## 2210 (XXI). International agreement on cocoa

The General Assembly,

Recalling annex A.II.1 of the Final Act of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development,<sup>38</sup> in which the objectives, principles and scope of commodity arrangements are set out,

Recalling further its resolution 2085 (XX) of 20 December 1965, and particularly paragraph 7 thereof, inviting the Trade and Development Board to accord particular attention in the execution of its work programme to the problems of trade in primary commodities which require most urgent action,

Recognizing that commodity arrangements serve to secure over-all stabilization in primary commodity markets,

Stressing the special role which these arrangements play in stimulating the economic development of the developing countries,

Noting that negotiations for an international price stabilization scheme for cocoa have been in progress for the past ten years, culminating in the United Nations Cocoa Conference held under the auspices of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development from 23 May to 23 June 1966,

Having studied the report of the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development on the results of the Cocoa Conference<sup>89</sup> and the statement he made in the Second Committee on 9 December 1966<sup>40</sup> on the results of the multilateral consultations on cocoa which took place in New York from 29 November to 7 December 1966,

Noting the joint declaration submitted by the developing countries members of the Trade and Development Board at its fourth session,<sup>41</sup>

Convinced that the conclusion of an international agreement on cocoa will clearly demonstrate the effectiveness of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development in finding practical solutions to the problems of trade and development of the developing countries,

Conscious of the desire of the international community to see a fair and equitable solution of the problems prevailing in the international cocoa market,

Recognizing that the present stage of negotiations calls for a greater demonstration of political will by all concerned,

- 1. Expresses deep disappointment at the failure of the 1966 United Nations Cocoa Conference to conclude a cocoa agreement;
- 2. Deplores the breakdown of the multilateral consultations on cocoa held in New York from 29 November to 7 December 1966;
- 3. Affirms the need for reaching an international cocoa agreement at an early date and in any case not later than the beginning of the 1967-1968 cocoa season;
- 4. Requests the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development to approach the Governments concerned with a view to

resuming the multilateral consultations on cocoa at an early date;

- 5. Calls upon all concerned in the consultations, particularly the major consumer countries, to do their utmost to arrive at an agreement on all outstanding matters;
- 6. Urges Governments to ensure that representatives to these consultations have sufficient political mandate to facilitate agreement on the various matters at issue;
- 7. Urges further that these consultations should be completed as soon as possible so that there may be an early resumption of the Cocoa Conference with a view to concluding an agreement which will answer the needs of the developing countries.

1497th plenary meeting, 17 December 1966.

## 2211 (XXI). Population growth and economic development

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 1838 (XVII) of 18 December 1962 on population growth and economic development and Economic and Social Council resolutions 933 C (XXXV) of 5 April 1963 on the intensification of demographic studies, research and training, 1048 (XXXVII) of 15 August 1964 on population growth and economic and social development and 1084 (XXXIX) of 30 July 1965 on work programmes and priorities in the field of population,

Recalling World Health Assembly resolutions WHA 18.49 of 21 May 1965 and WHA 19.43 of 20 May 1966 on the health aspects of world population,

Taking note of resolution 3.252 adopted on 29 November 1966 by the General Conference of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization at its fourteenth session, and of paragraphs 842-844 of the programme for 1967-1968 of that organization<sup>42</sup> on the subject of education and information related to population growth,

Recalling the inquiry conducted by the Secretary-General among Governments on problems resulting from the interaction of economic growth and population change, and his report thereon,<sup>48</sup> which reflected a wide variety of population problems,

Commending the Economic and Social Council and the Secretary-General for convening the World Population Conference, held at Belgrade from 30 August to 10 September 1965, in which a large number of specialists in demography and related fields from developing countries were able to participate,

Taking note of the summary of the highlights of the World Population Conference,44

Noting the steps taken by the organizations of the United Nations system concerned with these questions to co-ordinate their work in the field of population.

Concerned at the growing food shortage in the developing countries, which is due in many cases to a decline in the production of food-stuffs relative to population growth,

<sup>38</sup> Ibid., annex A.II.1, p. 26.
39 Official Records of the Trade and Development Board,
Fourth Session, Annexes, agenda item 9, document TD/B/81.
40 Official Records of the General Assembly, Twenty-first
Session, Annexes, agenda item 37, document A/6567/Add.1,

<sup>41</sup> Ibid., Twenty-first Session, Supplement No. 15 (A/6315/Rev.1), part two, annex B.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>42</sup> See United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization, Draft Programme and Budget for 1967-1968 (Paris, 1966).

<sup>(</sup>Paris, 1966).

48 Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-seventh Session, Annexes, agenda item 21, document E/3895/Rev.1; E/3895/Rev.1/Add.1-3.

<sup>44</sup> World Population: Challenge to Development (United Nations publication, Sales No.: 66.XIII.4).

Recognizing the need for further study of the implications of the growth, structure and geographical distribution of population for economic and social development, including national health, nutrition, education and social welfare programmes carried out at all levels of government activity,

Believing that demographic problems require the consideration of economic, social, cultural, psychological and health factors in their proper perspective,

Recognizing the sovereignty of nations in formulating and promoting their own population policies, with due regard to the principle that the size of the family should be the free choice of each individual family,

- 1. Invites the Economic and Social Council, the Population Commission, the regional economic commissions, the United Nations Economic and Social Office in Beirut and the specialized agencies concerned to study the proceedings of the 1965 World Population Conference when pursuing their activities in the field of population;
- 2. Notes with satisfaction the decision of the World Health Organization to include in its programme of activities the study of the health aspects of human reproduction and the provision of advisory services, upon request, within its responsibilities under World Health Assembly resolution WHA 19.43, and the decision of the United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization to stimulate and provide assistance towards scientific studies concerning the relations between the development of education and population;
  - 3. Requests the Secretary-General:
- (a) To pursue, within the limits of available resources, the implementation of the work programme covering training, research, information and advisory services in the field of population in the light of the recommendations of the Population Commission contained in the report on its thirteenth session, 45 as endorsed by the Economic and Social Council in its resolution 1084 (XXXIX), and of the considerations set forth in the preamble of the present resolution;
- (b) To continue his consultations with the specialized agencies concerned, in order to ensure that the activities of the United Nations system of organizations in the field of population are effectively co-ordinated;
- (c) To present to the Population Commission at its fourteenth session, as envisaged in Economic and Social Council resolution 1084 (XXXIX), proposals with regard to the priorities of work over periods of two and five years, within the framework of the long-range programme of work in the field of population;
- 4. Calls upon the Economic and Social Council, the Population Commission, the regional economic commissions, the United Nations Economic and Social Office in Beirut and the specialized agencies concerned to assist, when requested, in further developing and strengthening national and regional facilities for training, research, information and advisory services in the field of population, bearing in mind the different character of population problems in each country and region and the needs arising therefrom.

1497th plenary meeting, 17 December 1966.

## 2212 (XXI). Headquarters of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization

The General Assembly

Decides to locate the headquarters of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization at Vienna.

1497th plenary meeting, 17 December 1966.

## 2218 (XXI). United Nations Development Decade

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The General Assembly,

Reaffirming the solemn undertaking embodied in the Charter of the United Nations to promote economic and social progress and better standards of life in larger freedom,

Recalling the high hopes raised by the proclamation, at its sixteenth session, of the United Nations Development Decade, the first world-wide effort to give concrete form to that solemn undertaking,

Endorsing Economic and Social Council resolution 1152 (XLI) of 4 August 1966, in which the Council, noting that progress during the United Nations Development Decade had been disappointingly slow, recommended a survey of the preparations required in order to further and facilitate planning for concerted international action for the period following the Decade, having regard to the experience gained,

Considering that further development efforts will produce satisfactory results only if, without delay, the necessary action, both national and international, is systematically prepared and oriented towards longer-term and increased efforts by Member States in the field of economic and social development and in particular development assistance,

Noting that the United Nations family of organizations has already made encouraging progress in promulgating various principles, directives and guidelines for action in the field of development,

Bearing in mind the fact that at its second session the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development will have to consider taking steps to achieve a great measure of agreement on principles governing international trade relations and trade policies conducive to development,

Bearing in mind also its resolution 1942 (XVIII) of 11 December 1963 concerning the necessity of drafting a declaration on international economic co-operation,

Recognizing that the formulation of a consolidated statement of the rights and duties of peoples and nations might sustain and enhance international development efforts and co-operation and could help to enlist wider public support for the strengthening of development policies,

Considering that the possibility and advisability of proclaiming a charter of development underlying international co-operation in the interest of economic, social and cultural development deserve further consideration,

1. Requests the Secretary-General, in consultation with the executive heads of the specialized agencies and the International Atomic Energy Agency, the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development, the Executive Director of the United Nations Industrial Development Organization, the regional economic commissions, the United Nations

<sup>45</sup> Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Thirty-ninth Session, Supplement No. 9 (E/4019).