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GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT: CONVENTIONAL **DISARMAMENT**; NUCLEAR **DISARMAMENT**; CONVENTIONAL **DISARMAMENT** ON A REGIONAL **SCALE**; **REVIEW** AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONCLUDING **DOCUMENT** OF **THE** TWELFTH SPECIAL **SESSION** OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY: REGIONAL DISARMAMENT

Letter dated 20 November 1987 from the Permanent Representative of the Nether lands to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to enclose copies of the Engliah and French texts of the Platform on European Security Interests, signed by the Foreign and **Defence** Ministers of the Western European Union in The Hague, the Netherlande, on 27 October 1987. I should be grateful if **this** letter together with its annexes could he circulated as a document of the General Assembly under agenda it terms 62 (c), (d), (g) and 63 (a).

(Signed) Adriaan JACQBOVITS DE SZEGED Permanent Representative

<u>Annex</u>

WESTERN EUROPEAN UNION

Platform on Europeca Security Interests

(The Hague, 27 October 1997)

- 1. Stressing the dedication of our countries to the principles upon which our democracies are based and resolved to preserve peace in freedom, we, the Foreign and Defense Ministers of the member States of the Western European Union. reaffirm the common destiny which binds our countries.
- 2. We recall C'IT commitment to build a European union in aaoordance with the Single European Act, which we all signed as members of the European Community. We are convinced that the construction of an integrated Europe will remain incomplete as long as it does not include security and defence.
- 3. An important means to this end is the modified Bruseele Treaty. This Treaty with its far-reaching obligations to collective defence, marked one of the early steps on the road to European unification. It also envisages the progressive association of other States inspired by the same ideals and animated by the like determination. We see the revitalization of the Western European Union as an important contribution to the broader process of European unification.
- 4. We intend therefore to develop a more cohesive European defence identity which will translate more effectively into practice the obligations of solidarity to which we are committed through the modified Brussels and North Atlantic Treaties.
- 5. We highly value the continued involvement in this endeavour of the Western European Union Assembly which is the only European parliamentary body mandated by treaty to discuss all aspects of security including defence.

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I. Our starting point is the present conditions of European security.

- 1. Europe **remains** at the centre of East-West relations and, 40 years after the end **of** the Second World War, a divided continent. The **human consequences** of this division remain unacceptable, although certain concrete improvements have **been** made on a bilateral level and on the **basis of the** Helsinki Final **Act. We owe it to our** people to overcome this situation and to exploit in **the** interest of all Europeans the opportunities for further improvements which may present themselves.
- 2. New developments in East-West relations, particularly in arms control and disarmament, and also other developments, for example in the sphere of technology, could have far-reaching implications for European security.
- 3. We have not yet witnessed any lessening of the military build-up which the Soviet Union has sustained over so many years. The geostrategic situation of

chemical and nuclear forces of the Warsaw Pact. This is the fundamental problem for European security. The Warsaw Pact's superior conventional forces and its capability for surprise attack and large-scale offensive action are of special concern in this context.

- 4. Under these conditions the security of the Western European countries can only be ensured in close association with our North American allies, The security of the Alliance is indivisible. The partnership between the two sides of the Atlantic rests on the twin foundations of ahared values and intercats. Just as the commitment of the North American democracies is vital to Europe's security, a free, independent and increasingly more united Western Europe is vital to the security of North America.
- that the balanced policy of the Harmel report remains valid. Political solution and adequate military strength within the Atlantic Alliance, arms control, disarmamont and the sear or genuine detente continue to be integral parts of this policy. Military sec not contradictory but complementary.

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II. European security should be based on the following criteria2

- 1. It remains our primary objective to prevent any kind of war. It it3 our purpose to preaerve our security by maintaining defence readiness and military capabilities adequate to deter aggression and intimidation without seeking military superiority.
- 2. In the proaent circumstances and as fur au we can foresee, there is no alternative to the Western strategy for the prevention of war, which has ensured peace in freedom for an unprecedented period of European history. To be credible and effective, the strategy of deterrence and defence must continue to be based on an adequate mix of appropriate nuclear and conventional forces, only the nuclear element of which can confront A potential aggressor with an unacceptable risk.
- 3. The substantial presence of United States conventional and nuclear forces plays an irreplaceable part in the defence of Europe. They embody the American commitment to the defence of Europe and provide the indispensable linkage with the United States strategic deterrent.
- 4. European forces play an essential role: the overall credibility of the Western etrategy of deterrence and defence cannot he maintained without a major European contribution, not least because the conventional imbalance affect.9 the security of Western Europe in a very direct way.

The Europeans have a major responsibility both in the field of conventional and nuclear defence. In the conventional field, the forces of the Western European Union member States represent an essential part of those of the Alliance. As regards nuclear forces, all of which form a part of deterrence, the co-operative arrangements that certain member States maintain with the United States are

necessary for the ecourity of Europe. The independent forces of France and the United Kingdom aontribute to overall deterrence and ecourity.

5. Arms control and diearmament are an integral part of Western security policy and not an alternative to it. They should lead to a stable balance of forces at the lowest level acompatible with our security. Arms control policy should, like our defence policy, take into account the specific European security interests in an evolving situation. It must be consistent with the maintenance of the strategic unity of the Alliance and should not preclude closer European defence co-operation. Arms control agreements have to be effectively verifiable and stand the test of time. East and West have a common interest in achieving this.

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- III. The member States of the Western European Union intend to assume fully their responsibilities:
- (a) In the field of Western defence
- 1. We recall the fundamental obligation of article V of the modified Brussels Treaty to provide all the military and other aid and assistance in our ower in the event of armed attack on any one of us. This pledge, which reflects our common destiny, reinforces our commitments under the Atlantic Alliance, to which we all belong, end which we are resolved to preserve.
- 2. It is our aonviation that a more united Europe will make a stronger contribution to the Allianoe, to the benefit of Western eeaurity as a whole. This will enhance the European role in the Alliance and ensure the basin for a balanced partnership across the Atlantic. We are resolved to strengthen the European pillar of the Allianoe.
- 3. We are each determined to carry our share of the common defence in both the conventional and the nuclear field, In accordance with the principles of risk- and burden-sharing which are fundamental to allied coheeion.

In the conventional field, all of us will continue to play our part in the ongoing efforts to improve our defences!

In the nuclear field also, we shall continue to carry our sharer some of us by pursuing appropriate co-operative arrangements with the United Statee, the United Kingdom and France by continuing to maintain independent ruclear forces, the credibility of which they are determined to preserve.

4. We remain determined to pursue European integration including security and defence and make a more effective contribution to the common defence of the West.

To this end we shall:

Ensure that our determination to defend any member country at its borders is made clearly manifeat by means of appropriate arrangements;

Improve our consultations and extend our ao-ordination in defence and security matters and examine all practical steps to this end;

Make the beet poeaible use of the existing institutional mechanisms to involve the defence ministers and their reproaentativea in **the work** of the Western European **Union**;

See to it that the level of each country's contribution to the common defence adequately reflects its capabilities;

Aim at a more effective use of existing recourses, inter alia, by expanding bilateral and regional military co-operation, pursue our efforts to maintain in Europe a technologically advanced industrial base and intensify armaments co-operation;

Concert our policies on arises outside Europe in so far as they may affect our security interests.

5. Emphaeizing **the** vital contribution of the non-Western European Union members of the Alliance to the common socurty and defence, we will continue **to keep them** informed of **our** activitiee.

(b) In the field of arms control and disarmament

- 1. We shall pursue an active arms control and disarmament policy aimed at influenaing future developmenta in such a way as to enhance security and to foster stability and co-operation in the whole of Europe. The eteadfastnees and cohesion of the Alliance and close consultations among all the Allies remain essential if concrete results are to be brought about.
- 2. We are committed to elaborate further our comprehensive concept of arms control and disarmament in accordance with the Alliance's declaration of 12 June 1987 and we will work within the framework of this concept as envisaged particularly in paragraphs 7 and 8 of that declaration. An agreement between the United States and the Soviet Union for the global elimination of land-based INF missiles with a range between 500 and 5,500 km will constitute an important element of such an approach.
- 3. In pursuing such an approach we shall exploit all opportunities to make further progress towards arms reductions, compatible with our security and with our priorities, taking into account the fact that work in this area raises complex and interrelated issues. We shall evaluate them together, bearing in mind the political and military requirements of our security and progress in the different negotiations.

(c) In the field of Fast-West dialog 1e and co-operation

1. The common responsibility of all 'suropeans is not only to preserve the peace but to shape it constructively. The Helsinki Final Act continues to serve as our guide to the fulfilment of the objective of gradually overcoming the division of

Europe. We shall therefore continue to make full use of the Conference on Security and Confidence in Europe process in order to promote comprehensive un-operation among all partiaipating States.

2. The possibilities contained in the Final Act should be fully exploited. we therefore intend:

To seek to increase the transparency of military potentials and activities and the calculability of behaviour in accordance with the Stockholm Document of 1986 by further confidence-building measures;

Vigorously to pursue our effort-a to provide for the full respect of human rights without which no genuine peace is possible1

To open new mutually beneficial possibilities in the fields of economy, technology, science and the protection of the environment1

To achieve more opportunities for the people in the whole of Europe to move freely and to exchange opinions and information and to intensify cultural exchanges;

and thus to promote concrete improvamenta for the benefit of all people in Europe.

* 4

It is our **objective** to further European integration. In this perspective wo will aontiue our effort6 towards **closer** security co-operation, maintaining coupling with the United **States** and ensuring conditions of equal security in the Alliance as a whole.

We are **conscious** of the common heritage of our divided continent, a! 1 the people of which have an equal right to live in **peace** and freedom. That is • Mhy we are determined to do all in our power to achieve our ultimate **goal** of a just and lasting peaceful order in Europe.