

Recalling further Economic and Social Council resolution 1798 (LV) of 24 July 1973,

Reaffirming that Zambia's decision to divert its trade from the southern route is in compliance with the relevant decisions of the Security Council and designed to enhance its capacity to implement fully the mandatory sanctions against the illegal régime of Southern Rhodesia,

Recognizing the urgent need for increased international assistance to supplement Zambia's national effort to overcome the special economic problems arising from the closure of its southern border,

1. Commends all those Member States which have responded positively to the appeals contained in Security Council resolution 329 (1973) and in Economic and Social Council resolution 1798 (LV);

2. Renews the appeal for more and greater contributions by the world community to enable Zambia to maintain its normal flow of traffic;

3. Takes note with satisfaction of the measures taken and specific proposals made by the Secretary-General designed to achieve the objective envisaged in Security Council resolution 329 (1973);

4. Requests the Secretary-General, in collaboration with the appropriate organizations within the United Nations system, to maintain his efforts to generate maximum assistance.

2203rd plenary meeting  
17 December 1973

### 3174 (XXVIII). Special measures in favour of the least developed countries

#### The General Assembly,

Recalling resolution 62 (III) of 19 May 1972 of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development,<sup>66</sup> in which the Conference recommended, *inter alia*, that developed countries should give urgent consideration to the modalities for increasing flows of multilateral and bilateral assistance to the least developed countries and, for this purpose, spelt out certain measures for the implementation of which the Conference called for the study of ways and means for establishing institutional arrangements, including a study on the principle of establishing a special voluntary fund for the least developed countries,

Recalling Trade and Development Board decision 100 (XIII) of 8 September 1973,<sup>67</sup>

Noting the resolution adopted by the Fourth Conference of Heads of State or Government of Non-Aligned Countries at Algiers on 9 September 1973,<sup>68</sup> in which the Conference recommended that in international economic action top priority should be given to the urgent implementation of the programmes of special measures in favour of the least developed countries adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its third session and by other specialized international institutions,

<sup>66</sup> See *Proceedings of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, Third Session*, vol. 1, *Report and Annexes* (United Nations publication, Sales No.: E.73.II.D.4), annex I.A.

<sup>67</sup> See *Official Records of the General Assembly, Twenty-eighth Session, Supplement No. 15 (A/9015/Rev.1)*, part three, annex I.

<sup>68</sup> A/9330 and Corr.1, p. 81.

Recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1710 (LIII) of 28 July 1972, in which the Council, *inter alia*, called upon developed countries and multilateral institutions and agencies to respond favourably to the needs of the least developed countries in the different fields of trade and development,

Recalling General Assembly resolution 3036 (XXVII) of 19 December 1972, in which the Assembly recognized that the relevant provisions of resolution 62 (III) of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and those of the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade<sup>69</sup> must be applied in practice as soon as possible,

Also recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1753 (LIV) of 16 May 1973, in which the Council recommended, *inter alia*, that the General Assembly should review at its twenty-eighth session the institutional arrangements for the implementation of the special measures in favour of the least developed countries and consider ways and means of further employing sizable sums of the resources of the United Nations Capital Development Fund, as well as other sources and arrangements, for assisting the least developed countries in overcoming their basic handicaps,

Further recalling Economic and Social Council resolution 1754 (LIV) of 16 May 1973, in which the Council recognized that the organizations of the United Nations system should take further concerted measures, including the adaptation of their operational rules, the terms and conditions under which assistance is provided, and their institutional arrangements, for according priority and co-ordinated attention to the particular problems and needs of the least developed countries,

Noting with appreciation the concern of and reporting by different United Nations bodies, particularly the Trade and Development Board and the Governing Council of the United Nations Development Programme, in response to General Assembly resolution 3036 (XXVII) under which they were requested to initiate and accelerate the implementation of their respective action programmes in favour of the least developed countries in the areas within their competence,

Taking note of the note by the Secretary-General<sup>70</sup> on the desirability and feasibility of establishing a special fund for the least developed among the developing countries and the note by the Secretary-General<sup>71</sup> on institutional arrangements for the implementation of special measures in favour of the least developed among the developing countries, including the need for the creation of a special fund for these countries,

1. Calls upon the developed countries to give the highest priority to the urgent implementation of the special measures in favour of the least developed countries as envisaged in resolution 62 (III) of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, and to evolve innovative measures in different fields of assistance to the least developed countries with a view to enhancing their capacity to derive equitable and effective benefits from the policy measures of the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade;

<sup>69</sup> Resolution 2626 (XXV).

<sup>70</sup> E/5269.

<sup>71</sup> E/5416.

2. *Urges* the organizations concerned within the United Nations system and the bilateral and multi-lateral sources of development financing to expedite action on Economic and Social Council resolutions 1753 (LIV) and 1754 (LIV), and to introduce the necessary ways and means for increasing their capacity to participate more effectively in the implementation of the measures for assisting the least developed countries as spelt out in resolution 62 (III) of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development;

3. *Requests* all developed countries to respond favourably to the trend for reactivating and reorienting the United Nations Capital Development Fund by contributing to it and enforcing its operational activities through the annual pledging conferences;

4. *Decides* to consider further at its twenty-ninth session the question of the creation of a special development fund for the least developed countries in order to complement the services accorded them by existing financial institutions and, for this purpose, requests the Secretary-General to prepare for submission to the General Assembly, through the Economic and Social Council at its fifty-sixth session, a summary of the studies already made, together with any additional information, on the need for creating a special fund for the least developed countries and the institutional arrangements for that purpose;

5. *Further decides* that a comprehensive evaluation of the implementation of the special measures in favour of the least developed countries, together with a decision on the principles and possible mode of operation of a special development fund for the least developed countries, should be undertaken by the General Assembly, at its twenty-ninth session, and that, on the basis of the reports and studies requested by the Economic and Social Council from the organizations concerned within the United Nations system, a review of the special measures in favour of the least developed countries should be conducted with the purpose of enhancing the capacity of the organizations in the United Nations system to carry out all the provisions of resolution 62 (III) of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and of adapting policy guidelines, operational rules, terms and conditions, and institutional frameworks suitable to the conditions and problems of the least developed countries.

2203rd plenary meeting  
17 December 1973

### 3175 (XXVIII). Permanent sovereignty over national resources in the occupied Arab territories

*The General Assembly,*

*Bearing in mind* the relevant principles of international law and the provisions of the international conventions and regulations, especially the Fourth Geneva Convention,<sup>72</sup> concerning the obligations and responsibilities of the occupying Power,

*Recalling* its previous resolutions on permanent sovereignty over natural resources, including resolution 1803 (XVII) of 18 December 1962 in which it declared the right of peoples and nations to permanent sovereignty over their natural wealth and resources,

<sup>72</sup> Convention relative to the Protection of Civilian Persons in Time of War (United Nations, *Treaty Series*, vol. 75, No. 973).

*Recalling* the pertinent provisions of the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade,<sup>73</sup>

*Recalling also* its resolution 3005 (XXVII) of 15 December 1972, in which it affirmed the principle of the sovereignty of the population of the occupied territories over their national wealth and resources and called upon all States, international organizations and specialized agencies not to recognize or co-operate with, or assist in any manner in, any measures undertaken by the occupying Power to exploit the resources of the occupied territories or to effect any changes in the demographic composition or geographic character or institutional structure of those territories,

1. *Affirms* the right of the Arab States and peoples whose territories are under foreign occupation to permanent sovereignty over all their natural resources;

2. *Reaffirms* that all measures undertaken by Israel to exploit the human and natural resources of the occupied Arab territories are illegal and calls upon Israel to halt such measures forthwith;

3. *Affirms* the right of the Arab States and peoples whose territories are under Israeli occupation to the restitution of and full compensation for the exploitation and looting of, and damages to, the natural resources, as well as the exploitation and manipulation of the human resources, of the occupied territories;

4. *Declares* that the above principles apply to all States, territories and peoples under foreign occupation, colonial rule or *apartheid*.

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### 3176 (XXVIII). First biennial over-all review and appraisal of progress in the implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade

*The General Assembly,*

*Having undertaken*, in accordance with paragraph 83 of its resolution 2626 (XXV) of 24 October 1970, an examination of the economic and social developments since the launching of the Second United Nations Development Decade,

*Adopts* the following text of the first biennial over-all review and appraisal of progress in the implementation of the International Development Strategy for the Second United Nations Development Decade:

#### Review and appraisal of progress in the implementation of the International Development Strategy

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<sup>73</sup> Resolution 2626 (XXV).