



# General Assembly

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## Resolution adopted by the General Assembly on 22 December 2003

[on the report of the Third Committee (A/58/508/Add.2)]

### **58/192. Promotion of peace as a vital requirement for the full enjoyment of all human rights by all**

*The General Assembly,*

*Recalling* its resolution 57/216 of 18 December 2002,

*Recalling also* Commission on Human Rights resolution 2003/61 of 24 April 2003, entitled “Promotion of peace as a vital requirement for the full enjoyment of all human rights by all”,<sup>1</sup>

*Recalling further* its resolution 39/11 of 12 November 1984, entitled “Declaration on the Right of Peoples to Peace”, and the United Nations Millennium Declaration,<sup>2</sup>

*Bearing in mind* the fundamental principles of international law set forth in the Charter of the United Nations,

*Underlining*, in accordance with the purposes and principles of the United Nations, its full and active support for the United Nations and for the enhancement of its role and effectiveness in strengthening international peace, security and justice and in promoting the solution of international problems, as well as the development of friendly relations and cooperation among States,

*Reaffirming* the obligation of all States to settle their international disputes by peaceful means in such a manner that international peace and security and justice are not endangered,

*Emphasizing* its objective of promoting better relations among all States and contributing to setting up conditions in which their people can live in true and lasting peace, free from any threat to or attempt against their security,

*Reaffirming* the obligation of all States to refrain in their international relations from the threat or use of force against the territorial integrity or political independence of any State, or in any other manner inconsistent with the purposes of the United Nations,

<sup>1</sup> See *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, 2003, Supplement No. 3 (E/2003/23)*, chap. II, sect. A.

<sup>2</sup> See resolution 55/2.

*Reaffirming also* its commitment to peace, security and justice and the continuing development of friendly relations and cooperation among States,

*Rejecting* the use of violence in pursuit of political aims, and stressing that only peaceful political solutions can ensure a stable and democratic future for all people around the world,

*Reaffirming* the importance of ensuring respect for the principles of the sovereignty, territorial integrity and political independence of States and non-intervention in matters that are essentially within the domestic jurisdiction of any State, in accordance with the Charter and international law,

*Reaffirming also* that all peoples have the right to self-determination, by virtue of which they freely determine their political status and freely pursue their economic, social and cultural development,

*Reaffirming further* the Declaration on Principles of International Law concerning Friendly Relations and Cooperation among States in accordance with the Charter of the United Nations,<sup>3</sup>

*Underlining* that the subjection of peoples to alien subjugation, domination and exploitation constitutes a denial of fundamental rights, is contrary to the Charter and is an impediment to the promotion of world peace and cooperation,

*Recalling* that everyone is entitled to a social and international order in which the rights and freedoms set forth in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights<sup>4</sup> can be fully realized,

*Convinced* of the aim of creating conditions of stability and well-being, which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among nations based on respect for the principles of equal rights and self-determination of peoples,

*Convinced also* that life without war is the primary international prerequisite for the material well-being, development and progress of countries and for the full implementation of the rights and fundamental human freedoms proclaimed by the United Nations,

1. *Stresses* that peace is a vital requirement for the promotion and protection of all human rights for all;

2. *Solemnly declares* that the preservation and promotion of peace constitute a fundamental obligation of each State;

3. *Emphasizes* that the preservation and promotion of peace demand that the policies of States be directed towards the elimination of the threat of war, particularly nuclear war, the renunciation of the use or threat of use of force in international relations and the settlement of international disputes by peaceful means on the basis of the Charter of the United Nations;

4. *Affirms* that all States should promote the establishment, maintenance and strengthening of international peace and security and an international system based on respect for the principles enshrined in the Charter and the promotion of all human rights and fundamental freedoms, including the right to development and the right of peoples to self-determination;

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<sup>3</sup> Resolution 2625 (XXV), annex.

<sup>4</sup> Resolution 217 A (III).

5. *Urges* all States to respect and to put into practice the purposes and principles of the Charter in their relations with other States, irrespective of their political, economic or social system and of their size, geographical location or level of economic development;

6. *Decides* to continue consideration of the question of the promotion of the right of peoples to peace at its sixtieth session under the item entitled “Human rights questions”.

*77th plenary meeting  
22 December 2003*