

(e) Two complaints were submitted alleging that Israel forces naval vessels penetrated Lebanese territorial waters on 19 and 24 December. The complaints were not confirmed.

(f) Five complaints were submitted alleging that Israel forces penetrated Lebanese territory with a bulldozer and mechanized escort in the vicinity of border pillar 19 on 15, 16, 19, 21 and 22 December. Two of these complaints were confirmed.

(g) Three complaints were submitted alleging that Israel forces patrols penetrated Lebanese territory in the vicinity of Aadeisse (AMR 2011-2955) on 17 December (one complaint) and on 29 December (two complaints); it was also alleged that during one of the penetrations on 29 December three Lebanese citizens were abducted. The complaints were not confirmed.

(h) In addition, one complaint was submitted with a request that an inquiry into it be conducted by United Nations military observers (see para. 6 below).

6. The complaint referred to in the preceding paragraph alleged that on 27 November between 0045 and 0100 hours GMT, Israel forces penetrated Lebanese territory in the vicinity of Kfar Kela (AMR 2020-2980), dynamited one house and fired automatic weapons, causing the death of one Lebanese, wounding another and causing other material damage. The inquiry, requested on 9 December, took place on 11 December. The complaint was confirmed in so far as severe damage to one house and other material damage were concerned.

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[Original: English]
[2 February 1976]

The Chief of Staff of UNTSO has submitted the following report on developments in the sector during January 1976:

1. Activity remained at a relatively low level throughout the whole month.

2. Israel forces personnel continued to occupy daily, during daylight hours, five positions on the Lebanese side of the armistice demarcation line (ADL) near border pillars 11, 14 (except on 4 to 6, 8, 10, 12, 26 to 28 and 30 January), 18 (except on 3 to 7 and 12 January), 19 (except on 5 and 12 January) and 33 (except on 4 and 19 January).

3. There were 56 cases of firing across the ADL or across the line between Lebanese territory and Israel-occupied territory and three crossing violations. The incidents were reported as follows:

(a) OP Lab reported small-arms fire on 1, 2, 4, 9 to 11, 13 and 22 January, automatic-weapons fire on 2, 4, 9 to 11, 13, 14, 19 and 25 January, flares on 19 January and mortar and artillery fire on 25 January, all by Israel forces.

(b) OP Hin reported automatic-weapons fire by Israel forces on 1 to 3, 7, 8, 10, 13, 15, 16 and 19 to 21 January.

(c) OP Ras reported mortar fire by Israel forces on 12 January.

(d) OP Mar reported flares on 1 January, mortar fire on 2, 7, 9, 10, 16, 17, 20 and 24 January, small-arms fire on 9 January and automatic-weapons fire on

13 January, all by Israel forces. It also reported crossing violations by Israel forces on 8 and 9 January (maximum penetration 100 metres in each instance).

(e) OP Kham reported artillery fire by Israel forces on 2, 7 and 9 January and by unidentified forces east of the OP on 20 January. It also reported a crossing violation by Israel forces on 18 January (maximum penetration 1,000 metres).

4. There were 17 overflights reported during the period. Overflights by Israel forces jet aircraft were reported on 1, 6, 10 and 25 January (two each day), on 13, 15 and 20 January (one each day) and on 14 and 22 January (three each day).

5. The Lebanese authorities submitted 40 complaints during the period under review as follows:

(a) Twenty-three complaints were submitted alleging that Israel forces fire had fallen on Lebanese territory on 31 December, 1 to 3, 5 to 10, 12, 13, 16, 19, 20, 22 to 24 and 30 January (one complaint each day) and on 4 and 17 January (two complaints each day). Six of these complaints were confirmed by United Nations observation, except for damage.

(b) Twelve complaints concerned Israel forces jet aircraft overflights on 1, 6, 10, 13, 15, 20, 22, 25, 27 and 28 January (one complaint each day) and on 14 January (two complaints). Nine of these complaints were confirmed.

(c) One complaint was submitted alleging that an Israel forces naval vessel penetrated Lebanese territorial waters on 1 January. The complaint was not confirmed.

(d) Two complaints were submitted alleging that Israel forces patrols penetrated Lebanese territory in the vicinity of Aadeisse on 26 and 28 January: it was also alleged that during the penetration on 26 January two Lebanese citizens were abducted. The complaints were not confirmed.

(e) One complaint was submitted alleging that Israel forces penetrated Lebanese territory with a bulldozer and mechanized escort in the vicinity of border pillar 19 on 30 January. The complaint was not confirmed.

(f) In addition, one complaint was submitted with a request that an inquiry into it be conducted by United Nations military observers (see para. 6 below).

6. The complaint referred to in paragraph 5 (f) alleged that on 22 January at 2320 hours GMT an Israel forces patrol penetrated Lebanese territory in the vicinity of Mazraat Ez Zalloutiye (AMR 1734-2795) and dynamited two houses causing damage to one automobile and other material damage. The inquiry took place on 23 January. The complaint was confirmed in so far as destruction of two houses, damage to one automobile and other material damage were concerned.

DOCUMENT S/11663/ADD.22

[Original: English]
[27 February 1976]

The Chief of Staff of UNTSO has submitted the following special report on developments in the sector on 26 and 27 February 1976:

1. A complaint was received from the Lebanese authorities alleging that between 1830 and 1910 hours GMT on 26 February an Israel force penetrated into