

the regional economic commissions, the Economic and Social Office in Beirut, the appropriate specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency, to study the possibility of intensifying international industrial co-operation in furtherance of the purpose and functions of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, taking into account the existing experiences and forms of such co-operation;

4. *Requests* the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization to report on the implementation of the present resolution to the Industrial Development Board at its third session.

*1626th plenary meeting,
12 December 1967.*

2300 (XXII). Multilateral food aid

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 2096 (XX) of 20 December 1965 and 2155 (XXI) of 22 November 1966 on the programme of studies on multilateral food aid, and also the recommendation contained in annex A.II.6 of the Final Act adopted by the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development at its first session,²⁸

Noting with appreciation the progress report of the Secretary-General,²⁹

Taking note of the Food Aid Convention, which forms part of the International Grains Arrangement 1967 and embodies, *inter alia*, the principle that food aid benefits food-exporting developing countries as well as food-deficit developing countries,

Stressing the need for ensuring the effective co-ordination of all food aid programmes while duly safeguarding the trade interests of the food-exporting and food-importing countries, especially the developing countries, and domestic agriculture in recipient countries,

1. *Requests* the Secretary-General, in co-operation with the Director-General of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, in consultation with the executive heads of other interested international agencies and programmes, and bearing in mind the need to safeguard duly the trade interests of the food-exporting and food-importing countries, especially the developing countries, and domestic agriculture in recipient countries:

(a) To continue the programme of studies on multilateral food aid called for in General Assembly resolution 2096 (XX), in the light of the views concerning the world food problem expressed at the fourteenth session of the Conference of the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, at the twenty-second session of the General Assembly and at the second session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development;

(b) To give particular attention, in the next phase of the study, to the problems of the co-ordination of all food aid programmes and to review and assess the adequacy of existing multilateral institutional arrangements for handling, in case of need, a substantially increased volume of food aid, including the possibility of modifying such arrangements;

²⁸ See *Proceedings of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development*, vol. I, *Final Act and Report* (United Nations publication, Sales No.: 64.II.B.11), p. 32.

²⁹ *Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Forty-third Session, Annexes*, agenda items 2 and 13, documents E/4352 and Add.1.

2. *Invites* the Governments concerned to make use of multilateral facilities in implementing the Food Aid Convention;

3. *Requests* the Secretary-General to include information on the implementation of the present resolution in the final report to be submitted by him in pursuance of resolution 2096 (XX).

*1626th plenary meeting,
12 December 1967.*

2301 (XXII). Food production

The General Assembly,

Stressing the need to combat effectively the world food shortage through the intensification of food production in the developing countries by means of multilateral and national action with a view to solving their immediate and long-term food problems,

Noting the recent progress achieved in the production of abundant rice yields through the scientific application of the latest technology in increasing rice production, including the advances made in this regard during the International Rice Year,

Realizing that through the application of the latest technology the production of rice as the staple food cereal of many of the developing countries could be increased to a large extent to meet their basic food needs and to alleviate the world food crisis in the future,

1. *Invites* Member States, the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations, other United Nations bodies, and the governmental and non-governmental agencies concerned with agricultural production and food aid to intensify their efforts to increase production of the staple food cereals, particularly rice, through the aforementioned application of the latest technology, taking into account the trade interests of the food-exporting and food-importing countries, especially the developing countries;

2. *Invites* the Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations to submit a report to the Economic and Social Council on the progress made in this field.

*1626th plenary meeting,
12 December 1967.*

2305 (XXII). United Nations Development Decade

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 2218 (XXI) of 19 December 1966 on the United Nations Development Decade,

Recalling also its resolution 2087 (XX) of 20 December 1965 on the financing of economic development,

Recalling further its resolution 2158 (XXI) of 25 November 1966 on permanent sovereignty over natural resources,

Endorsing Economic and Social Council resolution 1260 (XLIII) of 3 August 1967, in which the Council noted with satisfaction that the Committee for Development Planning had given preliminary thought to the preparation of guidelines and proposals for the next decade,

Recalling also Economic and Social Council resolution 1261 (XLIII) of 3 August 1967 on a review of past experience and of possibilities for future action in the field of economic development,