Recognizing that the assistance extended by the international community has continued to reduce the food shortages and health problems of the Kampuchean people,

Emphasizing that it is the inalienable right of the Kampuchean people who have sought refuge in neighbouring countries to return safely to their homeland,

Emphasizing further that no effective solution to the humanitarian problems can be achieved without a comprehensive political settlement of the Kampuchean conflict.

Seriously concerned about reported demographic changes being imposed in Kampuchea by foreign occupation forces,

Convinced that, to bring about durable peace in South-East Asia, there is an urgent need for a comprehensive political solution to the Kampuchean problem that will provide for the withdrawal of all foreign forces and ensure respect for the sovereignty, independence, territorial integrity and neutral and non-aligned status of Kampuchea, as well as the right of the Kampuchean people to self-determination free from outside interference.

Convinced further that, after the comprehensive political settlement of the Kampuchean question through peaceful means, the countries of the South-East Asian region can pursue efforts to establish a zone of peace, freedom and neutrality in South-East Asia so as to lessen international tensions and to achieve lasting peace in the region,

Reaffirming the need for all States to adhere strictly to the principles of the Charter of the United Nations, which call for respect for the national independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity of all States, non-intervention and non-interference in the internal affairs of States, non-recourse to the threat or use of force and peaceful settlement of disputes,

- 1. Reaffirms its resolutions 34/22, 35/6, 36/5 and 37/6 and calls for their full implementation;
- 2. Reiterates its conviction that the withdrawal of all foreign forces from Kampuchea, the restoration and preservation of its independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity, the right of the Kampuchean people to determine their own destiny and the commitment by all States to non-interference and non-intervention in the internal affairs of Kampuchea are the principal components of any just and lasting resolution of the Kampuchean problem;
- 3. Takes note with appreciation of the report of the Ad Hoc Committee of the International Conference on Kampuchea⁸ and requests that the Committee continue its work, pending the reconvening of the Conference;
- 4. Authorizes the Ad Hoc Committee to convene when necessary and to carry out the tasks entrusted to it in its mandate:
- 5. Reaffirms its decision to reconvene the Conference at an appropriate time, in accordance with Conference resolution 1 (I);
- 6. Renews its appeal to all States of South-East Asia and others concerned to attend future sessions of the Conference:
- 7. Requests the Conference to report to the General Assembly on its future sessions;
- 8. Requests the Secretary-General to continue to consult with and assist the Conference and the Ad Hoc Committee and to provide them on a regular basis with the necessary facilities to carry out their functions;
- 9. Expresses its appreciation once again to the Secretary-General for taking appropriate steps in following the situation closely and requests him to continue to do so

and to exercise his good offices in order to contribute to a comprehensive political settlement:

- 10. Expresses its deep appreciation once again to donor countries, the United Nations and its agencies and other national and international humanitarian organizations that have rendered relief assistance to the Kampuchean people, and appeals to them to continue to provide emergency assistance to those Kampucheans who are still in need, especially along the Thai-Kampuchean border and in the holding centres in Thailand;
- 11. Reiterates its deep appreciation to the Secretary-General for his efforts in co-ordinating humanitarian relief assistance and in monitoring its distribution, and requests him to intensify such efforts as are necessary:
- 12. Urges the countries of South-East Asia, once a comprehensive political solution to the Kampuchean conflict is achieved, to exert renewed efforts to establish a zone of peace, freedom and neutrality in South-East Asia;
- 13. Reiterates the hope that, following a comprehensive political solution, an intergovernmental committee will be established to consider a programme of assistance to Kampuchea for the reconstruction of its economy and for the economic and social development of all States in the region;
- 14. Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session on the implementation of the present resolution;
- 15. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its thirty-ninth session the item entitled "The situation in Kampuchea".

38th plenary meeting 27 October 1983

38/4. Co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference

The General Assembly,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference. 9

Taking into account the desire of both organizations to co-operate more closely in their common search for solutions to global problems, such as questions relating to international peace and security, disarmament, self-determination, decolonization, fundamental human rights and the establishment of a new international economic order.

Noting the strengthening of co-operation between the specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference,

Expressing its satisfaction at the convening of the first annual meeting between the representatives of the secretariat of the Organization of the Islamic Conference and the secretariats of the United Nations and other organizations of the United Nations system,

Taking into account the high level of representation, the wide degree of participation of specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system, the encouraging results obtained and the imperative necessity of co-ordination and follow-up of the decisions reached at that meeting.

Convinced of the need to strengthen further the cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference.

⁸ A/CONF.109/7.

⁹ A. 38-500.

Recalling its resolution 3369 (XXX) of 10 October 1975, by which it granted observer status to the Organization of the Islamic Conference,

Recalling its resolutions 35/36 of 14 November 1980. 36/23 of 9 November 1981 and 37/4 of 22 October 1982,

- 1. Takes note with satisfaction of the report of the Secretary-General;
- 2. Approves the conclusions reached and the recommendations made at the first annual meeting between the representatives of the secretariat of the Organization of the Islamic Conference and the secretariats of the United Nations and other organizations of the United Nations system, held at Geneva on 15 July 1983; 10
- Requests the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference to continue co-operation in their common search for solutions to global problems, such as questions relating to international peace and security, disarmament, self-determination, decolonization, fundamental human rights and the establishment of a new international economic order;
- 4. Encourages the specialized agencies and other organizations of the United Nations system to continue to expand their co-operation with the Organization of the Islamic Conference, inter alia by negotiating co-operation agreements, and invites them to designate focal points concerning co-operation in priority areas of interest to the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Con-
- 5. Requests the Secretary-General to continue to take steps to strengthen the co-ordination of the activities of the United Nations system in this field with a view to intensifying co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;
- 6. Requests the Secretary-General to strengthen cooperation and co-ordination between the United Nations and the organizations of the United Nations system and the Organization of the Islamic Conference to serve the mutual interests of the two organizations in the political, economic, social and cultural fields;
- Requests the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its thirty-ninth session on the state of cooperation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference;
- 8. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its thirty-ninth session the item entitled "Co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of the Islamic Conference".

39th plenary meeting 28 October 1983

38/5. Co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity

The General Assembly,

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity, 11

Recalling its previous resolutions on the promotion of co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity and the practical measures taken for their implementation, in particular resolution 37/15 of 16 November 1982,

Taking note of the resolutions, decisions and declarations adopted by the Organization of African Unity on the promotion of co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity.

Taking note also of the relevant resolutions and decisions adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at its nineteenth ordinary session, held at Addis Ababa from 6 to 12 June 1983, 12

Considering the important message of the current Chairman of the Organization of African Unity, delivered by the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Ethiopia to the General Assembly on Il October 1983, 13 particularly with regard to matters of concern to the two organizations,

Noting with satisfaction the continued co-operation between the United Nations and the Organization of African Unity in areas of common interest,

Deeply conscious of the special needs of the newly independent African States, particularly with regard to the consolidation of their national independence, their endeavours towards social and economic betterment and the adverse impact on their economies of the current international economic situation,

Gravely concerned about the adverse effect on African economies of the current international economic situation,

Recalling in this connection the Lagos Plan of Action for the Implementation of the Monrovia Strategy for the Economic Development of Africa, adopted by the Assembly of Heads of State and Government of the Organization of African Unity at its second extraordinary session, held at Lagos on 28 and 29 April 1980, 14

Recognizing the need for closer co-operation between the Organization of African Unity and all specialized organs, organizations and bodies of the United Nations system in realizing the goals and objectives set forth in the Lagos Plan of Action,

Deeply concerned at the gravity of the situation of the refugees in Africa and their increasing needs for international assistance as well as at the heavy social, economic and security burden imposed on African countries of asy-

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General of 25 October 1983 on the International Conference on Assistance to Refugees in Africa as well as the progress of preparations for the Second International Conference on Assistance to Refugees in Africa, 15

Gravely concerned also at the need for special economic and emergency assistance programmes for a number of African States affected by serious economic problems, in particular problems of displaced persons, resulting from natural or other disasters, to enable them to pursue effective economic development.

Gravely concerned further at the deteriorating situation in southern Africa arising from the continued domination of the peoples of the area by the minority racist régime of South Africa and conscious of the need to provide increased assistance to the peoples of the region and to their liberation movements in their struggle against colonialism, racial discrimination and apartheid,

Conscious of its responsibilities to provide economic. material and humanitarian assistance to independent States in southern Africa to help them to cope with the situation caused by the acts of aggression committed against their territories by the apartheid régime of South Africa,

¹⁰ Ibid., sect. III.D.
11 A/38/307 and Add.l.
12 A/38/312, annex.
13 Official Records of the General Assembly, Thirty-eighth Session, Plenary Meetings, 27th meeting, paras. 49-110.

¹⁴ A/S-ll/14, annex 1.

¹⁵ A/38/526.