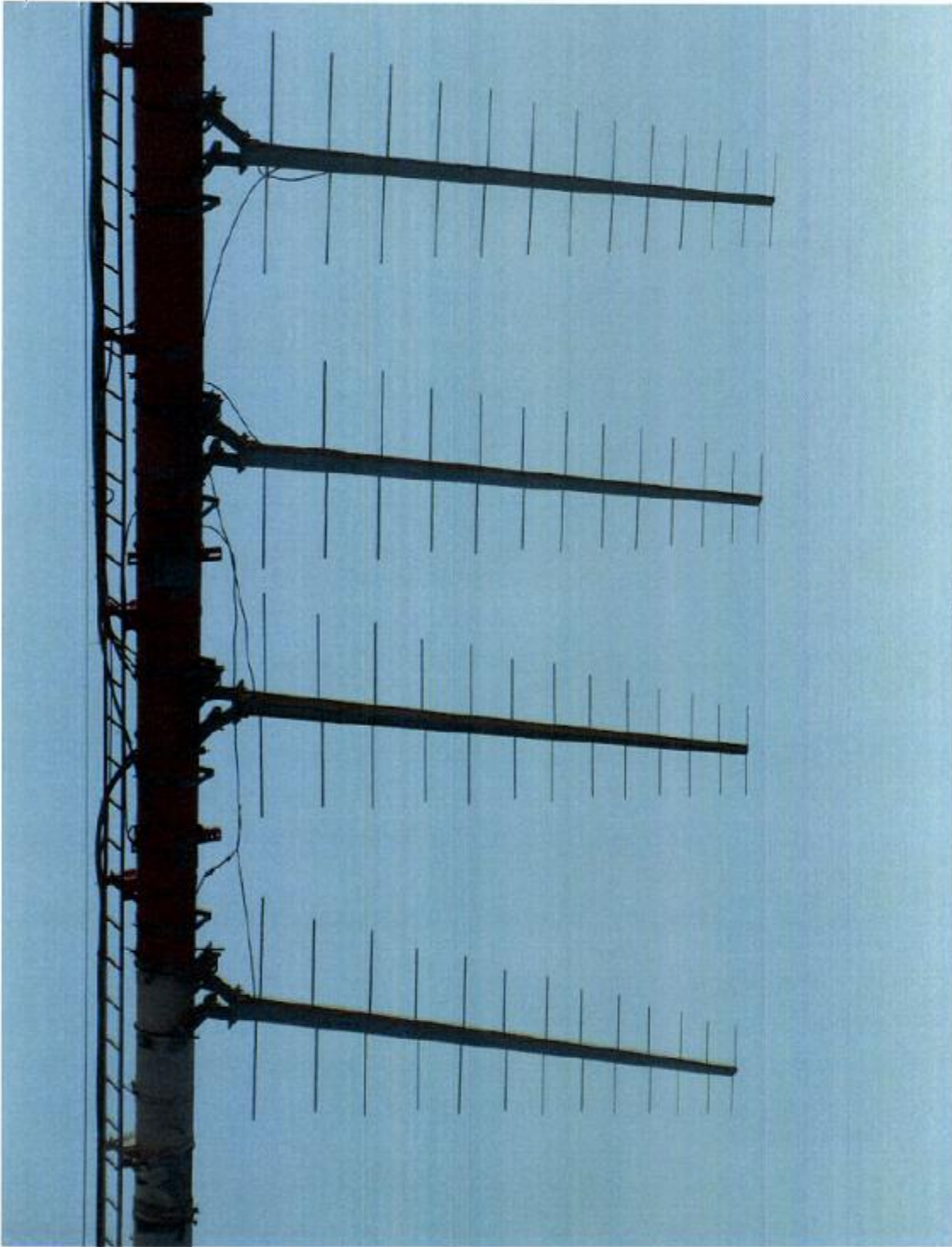
Annex IV

Photos of Jal Alam Israeli spying sites towards Lebanon



























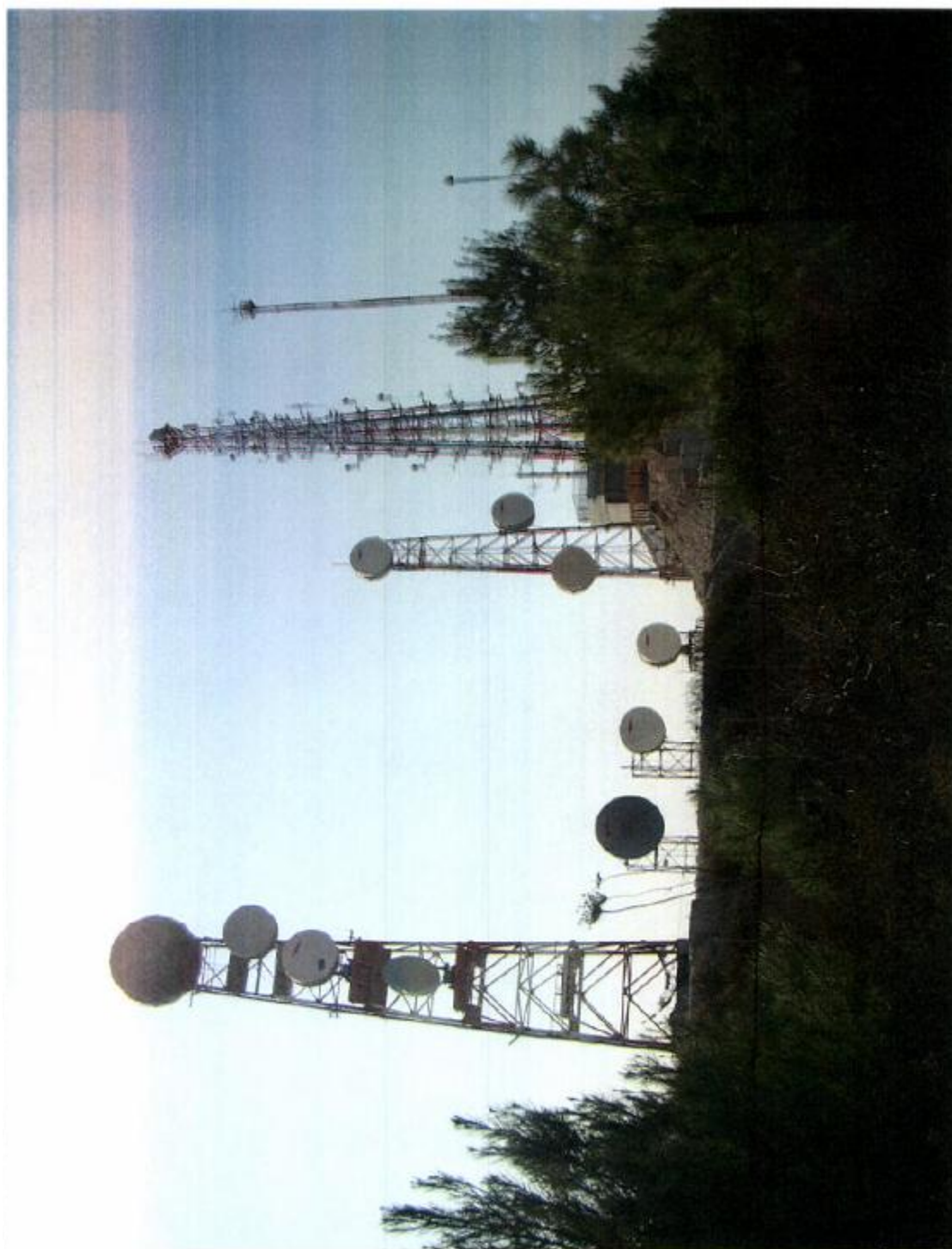








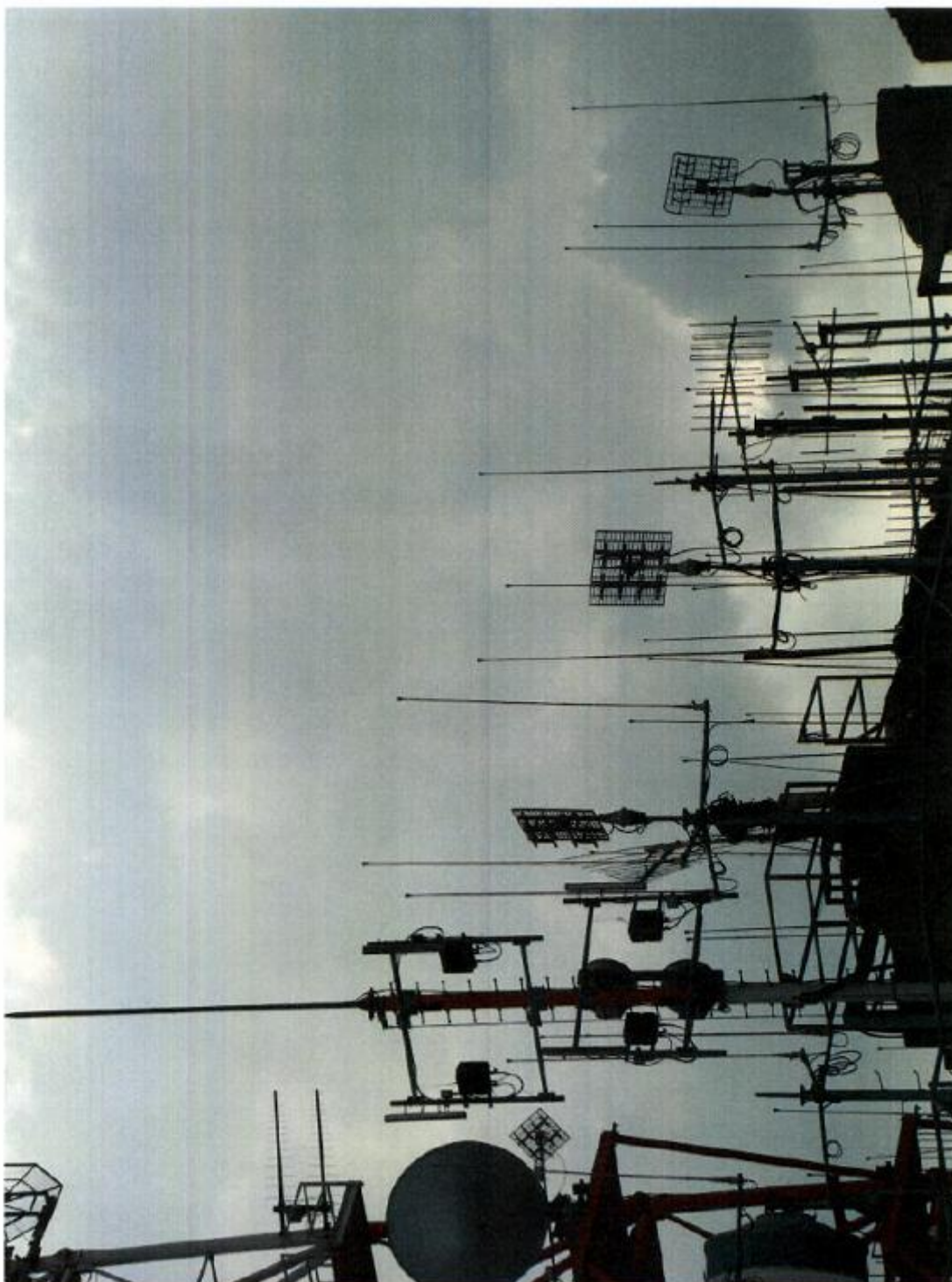




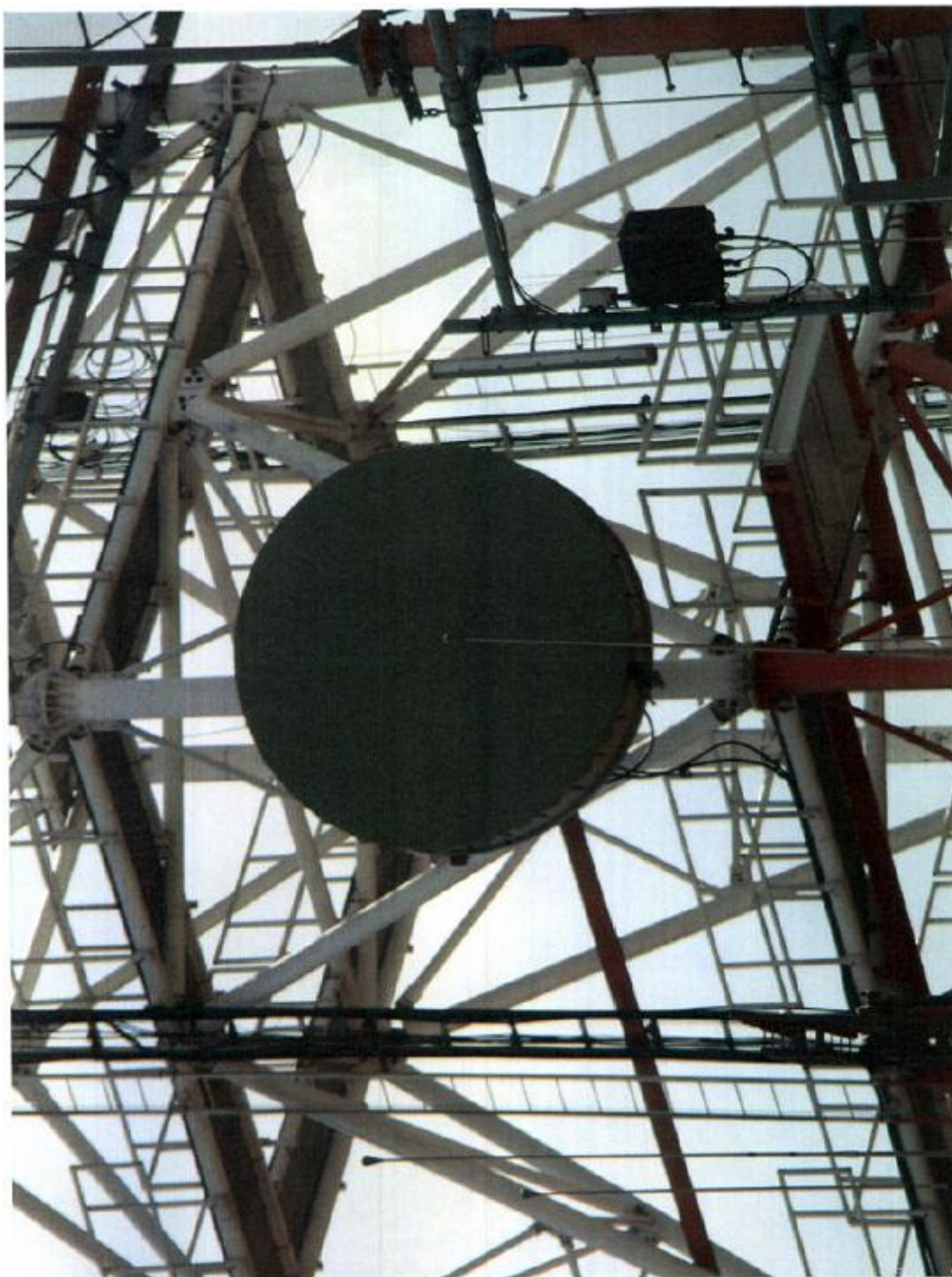
Annex V

Photos of Al Abad Israeli spying sites towards Lebanon

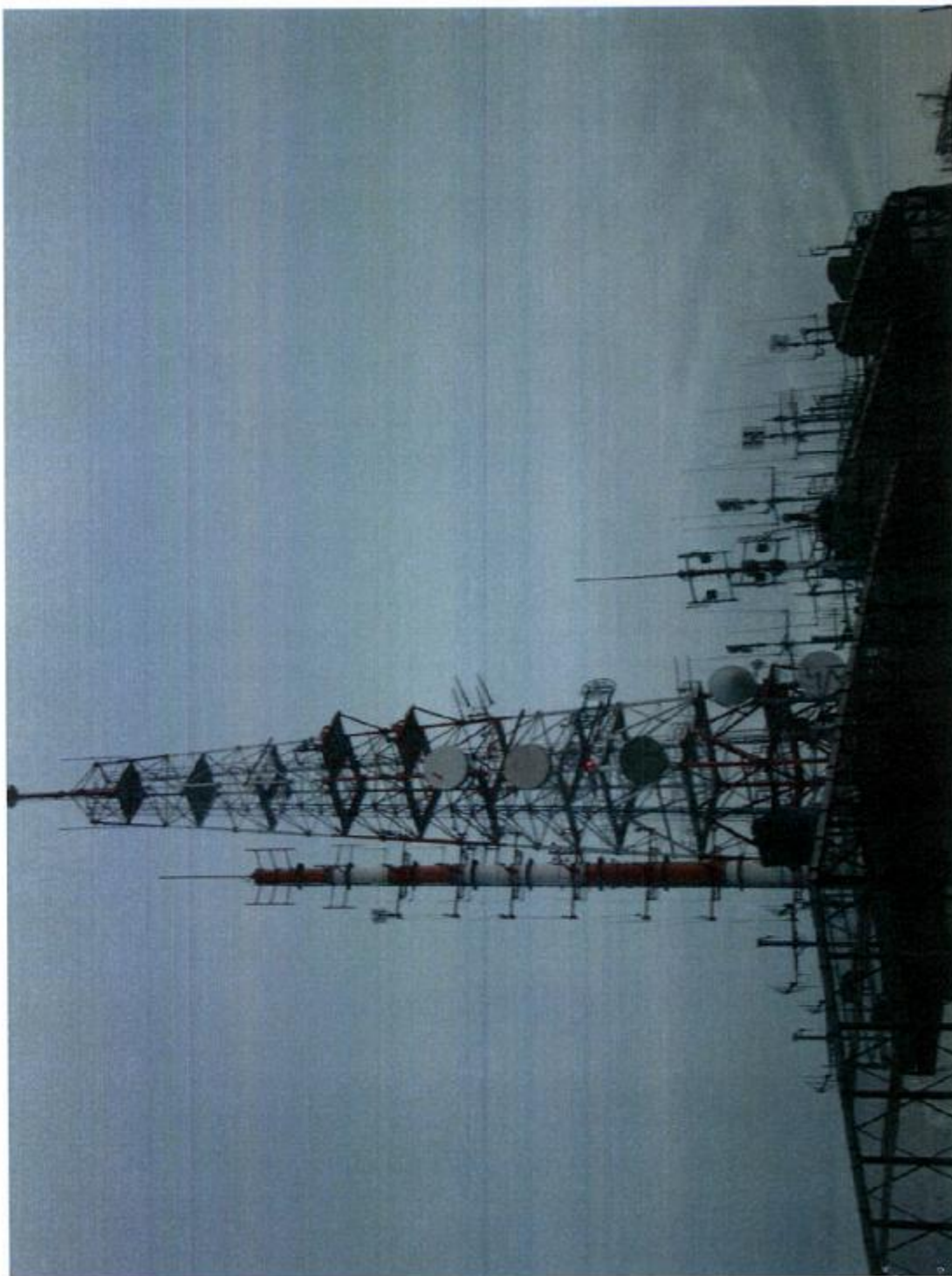












Annex VI

Photos of Ras Al-Naqoura Israeli spying sites towards Lebanon









Annex VII

Example of Lebanese MW Backbone link signals pirated and spied on by the Israelis

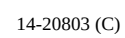
Example of Lebanese MW Backbone Link Signals Pirated and Spied on by the Israelis

MW Directional Antenna at "Hanita" Israeli Spying/Piracy site directed towards the Antenna at the Lebanese Central Office in "Tair Harfa" to spy on, and access, the Fixed Backbone Network.









Annex IX

Resolution 173 adopted by the International Telecommunication Union in Guadalajara, Mexico, in 2010

Resolution 173 (Guadalajara, 2010)

Piracy and attacks against fixed and cellular telephone networks in Lebanon

The Plenipotentiary Conference of the International Telecommunication Union
(Guadalajara, 2010),

recalling

- a)* the noble principles, purposes and objectives enshrined in the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights;
- b)* the efforts of the United Nations to promote sustainable development and the relevant United Nations Security Council resolutions;
- c)* the purposes of the Union as enshrined in Article 1 of the ITU Constitution;
- d)* § 16 of the Declaration of Principles adopted by the World Summit on the Information Society;
- e)* previous resolutions of plenipotentiary conferences, namely:
 - Resolution 48 (Malaga-Torremolinos, 1973) of the Plenipotentiary Conference, on the destruction of submarine cables in the Eastern Mediterranean;
 - Resolution 74 (Nairobi, 1982) of the Plenipotentiary Conference, regarding Israel and assistance to Lebanon;
 - Resolution 64 (Nice, 1989) of the Plenipotentiary Conference, on the condemnation of the practices of Israel in the Arab territories occupied by it;
 - Resolution 159 (Antalya, 2006) of the Plenipotentiary Conference, relating to the support to Lebanon for rebuilding its telecommunication network, and given that Lebanon has not received, to date, any amounts of the monetary damages estimated by ITU experts at USD 547 million at that time,

recognizing

- a) that a reliable telecommunication network is indispensable for promoting the socio-economic development of countries, in particular those having suffered from Israel's actions;
- b) that Lebanon's telecommunication facilities have been and are still being subjected to piracy, interference and interruption, and sedition by Israel against Lebanon's fixed and cellular telephone networks;
- c) that the damage caused to Lebanon's telecommunications should be a matter of concern for the entire international community, particularly ITU, as the United Nations specialized agency for telecommunications;
- d) the full right of Lebanon to compensation for the damages caused to its telecommunication network,

recalling further

that every Member State of ITU should respect the fundamental principles set forth in the Preamble to the Constitution and in Nos. 5, 6 and 7 of the Constitution.

resolves

to condemn all attacks and violations by any ITU Member State against telecommunication networks in any other Member States, which harm the latter's national security, *inter alia*, those perpetrated by Israel toward Lebanon,

instructs the Secretary-General and the Directors of the Bureaux

to monitor cease of the above-mentioned violations or harmful transmissions across the border and report to the Council in this respect.