

SECURITY  
COUNCILCONSEIL  
DE SECURITES/1228  
27 January 1949

ORIGINAL: ENGLISH

SUMMARY STATEMENT BY THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF MATTERS OF  
WHICH THE SECURITY COUNCIL IS SEIZED AND OF THE STAGE  
REACHED IN THEIR CONSIDERATION

Pursuant to rule 11 of the provisional rules of procedure of the Security Council, I submit the following summary statement of matters of which the Security Council is seized and of the stage reached in their consideration on 22 January 1949:

1. The Iranian question (see S/1184):
2. Special agreements under Article 43 and the organization of the Armed Forces made available to the Security Council (see S/1184):
3. Rules of procedure of the Security Council (see S/1184):
4. Statute and rules of procedure of the Military Staff Committee (see S/1184):
5. The general regulation and reduction of armaments and information on Armed Forces of the United Nations (see S/1184):
6. Appointment of a Governor of the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/1184):
7. The Egyptian question (see S/1184):
8. The Indonesian question (see also S/1184 and S/1217):

Discussion was continued at the 401st and 402nd meetings. At the 401st meeting the Council agreed, in accordance with a request made by the delegation of the Republic of Indonesia, (S/1214) to make facilities available, through the medium of the Committee of Good Offices, for the exchange of messages between the delegation of the Republic of Indonesia at Lake Success and the Republican Government at Muntok (Bangka). It was also agreed to ask the Netherlands Government, through the medium of the Committee of Good Offices, to make facilities available for the transportation and safe conduct of Republican officials to Lake Success.

At the 402nd meeting the representatives of China, Cuba, Norway and the United States introduced a draft resolution (S/1219). Among other provisions, the draft resolution called upon the parties to cease all military operations and guerrilla warfare; called upon the Government of the Netherlands to release, immediately and unconditionally, all political prisoners arrested by them since 17 December 1948; recommended the establishment of a federal, independent and sovereign

/United States of Indonesia

United States of Indonesia at the earliest possible date; proposed that the name of the Committee of Good Offices be changed to the United Nations Commission for Indonesia and that the Commission be entrusted with the implementation of the terms of the resolution.

During the period 13 January to 22 January 1949, the Council received from the Committee of Good Offices the following report (S/1213):

Report dated 16 January 1949 from the Committee of Good Offices on the Indonesian question addressed to the President of the Security Council concerning a visit of the Committee to Republican leaders detained on the island of Bangka

9. Voting procedure in the Security Council (see S/1184):
10. Procedure in application of Articles 87 and 88 of the Charter with regard to the Pacific Islands under strategic trusteeship of the United States of America (see S/1184):
11. Applications for membership (see S/1184):
12. The Palestine question (see S/1184 and S/1217):

The following documents were distributed to the Council:

(a) S/1215

Cablegram dated 17 January 1949 from the Acting Mediator to the Secretary-General transmitting a communication to the President of the Security Council concerning the Palestine Conciliation Commission

(b) S/1218

Telegram dated 18 January 1949 from the Chairman of the Palestine Conciliation Commission to the President of the Security Council

13. The India-Pakistan question (see S/1184 and S/1217):
14. The Czechoslovakian situation (see S/1184):
15. The question of the Free Territory of Trieste (see S/1184):
16. The Hyderabad question (see S/1184):
17. Identic notifications dated 29 September 1948 from the Governments of the French Republic, the United Kingdom and the United States of America to the Secretary-General (see S/1184).

