

COMMISSION ON HUMAN RIGHTS

DRAFT OF A RESOLUTION FOR THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY  
SUBMITTED BY THE REPRESENTATIVE OF INDIA

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY

RECOGNIZING the fact that the United Nations has been established for the specific purpose of enthroneing the natural rights of man to freedom and equality before the law, and for upholding the worth and dignity of human personality;

HAVING taken note of the Preamble and the relevant clauses of the United Nations Charter; the resolutions of the Economic and Social Council; the Human Rights Clauses of the Trusteeship Agreements as approved by the First Assembly of the United Nations; and the Human Rights Clauses of the European Treaties

RESOLVES that the following be incorporated into a General Act of the United Nations Assembly:

- I. (a) Every human being is entitled to the right of liberty, including the right to personal freedom; freedom of worship; freedom of opinion; freedom of assembly and association; and the right to access to the United Nations, without risk of reprisal, whenever there is an actual or threatened infringement of human rights.
- (b) Every human being has the right of equality, without distinction of race, sex, language, religion, nationality or political belief.
- (c) Every human being has the right of security, including the right to work, the right to education, the right to health, the

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right to participate in government, and the right to property, subject only to the over-riding consideration of public weal when the State or its appropriate organs acquire it after paying equitable compensation.

II. (a) This General Act is an obligation undertaken by Member States of the United Nations, and comes into force within twelve calendar months from the date on which it is passed by the United Nations Assembly.

(b) Non-self-governing areas and areas under the trusteeship of the United Nations automatically come under the regime of this Act.

(c) Non-member States are eligible to adhere to this Act.

III. Nothing mentioned in this Act shall be construed as not obligating the individual to his corresponding duties to his own State and to the international community under the United Nations.

IV. No state Member of the United Nations, non-self-governing territory, trusteeship area or non-member of the United Nations which has adhered to this Act, shall have the right to suspend it in whole or in part once it was adhered to in due form.

V. The Security Council of the United Nations shall be seized of all alleged violations of human rights, investigate them and enforce redress within the framework of the United Nations.