



Security Council

Distr.: General
27 October 2017

Original: English

Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006)

Note verbale dated 23 October 2017 from the Permanent Mission of Norway to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of Norway to the United Nations presents its compliments to the Chair of the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) and has the honour to transmit herewith information on the measures taken by the Government of Norway in accordance with paragraph 36 of Security Council resolution 2321 (2016), in which the Council called upon all Member States to report to the Council within 90 days of the adoption of the resolution, and thereafter upon request by the Committee, on concrete measures they had taken in order to implement effectively the provisions of the resolution.

The Government of Norway would like to inform the Committee that Norway has revised its applicable national regulations in order to implement the provisions of resolution 2321 (2016). Most of the provisions in resolution 2321 (2016) are covered by the Norwegian regulation on sanctions and restrictive measures against Democratic People's Republic of Korea of 15 December 2006 and subsequent updates. The national legislation also includes additional restrictive measures against the Democratic People's Republic of Korea adopted by the European Union that Norway has chosen to implement. To that end, the European Council Regulation (EC) No. 329/2007 of 27 March 2007 has been made part of Norway's national regulation. Both have been updated in the light of resolution 2321 (2016). The inclusions made in 2017 are highlighted below:

- Prohibition of the export to and procurement from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea of nuclear- and/or missile-usable items, as listed in annex III to resolution 2321 (2016);
- Prohibition of the export to and procurement from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea of items listed in the conventional arms dual-use list adopted by the Committee pursuant to paragraph 7 of resolution 2321 (2016);
- Extension of prohibitions on the procurement of copper, nickel, silver and zinc, statues and helicopters and vessels;
- Establishment of a mechanism for the coal procurement ban;



- Prohibition of the provision of all financial support for trade with the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, including private financial support;
- Obligation of financial institutions to close existing representative offices, subsidiaries or banking accounts in the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea;
- Competence to make a vessel subject to targeted measures in accordance with decisions by the Committee pursuant to paragraph 12 of resolution 2321 (2016);
- Prohibition on the procurement of vessel or aircraft services from the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea;
- Obligation to deregister and prohibition on registering any vessel that is owned, controlled or operated by the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, including vessels deregistered by other States Members of the United Nations;
- Prohibition on registering vessels in the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, using that country’s flag, owning, leasing, operating or providing any vessel classification, certification or associated service or insuring any vessel flagged by the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea without approval in advance by the Committee;
- Limitation of the number of bank accounts to one per diplomatic mission and consular post of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, and to one per accredited diplomat and consular officer of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, in banks in the territory of Norway;
- Prohibition on leasing or otherwise making available real property to the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea for any purpose other than diplomatic or consular activities.

The designation of persons and entities by the Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution 1718 (2006) is automatically in force in Norway through a [hyperlink to the Committee’s sanctions list](#).

In addition to the Norwegian regulation on sanctions and restrictive measures against the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea, some of the elements in resolution 2321 (2016) are covered by other legislation:

The arms embargoes imposed in Security Council resolutions are implemented at the national level by virtue of Norway’s Export Control Act and Export Control Regulations.

Regarding restrictions on admission and/or travel restrictions, under Act No. 64 of 24 June 1988 concerning the entry of foreign nationals into the Kingdom of Norway and their presence in the realm (Immigration Act), the Norwegian Directorate of Immigration is instructed to prevent entry into or transit through Norwegian territory of all persons who have been designated by the Security Council or the Committee. Furthermore, there is heightened vigilance to prevent specialized teaching and training of nationals of the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea in sensitive disciplines that could contribute to the country’s proliferation of sensitive nuclear activities or the development of nuclear weapons delivery systems, including, but not limited to, the disciplines listed in paragraph 10 of resolution 2321 (2016). Norway is also aware of the obligation to suspend scientific and technical cooperation involving persons or groups officially sponsored by or representing the Democratic People’s Republic of Korea.

Please be assured that Norway will take an active approach to ensure the effective implementation of the provisions of resolution 2321 (2016).