



## Security Council

PROVISIONAL

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18 December 1992

ENGLISH

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PROVISIONAL VERBATIM RECORD OF THE THIRTEENTH  
ONE HUNDRED AND FIFTIETH MEETING

Held at Headquarters, New York,  
on Friday, 18 December 1992, at 11.25 a.m.

**President:** Mr. GHAREKHAN

(India)

**Members:** Austria  
Belgium  
Cape Verde  
China  
Ecuador  
France  
Hungary  
Japan  
Morocco  
Russian Federation  
United Kingdom of Great Britain  
and Northern Ireland  
United States of America  
Venezuela  
Zimbabwe

Mr. HOHENFELLNER  
Mr. NOTERDAEME  
Mr. JESUS  
Mr. CHEN Jian  
Mr. AYALA LASSO  
Mr. MERIMEE  
Mr. ERDOS  
Mr. HATANO  
Mr. SNOUSSI  
Mr. VORONTSOV  
  
Sir David HANNAY  
Mr. PERKINS  
Mr. ARRIA  
Mr. MUMBENGEGWI

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The meeting was called to order at 11.25 a.m.

ADOPTION OF THE AGENDA

The agenda was adopted.

THE SITUATION IN BOSNIA AND HERZEGOVINA

The PRESIDENT: I should like to inform the Council that I have received a letter from the representative of Bosnia and Herzegovina in which he requests to be invited to participate in the discussion of the item on the Council's agenda. In accordance with the usual practice, I propose, with the consent of the Council, to invite that representative to participate in the discussion, without the right to vote, in conformity with the relevant provisions of the Charter and rule 37 of the Council's provisional rules of procedure.

There being no objection, it is so decided.

At the invitation of the President, Mr. Sacirbey (Bosnia and Herzegovina) took a place at the Council table.

The PRESIDENT: The Security Council will now begin its consideration of the item on its agenda.

The Security Council is meeting in accordance with the understanding reached in its prior consultations.

Members of the Council have before them document S/24977, which contains the text of a draft resolution submitted by Belgium, France, Morocco and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland.

I should like to draw the attention of members of the Council to document S/24960, which contains the text of a letter dated 14 December 1992 from the Permanent Representatives of Belgium, France and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland to the United Nations addressed to the President of the Security Council.

(The President)

It is my understanding that the Council is ready to proceed to the vote on the draft resolution before it. Unless I hear any objection, I shall now put the draft resolution to the vote.

There being no objection, it is so decided.

A vote was taken by show of hands.

In favour: Austria, Belgium, Cape Verde, China, Ecuador, France, Hungary, India, Japan, Morocco, Russian Federation, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Venezuela, Zimbabwe

The PRESIDENT: There were 15 votes in favour. The draft resolution has been adopted unanimously as resolution 798 (1992).

I shall now call on those members of the Council who wish to make statements following the voting.

Mr. NOTERDAEME (Belgium) (interpretation from French): Belgium's term as a non-permanent member of the Council is drawing to an end. During this period of almost 24 months, my delegation has had to consider many critical situations and numerous tragedies throughout the world. To be sure, the effects of violence and injustice cannot be compared: there is no scale on which to weigh blood and tears.

None the less, the terrible events to which we are reacting today are, without any doubt, among the most odious we have ever had to face. The combination of brutality and methodical approach have given the actions of the Serb militias in Bosnia and Herzegovina an especially repugnant countenance. We thought we had reached the limits of excess in this horrible civil war; but we were wrong. On top of the barbaric acts that inevitably go with any civil war, there are massive numbers of organized, systematic rapes of women, particularly Muslim women, in Bosnia and Herzegovina.

(Mr. Noterdaeme, Belgium)

We find that words cannot express our indignation. The delegation of the European Community will go into the former Yugoslavia, particularly into Bosnia and Herzegovina, and strive to bring a definitive end to the monstrous conduct of the self-proclaimed Serb warriors. In that way it will prompt the reaction of men and women the world over for the restoration of the dignity of the victims of this unspeakable behaviour.

The European Community deserves the immediate and unanimous support of our Council.

The PRESIDENT: The Council has thus concluded the present stage of its consideration of the item on its agenda. The Security Council will remain seized of the matter.

The meeting rose at 11.35 a.m.