Resolution No.	Title	Item	Date of adoption	Page
42/24	United Nations Conference for the Promotion of International Co-operation in the Peaceful Uses of Nuclear Energy (A/42/L.37)	40	27 November 1987	46
42/66	Question of Palestine			
	Resolution A (A/42/L.33 and Add.1)	38	2 December 1987	47
	Resolution B (A/42/L.34 and Add.1)	38	2 December 1987	48
	Resolution C (A/42/L.35 and Add.1)	38	2 December 1987	48
	Resolution D (A/42/L.40 and Add.1)	38	2 December 1987	49
42/71	Implementation of the Declaration on the Granting of Independence to Colonial Countries and Peoples (A/42/L.38 and Add.1)	18	4 December 1987	49
42/72	Dissemination of information on decolonization (A/42/L.39 and Add.1)	18	4 December 1987	51
42/163	Critical economic situation in Africa: United Nations Programme of Action for African Economic Recovery and Development 1986-1990 (A/42/L.11/Rev.1 and Rev.1/Add.1)	21	8 December 1987	52
42/209	The situation in the Middle East			
	Resolution A (A/42/L.41/Rev.1 and Rev.1/Add.1)	39	11 December 1987	53
	Resolution B (A/42/L.42 and Add.1)	39	11 December 1987	54
	Resolution C (A/42/L.43 and Add.1)	39	11 December 1987	55
	Resolution D (A/42/L.44 and Add.1)	39	11 December 1987	56

42/1. The situation in Central America: threats to international peace and security and peace initiatives

The General Assembly,

Recalling Security Council resolutions 530 (1983) of 19 May 1983 and 562 (1985) of 10 May 1985 and its resolutions 38/10 of 11 November 1983, 39/4 of 26 October 1984 and 41/37 of 18 November 1986, as well as the initiative of the Secretaries-General of the United Nations and of the Organization of American States of 18 November 1986

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General submitted in pursuance of General Assembly resolution 41/37.²

Recognizing the far-sighted and unfailing determination, as well as the decisive contribution, of the Contadora Group and its Support Group in favour of peace in Central America.

Convinced that the peoples of Central America wish to achieve peace, reconciliation, development and justice, without outside interference, in accordance with their own decision and their own historical experience, and without sacrificing the principles of self-determination and non-intervention.

Aware that the agreement signed at Guatemala City on 7 August 1987 by the Presidents of the Republics of Costa Rica, El Salvador, Guatemala, Honduras and Nicaragua³ is the outcome of the decision by Central Americans to take up fully the historical challenge of forging a peaceful destiny for Central America,

Aware also of the political will which inspires them to settle their differences by means of dialogue, negotiation and respect for the legitimate interests of all States, establishing commitments to be fulfilled in good faith, through the verifiable performance of actions aimed at achieving peace, democracy, security, co-operation and respect for human rights,

Taking note with satisfaction of the establishment, at Caracas on 22 August 1987, of the International Verifica-

tion and Follow-up Commission provided for in the agreement reached by the Central American Governments and comprising, in addition to them, the countries of the Contadora Group and its Support Group and the Secretaries-General of the United Nations and of the Organization of American States,

Deeply concerned at the need to improve the conditions of life of the people of Central America,

- 1. Commends the desire for peace expressed by the Central American Presidents in signing on 7 August 1987 at Guatemala City the agreement on "Procedures for the establishment of a firm and lasting peace in Central America";³
 - 2. Expresses its firmest support for the agreement;
- 3. Calls upon the Presidents to continue their efforts to achieve a firm and lasting peace in Central America and requests the international community to lend its full support;
- 4. Welcomes the acceptance by the Secretary-General of the invitation from the Central American countries to participate in the International Verification and Follow-up Commission, and recognizes the importance of the initiative which he took jointly with the Secretary-General of the Organization of American States on 18 November 1986;
- 5. Requests the Secretary-General to afford the fullest support to the Central American Governments in their effort to achieve peace, especially by granting the assistance requested of him for the effective functioning of the machinery for the verification and follow-up of the commitments made, which was provided for in the agreement signed at Guatemala City;
- 6. Urges the international community to increase technical, economic and financial assistance to the Central American countries and requests the Secretary-General to promote a special plan of co-operation for Central America;
- 7. Requests the Secretary-General to keep the General Assembly informed of the implementation of the present resolution;
- 8. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its forty-third session the item entitled "The situation in Cen-

² A/42/127-S/18686. For the printed text, see Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-second Year, Supplement for January, February and March 1987, document S/18686.

³ A/42/521-S/19085, annex. For the printed text, see Official Records of the Security Council, Forty-second Year, Supplement for July, August and September 1987, document S/19085, annex.

tral America: threats to international peace and security and peace initiatives".

28th plenary meeting 7 October 1987

42/2. Credentials of representatives to the forty-second session of the General Assembly

A

The General Assembly
Approves the first report of the Credentials Committee.4

36th plenary meeting 13 October 1987

В

The General Assembly

Approves the second report of the Credentials Commit-

96th plenary meeting 11 December 1987

42/3. The situation in Kampuchea

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 34/22 of 14 November 1979, 35/6 of 22 October 1980, 36/5 of 21 October 1981, 37/6 of 28 October 1982, 38/3 of 27 October 1983, 39/5 of 30 October 1984, 40/7 of 5 November 1985 and 41/6 of 21 October 1986,

Recalling further the Declaration on Kampuchea⁶ and resolution 1 (I)⁷ adopted by the International Conference on Kampuchea, which offer the negotiating framework for a comprehensive political settlement of the Kampuchean problem

Taking note of the report of the Secretary-General on the implementation of General Assembly resolution 41/6,8

Deploring that foreign armed intervention and occupation continue and that foreign forces have not been withdrawn from Kampuchea, thus causing continuing hostilities in that country and seriously threatening international peace and security,

Noting the continued and effective struggle waged against foreign occupation by the Coalition with Samdech Norodom Sihanouk as President of Democratic Kampuchea,

Taking note of Economic and Social Council decision 1987/155 of 29 May 1987 on the right of peoples to self-determination and its application to peoples under colonial or alien domination or foreign occupation,

Greatly disturbed that the continued fighting and instability in Kampuchea have forced an additional large number of Kampucheans to flee to the Thai-Kampuchean border in search of food and safety,

4 A/42/630.

⁵ A/42/630/Add.1.

8 A/42/608

Recognizing that the assistance extended by the international community has continued to reduce the food shortages and health problems of the Kampuchean people,

Emphasizing that it is the inalienable right of the Kampuchean people who have sought refuge in neighbouring countries to return safely to their homeland,

Emphasizing further that no effective solution to the humanitarian problems can be achieved without a comprehensive political settlement of the Kampuchean conflict.

Seriously concerned about reported demographic changes being imposed in Kampuchea by foreign occupation forces,

Convinced that, to bring about lasting peace in South-East Asia and reduce the threat to international peace and security, there is an urgent need for the international community to find a comprehensive political solution to the Kampuchean problem that will provide for the withdrawal of all foreign forces and ensure respect for the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and neutral and non-aligned status of Kampuchea, as well as the right of the Kampuchean people to self-determination free from outside interference,

Reiterating its conviction that, after the comprehensive political settlement of the Kampuchean question through peaceful means, the countries of the South-East Asian region can pursue efforts to establish a zone of peace, freedom and neutrality in South-East Asia so as to lessen international tensions and to achieve lasting peace in the region,

Reaffirming the need for all States to adhere strictly to the principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which call for respect for the national independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of all States, non-intervention and non-interference in the internal affairs of States, non-recourse to the threat or use of force and peaceful settlement of disputes,

- 1. Reaffirms its resolutions 34/22, 35/6, 36/5, 37/6, 38/3, 39/5, 40/7 and 41/6 and calls for their full implementation;
- 2. Reiterates its conviction that the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Kampuchea, the restoration and preservation of its independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity, the right of the Kampuchean people to determine their own destiny and the commitment by all States to non-interference and non-intervention in the internal affairs of Kampuchea are the principal components of any just and lasting resolution of the Kampuchean problem;
- 3. Takes note with appreciation of the report of the Ad Hoc Committee of the International Conference on Kampuchea on its activities during 1986-19879 and requests that the Committee continue its work, pending the reconvening of the Conference;
- 4. Authorizes the Ad Hoc Committee to convene when necessary and to carry out the tasks entrusted to it in its mandate;
- 5. Reaffirms its decision to reconvene the Conference at an appropriate time, in accordance with Conference resolution 1 (I);
- 6. Renews its appeal to all States of South-East Asia and others concerned to attend future sessions of the Conference;
- 7. Requests the Conference to report to the General Assembly on its future sessions;

⁶ Report of the International Conference on Kampuchea, New York, 13-17 July 1981 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.81.1.20), annex I.

⁷ Ibid., annex II.

⁹ A/CONF.109/12.