



General Assembly Security Council

Distr. GENERAL

A/43/79 S/19406 6 January 1988 ENGLISH ORIGINAL: ARABIC

GENERAL ASSEMBLY Forty-third session THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

SECURITY COUNCIL Forty-third year

## Letter dated 5 January 1988 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

On instructions from my Government and further to my earlier letters, I regret to inform you that on 2 January Israel committed a large-scale act Of aggression directed against a number of sectors, as indicated below:

On Saturday, 2 January, in the evening, the Israeli Air Force bombed some blocks of flats near Sidon. The blocks of flats in question were destroyed, and the seven members of one Palestinian family lost their lives when they were buried under the rubble.

At the same time as that attack, Israeli helicopters based on an Israeli naval unit off the Lebanon coast fired rockets at six houses in the villages of Barja and Jieh, which are located 80 kilometres from the Israeli border. The houses in question were destroyed and many civilians were killed, including the 12 members of two Lebanese families, chiefly women and children.

So far this Israeli act of aggression has thus resulted in a total of 26 deaths, dozens of wounded and substantial material damage. Through this night-time attack, Israel sought to bring about the greatest number of casualties possible, under the usual pretext of aiming at Palestinian resistance bases in Lebanon. As usual once again, most of the casualties resulting from this attack happened to be innocent civilians, women and children - both Lebanese nationals and Palestinian refugees in Lebanon.

The Lebanese Government energetically condemns the repeated Israeli acts of aggression directed against the sovereignty, integrity and security of Lebanon and wishes to draw attention to the Israeli authorities' growing disregard both for the principles of international law and the natural right of all individuals to live in their home in peace and security. Both the Lebanese and those who have taken refuge in Lebanon, fleeing from the Israeli oppressor, have become nothing but

A/43/79 s/19406 English Pegs 2

targets for the various types of weapons that the lsraeli Army ha8 at its disposal. This situation cannot but continue as long as the international community carries on turning a blind eye to Israeli policy, which violates all legal principles and all humanitarian values and has already brought innumerable disasters and untold sufforing upon the Middle East as a whole and on Lebanon in particular.

In theae circumstances, the Lebanese Government reserves the right to request that the Security Council ehould be convened so that it ehould assume its responsibilities with regard to the dangerous situation resulting from Israel's repeated act8 of aggression.

I ehould be qrateful if you would have the text of this letter circulated as a document of the General Assembly, under the agenda item entitled "The situation in the Middle East", and of the Security Council,

(<u>Signed</u>) Rachid FAKHOURY Ambassador Permanent Representative

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