



Security Council

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Security Council Committee established pursuant to resolution [1591 \(2005\)](#) concerning the Sudan

Note verbale dated 22 January 2021 from the Permanent Mission of India to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

The Permanent Mission of India to the United Nations has the honour to transmit herewith the report of India on the implementation of resolution [1591 \(2005\)](#) (see annex).



Annex to the note verbale dated 22 January 2021 from the Permanent Mission of India to the United Nations addressed to the Chair of the Committee

Report of India on the implementation of Security Council resolution 1591 (2005)

The Government of India published an Order dated 5 September 2016 on the implementation of Security Council resolutions on the Sudan in the Gazette of India.¹ The Order was published in order to incorporate into Indian domestic law the sanctions against the Sudan established by the Security Council in its resolutions 1556 (2004), 1591 (2005), 1651 (2005), 1665 (2006), 1672 (2006), 1679 (2006), 1713 (2006), 1779 (2007), 1841 (2008), 1891 (2009), 1945 (2010), 1982 (2011), 2035 (2012), 2091 (2013), 2138 (2014), 2200 (2015) and 2265 (2016).

Arms embargo

The Order prevents the sale, supply or provision to all non-governmental entities and individuals, including the Janjaweed militias, operating in the states of North Darfur, South Darfur and West Darfur, by Indian nationals, from Indian territory or using Indian flag vessels or aircraft, of arms and related materiel of all types, including weapons and ammunition, military vehicles and equipment, paramilitary equipment and spare parts for the aforementioned, whether or not originating in the territory of India, or the provision of technical training or assistance related to the provision, manufacture, maintenance or use of such items. Exemptions are provided in accordance with the above-mentioned resolutions.

Travel ban

The Order prevents the entry into or transit through the territory of India of all persons designated by the Committee but does not obligate the Government of India to refuse the entry into its territory of its own nationals. Exemptions are provided in accordance with the above-mentioned resolutions.

Asset freeze

The Order provides for the freezing of all funds, financial assets and economic resources located in Indian territory that are owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by the persons designated by the Committee or that are held by entities owned or controlled, directly or indirectly, by such persons or by persons acting on their behalf or at their direction. It also ensures that no funds, financial assets or economic resources are made available by Indian nationals or by any persons within the territory of India to or for the benefit of persons or entities designated by the Committee. Exemptions are provided in accordance with the above-mentioned resolutions.

¹ See <http://egazette.nic.in/WriteReadData/2016/171624.pdf>.