United Nations A/HRC/52/NGO/25



Distr.: General 16 February 2023

English only

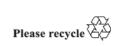
Human Rights Council

Fifty-second session
27 February–31 March 2023
Agenda item 3
Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil, political, economic, social and cultural rights, including the right to development

Written statement* submitted by Beijing Guangming Charity Foundation, a non-governmental organization in special consultative status

The Secretary-General has received the following written statement which is circulated in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1996/31.

[25 January 2023]





^{*} Issued as received, in the language of submission only.

Integration Of The Right to Development With The Right to Environment

As a special consultant of the United Nations Economic and Social Council, with the business scope of "environmental protection and governance", in the fourth quarter of 2022, our organization allied relevant colleges, institutions and enterprises to try to develop and practice the public carbon sequestration forest in northwest China. Through the development and planting of forestry carbon sinks, it will help the western region to implement renewable energy, sequestration forest, methane utilization projects etc., and achieve the replacement, adsorption or reduction of greenhouse gas emissions.

China's rapid development in the past 40 years has created a miracle in the history of world economic development, but also paid a huge environmental price.

The integration of the right to development and the right to environment is closely linked to the well-being of everyone. Only by developing the economy can the country be prosperous and the people be safe. The material basis is the basic condition for the protection of the right to development. However, if the rate of consumption of resources by economic activities exceeds the rate of regeneration of the resources themselves and their substitutes, and if the amount of waste discharged into the environment exceeds the self-purification capacity of the environment, it will be no different from draining the pond to catch all the fish. Therefore, only by coordinating economic and social development with environmental protection and seeking development in a sustainable environment can the sustainable development of the Chinese nation be realized.