United Nations S/PV.6741



Provisional

6741st meeting Monday, 26 March 2012, 10.40 a.m. New York

President: Sir Mark Lyall Grant (United Kingdom of Great Britain

and Northern Ireland)

Members: Azerbaijan Mr. Mehdiyev

ChinaMr. Wang MinColombiaMr. OsorioFranceMr. BriensGermanyMr. WittigGuatemalaMr. Rosenthal

India Mr. Hardeep Singh Puri

Portugal Mr. Moraes Cabral

Russian Federation Mr. Zhukov
South Africa Mr. Mashabane
Togo Mr. Menan
United States of America Mr. DeLaurentis

Agenda

Peace and security in Africa

This record contains the text of speeches delivered in English and of the interpretation of speeches delivered in the other languages. The final text will be printed in the *Official Records of the Security Council*. Corrections should be submitted to the original languages only. They should be incorporated in a copy of the record and sent under the signature of a member of the delegation concerned to the Chief of the Verbatim Reporting Service, room U-506.







The meeting was called to order at 10.40 a.m.

Adoption of the agenda

The agenda was adopted.

Peace and security in Africa

The President: The Security Council will now begin its consideration of the item on its agenda.

After consultations among Council members, I have been authorized to make the following statement on their behalf.

"The Security Council is following closely the security and humanitarian situation in the Sahel region, and has received regular briefings on these issues.

"The Security Council expresses its serious concern about the insecurity and rapidly deteriorating humanitarian situation in the Sahel region, which is further complicated by the presence of armed groups and terrorist groups and their activities, as well as by the proliferation of weapons from within and outside the region, that threaten peace, security and stability of regional States. The Security Council calls for the national authorities and international, regional and subregional organizations to take urgent steps to further their concerted efforts to address these challenges in an effective and appropriate manner.

"The Security Council strongly condemns the forcible seizure of power from the democratically elected Government of Mali by some elements of the Malian armed forces, and in this regard recalls its press statement of 22 March 2012. The Security Council condemns the acts initiated and carried out by mutinous troops against the democratically elected Government and demands they cease all violence and return to their barracks. The Security Council calls for the restoration of constitutional order and the holding of elections as previously scheduled.

"The Security Council condemns the attacks initiated and carried out by rebel groups against Malian Government forces, and calls on the rebels to cease all violence and to seek a peaceful solution through appropriate political dialogue.

"The Security Council emphasizes the need to uphold and respect the sovereignty, unity and territorial integrity of Mali.

"The Security Council expresses its concern over the fragile security and humanitarian situation in the region, and notes that it has been exacerbated by drought, food shortages and the return of thousands of returnees following the Libyan crisis and other crises in the region.

"The Security Council was also informed that millions of people in the Sahel region are suffering from that crisis, forcing thousands to migrate to less affected neighbouring countries.

"The Security Council commends the joint efforts made by the Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs and other agencies of the United Nations to provide humanitarian assistance and to draw international attention to the scale of the problem in the Sahel region. The Security Council was informed of the proposal to appoint a senior regional humanitarian coordinator.

"The Security Council welcomes the emergency programmes undertaken by national authorities of the region as an expression of their primary responsibility. The Security Council also welcomes the initiatives taken by regional and subregional organizations, such as the African Union and the Economic Community of West African States, and efforts so far made by bilateral and multilateral partners to assist the Sahel countries to alleviate the regional food and nutrition crisis. The Security Council encourages the international community to provide support to resolve the crisis in Mali and the Sahel region based on an integrated strategy for immediate and long-term needs, encompassing security, development and humanitarian issues."

This statement will be issued as a document of the Security Council under the symbol S/PRST/2012/7.

The Security Council has thus concluded the present stage of its consideration of the item on its agenda.

The meeting rose at 10.45 a.m.

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