Resolution No.	Title	Item	Date of adoption	Page
38/221	Special economic assistance to Guinea-Bissau (A/38/705)	81 (b)	20 December 1983	171
38/222	Assistance to Bolivia, Ecuador and Peru to alleviate the effects of natural disasters (A/38/705)	81 (b)	20 December 1983	172
38/223	Assistance to Nicaragua (A/38/705)	81 (b)	20 December 1983	173
38/224	Assistance for the reconstruction, rehabilitation and development of Equatorial Guinea (A/38/705)	81 (b)	20 December 1983	174
38/225	Implementation of the medium-term and long-term recovery and rehabilitation programme in the Sudano-Sahelian region (A/38/705)	81 (c)	20 December 1983	174

## 38/143. Particular problems facing Zaire with regard to transport, transit and access to foreign markets

The General Assembly,

Referring to its resolution 32/160 of 19 December 1977. in which it recalled Economic and Social Council resolution 2097 (LXIII) of 29 July 1977 and proclaimed the period 1978-1988 the Transport and Communications Decade in Africa,

Referring also to its resolutions 34/193 of 19 December 1979, 35/59 of 5 December 1980, 36/139 of 16 December 1981 and 37/205 of 20 December 1982 on particular problems facing Zaire with regard to transport, transit and access to foreign markets, and approving the organization in 1983 of a round-table meeting with donor countries for Zaire's projects in these three fields,

Recalling resolution 110 (V) of 3 June 1979<sup>2</sup> of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development,

Recalling also Economic and Social Council decision 249 (LXIII) of 25 July 1977 and resolution 1981/68 of 24 July 1981, as well as resolution 293 (XIII) of 26 February 1977 adopted by the Conference of Ministers of the Economic Commission for Africa, 3

Having considered the report of the Secretary-General on the outcome of the round-table meeting on the financing of the transport projects of Zaire, held at Kinshasa on 28 and 29 June 1983,

- 1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on the round-table meeting of donors;
- 2. Expresses its appreciation of the contribution made by some donor countries and financing agencies which enabled the round-table meeting to achieve satisfactory results:
- 3. Appeals to donor countries and financing agencies to take prompt action to give effect to the interest which they expressed in financing particular projects;
- 4. Requests the Executive Secretary of the Economic Commission for Africa to assist Zaire in order to ensure follow-up of the results of the round-table meeting;
- 5. Approves the organization in 1985 of a second round-table meeting to review the progress made in financing and implementing the transport projects designed to open up the land-locked regions of Zaire;
- 6. Requests the Secretary-General to provide, within existing resources, the Economic Commission for Africa

with the resources required to organize the second roundtable meeting.

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## 38/144. Permanent sovereignty over national resources in the occupied Palestinian and other Arab territories

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 37/135 of 17 December 1982,

Recalling also its previous resolutions on permanent sovereignty over natural resources,

Bearing in mind the relevant principles of international law and the provisions of the international conventions and regulations, in particular Convention IV of The Hague of 1907, 5 and the Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, 6 concerning the obligations and responsibilities of the occupying Power,

Bearing in mind also the pertinent provisions of its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, and 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States,

- 1. Takes note of the report of the Secretary-General on permanent sovereignty over national resources in the occupied Palestinian and other Arab territories; 7
- 2. Commends the report of the Secretary-General on the implications, under international law, of the United Nations resolutions on permanent sovereignty over natural resources, on the occupied Palestinian and other Arab territories and on the obligations of Israel concerning its conduct in these territories;
- 3. Condemns Israel for its exploitation of the national resources of the occupied Palestinian and other Arab territories;
- 4. Reaffirms that Convention IV of The Hague of 1907 and the Geneva Convention Relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War, of 12 August 1949, are applicable to the occupied Palestinian and other Arab territories:
- 5. Emphasizes the right of the Palestinian and other Arab peoples whose territories are under Israeli occupation to full and effective permanent sovereignty and control over their natural and all other resources, wealth and economic activities:

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> See Proceedings of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, Fifth Session, vol. I, Report and Annexes (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.79.II.D.14), part one, sect. A.

<sup>3</sup> See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Sixty-third Session, Supplement No. 7, vol. I (E/5941), part III.

<sup>4</sup> A/38/264/Add.1-E/1983/90/Add.1.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup>Carnegie Endowment for International Peace, The Hague Conventions and Declarations of 1899 and 1907 (New York, Oxford University Press, 1915), p. 100.

<sup>6</sup> United Nations, Treaty Series, vol. 75, No. 973, p. 287.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> A/38/282–E/1983/84. <sup>8</sup> A/38/265–E/1983/85.