

**LETTER DATED 4 FEBRUARY 2003 FROM THE PERMANENT REPRESENTATIVE
OF THE NETHERLANDS ADDRESSED TO THE SECRETARY-GENERAL OF THE
CONFERENCE ON DISARMAMENT TRANSMITTING THE TEXT OF THE
INTERNATIONAL CODE OF CONDUCT AGAINST BALLISTIC MISSILE
PROLIFERATION (ICOC), ADOPTED IN THE HAGUE, THE NETHERLANDS ON
NOVEMBER 25 2002**

It is my honor to submit to you the *International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation (ICOC)* which was adopted in The Hague (The Netherlands) on November 25, 2002. At present, the number of Subscribing States to the ICOC is 101 states.

The ICOC provides for a series of transparency and confidence building measures (CBM) in order to alleviate mistrust and insecurity about the use of missile technology. The Code reflects the outcome of broad based consultations and represents the widest possible common ground. The ICOC has achieved two main purposes: to establish certain fundamental principles regarding missiles where previously there were none; and to set up a framework for further work.

The ICOC includes a provision stressing the role and responsibility of the UN in the field of international peace and security. The Code constitutes the most concrete and advanced initiative in the field of non-proliferation of ballistic missiles so far. The ICOC will be a first step and could form the basis of other, more ambitious initiatives in the future.

At their first meeting, the Subscribing States have decided to appoint the Netherlands to serve as Chair of the ICOC for the period of one year. Furthermore it was decided that Austria would serve as the Immediate Central Contact (ICC) under the Code. The Intermediate Central Contact is tasked by the Subscribing States to collect and disseminate submissions on Confidence Building Measures, to receive and announce the subscription of additional States, and other tasks as may be agreed upon by the Subscribing States.

The Subscribing States furthermore declared that the International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation would henceforth be known as the "The Hague Code of Conduct", shortly referred to as the ICOC.

The Netherlands sincerely hopes that all States that are a Member or an Observer to the Conference on Disarmament, and that have not yet subscribed to the The Hague Code of Conduct, will seriously consider to do so, thereby making an important contribution to international peace and stability.

Those States that wish to subscribe to the ICOC, may do so by submitting a Note Verbale to the Immediate Central Contact at the Austrian Federal Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Ballhausplatz 2, 1014 Vienna. As soon as a State has submitted its wish to adhere to the Code, it may participate in the working meetings at which decisions will be made on the remaining questions to be addressed before the Code can become fully operational.

I would be grateful, if you could issue this letter as well as the attachment to this letter as an official document of the Conference on Disarmament, and distribute it to all Member States of the Conference and non-member States participating in its work.

(Signed):

Chris C. Sanders
Ambassador
Permanent Representative of the Netherlands
to the Conference on Disarmament

International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation

Preamble

The Subscribing States:

Reaffirming their commitment to the United Nations Charter;

Stressing the role and responsibility of the United Nations in the field of international peace and security;

Recalling the widespread concern about the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction and their means of delivery;

Recognizing the increasing regional and global security challenges caused, inter alia, by the ongoing proliferation of Ballistic Missile systems capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction;

Seeking to promote the security of all states by fostering mutual trust through the implementation of political and diplomatic measures;

Having taken into account regional and national security considerations;

Believing that an International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation will contribute to the process of strengthening existing national and international security arrangements and disarmament and non-proliferation objectives and mechanisms;

Recognising that subscribing States may wish to consider engaging in co-operative measures among themselves to this end;

1. Adopt this International Code of Conduct against Ballistic Missile Proliferation (hereinafter referred to as 'the Code');
2. Resolve to respect the following Principles:
 - a) Recognition of the need comprehensively to prevent and curb the proliferation of Ballistic Missile systems capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction and the need to continue pursuing appropriate international endeavours, including through the Code;
 - b) Recognition of the importance of strengthening, and gaining wider adherence to, multilateral disarmament and non-proliferation mechanisms;
 - c) Recognition that adherence to, and full compliance with, international arms control, disarmament and non-proliferation norms help build confidence as to the peaceful intentions of states;

- d) Recognition that participation in this Code is voluntary and open to all States;
- e) Confirmation of their commitment to the United Nations Declaration on International Cooperation in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space for the Benefit and in the Interest of All States taking into particular Account the Needs of Developing Countries, adopted by the United Nations General Assembly (Resolution 51/122 of 13 December 1996);
- f) Recognition that states should not be excluded from utilising the benefits of space for peaceful purposes, but that, in reaping such benefits and in conducting related cooperation, they must not contribute to the proliferation of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction;
- g) Recognition that Space Launch Vehicle programmes should not be used to conceal Ballistic Missile programmes;
- h) Recognition of the necessity of appropriate transparency measures on Ballistic Missile programmes and Space Launch Vehicle programmes in order to increase confidence and to promote non-proliferation of Ballistic Missiles and Ballistic Missile technology;

3. Resolve to implement the following General Measures:

- a) To ratify, accede to or otherwise abide by:
 - the Treaty on Principles Governing the Activities of States in the Exploration and Use of Outer Space, including the Moon and Other Celestial Bodies (1967),
 - the Convention on International Liability for Damage Caused by Space Objects (1972),and
 - the Convention on Registration of Objects Launched into Outer Space (1975);
- b) To curb and prevent the proliferation of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction, both at a global and regional level, through multilateral, bilateral and national endeavours;
- c) To exercise maximum possible restraint in the development, testing and deployment of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction, including, where possible, to reduce national holdings of such missiles, in the interest of global and regional peace and security;
- d) To exercise the necessary vigilance in the consideration of assistance to Space Launch Vehicle programmes in any other country so as to prevent contributing to delivery systems for weapons of mass destruction, considering that such programmes may be used to conceal Ballistic Missile programmes;
- e) Not to contribute to, support or assist any Ballistic Missile programme in countries which might be developing or acquiring weapons of mass destruction in contravention of norms established by, and of those countries' obligations under, international disarmament and non-proliferation treaties;

4. Resolve to implement the following:

a) Transparency measures as follows, with an appropriate and sufficient degree of detail to increase confidence and to promote non-proliferation of Ballistic Missiles capable of delivering weapons of mass destruction:

i) With respect to Ballistic Missile programmes to:

- make an annual declaration providing an outline of their Ballistic Missile policies.

Examples of openness in such declarations might be relevant information on Ballistic Missile systems and land (test-) launch sites;

- provide annual information on the number and generic class of Ballistic Missiles launched during the preceding year, as declared in conformity with the pre-launch notification mechanism referred to hereunder, in tiret iii);

ii) With respect to expendable Space Launch Vehicle programmes, and consistent with commercial and economic confidentiality principles, to:

- make an annual declaration providing an outline of their Space Launch Vehicle policies and land

(test-) launch sites;

- provide annual information on the number and generic class of Space Launch Vehicles launched during the preceding year, as declared in conformity with the pre-launch notification mechanism referred to hereunder, in tiret iii);

- consider, on a voluntary basis (including on the degree of access permitted), inviting international observers to their land (test-) launch sites;

iii) With respect to their Ballistic Missile and Space Launch Vehicle programmes to:

- exchange pre-launch notifications on their Ballistic Missile and Space Launch Vehicle launches and test flights. These notifications should include such information as the generic class of the Ballistic Missile or Space Launch Vehicle, the planned launch notification window, the launch area and the planned direction;

b) Subscribing States could, as appropriate and on a voluntary basis, develop bilateral or regional transparency measures, in addition to those above.

c) Implementation of the above Confidence Building Measures does not serve as justification for the programmes to which these Confidence Building Measures apply;

5. Organisational aspects

Subscribing States determine to:

a) Hold regular meetings, annually or as otherwise agreed by Subscribing States;

b) Take all decisions, both substantive and procedural, by a consensus of the Subscribing States present;

c) Use these meetings to define, review and further develop the workings of the Code, including in such ways as:

- establishing procedures regarding the exchange of notifications and other information in the framework of the Code;
- establishing an appropriate mechanism for the voluntary resolution of questions arising from national declarations, and/or questions pertaining to Ballistic Missile and/or Space Launch Vehicle programmes;
- naming of a Subscribing State to serve as an immediate central contact for collecting and disseminating Confidence Building Measures submissions, receiving and announcing the subscription of additional States, and other tasks as agreed by Subscribing States; and
- others as may be agreed by the Subscribing States, including possible amendments to the Code.

List of Subscribing States

Annex

List of Subscribing States

Afghanistan	25 November 2002
Albania	25 November 2002
Argentina	25 November 2002
Australia	25 November 2002
Austria	25 November 2002
Azerbaijan	25 November 2002
Belarus	25 November 2002
Belgium	25 November 2002
Benin	25 November 2002
Bosnia and Herzegovina	25 November 2002
Bulgaria	25 November 2002
Burkina Faso	25 November 2002
Cameroon	25 November 2002
Canada	25 November 2002
Chad	26 November 2002
Chile	25 November 2002
Colombia	25 November 2002
Comores	25 November 2002
Cook Islands	25 November 2002
Costa Rica	25 November 2002

Croatia	25 November 2002
Cyprus	25 November 2002
Czech Republic	25 November 2002
Denmark	25 November 2002
El Salvador	25 November 2002
Estonia	25 November 2002
Finland	25 November 2002
France	25 November 2002
Gabon	25 November 2002
Georgia	25 November 2002
Germany	25 November 2002
Ghana	25 November 2002
Greece	25 November 2002
Guinea	25 November 2002
Guinea-Bissau	26 November 2002
Holy See	25 November 2002
Hungary	25 November 2002
Iceland	25 November 2002
Ireland	25 November 2002
Italy	25 November 2002
Japan	25 November 2002
Jordan	25 November 2002
Kenya	25 November 2002
Kiribati	25 November 2002

Latvia	25 November 2002
Libyan Arab Jamahiriya	25 November 2002
Lithuania	25 November 2002
Luxembourg	25 November 2002
Madagascar	25 November 2002
Malta	25 November 2002
Marshall Islands	25 November 2002
Mauritania	25 November 2002
Micronesia (Federated States of)	25 November 2002
Monaco	25 November 2002
Morocco	25 November 2002
Netherlands	25 November 2002
New Zealand	25 November 2002
Nicaragua	25 November 2002
Niger	26 November 2002
Nigeria	25 November 2002
Norway	25 November 2002
Palau	25 November 2002
Papua New Guinea	25 November 2002
Paraguay	25 November 2002
Peru	25 November 2002
Philippines	25 November 2002
Poland	25 November 2002

Portugal	25 November 2002
Republic of Korea	25 November 2002
Republic of Moldova	25 November 2002
Romania	25 November 2002
Russian Federation	25 November 2002
Rwanda	25 November 2002
Senegal	25 November 2002
Seychelles	25 November 2002
Sierra Leone	25 November 2002
Slovakia	25 November 2002
Slovenia	25 November 2002
South Africa	25 November 2002
Spain	25 November 2002
Sudan	25 November 2002
Suriname	25 November 2002
Sweden	25 November 2002
Switzerland	25 November 2002
Tanzania	25 November 2002
Tajikistan	25 November 2002
The Former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia	25 November 2002
Timor-Leste	25 November 2002
Tunisia	25 November 2002
Turkey	25 November 2002
Tuvalu	25 November 2002

Uganda	25 November 2002
Ukraine	25 November 2002
United Kingdom	25 November 2002
United States	25 November 2002
Uruguay	25 November 2002
Uzbekistan	25 November 2002
Vanuatu	04 December 2002
Venezuela	25 November 2002
Yugoslavia	25 November 2002
Zambia	25 November 2002
