

1. *Calls upon* members and associate members to further intensify the full range of actions to reach the unmet goals and targets of the Declaration of Commitment on HIV/AIDS⁷⁶ and the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS⁷⁵ by:

(a) Developing national strategic plans and establishing strategic and operational partnerships at the national and community levels between representatives of public health, law enforcement and civil society and key affected populations to scale up high-impact HIV prevention, treatment, care and support to achieve 80 per cent coverage for key affected populations with a view to achieving the universal access target;

(b) Enhancing financial sustainability, national ownership and capacity, as well as committing a greater proportion of national resources in line with national priorities, to improve the programmatic effectiveness of responses to HIV;

(c) Considering processes that encourage stakeholder consultation in promoting access to affordable medicines, diagnostics and vaccines, bearing in mind the relevant provisions in General Assembly resolution 60/262 (the Political Declaration on HIV/AIDS);

(d) Initiating, as appropriate, in line with national priorities, a review of national laws, policies and practices to enable the full achievement of universal access targets with a view to eliminating all forms of discrimination against people at risk of infection or living with HIV, in particular key affected populations;

(e) Increasing the effectiveness of national responses by prioritizing high-impact interventions for key affected populations, reducing service delivery costs, improving accountability mechanisms and ensuring that monitoring, evaluation and reporting frameworks are focused on impact, outcomes, cost-effectiveness and efficiency and are also well integrated into relevant planning processes, relating to both HIV-specific planning and more comprehensive development planning;

(f) Continuing to develop their national strategies to address all forms of gender-based violence, including sexual violence, particularly against women and girls;

2. *Requests* the Executive Secretary:

(a) To bring the present resolution to the attention of the high-level meeting on AIDS to be convened by the General Assembly from 8 to 10 June 2011 as a basis for the preparation of a draft declaration which could serve as an outcome document of that meeting;

(b) To coordinate with other relevant United Nations agencies to produce an overview of the progress made in achieving universal access;

(c) To report to the Commission at its sixty-ninth session on progress made in the implementation of the present resolution.

*Fifth plenary meeting
25 May 2011*

Resolution 67/10

A core set of economic statistics to guide the improvement of basic economic statistics in Asia and the Pacific⁷⁸

The Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific,

Stressing the importance of and need for timely, reliable and comparable official economic statistics for monitoring financial and economic trends, and evaluating related economic policies and their impact,

⁷⁸ See paras. 210 to 223 above.

Recalling that, in response to the recognition by member States of a need to improve economic statistics in developing economies of the Asia-Pacific region, the Commission's Committee on Statistics at its first session, held in Bangkok from 4 to 6 February 2009, decided, among other things, the following:

(a) To adopt a coordinating governance structure that would guide the development, implementation and monitoring of an action plan for the development of economic statistics in the Asian and Pacific region;

(b) To establish a technical advisory group to advise its Bureau...and to formulate a minimum core set of economic statistics that each country in the Asian and Pacific region would be in a position to produce,⁷⁹

Having considered and taken note of the report of the Committee on Statistics on its second session,⁸⁰

1. *Endorses* the recommendation of the Committee on Statistics to use the core set of economic statistics⁸¹ as a regional framework to focus regional efforts, coordinate training and mobilize donor support for capacity-building,⁸²

2. *Recommends* that members and associate members use, as appropriate, the core set of economic statistics as a framework and guide in the development of their national statistical systems.

*Fifth plenary meeting
25 May 2011*

**Resolution 67/11
Strengthening statistical capacity in Asia and the Pacific⁸³**

The Economic and Social Commission for Asia and the Pacific,

Recalling the United Nations Millennium Declaration,⁸⁴

Recalling also the 2005 World Summit Outcome,⁸⁵ in which Heads of State and Government strongly reiterated their determination to ensure the timely and full realization of the development goals and objectives agreed at the major United Nations conferences and summits, including those agreed at the Millennium Summit,

Recalling further the Fundamental Principles of Official Statistics, as adopted by the Statistical Commission in 1994,⁸⁶

Recalling its resolution 62/10 on strengthening statistical capacity in Asia and the Pacific,

⁷⁹ See E/ESCAP/65/13, chap. I, decision 1/2.

⁸⁰ E/ESCAP/67/12.

⁸¹ E/ESCAP/CST(2)/4.

⁸² See E/ESCAP/67/12, chap. I.

⁸³ See paras. 210 to 223 above.

⁸⁴ See General Assembly resolution 55/2 of 8 September 2000.

⁸⁵ See General Assembly resolution 60/1 of 16 September 2005.

⁸⁶ See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 1994, Supplement No. 9* (E/1994/29), chap. V, para. 59.