

1. *Recognizes* that the World Conference of the International Women's Year has established that improvement of the status of women constitutes a basic element in any development process;

2. *Urges* all States to undertake the necessary changes, as appropriate, in their economic and social structures in order to ensure the participation of women, on an equal basis with men, in the development process;

3. *Invites* the relevant organizations within the United Nations system, particularly the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the United Nations Development Programme and the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, to pay special attention to development programmes relating to women, *inter alia*, in the fields of agriculture, industry, trade and science and technology;

4. *Requests* the Secretary-General to prepare, on the basis of information received from Governments and relevant organizations of the United Nations system, as well as on the basis of existing studies, a preliminary report, for the consideration of the General Assembly at its thirty-first session, on the extent to which women participate in fields such as agriculture, industry, trade and science and technology, with a view to making recommendations on ways and means of increasing and upgrading the participation of women therein;

5. *Urges* all Governments to give special attention to the inclusion of the question of the integration of women in the development process in United Nations conferences and meetings on matters which have an impact on the participation of women in development;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General to report to the General Assembly at its thirty-first session on the implementation of the present resolution.

2441st plenary meeting
15 December 1975

3506 (XXX). Implementation of the decisions adopted by the General Assembly at its seventh special session

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974 containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order and its resolution 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974 containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, which laid the foundations of the new international economic order,

Recalling further its resolution 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975, in which it set in motion the implementation of agreed measures in some important areas as the basis and framework for the work of the competent bodies and organizations of the United Nations system with a view to facilitating the solution of problems affecting the world,

Convinced of the necessity of achieving concrete results through effective implementation of such measures and through the adoption of complementary actions in all competent forums,

Determined to keep under constant review the negotiations and decisions to be taken in other forums on international economic co-operation and development,

Convinced that the full and effective participation of the developing countries in deliberations and decision-making concerning the world economy is required in order to achieve more equitable and more durable international economic relations,

Convinced also that the results to be achieved at the fourth session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the Conference on International Economic Co-operation and the next session of the World Food Council will give added impetus to the efforts of the international community towards achievement of the objective of development,

1. *Urges* all States to implement promptly the policy measures adopted at its seventh special session;

2. *Requests* all organizations, institutions and subsidiary organs of the United Nations system to assign the highest priority to the implementation of the measures set out in General Assembly resolution 3362 (S-VII) and to submit progress reports to the Assembly, through the Economic and Social Council, within their respective fields of competence;

3. *Decides* to assess the implementation of resolution 3362 (S-VII) at its thirty-first session, with a view to facilitating, *inter alia*, the forthcoming exercise of the revision of the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade, taking into account the consideration of this matter by the Economic and Social Council at its sixty-first session;

4. *Requests* in particular the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to submit an evaluation of the results of the fourth session of the Conference to the General Assembly at its thirty-first session, through the Economic and Social Council, in view of the importance of the results of the fourth session of the Conference to this assessment;

5. *Decides* to utilize the report of the Conference on International Economic Co-operation, referred to in paragraph 2 of General Assembly resolution 3515 (XXX) of 15 December 1975, for consideration within the context of the exercise mentioned in paragraph 3 above;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General of the United Nations to submit to the General Assembly, through the Economic and Social Council, a report on his participation in the Conference on International Economic Co-operation for the consideration of the Assembly within the context of the exercise mentioned in paragraph 3 above.

2441st plenary meeting
15 December 1975

3507 (XXX). Institutional arrangements in the field of the transfer of technology

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974 containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974 containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, and 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

Bearing in mind section III, paragraph 1, of its resolution 3362 (S-VII) wherein it decided that:

“Developed and developing countries should co-operate in the establishment, strengthening and development of the scientific and technological infrastructure of developing countries. Developed countries should also take appropriate measures, such as contribution to the establishment of an industrial technological information bank and consideration of the possibility of regional and sectoral banks, in order to make available a greater flow to developing countries of information permitting the selection of technologies, in particular advanced technologies. Consideration should also be given to the establishment of an international centre for the exchange of technological information for the sharing of research findings relevant to developing countries. For the above purposes institutional arrangements within the United Nations system should be examined by the General Assembly at its thirtieth session”.

Noting Economic and Social Council resolution 1902 (LVII) of 1 August 1974, in which the Council requested the Secretary-General to undertake a feasibility study on the progressive establishment of an international information exchange system for the transfer and assessment of technology,

Taking note of the establishment of a Committee on Transfer of Technology in the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development,

Noting with appreciation the collaboration between the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization and the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development for the implementation of the relevant decision of the General Assembly at its seventh special session in resolution 3362 (S-VII),

1. *Reaffirms* the importance of wider dissemination of scientific and technological information, the need to enable developing countries to have access to specific information on advanced and other technologies requested by them, as well as on the new uses of existing technology, new development and possibilities of adapting them to local needs, and the need to enable developing countries to select technologies which meet their requirements;

2. *Requests* the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to continue to take, in consultation with the appropriate organizations of the United Nations system, all necessary measures to establish an industrial technological information bank as a component of an over-all technological information exchange network and to report, through the Economic and Social Council, to the General Assembly at its thirty-first session;

3. *Further requests* other organizations in the United Nations system, including the regional commissions, to undertake feasibility studies on the establishment of sectoral and regional technological information banks and/or other viable information systems and to report, through the Economic and Social Council, to the General Assembly at its thirty-second session;

4. *Requests* the organizations concerned to consider, in their feasibility studies, the establishment of appropriate linkages among the information banks and/or other viable information systems in order to provide developing countries with comprehensive technological information related to their specific requests;

5. *Requests* the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, in consultation with the regional commissions and other appropriate organizations, to continue their efforts, in their respective fields, to assist in the establishment, in developing countries, of centres for the transfer and development of technology at the national, subregional and regional levels in order to facilitate fulfilment of the interrelated requirements of developing countries;

6. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in collaboration with the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, to establish an interagency task force, which should use the widest possible expertise in the fields of information exchange and the transfer of technology and, taking into account the views expressed in the Committee on Science and Technology for Development, undertake a comprehensive analysis with a view to the preparation of a plan for the establishment of a network for the exchange of technological information, and to submit a report containing preliminary recommendations, through the Economic and Social Council at its sixty-first session, to the General Assembly.

2441st plenary meeting
15 December 1975

3508 (XXX). Examination of long-term trends in the economic development of the regions of the world

The General Assembly,

Taking into account that 1975 marks the thirtieth anniversary of the founding of the United Nations and that, as stipulated in Article 55 of the Charter, the United Nations shall promote higher standards of living, full employment and conditions of economic and social progress and development of all peoples in order to create conditions of stability and well-being which are necessary for peaceful and friendly relations among nations,

Recalling its resolutions 3201 (S-VI) and 3202 (S-VI) of 1 May 1974, containing the Declaration and the Programme of Action on the Establishment of a New International Economic Order, and its resolution 3281 (XXIX) of 12 December 1974, containing the Charter of Economic Rights and Duties of States, as well as its resolution 3362 (S-VII) of 16 September 1975 on development and international economic co-operation,

Believing that peace and security, peaceful coexistence among States and the relaxation of international tensions, the elimination of colonialism, racial discrimination, *apartheid* and foreign aggression and occupation, as well as freer exchanges of information, are essential conditions for international economic co-operation, and that expansion of that co-operation among all countries, with particular emphasis on the needs of accelerated development of the developing countries, provides the material basis for lasting peace and rapprochement among all nations,

Considering that mankind's material needs can be better satisfied by means of sustained long-term economic development of individual countries and regions, and that long-term international economic co-operation is in the interests of all countries and regions,