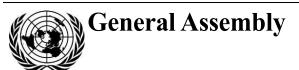
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Financing of the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic

Budget for the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017

Report of the Secretary-General

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Summary

The present report contains the budget for the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic (MINUSCA) for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017, which amounts to \$931,071,700.

During the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017, MINUSCA will continue to implement the activities mandated by the Security Council in its resolution 2217 (2015). The Mission will focus its efforts on supporting the peace and political processes in the Central African Republic, including, inter alia, supporting a new Government, the establishment of a stronger judicial system, an improved record on human rights, and protecting the civilian population from the threat of physical violence as well as threats to peace and security in Bangui and the outlying areas.

Compared with the budget for the financial period from 1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016, the proposed budget reflects the deployment of the highest authorized levels for uniformed personnel and a net increase of 89 civilian posts and positions to augment and enhance the capacity of the Mission to support its substantive priorities, to leverage public information in delivering on the mandate, and to continue and maintain the establishment of the infrastructure of the Mission and services it provides in existing and additional regions. In continuing the establishment of its operations, the Mission will also restructure its civilian staffing component, transferring offices across components and within components and reassigning functions, to align the structure of MINUSCA with the structure of other peacekeeping missions with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions.

The proposed budget in the amount of \$931,071,700 represents an increase of \$117,004,900, or 14.4 per cent, compared with the apportionment of \$814,066,800 for the previous financial period. In addition to a significantly higher level of planned deployment of both military and police personnel in line with the increase in authorized strength, and in the level of civilian personnel resulting primarily from the final phase of the establishment programme across the area of operations, there are increased requirements under operational costs, which are attributable to the reconfiguration of the air operations of the Mission, the continued establishment and enhancement of its information and communications technology infrastructure and corresponding freight costs, maintenance for newly established information and communications technology infrastructure, and requisite services to undertake activities of the substantive components commensurate with the increase in the authorized ceiling for military and police personnel.

The proposed budget provides for the deployment of 169 military observers, 10,581 military contingent personnel, including 311 military staff officers, 400 United Nations police officers, 1,680 formed police units personnel, 790 international staff (including 48 temporary positions), 699 national staff (including 10 temporary positions), 239 United Nations Volunteers and 40 Government-provided personnel.

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The total resource requirements for MINUSCA for the financial period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 have been linked to the objective of the Mission through a number of results-based frameworks, organized according to components (security, protection of civilians and human rights; political process, reconciliation and elections; restoration and extension of State authority; and support). The human resources of the Mission in terms of the number of personnel have been attributed to the individual components, with the exception of the executive direction and management of the Mission, which can be attributed to the Mission as a whole.

The explanations of variances in resource levels, both human resources and financial resources, have been linked, where applicable, to specific outputs planned by the mission.

Financial resources

(Thousands of United States dollars. Budget year is from 1 July to 30 June.)

				Varia	nce
Category	Expenditures (2014/15)	Apportionment ^a (2015/16)	Cost estimates (2016/17)	Amount	Percentage
Military and police					
personnel	275 659.1	356 021.1	428 035.9	72 014.8	20.2
Civilian personnel	90 447.2	153 963.2	164 807.6	10 844.4	7.0
Operational costs	247 050.1	304 082.5	338 228.2	34 145.7	11.2
Gross requirements	613 156.4	814 066.8	931 071.7	117 004.9	14.4
Staff assessment income	5 767.4	10 115.1	11 557.4	1 442.3	14.3
Net requirements	607 389.0	803 951.7	919 514.3	115 562.6	14.4
Voluntary contributions in kind (budgeted)	_	_	_	_	_
Total requirements	613 156.4	814 066.8	931 071.7	117 004.9	14.4

^a Includes financial resources for 44 posts (1 P-4, 1 P-3, 1 P-2, 2 Field Service, 4 National Professional Officer and 35 national General Service staff) and operational costs in respect of the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe, which were included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period. For the 2016/17 period, these requirements are reflected in the proposed budget for the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe in accordance with General Assembly resolution 69/307.

Human	resources"

	Military observers	Military contingents	United Nations police	Formed police units	Inter- national staff	National staff ^b	Temporary position ^{c,d}	United Nations Volunteers ^d	Government- provided personnel	Total
Executive direction and management										
Approved 2015/16	-	_	_	_	99	73	=	36	_	208
Proposed 2016/17	_	_	-	_	113	106	2	42	_	263
Components										
Security, protection of civilians and human rights										
Approved 2015/16	240	9 716	400	1 400	76	36	_	37	20	11 925
Proposed 2016/17	169	10 537	400	1 680	79	36	=	37	40	12 978
Support to the political process, reconciliation and elections										
Approved 2015/16 ^d	_	_	_	_	49	6	30	65	_	150
Proposed 2016/17	_	-	-	_	50	6	_	23	_	79
Restoration and extension of State Authority										
Approved 2015/16	-	_	=	_	55	85	=	17	_	157
Proposed 2016/17	_	_	-	_	55	85	_	17	_	157
Support										
Approved 2015/16	_	44	-	_	431	421	43	36	_	975
Proposed 2016/17	_	44	-	_	445	456	56	`120	_	1 121
Regional Service Centre in Entebbe										
Approved 2015/16	-	_	=	_	5	39	=	=	_	44
Proposed 2016/17 ^e			_		_	_	=	_	_	
Total										
Approved 2015/16	240	9 760	400	1 400	715	660	73	191	20	13 459
Proposed 2016/17	169	10 581	400	1 680	742	689	58	239	40	14 598
Net change	(71)	821	_	280	27	29	(15)	48	20	1 139

^a Represents highest level of authorized/planned strength.

A classification exercise of previously unclassified posts was conducted for all missions and service centres during the 2015/16 period. The results of that exercise are reflected in the present budget report to the extent that any posts were classified at a different level (upward or downward).

The actions to be taken by the General Assembly are set out in section IV of the present report.

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^b Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.

^c Funded under general temporary assistance.

^d 30 general temporary assistance positions and 42 United Nations Volunteers for three months.

^e For the 2016/17 period, all resource requirements are reflected in the proposed budget for the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe in accordance with General Assembly resolution 69/307

I. Mandate and planned results

A. Overall

- 1. The mandate of the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic (MINUSCA) was established by the Security Council in its resolution 2149 (2014). By its resolution 2212 (2015), the Council decided to authorize an increase of 750 military personnel, 280 police personnel and 20 corrections officers for MINUSCA, in addition to the personnel authorized by paragraph 20 of resolution 2149 (2014). The most recent extension of the mandate of the Mission was authorized by the Council in its resolution 2217 (2015), by which the Council extended the mandate until 30 April 2016 with an authorized troop ceiling of 10,750 military personnel, including 480 military observers and military staff officers and 2,080 police personnel, including 400 individual police officers and 40 corrections officers.
- 2. The Mission is mandated to help the Security Council achieve an overall objective, namely to support the authorities in the Central African Republic in protecting the civilian population, restoring the rule of law, extending State authority and maintaining an inclusive political process that would continue to address the root causes of the recent crisis and lead to lasting peace and security in the country.
- As part of this overall objective, during the budget period MINUSCA will contribute to a number of expected accomplishments by delivering the related key outputs shown in the frameworks below, which are organized according to four components (security, protection of civilians and human rights; support to the political process, reconciliation and elections; restoration and extension of State authority; and support) and are derived from the mandate of the Mission. In addition to key priority areas of focus, on which the Mission will base its activities for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017, the Council authorized MINUSCA to assist in the establishment of a national special criminal court consistent with the laws of the Central African Republic; support the authorities of the Central African Republic to develop a nationally owned strategy to tackle the networks responsible for the illicit exploitation and trafficking of natural resources; establish a national human rights commission and strengthen the capacity of civil society organizations; and provide transport for relevant State authorities in carrying out inspections and monitoring visits in key mining areas and sites, as appropriate and on a case-by-case basis and when the situation allows, as a means to promote and support the rapid extension of State authority over the entire territory.
- 4. The expected accomplishments would lead to the fulfilment of the objectives of the Security Council within the lifetime of the Mission and the indicators of achievement demonstrate a measurement of progress towards such accomplishments during the budget period. The human resources of MINUSCA in terms of the number of personnel have been attributed to the individual components, with the exception of the executive direction and management of the Mission, which can be attributed to the Mission as a whole. Variances in the number of personnel, compared with the 2015/16 budget, are explained below under the respective components and should be considered in terms of a mission that will reach full operating capacity throughout its area of responsibility.

5. The Mission headquarters is located in Bangui and is currently supporting 46 locations overall. Some locations have several camps: Bangui (M'poko — 5 camps, Joint Task Force Centre, Mission headquarters premises in Des Jean, Socatel, Barr D'honneur, Morova and Castor); Sector West (Bouar — 5 camps, Berberati, Paoua, Bozoum, Bossangoa and M'baki); Sector Centre (Kaga Bandoro — 3 camps, Bambari — 2 camps, Sibut, Mobaye, Dekoa, Mbres, Grimari, Bamingui, N'dele — 2 camps); Sector East (Bria — 6 camps, Bangassou, Birao, Obo, Rafai, Zemio).

B. Planning assumptions and mission support initiatives

- 6. Significant instability in the Central African Republic persists, given the political, socioeconomic, structural and governance deficiencies. It is exacerbated by a deterioration of social cohesion and a deep-rooted sense of marginalization among certain communities, particularly those in the isolated and sparsely populated north-east, where public administration and State infrastructure, including internal security forces, have historically been absent.
- 7. The recurrent cycles of insecurity observed in the country, highlighted by the most recent spate of violence in late September 2015, in which United Nations staff and assets, including those of United Nations agencies, were attacked and looted, reflect the threat that continues to disrupt the transition. The violence, in which more than 70 people died and 600 others injured, repeatedly delayed the electoral process and reinforces the need for continued political engagement. The violence and subsequent delay in the electoral process also had an impact on the enhanced and robust security presence of the Mission as well as on the ability of the Mission to support the stabilization and extension of State authority.
- 8. Despite the improvements to security in the country, to which MINUSCA has contributed, it is expected that the security situation will remain volatile and clashes between anti-Balaka and ex-Séléka elements will continue. Criminal activities aimed, inter alia, at controlling the natural resources of the Central African Republic are expected to persist, including targeting the international community present in the country. Vulnerable communities will continue to endure threats and dire humanitarian conditions.
- 9. Building upon the continued operationalization of MINUSCA throughout the country and the deployment of the force across the entire area of responsibility, working in conjunction with the other international and national security forces, MINUSCA will cover the three main sectors of the country with a focus on targeting those areas where civilians are most at risk. In keeping with its flexible and robust approach to providing security and protection to civilians in an evolving security situation, MINUSCA will adapt its security presence as required and is expected to reach its authorized strength before this period begins.
- 10. The assumptions underlying the planned activities of the Mission for the 2016/17 period are as follows: a newly elected Government in the Central African Republic will be in place; the Government will gradually build the capacity to respond to the basic needs of the population and will begin to develop a minimal capacity to provide basic social services to the population and maintain law and order, including the ability to protect its citizens, address impunity and manage resources; respect for basic human rights will gradually improve and conditions will be in place in some areas for the voluntary, safe and sustainable return of displaced

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persons and refugees to their communities of origin; the security conditions will permit the uninterrupted movement of staff and the deployment of operational resources; goods and services will be delivered as contracted; and the economic recovery will continue, but at a slow pace.

- 11. The Mission will continue to focus its substantive activities around seven areas: (a) protection of civilians; (b) extension of State authority; (c) disarmament, demobilization and reintegration; (d) promotion and protection of human rights; (e) urgent temporary measures; (f) requirements of the Special Criminal Court, which was established in June 2015; and (g) the development of a national strategy on security sector reform. The Mission will also augment its efforts towards early stabilization and reconciliation of communities at both the regional and national levels.
- 12. In carrying out its mandated tasks with specific regard to security, protection of civilians and human rights, the Mission will continue to work with the authorities of the Central African Republic and with other United Nations entities with a view to reducing the number of violations against women and girls by integrating conflict-related sexual violence in the policies of the Government, while preventing and responding to violations of international humanitarian and human rights law by reviewing the current laws and policies and strengthening human rights institutions. The Mission will also continue its investigations and reporting to the Security Council on instances of such abuses or violations as well as support capacity-building of State and non-State actors to protect human rights and bring perpetrators of violence to justice by way of criminal proceedings before the national courts of the Central African Republic, including the Special Criminal Court, established by the authorities of the Central African Republic under national laws with jurisdiction over egregious crimes, including genocide, war crimes and crimes against humanity.
- 13. Building on the substantial preparations made in the 2015/16 period to engage armed groups and partners in the national disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation process and on the basis of the terms of the agreement on disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation signed at the Bangui Forum on National Reconciliation in May 2015, the Mission will continue to support the Government of the Central African Republic in ensuring that a disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme (and, in the case of foreign combatants, a repatriation programme) is in place. In particular, MINUSCA will continue to expand its pre-disarmament, demobilization and reintegration activities with the ex-Séléka coalition and address anti-Balaka elements through community violence reduction projects across the country, until a new Government is elected and takes on the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation process. At the same time, MINUSCA will continue advocating for and coordinating international support to ensure the sustainability of the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme through longer-term reintegration. Activities under this programme will continue to be complemented by projects for members of armed groups who are not eligible for the national programme. Moreover, the Mission will assist the Government in initiating the implementation of a weapons and ammunition management framework, through the United Nations Mine Action Service. Further information with regard to disarmament, demobilization and reintegration and disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation activities and activities managed by the Mine Action Service are outlined in sections II.G and H, respectively, of the present report.

- 14. In continuing its support to the political process, reconciliation and local elections, the Mission will prioritize its support to advance the peace process, including by ensuring the implementation of the agreements adopted at the Bangui Forum, fostering good governance to enhance an inclusive political dialogue and reconciliation as well as fostering adherence by all parties to the peace and political processes by engaging stakeholders across the political spectrum and all parties to the conflict, including spoilers, armed groups and foreign armed elements. It is also expected that the Mission will coordinate strategic support to ensure the holding of fair and credible local elections as part of the planned cycle of elections, on the basis of the assumption that the presidential and legislative elections will be completed during the current period. MINUSCA will also continue assisting the Government of the Central African Republic in the development of a security sector reform strategy, national security and subsector strategies and plans for the defence sector, the internal security sector, border management and security, and the protection of natural resources.
- 15. With regard to the restoration and extension of State authority, MINUSCA will work with United Nations agencies and regional partners in strengthening rule of law institutions, including the police, the gendarmerie and justice and corrections, within the framework of the global focal point arrangement, taking the lead in enhancing the capacity of State institutions and administrative structures to perform core government functions effectively, in collaboration with the United Nations Development Programme (UNDP) and the World Bank, including by providing continued support to building the national police and gendarmerie as well as judicial and correctional institutions to enable them to carry out their law enforcement and judicial functions effectively; and in supporting the ongoing deployment of State administration and capacity-building efforts across the country, including the provision of essential administrative and social services.
- 16. As part of the implementation of urgent temporary measures, MINUSCA will continue to support the elected authorities in the implementation of the legislative framework required to fight impunity, including the ongoing development of judicial institutions to target serious crimes committed during the fighting in the Central African Republic during the period from 2013 to 2015. To accomplish these goals in the 2016/17 period, continued support to the building of both judicial and penal capacities, including the Special Criminal Court, remains critical. MINUSCA will continue to employ, at the request of the national authorities, urgent temporary measures in areas where security forces or judicial authorities are not present or operational. Urgent temporary measures will continue to be implemented as a special mechanism to address serious crimes, including serious violations of human rights and international humanitarian law, on an exceptional basis and without creating a precedent and without prejudice to the agreed principles of peacekeeping operations. These principals are limited in scope, time bound and consistent with the objectives of the Mission as contained in Security Council resolutions 2149 (2014) and 2217 (2015) and the memorandum of intent signed by the authorities of the Central African Republic and MINUSCA in early August 2014.
- 17. In order to maintain basic law and order and fight impunity, during the 2016/17 period MINUSCA will prioritize support for the Special Criminal Court. In accordance with Security Council resolution 2217 (2015) and the memorandum of intent signed by MINUSCA and the authorities of the Central African Republic, MINUSCA will assist the Court in a variety of ways. The Mission will support the

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work of an advance team, led by the Prosecutor and the Registrar, and the investigations and case preparations undertaken by the prosecution. These activities will be instrumental for subsequent trial proceedings. In addition, in conjunction with UNDP and the United Nations Entity on Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women (UN-Women), MINUSCA has created a joint project for the Special Criminal Court and will continue to advise and support national prosecutors, judges and magistrates working on criminal cases throughout the Central African Republic.

- 18. To support the objectives outlined above, as established in its mandate, the Mission will continue to implement a robust and progressive communications strategy which will include, for the 2016/17 period, an expansion of the infrastructure of the MINUSCA radio station and its personnel to cover the entire country. The Mission will continue to deploy personnel in the Central African Republic, including to the Mission headquarters in Bangui, three sector headquarters (Bouar, Kaga Bandoro and Bria), five integrated field offices (Ndele, Bambari, Bossangoa, Bangassou and Berberati) and three sub-offices (Paoua, Obo and Birao). Further deployment entails expanding office space at the respective locations by using prefabricated buildings to cope with the increase in personnel. In addition, MINUSCA will maintain a support presence in Douala, Cameroon, and at the logistics hub of the United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUSCO) and the Regional Procurement Office, both in Entebbe, Uganda.
- 19. The proposed staffing strategy is based on the mandated priorities and the principles of achievability, the global field support strategy, flexibility and responsiveness to conditions on the ground. In this context, the proposed staffing levels for the 2016/17 period take into account linkages between major milestones and both the size and the composition of the capacities of the Mission. The budget proposal includes increases in staffing, particularly in the national staff category for posts and United Nations Volunteers, under the executive direction and management and substantive areas, to implement the key priorities of the Mission and additional activities mandated in Security Council resolution 2217 (2015), including the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration process, community violence reduction, reconciliation and repatriation (for external combatants), security sector reform, stabilization and the management of natural resources, and country-wide access to current information through the established radio station of the Mission, which currently provides essential 24-hour coverage to Bangui and limited parts of the country.
- 20. Furthermore, while all personnel and components of the Mission are responsible for reporting incidents of misconduct, the budget proposal includes additional staff to reinforce the leading role of the Conduct and Discipline Team in addressing the high number of misconduct cases. To reinforce this responsibility and align the management of conduct and discipline with the structures of other missions, the proposal includes the transfer of the Team from the support component to executive direction and management.
- 21. The proposal also includes a reduction in the capacity of electoral staff consistent with the assumption that the presidential and legislative elections would be completed during the current period.

- 22. To provide adequate support to the substantive areas while the Mission continues to expand its operations across the sectors and to accommodate the increase in deployment of 1,030 uniformed personnel, as authorized by the Security Council in its resolution 2217 (2015), an increase in staffing for logistics and technical support will be required in the areas of administration, facilities and engineering management, transportation, movement control, procurement, property management and warehouse management.
- 23. Because of the depleted infrastructure in and around the country, the security situation and the high cost of mobilization, the departure of skilled labour and professional expertise after repeated crises in the country and the complete absence of access to information, the Mission has experienced difficulties in establishing some contracts for outsourcing services and locating qualified contractual personnel to complement the capacity of the Mission Support Division to provide support services to the Mission, in particular in the medical, movement control, surface transport, maintenance of vehicles, and waste removal and disposal areas. To provide these critical support services, the Mission will need to augment the staffing capacities of the Medical Services Section, the Transport Unit, the Movement Control Unit and the Property Management Unit for the 2016/17 period. Notwithstanding the current challenges with regard to outsourcing locally in the Central African Republic and the higher costs of outsourcing internationally, MINUSCA will continue to pursue contractual services when this proves to be more cost-effective than performing the functions in-house. The resources for contractual services corresponding to the support functions outsourced in the 2015/16 period have been excluded from the proposal for the 2016/17 period. However, in view of the fact that outsourcing those particular functions resulted in costs exceeding the estimates provided for in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period, the proposal for the 2016/17 period does not reflect a one-to-one reduction.
- 24. A major restructuring of the Mission Support Division is proposed for the 2016/17 period. This involves an alignment of the structure of the Division with comparable missions, with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions given that the Mission is now familiar with the opportunities and limitations of working in the unique environment of the Central African Republic. The reorganization is designed to eliminate duplicated activities/services and inefficiencies resulting from existing bureaucratic boundaries by establishing an end-to-end integrated supply chain management and service delivery approach. The restructuring comprises (a) the transfer of units/functions between the executive direction and management and support components; and (b) the transfer of the units/functions within the Mission Support Division between the Offices of the Director and Deputy Director of Mission Support, the Services Delivery Service and the Supply Chain Management Service. Significant structural changes include (a) the transfer of the Mission Support Centre from the Services Delivery Service to the Deputy Director of Mission Support and subsuming the Mission Sector Support Office into the Centre to streamline the reporting lines while providing better coordination in support of the needs of the sector and subsector offices; and (b) dissolving the concept for the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section and transferring its units to the Supply Chain Management Service. The realignment of functions and staff associated with the requisition of goods and services from various units will be transferred to the Acquisition Planning Section to better align procurement activities with the acquisition plan of the Mission.

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- 25. It will be recalled that the General Assembly, in its resolution 69/307, decided that for the 2016/17 period resource requirements for the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe should be presented in a budget proposal for the Centre, to be charged against the missions that the Centre supports. Accordingly, the present budget report for MINUSCA does not include resource requirements for the Centre.
- 26. A strategic review of the staffing establishment of the Mission will be conducted during the second quarter of 2016. This review is expected to allow the Mission to rationalize its staffing and propose the nationalization of some posts, taking into account the achievements and challenges of the last two years and the mandate in 2016/17 and after.
- 27. In the 2016/17 period, the Mission will continue to deploy to the regions, construct new offices and accommodation units, including to improve living and working conditions, and upgrade roads, runways and other infrastructure. While the Mission continues the establishment phase, the proposal also includes provisions for the maintenance of infrastructure, camps and equipment already constructed and installed.
- 28. In the 2016/17 period, contracts will be in place to provide maintenance and repair of water wells and boreholes, solid and liquid waste removal services, ablution units with associated sewage and water supply systems, and construction of kitchen and dining facilities as well as other welfare facilities.
- 29. The Mission will also enhance the security of all Mission premises by building stronger protection barriers and higher perimeter walls and reinforcing access control, including through the installation of smart card access control machinery. Prompted by the experience of the security crisis that took place in September 2015, the leadership of the Mission has emphasized the need for new and permanent Mission headquarters in Bangui that will provide better working and living conditions as well as security for Mission personnel. As the construction of a permanent headquarters is expected to be a multi-year project, the existing premises will be maintained and repurposed as appropriate in due course.
- 30. The Mission will continue to reinforce the safety and security of its personnel in Bangui and throughout the regions in the area of operation with additional security services and technology that improve situational awareness, given the recent heightened tensions in the Central African Republic, including the recent increase in the number of deaths and injuries within the community as well as attacks directly targeting MINUSCA and humanitarian personnel and premises. The enhanced security service comprises the provision, installation, operation and decommissioning of security technology that includes a set of static and mobile sensors able to observe an area of a city day and night. The services also include monitoring and observation functions to identify and analyse threats and hostile activities. In addition to the direct monitoring, the services include live video streams and warning and situation reports for the Mission. The provision for the turnkey technology-based security services is included under security services, facilities and infrastructure, of the present proposal.
- 31. A reconfiguration of the air fleet is planned for the 2016/17 period to respond to the dynamic environment and optimize the available air assets that best meet the needs of the operation in the Central African Republic. The current fleet comprises six fixed-wing aircraft, two of which are provided through a cost-share arrangement,

and nine helicopters. The Mission will replace three aeroplanes with three tactical helicopters to boost the capability of the Mission to carry out its mandated tasks, in particular with regard to the protection of civilians, throughout the country. The aircraft that were operated on a cost-shared basis and used for regular flights between Bangui and Entebbe are no longer required as commercial flights resumed in December 2015. The three additional helicopters are particularly needed to meet urgent requirements such as medical and casualty evacuations and other emergency airlifts of cargo and passengers.

- 32. On the basis of the results of a technical assessment of an unmanned and unarmed aerial system conducted by the Department of Field Support and the particulars of the procurement process that is unique to this system, it is planned to deploy the necessary equipment and services in July 2016. It is envisaged that the unmanned aerial system will be stationed in one of the sectors and deployed wherever needed throughout the country to support the surveillance required to deliver the mandate of the Mission. The capability and compatibility of the system may require additional data analysts, crew, ground stations, vehicles and upgrades of data analysis software or sensor types in the future. The provision for the turnkey service is included under services, air transportation, of the present proposal.
- 33. The Mission will seek greater efficiency, mainly in the area of support, through the use of shared services as well as the global and regional support centres. The Mission will also focus on (a) decreasing the level of inventory to an acceptable level and pursuing discounts in commercial contracts; (b) limiting external training to essential and mandatory courses, with greater emphasis on within-mission training and enhancing the skills of the national staff; (c) the greater use of teleconferences and videoconferences to reduce travel costs; (d) seeking cost-effective outsourcing opportunities to leverage the return of skills and expertise to the country for selected mission activities; (e) strengthening and expanding regional cooperation and inter-mission support, with the intention of minimizing duplication of resources and efforts; and (f) adopting new information and communications technology tools to deliver the same level of support at lower cost.

C. Regional mission cooperation

- 34. Like other missions in the region, whenever the opportunity exists MINUSCA will seek economies of scale, in cooperation with the United Nations Organization Stabilization Mission in the Democratic Republic of the Congo (MONUSCO), the United Nations Mission in South Sudan (UNMISS), the African Union-United Nations Hybrid Operation in Darfur (UNAMID), the United Nations Interim Security Force for Abyei (UNISFA) and the United Nations Support Office in Somalia (UNSOS). In the 2016/17 period, MINUSCA may acquire assets from missions that are liquidating or downsizing.
- 35. Furthermore, the Mission will continue to use the MONUSCO logistics hub and the Regional Procurement Office located in Entebbe, embedding staff to perform support functions related to logistics, facilities and engineering management, information technology, supply, security and procurement. Eight international staff (6 at the MONUSCO logistics hub and 2 in the Regional Procurement Office) and 11 national staff (10 at the MONUSCO logistics hub and 1 temporary staff in the Regional Procurement Office) will continue to be co-located.

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D. Partnerships, country team coordination and integrated missions

- 36. MINUSCA will continue to collaborate with other United Nations agencies operating in the Central African Republic to foster the principle of "One United Nations" and provide multidimensional and multidisciplinary responses to the priorities of the elected authorities while respecting the mandates of other United Nations entities as well as the humanitarian space. MINUSCA will focus on greater integration of the international community, the United Nations and the national authorities to advance stabilization and the extension of State authority, including the management of natural resources. This increased focus will facilitate the effective and coherent delivery of the mandate of the Mission, strengthening the effectiveness of and drawing attention to international assistance in the Central African Republic in accordance with paragraph 33 (c) of Security Council resolution 2217 (2015).
- 37. The Mission will also seek the collaboration of major stakeholders, including the Economic Community of Central African States, the African Union, the European Union, international financial institutions and bilateral partners, with a view to building the synergies and complementarities needed to stabilize the political situation in the Central African Republic. In this regard, MINUSCA will engage the United Nations country team and other partners to strengthen rule of law institutions and carry out activities in support of political dialogue, reconciliation and good governance at both national and community levels.

E. Results-based-budgeting frameworks

Executive direction and management

38. Overall mission direction and management is to be provided by the immediate Office of the Special Representative of the Secretary-General.

Table 1 **Human resources: executive direction and management**

		International staff							
	USG- ASG	D-2- D-1	P-5- P-4	P-3- P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff ^a	United Nations Volunteers	Total
Office of the Special Representative of	of the Secretary-G	eneral							
Approved posts 2015/16	1	4	10	1	11	27	15	_	42
Proposed posts 2016/17	1	4	10	1	11	27	15	_	42
Net change	-	_	-	-	-	-	_	_	_
Office of the Deputy Special Represe	ntative of the Secr	etary-Ge	neral (Re	sident (Coordina	tor)			
Approved posts 2015/16	1	1	4	3	1	10	9	3	22
Proposed posts 2016/17	1	1	6	3	1	12	9	3	24
Net change (see table 2)	_	_	2	_	_	2	_	_	2

			Internation	al staff					
	USG- ASG	D-2- D-1	P-5- P-4	P-3- P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff ^a	United Nations Volunteers	Total
Office of the Deputy Special Representative	of the Secr	etary-Ge	neral (Po	litical)					
Approved posts 2015/16	1	_	5	6	1	13	2	_	15
Proposed posts 2016/17	1	_	5	6	1	13	2	_	15
Net change	_	-	_	_	-	-	_	-	_
Office of the Chief of Staff									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	9	15	3	28	14	19	61
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	2	12	20	4	38	15	21	74
Net change	_	1	3	5	1	10	1	2	13
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	_	_	_	=	=	_	=	_	_
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	_	_	1	_	1	1	_	2
Net change	_	_	_	1	_	1	1	_	2
Subtotal									
Approved 2015/16	_	1	9	15	3	28	14	19	61
Proposed 2016/17	_	2	12	21	4	39	16	21	76
Net change	_	1	3	6	1	11	2	2	15
Communications and Public Information Of	fice								
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	5	9	6	21	33	14	68
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	5	10	7	23	65	18	106
Net change (see table 6)	_	_	_	1	1	2	32	4	38
Total posts									
Approved posts 2015/16	3	7	33	34	22	99	73	36	208
Proposed posts 2016/17	3	7	38	40	24	112	106	42	260
Net change	_	=	5	6	2	13	33	6	52
Total positions									
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	=	=	1	_	1	1	_	2
Net change	-	=	=	1	-	1	1	=	2
Total									
Approved 2015/16	3	7	33	34	22	99	73	36	208
Proposed 2016/17	3	8	38	41	24	114	107	42	263
Net change	_	1	5	7	2	15	34	6	55

Abbreviations: ASG, Assistant Secretary-General; USG, Under-Secretary-General.

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a Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.
 b Funded under general temporary assistance.

International staff: net increase of 15 posts/positions (including 1 temporary position)

National staff: net increase of 34 posts/positons (including 1 temporary position)

United Nations Volunteers: net increase of 6 positions

Office of the Deputy Special Representative of the Secretary-General (Resident Coordinator)

Table 2

Human resources: immediate Office

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts		P-5 P-4	Senior Programme Management Office Programme Management Office (Natural Resources)	Establishment Establishment	
Net change	+2		(see table 1)		

39. The approved staffing establishment of the immediate Office of the Deputy Special Representative of the Secretary-General (Resident Coordinator) comprises seven posts (1 Deputy Special Representative of the Secretary-General (at the Assistant Secretary-General level), 1 Head of the Integrated Office (D-1), 1 Senior Coordination Officer (P-5), 1 Special Assistant (P-3), 1 Administrative Assistant (Field Service) and 2 Driver (national General Service)). In line with the integrated mission concept, the immediate Office will continue to work closely with United Nations agencies, the country team and MINUSCA to identify concrete objectives that can be better achieved through joint actions. These include strategies for elections, protection of civilians, combating sexual violence, the extension of State authority and the longer-term stabilization of the Central African Republic, within a framework of more inclusive operational management and securitization. As these strategies begin to demonstrate a positive impact, the immediate Office will increasingly be required to focus on supporting the authorities of the Central African Republic to develop a national strategy to tackle the networks engaged in the illicit exploitation and trafficking of natural resources which continue to fund and supply armed groups in the Central African Republic, taking into account, where appropriate, the reports of the Panel of Experts established pursuant to Security Council resolution 2127 (2013) and the decisions of the Kimberley Process, with the aim of extending State authority over the entire territory and its resources.

40. In this context, it is proposed that the two new posts presented in table 2 be established to support the development of a national strategy to tackle the networks engaged in the illicit exploitation and trafficking of natural resources, in close coordination with the United Nations country team, to meet the mandated objective of the restoration of State authority.

Office of the Chief of Staff

Table 3 **Human resources: Joint Operations Centre**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+4	P-3	Operations Officer	Establishment	
Net change	+4				

- 41. The approved staffing establishment of the Joint Operations Centre comprises 13 posts (1 Chief Joint Operations Officer (P-5), 1 Deputy Chief (P-4), 7 Operations Officer (2 P-3, 2 National Professional Officer and 3 United Nations Volunteer), 1 Associate Information Technology Officer (P-2), 1 Associate Administrative Officer (P-2) and 2 Operations (Watch) Officer (United Nations Volunteer)). The Centre will continue to coordinate and facilitate the operations and actions undertaken by the Mission during periods of crisis and normal activity, to ensure the delivery of the mandate of the Mission. During periods of crisis, the Joint Operations Centre will operate as the primary facility to take immediate action in support of first response initiatives and the Crisis Management Team without having to wait for clearance from the Special Representative of the Secretary-General, which would normally be required in such instances. The crisis of September 2015 in the Central African Republic demonstrated the need for the reinforcement of the capacity of the Centre to adequately respond to incidents in the regions and simultaneous incidents across the country.
- 42. As a result, it is proposed that the four new posts presented in table 3 be established in the four key regional operational centres the Bangui Joint Task Force headquarters and the three sector headquarters to ensure the enhanced coordination of integrated information, monitoring, reporting and situational awareness with the Centre at Mission headquarters and to support effective integration of Mission-wide operational awareness and security information and a consistent mechanism and procedures for crisis response.

Office of the Chief of Staff

Table 4 **Human resources: Integrated Mission Training Cell**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	-1	P-4 P-3	Chief, Training Cell	Redeployment	
	-2 -1	FS	Training Officer Training Officer	Redeployment Redeployment	To Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support (component 4, support)
	-1	UNV	Training Officer	Redeployment	inission support (component 4, support)
	-1	NGS	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	J
Net change	-6				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

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43. The pilot project undertaken in MINUSCA to establish the Integrated Mission Training Cell within the Office of the Chief of Staff has not delivered a significant benefit beyond that which was evident when the Training Cell was under the supervision of the Office of the Director of Mission Support in other missions. Consequently, it is proposed that the Integrated Mission Training Cell be transferred back to the Office of the Director of Mission Support under the supervision of the Deputy Director of Mission Support in the support component, as presented in table 4. The relocation of the Training Cell will enable the Chief of Staff to focus on substantive activity, long-term planning and coordination of cross-cutting issues.

Office of the Chief of Staff

Table 5 **Human resources: Conduct and Discipline Team**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts					Establishments
	+1	D-1	Chief of Conduct and Discipline	Establishment	
	+2	P-4	Conduct and Discipline Officer	Establishment	
	+1	P-3	Conduct and Discipline Officer (Reporting)	Establishment	
	+1	FS	Administrative Officer	Establishment	
	+1	NPO	Conduct and Discipline Officer	Establishment	
	+3	UNV	Associate Conduct and Discipline Officer	Establishment	
Subtotal	+9				
					Redeployments
	+1	P-5	Chief Conduct and Discipline	Redeployment	
	+1	P-4	Conduct and Discipline Officer	Redeployment	
	+2	P-3	Conduct and Discipline Officer	Redeployment	From Conduct and Discipline Team (component 4, support)
	+1	FS	Conduct and Discipline Assistant	Redeployment	(component 1, support)
	+1	NGS	Administrative Officer	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+6				
Positions	+1	P-3	Conduct and Discipline Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	NPO	Conduct and Discipline Officer	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+2				
Net change	+17				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

44. The approved staffing establishment of the Conduct and Discipline Team comprises eight posts and temporary positions: six posts (1 Chief of Conduct and Discipline (P-5), 3 Conduct and Discipline Officer (1 P-4 and 2 P-3), 1 Conduct and Discipline Assistant (Field Service) and 1 Administrative Assistant (national General Service) and two temporary positions of Conduct and Discipline Officer (1 P-3 and

1 National Professional Officer)). MINUSCA is facing unprecedented challenges with regard to the conduct and discipline of its personnel, in particular that 30 per cent of all reported allegations of sexual exploitation and abuse across peacekeeping operations were specific to MINUSCA. The Mission is deployed at more than 40 locations throughout the Central African Republic, posing a challenge to maintaining command and control in a large country with limited infrastructure. Furthermore, the context of displacement of population and the level of sexual violence related to the conflict have made women and children vulnerable to sexual exploitation and abuse which, regrettably, some United Nations personnel may engage in. This situation requires increased efforts in ensuring prevention, including through training, response and remedial actions. Strategic planning and implementation of key initiatives require a significant level of experience. In the light of the current focus on dealing with the misconduct in MINUSCA owing to the increased number of observed cases, particularly cases of sexual exploitation, the Mission will reinforce the implementation of the three-pronged strategy to mitigate misconduct: prevention activities, case management and remedial action for victims of sexual exploitation and abuse by United Nations personnel. Activities include training; raising awareness; implementation of best practices; managing cases through assessment, investigation, review and recommendations; and coordinating with the gender-based violence task force with regard to assistance for victims in the sectors and Bangui. Personnel will be located in the sectors to support the Team with the various activities, including conducting induction training, refresher training and other preventive measures, and liaising with United Nations agencies and non-governmental organizations (NGOs) in the implementation of the victim assistance strategy. In addition to training provided for personnel, outreach activities covering the conduct regulations and reporting procedures of the United Nations will be carried out in local communities to mitigate misconduct, particularly sexual exploitation and abuse, by United Nations personnel. Dedicated Team members will be responsible for receiving complaints through the planned hotline for reporting sexual exploitation and abuse.

45. In the context described above, it is proposed that the nine new posts presented in table 5 be established to reinforce the activities described and to cover the expanded area of operations of the Mission. In particular, it is proposed that of the nine posts, one post be established at the D-1 level to head the MINUSCA Conduct and Discipline Team and provide the necessary expertise and accountability. The incumbent will manage conduct and discipline efforts, including officers located in field offices; manage and coordinate the development and implementation of sexual exploitation and abuse prevention, response, victim support and accountability initiatives that leverage resources in MINUSCA, the country team, national partners and NGOs; represent the Special Representative of the Secretary-General in meetings with internal and external partners to the level of minister and country representative; work closely with the Office of Internal Oversight Services to ensure that allegations are adequately and swiftly referred for investigation and that immediate response teams are activated to preserve evidence; develop and implement new initiatives focused on enhancing support to victims of sexual exploitation and abuse, accountability and justice; ensure the required collaboration and information sharing with United Nations agencies and NGOs; advise and support the Special Representative of the Secretary-General on conduct and discipline issues, the prevention of misconduct and, in particular, sexual exploitation and abuse, case management, victim support and accountability initiatives that are of interest to the Organization; advise and support the Special

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Representative of the Secretary-General in addressing risks of misconduct and sexual exploitation and abuse associated with troops, police and civilian staff of the Mission; and ensure appropriate conduct and discipline and that prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse is provided in predeployment and in-country training to all incoming military, police and civilian personnel. It is also proposed that the Conduct and Discipline Team be renamed the Conduct and Discipline Service in accordance with the naming convention of the Organization and that the approved post of Chief of Conduct and Discipline (P-5) be renamed Deputy Chief of Conduct and Discipline.

46. As all personnel and components of the Mission are responsible for reporting incidents of misconduct, conduct and discipline is considered an integral element of the executive direction and management of the Mission. In this context, it is proposed that the Conduct and Discipline Team, presented in table 5, be transferred from the support component, to improve oversight and accountability over conduct and disciplinary matters and better reflect the reporting lines and to align the staffing structure of MINUSCA with other peacekeeping missions.

Communications and Public Information Office

Table 6 **Human resources: Communications and Public Information Office**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Outreach Unit					
Posts	+4	UNV	Outreach Officer	Establishment	
	+4	NGS	Outreach Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+8				
Radio Production Unit					
Posts	+1	P-2	Radio Producer	Establishment	
	+3	NPO	Radio Producer	Establishment	
	+18	NGS	Radio Reporter	Establishment	
	+1	FS	Broadcast Technology Officer	Establishment	
	+3	NPO	Broadcast Technician	Establishment	
	+2	NGS	Administrative Assistant	Establishment	
	+2	NGS	Driver	Establishment	
Subtotal	+30				
Net change	+38	•	(see table 1)		

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

47. The approved staffing establishment of the Outreach Unit and the Radio Production Unit comprises 19 posts and 21 posts, respectively. For the Outreach Unit: 1 Chief of Outreach (P-4), 9 Outreach Officer (4 P-3, 1 National Professional Officer and 4 United Nations Volunteer), 8 Outreach Assistant (national General Service) and 1 Translator (National Professional Officer); for the Radio Production

Unit: 1 Chief Radio Producer (P-4), 6 Radio Producer (1 P-3, 2 National Professional Officer and 3 United Nations Volunteer), 5 Radio Production Assistant (national General Service), 6 Broadcast Technology Officer (1 P-3, 2 National Professional Officer and 3 United Nations Volunteer) and 3 Broadcasting Assistant (Field Service). The Office will continue to foster awareness about and an understanding of the mandate and achievements of the Mission among the population of the Central African Republic at the local level, as well as increase their participation in resolving the issues pertaining to the mandate of the Mission that affect their lives, their communities and their regions through additional outreach and the expansion of the radio station across the regions in the Central African Republic. Currently, the Communications and Public Information Office is fully staffed, with officers from the Outreach Unit located in each of the three regional offices in Bouar, Kaga Bandoro and Bria and three subregional offices in Bambari, Berberati and Bossangoa. Furthermore, the additional subregional offices in Ndele, Birao, Bangassou and Obo will be opened before the end of the 2015/16 period.

- 48. The MINUSCA radio station, the only media source capable of broadcasting to the entire country, currently delivers pre-recorded radio programmes to existing radio stations in the Central African Republic. The Unit will expand into 14 additional regions and strengthen the programming of the three regional offices in Bouar, Kaga Bandoro and Bria with a view to producing self-standing daily radio programming, including news segments and features, announcements, talk shows, radio music spots and soap operas, and weekly programming for a wide variety of audiences in the French and Sango languages for maximum coverage of the population, particularly in remote areas. The expansion will involve strengthening local capacity through the establishment of primarily national posts.
- 49. In the light of the above, it is proposed that the eight new posts presented in table 6 be established in the Outreach Unit in the four newly established subregional offices as the Mission expands its area of programme intervention through its Information Officers in the field, disseminating information to and empowering local stakeholders to rebuild trust among communities, and to enlist support of the Central African population for the work and achievements under the three pillars of the Mission: protection of civilians, support to the political process and restoration of State authority.
- 50. In the same context, it is proposed that the 30 new posts presented in table 6 be established in the Radio Production Unit in the 14 newly established subregional offices and the existing regional offices to provide the technical teams needed for initiating new radio projects and developing, writing and recording the programmes aimed at using the radio station as a key tool in disseminating all related information with regard to the peace process, rule of law and civic education, by means of human interest stories on human rights, protection of women and children and development projects.

Component 1: security, protection of civilians and human rights

- 51. Component 1 will cover key expected accomplishments related to the protection of civilians, the promotion and protection of human rights and the stabilization of the security situation, including, but not limited to, the following activities:
- (a) Leading the continued implementation of the strategy, including monitoring and reporting on and preventing and responding to human rights and international humanitarian law violations, to protect civilians against the threat of

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physical violence, including conflict-related sexual violence and grave violations against children, as well as efforts to promote and protect human rights and fight impunity;

- (b) Assisting the elected governmental authorities in their efforts to address major security threats and border-related challenges;
- (c) Assisting the Government in the implementation of the national disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme with a focus on reintegration and the implementation of reinsertion projects following demobilization;
- (d) Continuing to develop and implement interim stabilization measures, to address security threats related to the armed group presence and to conduct community violence reduction projects to address the armed group elements that will not be eligible for the national disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme and other community members exposed to the risks of armed activities;
- (e) Supporting the authorities, through the United Nations Mine Action Service, in the development and implementation of a national weapons and ammunition management framework to reduce the threat of unsafe munitions.
- 52. With an authorized troop strength of 10,750 military personnel, including 169 military observers and 311 staff officers, 1,680 formed police unit personnel, 400 United Nations police officers and 40 Government-provided personnel comprising corrections officers, MINUSCA will continue to deploy across the three main sectors (Sector West, Sector Centre and Sector East) in the area of operations of the Mission to be effective and responsive to developments in the security situation throughout the Mission area. MINUSCA would cover remote areas through long-range patrols and temporary deployments and intensify its engagement with local authorities and the local population through, among various outreach programmes, the expanded use of messaging and information operations via the radio station of the Mission and the Community Liaison Assistants. The military contingent personnel will conduct tasks to fulfil the mandate with regard to the protection of civilians, preservation of territorial integrity, facilitation of the immediate, full, safe and unhindered delivery of humanitarian assistance and protection of the United Nations, such as long-range patrols, routine patrols, air reconnaissance activities, including unmanned aerial system capability, border patrols, guard installations and escorts and contribute to the protection of key national stakeholders, including members of the transitional Government. Police contingent personnel will continue to carry out activities related to the protection of civilians through patrols (on foot and by vehicle, alone or in coordination with the national authorities), use of checkpoints, targeted operations, escorts, close and static protection duties and general operational support to the elected national authorities. With regard to the protection of civilians and human rights, Corrections Officers will engage in activities to develop the capacity of the Prison Service in the Central African Republic to provide safe, secure and humane prisons, thereby reinforcing sustainable peace and security.

Expected accomplishments	Indicators of achievement				
1.1 Progress towards an improved security environment	1.1.1 Decrease in the number of attacks and armed clashes between parties to the conflict (2014/15: 1; 2015/16: 2; 2016/17: 0)				
	1.1.2 Increase in the number of members of armed groups participating in the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: 3,000; 2016/17: 2,000)				
	1.1.3 Increase in the number of members of armed groups ineligible for the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme and community members benefiting from community violence reduction projects (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: 5,000; 2016/17: 5,000)				
	1.1.4 Improvement in the conditions for the deployment of Central African police and the national gendarmerie throughout the prefectures through the rehabilitation and equipping of additional police stations and gendarmerie brigades (2014/15:10; 2015/16: 7; 2016/17: 10)				
	1.1.5 Increase in the number of verified members of defence and security forces (2014/15: 500; 2015/16: 1,500; 2016/17: 3,000)				

Outputs

- 184 daily patrols and escorts by contingent troops in key population centres throughout the Central African Republic for deterrence, protection and situational awareness
- 12 short-term battalion- or part-battalion-level surge operations to proactively deter armed group actions against civilians in emerging hot spots
- 500 project days for repairing roads, bridges and airfields which are used by MINUSCA forces and provide access to humanitarian corridors
- 3 daily flying hours in support of operations within the Mission area of authority
- 50 mining sites freed from control of armed groups
- 24/7 response and patrolling by the MINUSCA Bangui Joint Task Force of military and police, and operations, conducted either unilaterally or with the Central African Republic police and the national gendarmerie, in all 16 prefectures
- Weekly meetings with the Central African High Commissioner for disarmament, demobilization and reintegration and security sector reform and the follow-up committee established to implement the recommendations of the Bangui Forum to coordinate actions and plans in the implementation of the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme

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- Provision of regular monthly strategic and technical support to the national authorities in charge of disarmament, demobilization and reintegration to enable them and reinforce their capacities to implement the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme
- Regular monthly meetings with partners, including other mission components and funds and programmes
 of the United Nations system, to strengthen complementarities and support the disarmament,
 demobilization and reintegration process
- Disarmament, demobilization and vetting of 5,000 combatants in accordance with the eligibility criteria defined in the agreement for disarmament, demobilization and reintegration resulting from the Bangui Forum
- Design and implementation of reinsertion projects for 2,000 ex-combatants in communities of return prior to the longer-term reintegration assistance of the national disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme
- 15 community violence reduction projects for 5,000 beneficiaries, including combatants (including women) ineligible for the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme as well as community members and youth
- Regular sensitization campaigns at national and local level conducted throughout the year to support and accompany the Government in the implementation of the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme as well as community violence reduction activities
- Provision of weapons and ammunition management technical assistance and mentoring through physical security enhancements and assessments of ammunition depots to relevant MINUSCA units, as requested
- 4 perception surveys in Bangui, Bouar, Kaga Bandoro and Bria to obtain feedback and monitor the perception of local communities of their security and the effectiveness of protection efforts
- Conduct of a monthly public information campaign to raise the awareness of the civilian population and parties to the conflict regarding the implementation of the protection of civilians mandate

Expected accomplishments

Indicators of achievement

- 1.2 Improved protection of civilians and respect for human rights, with a specific focus on women and children
- 1.2.1 Increase in the number of initiatives to protect civilians being implemented at the national, prefecture and community levels
- 1.2.2 Decrease in the number of inter- or intracommunal disputes that result in violence
- 1.2.3 Decrease in the number of recorded violations of international humanitarian and human rights law, in particular the rights to life and to physical integrity, committed against the civilian population by all parties to the conflict
- 1.2.4 Increase in the number of parties to the conflict that have issued clear orders to prohibit sexual violence and adopted a code of conduct prohibiting sexual violence (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: 3; 2016/17: 5)

- 1.2.5 Increase in the number of children released from armed forces and groups and handed over to appropriate care services (2014/15: 2,969; 2015/16: 3,500; 2016/17: 3,600)
- 1.2.6 Increase in the number of cases of human rights and international humanitarian law violations, including grave violations against children and conflict-related sexual violence, that are addressed positively (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: 360; 2016/17: 720)
- 1.2.7 Increase in the number of communities rendered secure and safe by neutralizing explosive remnants of war and reducing armed violence (2014/15: 13; 2015/16: 15; 2016/2017: 17)
- 1.2.8 Increase in the number of defence and security forces personnel trained in human rights, protection of civilians, protection of children, prevention of conflict-related sexual and gender-based violence and civil-military relations (2014/15: 1,300; 2015/16: 500; 2016/2017: 1,500)

Outputs

- Regular protection missions, including 216 field visits and 24 fact-findings missions, to monitor, report and
 investigate allegations of violations of international human rights and humanitarian law, including grave
 violations against children and conflict-related sexual violence and abductions
- Monthly meetings with parties to the conflict to negotiate the signing and implementation of action plans to end the recruitment and use of child soldiers and other grave child rights violations and quarterly field monitoring missions to follow up on action plan implementation
- 15 awareness-raising sessions on child protection for at least 300 members of armed groups
- 4 quarterly reports (Global Horizontal Notes) and 1 annual report on the situation of children and armed conflict in the Central African Republic
- Establishment at the sector level of 3 working groups on the monitoring and reporting mechanism to monitor and report on grave child rights violations
- 4 quarterly reports and 1 annual report on conflict-related sexual violence in the Central African Republic
- 50 explosive ordnance disposal operations in key population centres, including educating 50 communities and MINUSCA personnel to recognize explosive threats and explosive hazards, including the development of community security practices to reduce the threat from illicit weapons and ammunition
- 2 human rights public reports and regular/monthly advocacy démarches with national judicial, military and police authorities
- 50 training sessions for the national security forces (national police and national gendarmerie) on international human rights and humanitarian law, including principles regarding arrest and detention and the use of force and firearms

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- 34 trainings on human rights monitoring and reporting techniques, advocacy with national authorities and drafting of sound project proposals on the fight against impunity delivered to local NGOs and civil society actors to build their capacity in those areas
- 3 workshops to build the capacity of the National Human Rights Commissioners on monitoring and reporting human rights, the human rights treaty bodies and special procedures, transitional justice and advocacy and communication techniques as well as regular provision of technical advice to build the capacity and effective functioning of the National Human Rights Commission
- 35 workshops (875 participants) to develop 35 community protection plans and community alert networks; strengthen coordination of protection of civilians between the force and/or United Nations police and local authorities, local communities, and civil society and local authorities; and improve alert and response mechanisms, taking a gender perspective into consideration
- 12 meetings between United Nations police, the prefect, community representatives and representatives of the Central African police and the national gendarmerie to discuss local security issues in all 16 prefectures and all 9 mayors of Bangui and the mayors of Bimbo and Begoua
- Establishment at the sector level of 6 working groups on monitoring analysis and reporting arrangements to monitor and report on conflict-related sexual violence
- 12 sector level-based trainings for 250 members of civil society and NGOs on conflict-related sexual violence and sexual and gender-based violence
- 24 one-day workshops on women and the police for women's groups and members of the Central African police and the national gendarmerie and training for 80 police officers and gendarmes in prevention of sexual and gender-based violence and interviewing of victims and investigations, and for 40 police officers and gendarmes on child protection issues (child victims of crime and children in conflict with the law)
- Monthly public information, advocacy and outreach activities to raise awareness on human rights, with emphasis on sexual and gender-based violence, child protection issues and the role of national community policing for violence reduction, through print and broadcast media outlets and sensitization workshops
- Organization of a multimedia campaign focusing on public order as well as public outreach activities to raise awareness on access to justice rights

Expected accomplish	ments	Indicators of achievement				
1.3 Progress t	rowards fighting impunity	1.3.1 Execution of targeted operations by the national police and gendarmerie in conjunction with MINUSCA (2014/15: 24; 2015/16: 24; 2016/17: 24)				
		1.3.2 Increase in the number of prosecutions for serious crimes initiated (2014/15: 10; 2015/16: 15; 2016/17: 25)				
		1.3.3 Increase in the number of functioning transitional justice mechanisms complying with international human rights standards (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: not applicable; 2016/17: 2)				

Outputs

- Development of mechanisms for appointing magistrates and staff of the Special Criminal Court and the preparation of proposals for enacting/amending relevant laws for the operationalization of the Court
- 2 training sessions of 30 days each for 20 judicial police officers (including in evidence collection/storage, criminal/forensic analysis and gender-based crimes and conflict-related sexual violence) and 30 days of training for 2 national prosecutors and 3 national investigating magistrates in addition to daily technical support and mentoring by technical experts
- 60 days of training for the Chief Registrar and 10 national support staff; development of a policy, legal framework and operational support for protecting and assisting victims and witnesses as well as 10 interdisciplinary trainings for magistrates, lawyers, NGOs and national police; development of a legal aid scheme to assist indigent suspects and accused, by way of technical support to the Ministry of Justice and the bar association as well as training and mentoring of 10 legal defence counsels
- Provision of security to the premises of the Special Criminal Court in Bangui, as well as to 4 international magistrates, 5 national magistrates and a team of 10 international and national judicial police officers
- Organization of 4 workshops (3 at the sector level and 1 at headquarters) to support the development of comprehensive approaches to transitional justice in the Central African Republic, including non-judicial mechanisms, and, with female leaders and women's groups, to ascertain concerns and expectations regarding the response to gender-based crimes and conflict-related sexual violence, for national and local authorities, victims' associations and members of civil society; and 3 training sessions on the implementation of transitional justice mechanisms, gender-based crimes and conflict-related sexual violence for national and local authorities, members of civil society, female leaders and women's groups
- Provision of 10 training sessions for 200 police and gendarmerie officers to enhance their ability to participate in the prosecution of cases against perpetrators of violations of child rights and also comply with international norms when prosecuting cases against child perpetrators

External factors

The security environment; the timely deployment of necessary human resources; cooperation from and the technical capacity of national and provincial authorities; cohesiveness of armed groups

Table 7 **Human resources: component 1, security, protection of civilians and human rights**

Cat	tegory	Total
I.	Military observers	
	Approved 2015/16	240
	Proposed 2016/17	169
	Net change	(71)
II.	Military contingents	
	Approved 2015/16	9 716
	Proposed 2016/17	10 537
	Net change	821

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III.	United Nations police									
	Approved 2015/16									400
	Proposed 2016/17									400
	Net change									
IV.	Formed police units									
	Approved 2015/16									1 400
	Proposed 2016/17									1 680
	Net change									280
V.	Government-provided personnel									
	Approved 2015/16									20
	Proposed 2016/17									40
	Net change									20
_				Internationa	l staff					
VI.	Civilian staff	USG- ASG	D-2- D-1	P-5- P-4	P-3- P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff ^a	United Nations Volunteers	Total
	Office of the Force Commander									
	Approved posts 2015/16	1	1	_	_	1	3	1	_	4
	Proposed posts 2016/17	1	1	_	_	1	3	1	-	4
	Net change	-	-	_	-	_	-	-	_	-
	Office of the Police Commissioner									
	Approved posts 2015/16	_	2	7	1	_	10	4	_	14
	Proposed posts 2016/17	_	2	7	1	_	10	4	_	14
	Net change	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
	Disarmament, Demobilization and	Reintegra	tion Secti	on						
	Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	6	10	2	19	5	6	30
	Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	6	13	2	22	5	6	33
	Net change (see table 8)	_	-	-	3	_	3	_	_	3
	Child Protection Unit									
	Approved posts 2015/16	_	_	2	4	_	6	5	5	16
	Proposed posts 2016/17	_	_	2	4	_	6	5	5	16
	Net change	_	-	_	_	_	-	-	_	-
	Human Rights Division									
	Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	14	21	2	38	21	26	85
	Proposed posts 2016/17	-	1	14	21	2	38	21	26	85
	Net change	-	-	_	_	-	-	_	_	_

Net change	_	_	_	3	_	3	_	_	1 05
Proposed 2016/17	1	5	29	39	5	79	36	37	12 97
Approved 2015/16	1	5	29	36	5	76	36	37	11 92
Total (I-VI)									
Net change	_	_	_	3	_	3	_	_	
Proposed posts 2016/17	1	5	29	39	5	79	36	37	15
Approved posts 2015/16	1	5	29	36	5	76	36	37	14
Subtotal, civilian staff									

Abbreviations: ASG, Assistant Secretary-General; USG, Under-Secretary-General.

International staff: net increase of 3 posts

Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Section

Table 8 **Human resources: Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+1	P-3	Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Monitoring and Evaluation Officer	Establishment	
	+1	P-3	Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Communications Officer	Establishment	
	+1	P-3	Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Repatriation Officer	Establishment	
Net change	+3		(see table 7)		

53. The approved staffing establishment of the Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Section comprises 30 posts (1 Principal Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Officer (D-1), 1 Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Strategic Planning Officer (P-5), 9 Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Officer (4 P-4 and 5 P-3), 1 Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Monitoring and Evaluation Officer (P-3), 14 Community Violence Reduction Officer (1 P-4, 3 P-3, 4 National Professional Officer and 6 United Nations Volunteer), 1 Associate Administrative Officer (P-2), 1 Administrative Assistant (Field Service), 1 Community Violence Reduction Budget Assistant (Field Service) and 1 Driver (national General Service)). Working closely with Civil Affairs Officers, Disarmament, Demobilization and Reintegration Officers will continue to facilitate community reconciliation through social and cultural community-based activities with local authorities and religious and traditional leaders as well as the community itself. Given its geographical situation and the regional influence of the multi-year conflict in the Central African Republic, the different armed groups are composed of a significant number of foreign combatants who will need to be repatriated during the demobilization process. The implementation of the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme would be at

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^a Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.

risk if foreign combatants were left behind, possibly creating tensions between opposing armed groups.

- 54. The next steps for the Mission in delivering on its disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation mandate, in addition to continued planning, design and implementation of the pre-disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation process and programme, involve monitoring and evaluating at the earliest stages, including the systematic collection and analysis of information to track whether the outputs and activities are in line with the overall outcomes of disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation and to form the basis for strategic decision-making; the development and implementation of a coherent communications strategy with regard to the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme to ensure the circulation of effective information to the different target groups and the safe and smooth implementation of the programme, and managing the expectations of ex-combatants; development of a media campaign and other communications tools for the sensitization and outreach activities required for disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation; and development of protocols for and organization of the repatriation process of foreign combatants and providing support to the national authorities in servicing a regional coordination mechanism to better monitor movements across borders as part of the stabilization process in the Central African Republic, thereby improving security within the country. The coordination mechanism is also expected to achieve safe and smooth implementation of the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation process as a means to address those armed elements that cannot be absorbed through disarmament, demobilization and reintegration into communities within the Central African Republic.
- 55. In the light of the above, it is proposed that the three new posts presented in table 8 be established to support the current disarmament, demobilization and reintegration process in other regions and undertake the next steps in the process.

Component 2: support to the political process, reconciliation and elections

56. MINUSCA will provide good offices and advice to the elected Government of the Central African Republic, continuing, together with the international community, to support the development of a resilient and inclusive political process and to support and promote reconciliation initiatives at the community and political levels to ensure progress on reconciliation, peaceful coexistence and the management and resolution of conflict. MINUSCA will also provide strategic and technical advice to national authorities on security sector governance and reconstitution of the defence and security forces, including in the articulation of a long-term national security vision and development of a national security policy and comprehensive security sector reform strategy. MINUSCA will continue to support the national authorities with the coordination of international assistance to the security sector in order to strengthen coherence and effectiveness. The Mission will continue to work on the vetting mechanisms for and the integration of armed group elements into the defence and security forces of the Central African Republic in line with international standards of human rights and humanitarian law. In addition, MINUSCA, in conjunction with international and national partners, will facilitate and provide assistance and operational and security support to the local electoral process. Furthermore, in close collaboration with the United Nations country team and humanitarian actors, MINUSCA will monitor and provide strategic policy

advice to national authorities on the local elections as required. MINUSCA will continue to support the efforts of the elected Government to create an inclusive political process and to continue dialogue between elected authorities and politico-military groups, in particular towards the extension of State authority, the promotion of national unity and a long-term political resolution to inter-community conflict.

Expected	accomp	lisi	hments

Indicators of achievement

2.1 Progress towards an inclusive political process

- 2.1.1 Increase in the number of community-based dialogues held throughout the country where citizens have the opportunity to articulate their grievances regarding the implementation by the elected Government of the recommendations of the Bangui Forum, the Republican pact for peace, national reconciliation and reconstruction in the Central African Republic and the political process (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: not applicable; 2016/17: 300)
- 2.1.2 An agreement on the modalities of an inclusive political dialogue with all main stakeholders, including the signatories to the Cessation of Hostilities Agreement, to address long-term peace and reconciliation (2015/16: not applicable; 2016/17: 1)
- 2.1.3 Completion of the legislative framework for the holding of local elections through the adoption of the National Electoral Authority regulations and the relevant decree (2015/16: not applicable; 2016/17: 1)

Outputs

- Organization and conduct of 12 workshops for local authorities and civil society, in particular women and youth organizations, to facilitate dialogue in 12 prefectures (300 participants) related to the extension of State authority, the role of civil society, good governance and social cohesion
- Development of 3 projects with civil society networks each involving an average of 6 prefectures across the country to address the extension of State authority, the role of civil society, good governance and social cohesion
- Regular meetings with members of Government, including Members of Parliament, and with political parties, including in the prefectures, to foster and support an active and constructive political dialogue
- Regular meetings with political actors associated with politico-military groups to promote their complete transformation into political movements and facilitate constructive engagement with elected authorities
- · Regular weekly meetings of the international coordination mechanisms on support to the political process
- Monthly engagement and dialogue with women's groups, including in the prefectures, to foster and support women's active participation in political processes and public life
- Monthly meetings to support the follow-up committee established to implement the recommendations of the Bangui Forum

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- Regular monthly meetings with regional actors to exchange views and ensure coordination and promotion of dialogue among political parties, civil society leaders and national authorities in support of a consultative government reform process
- Regular weekly meetings to prepare and organize with national electoral authorities and all stakeholders the after-action review and lessons learned from the complex past elections (referendum, presidential and legislative)
- Regular weekly meetings that provide technical assistance to the national electoral authorities and the Government on review of the electoral code and the legal framework with a view to preparing the local elections
- Regular weekly meetings with national electoral authorities, the Government and other national stakeholders aimed at the inclusion of a gender perspective in the review of the electoral code and legal framework with a view to preparing the local elections and other national political processes
- Regular weekly meetings with national electoral authorities, the Government and national and international stakeholders, including UNDP and the Peacebuilding Support Office, on the operational preparation and planning of local elections, including procurement and distribution of electoral material in the 17 regions
- Monthly multimedia and public outreach activities that support national reconciliation, a constitutional culture and the promotion and understanding of the mandate of MINUSCA, using daily strategic communication, advocacy and social mobilization approaches, through radio (MINUSCA Guira FM), print, video and social media outlets, as well as community mobilization tools

Expected accomplishments	Indicators of achievement				
2.2 Progress towards reconciliation at the national and local levels	2.2.1 Increase in the number of conflict mitigation initiatives in key areas of intercommunal tension (2014/15: 6; 2015/16: 11; 2016/17: 24)				

Outputs

- A national reconciliation strategy as well the organization of meetings in all 16 prefectures to provide political, technical and logistical support to the launch of an intercommunal and interreligious reconciliation process
- 12 workshops to strengthen the coordination and functioning of conflict mitigation and resolution initiatives and mechanisms
- Development of 24 regional enhancement projects with the United Nations country team and other partners to support and sustain local government and civil society initiatives that address underlying causes of conflict

Expected accomplishments	Indicators of achievement				
2.3 Progress towards the development of a national security policy and a security sector reform strategy	2.3.1 Increase in the number of policies and strategies developed and implemented for restructuring the defence and security forces and strengthening security sector governance institutions (2014/15: 2; 2015/16: 32; 2016/17: 5)				

- 2.3.2 Increase in the number of pieces of legislation developed and adopted to define the missions and modalities of the defence and internal security forces and security governance institutions (2014/15: 1; 2015/16: 2; 2016/17: 3)
- 2.3.3 Increase in the number of security sector assessments and recommendations for reform (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: 2; 2016/17: 3)
- 2.3.4 Increase in the reorganized Central African Republic armed forces through the rehabilitation and equipping of military camps in Bangui and regions (2014/15: 2; 2015/16: 3; 2016/17: 5)

Outputs

- Strategic and technical advice to national authorities on security sector governance and reform of defence and security forces, including in the articulation of a long-term national security vision and development of a national security policy and security sector reform strategy, through monthly participatory and inclusive political round tables, consultations and meetings
- Facilitation of coordination of international assistance to national authorities in the area of security sector reform through regular monthly meetings with national actors and international partners
- Facilitation of the adoption and approval of plans and proposals for common approaches on and principles
 of various aspects of security sector reform, by co-chairing regular monthly meetings of the strategic
 committee for disarmament, demobilization and reintegration and security sector reform, the technical
 committee for security sector reform and other coordination mechanisms
- Assessment of the security sector-related legislation, making a number of recommendations for revising the existing laws and regulations, including from a human rights, rule of law and gender perspective
- Facilitation of institutional and gap analyses, needs assessments and financial assessments of the security sector in partnership with the World Bank, the European Union, the African Union and other partners
- Development and application of vetting mechanisms for members of defence and security forces and other security institutions that are compliant with international standards of human rights and humanitarian law, including for sexual and gender-based violence
- 1 project aimed at the rehabilitation and equipping of police stations and gendarmerie brigades in the prefectures, in cooperation with partners
- 1 project for the rehabilitation of military camps in Bangui and regions as part of the efforts towards reconstitution and reorganization of the national army

External factors

The security environment and the political will of elected national authorities as well as that of politico-military groups

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Table 9 Human resources: component 2, support to the political process, reconciliation and elections

			Internat		77 · 7				
Civilian staff	USG- ASG	D-2- D-1	P-5- P-4	P-3- P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff ^a	United Nations Volunteers	Total
Political Affairs Division									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	2	12	14	3	31	3	22	56
Proposed posts 2016/17	-	2	12	14	3	31	3	22	56
Net change	-	-	-	_	-	_	_	_	_
Electoral Affairs Section ^c									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	9	3	1	14	1	42	57
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	9	3	1	14	1	_	15
Net change	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	(42)	(42)
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	_	_	4	23	1	28	2	_	30
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	-	_	_	_	_	-	=	_
Net change	_	-	(4)	(23)	(1)	(28)	(2)	_	(30)
Subtotal									
Approved 2015/16	_	1	13	26	2	42	3	42	87
Proposed 2016/17	_	1	9	3	1	14	1	_	15
Net change (see table 10)	_	_	(4)	(23)	(1)	(28)	(2)	(42)	(72)
Security Sector Reform Unit									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	-	3	1	_	4	2	1	7
Proposed posts 2016/17	-	1	3	1	-	5	2	1	8
Net change (see table 11)	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	-	1
Total									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	3	24	18	4	49	6	65	120
Proposed posts 2016/17	-	4	24	18	4	50	6	23	79
Net change	-	1	-	-	-	1	-	(42)	(41)
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	-	_	4	23	1	28	=	=	30
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Net change	_	_	(4)	(23)	(1)	(28)	(2)	_	(30)
Total									
Approved 2015/16	_	3	28	41	5	77	8	65	150
Proposed 2016/17	-	4	24	18	4	50	6	23	79
Net change	_	1	(4)	(23)	(1)	(27)	(2)	(42)	(71)

Abbreviations: USG, Under-Secretary-General; ASG, Assistant Secretary-General.

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Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.
 Funded under general temporary assistance.
 Comprises 42 United Nations Volunteer positions.

International staff: net decrease of 27 posts/positions (including decrease of 28 temporary positions)

National staff: net decrease of 2 temporary positions

United Nations Volunteers: net decrease of 42 positions

Electoral Affairs Section

Table 10 **Human resources: Electoral Affairs Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action
Positions	-2	UNV	Logistics and Operations Officer	Abolishment
	-1	UNV	Reporting Officer	Abolishment
	-17	UNV	Logistics Adviser	Abolishment
	-17	UNV	Civic Education Adviser	Abolishment
	-1	UNV	Database Adviser	Abolishment
	-2	UNV	External Relations and Communication Adviser	Abolishment
	-2	UNV	Voter and Civil Education Adviser	Abolishment
Subtotal	-42			
Positions	-1	P-4	Logistics and Operations Officer	Abolishment
	-1	P-4	Gender Officer	Abolishment
	-1	P-4	Security Officer	Abolishment
	-1	P-4	Database Officer	Abolishment
	-1	P-3	Logistics and Operations Officer	Abolishment
	-1	P-3	Training Officer	Abolishment
	-1	P-3	Legal Officer	Abolishment
	-2	P-3	Field Coordinator	Abolishment
	-14	P-3	Regional Coordinator	Abolishment
	-1	P-3	Database Officer	Abolishment
	-1	P-3	Information Technology and Voter Registration Officer	Abolishment
	-2	P-3	External Relations and Communication Officer	Abolishment
	-1	FS	Administrative Assistant	Abolishment
	-2	NGS	Clerk	Abolishment
Subtotal	-30			
Net change	-72		(see table 9)	

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

57. It is proposed that the 72 temporary and United Nations Volunteer positions presented in table 10, which were supporting the transitional authorities, the National Electoral Authority and relevant electoral stakeholders with the conduct of voter registration, the constitutional referendum and the legislative and presidential elections, be abolished on the basis of the assumption that the presidential and legislative elections will be completed during the current period. MINUSCA will

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continue its ongoing activities with regard to local electoral support with the remaining 15 posts in the Section.

Security Sector Reform Unit

Table 11 **Human resources: Security Sector Reform Unit**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+1	D-1	Head of Service, Security Sector Reform	Establishment	
Net change	+1		(see table 9)		

- 58. The approved staffing establishment of the Security Sector Reform Unit comprises seven posts (1 Chief of Security Sector Reform (P-5), 2 Security Sector Reform Coordination Officer (1 P-4 and 1 United Nations Volunteer), 3 Security Sector Reform Officer (1 P-4, 1 P-3 and 1 National Professional Officer), and 1 Administrative Assistant (national General Service)). As an elected Government assumes office in the Central African Republic and the Mission enters its stabilization phase, the work of the Security Sector Reform Unit will become increasingly central to the role of the Mission and to its efforts to achieve its three strategic objectives. A newly elected Government is expected to prioritize institutional reforms, starting with security sector reform, contributing to stabilization, reconciliation and development and reinforcement of State authority. MINUSCA will support the elected Government to reinstate the State authorities and the rule of law through the long-term reform of the security sector; in particular, it will advise and provide strategic guidance on security sector reform and support the implementation of the security sector reform strategy and workplans. MINUSCA will maintain the leading role in the coordination of international and national security sector reform and be required to provide higher-level strategic guidance to all the stakeholders involved, substantially increasing the demands placed on the Unit.
- 59. The Unit will now be responsible for supporting the Central African authorities in the development and implementation of the security sector reform strategy, supporting the essential tasks outlined in paragraph 33 (b) of Security Council resolution 2217 (2015) as well as more generally assisting the Central African authorities in their efforts to protect human rights and establish rule of law.
- 60. In the context described above, it is proposed that the new post presented in table 11 be established to represent at the requisite level the security sector reform process in the Senior Management Group and with senior officials of the Ministry of Defence and the elected authority in charge of the armed forces, the diplomatic corps, senior officers of the French forces (Sangaris) and the European Union military advisory mission in the Central African Republic, to ensure the effectiveness of the programme. Accordingly, it is proposed that the Unit be renamed Service in line with the structural naming convention of the Organization.

Component 3: restoration and extension of State authority

61. Following successful presidential and national elections in the Central African Republic, the Mission will intensify its efforts to address the structural and governance deficiencies that continue to exist in the country. As both the security

and the political situation improve, the Mission will continue to engage the United Nations country team and other partners to strengthen territorial administration across the country by providing support to the prefects and sub-prefects, the police and gendarmerie as well as the judicial and corrections institutions, within the framework of the United Nations global focal point arrangements; this will allow for an enhancement of the capacity of State institutions and administrative structures to enable them to perform core government functions effectively. The Mission, in coordination with the United Nations country team, particularly UNDP, will enhance its ability to coordinate its support to the Government in its effort towards restoration of State authority and stability. MINUSCA will continue to support the deployment of civil administration and local governance through capacity-building of a professional and accountable territorial administration to achieve improved delivery of administrative and social services. In order to fulfil its mandate, the Mission will continue to contribute to the restoration of the rule of law in all areas of the country, to the fight against impunity and to the sustainability of law and order, through the rehabilitation of related infrastructure (courts and prisons) as well as the reinstatement of qualified and competent judicial and prison actors.

62. In implementing its mandate to bring to justice perpetrators of violations of international humanitarian and human rights law, MINUSCA will continue to assist the elected authorities to strengthen justice institutions and to support national accountability mechanisms, including the Special Criminal Court. In areas where national security forces or judicial authorities are not present or operational, MINUSCA will implement a range of urgent temporary measures to maintain basic law and order and fight impunity. The Mission will advance the work of the Court, together with UNDP, as envisaged by the Security Council, through its substantive activities to help build the capacities of the national judicial police, investigators, prosecutors, magistrates and others working for the Court.

Expected accomplishments	Indicators of achievement
3.1 Progress towards the re-establishment of the rule of law in the Central African Republic	3.1.1 Increase in the number of courts reopened (2014/15: 7; 2015/16: 15; 2016/17: 20)
	3.1.2 Increase in the number of prisons reopened in regions outside Bangui (2014/15: 2; 2015/16: 3; 2016/17: 7)

Outputs

- Technical advice, through weekly meetings with relevant ministerial counterparts and prison authorities, to enhance performance of the prison authorities and personnel in line with international human rights standards
- 21 capacity-building training workshops for national prison personnel throughout the country
- Rehabilitation, construction and equipping of 15 courts and tribunals in the prefectures
- Monthly meetings with relevant national authorities with respect to the coordination and planning of the physical deployment of the actors of the criminal justice system and rule of law in the prefectures
- Preparation of applications/support documents and conducting of quarterly meetings for the rehabilitation and/or construction of prison facilities that will eventually allow for more arrested offenders to be incarcerated safely and humanely, including the separation of male and female detainees

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- Provision of advice and technical assistance, through weekly meetings as well as 5 two-day workshops, for 20 national magistrates handling criminal cases to enable them to conduct impartial and effective investigations of crimes in accordance with international standards
- Weekly meetings with the Ministry of Justice on the finalization of a strategic justice plan that will include the gradual redeployment of justice officials throughout the country and provision for the protection of victims and witnesses and support services, and protection for members of the judiciary
- Conducting 3 two-day training sessions for 100 magistrates to be redeployed to the regions on criminal procedures and court administration and 1 two-day training session for 50 magistrates and 10 police officers on effective techniques for the investigation of cases of sexual and gender-based violence
- Provision of logistical support to the Ministry of Justice for the organization of 3 criminal court sessions, one in each court of appeal (Bangui, Bouar, Bambari)
- Provision of logistical support to the Ministry of Justice to transport by United Nations flights 5 court personnel for 2 mobile court sessions
- Provision of 1 two-day seminar for 50 participants from the bar association and the Ministry of Justice and legal aid providers on the legislation and procedures needed for the establishment of effective legal assistance for indigent persons
- Organization of weekly and monthly multimedia, advocacy and outreach activities to promote the rule of law and access to justice through print and broadcast outlets, workshops and community mobilization activities
- Regular monthly visits to detention centres to monitor conditions of detention and conduct follow-up advocacy with authorities

Expected accomplishments	Indicators of achievement
3.2 Progress towards the re-establishment of governmental institutions and the extension of State authority in the Central African Republic	3.2.1 Increase in the number of local authorities and civil servants deployed and effectively trained (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: 275; 2016/17: 550)
	3.2.2 Increase in the number of national police, gendarmerie, judicial, prison and other officials deployed and effectively trained in the protection of civilians (2014/15: not applicable; 2015/16: 100; 2016/17: 250)

Outputs

- Regular monthly meetings with national authorities to support the development of a strategic vision for the restoration and extension of State authority
- A framework agreed by the elected Government for regular consultations, including the international donor community, stakeholders and partners, on the implementation of an agreed road map for the restoration and extension of State authority for the Central African Republic and on policy-making
- Preparation of local community debates in advance of local elections
- Regular interaction with local political actors, including civil society, to foster political engagement in support of decentralization

- 12 capacity-building workshops, in coordination with the European Union and the United Nations country team, for 300 prefects, sub-prefects, mayors and civil servants, on public administration/core government competencies and local governance, and planning and budgeting of local stabilization and reconstruction projects
- Rehabilitation and/or construction of 12 civilian administration structures across the country
- Weekly support to national authorities in managing weapons and ammunition to ensure the safe and
 effective management, storage and security of their stockpiles, including monthly meetings with senior
 local authorities to provide advice and monitor weapons and ammunition management practices within the
 wider security sector reform framework

External factors

The security environment and the timely deployment of necessary human resources as well as cooperation from national and provincial authorities

Table 12 **Human resources: component 3, restoration and extension of State authority**

			Internationa	l staff				77 1. 1	
Civilian staff	USG- ASG	D-2- D-1	P-5- P-4	P-3- P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff ^a	United Nations Volunteers	Total
Justice and Corrections Section									
Approved posts 2015/16	-	1	16	20	1	38	22	9	69
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	16	20	1	38	22	9	69
Net change	_	_	_	-	_	-	_	_	_
Civil Affairs Section									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	6	8	2	17	63	8	88
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	6	8	2	17	63	8	88
Net change	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_
Total									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	2	22	28	3	55	85	17	157
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	2	22	28	3	55	85	17	157
Net change	_	_	_	_		_	_	_	_

Abbreviations: USG, Under-Secretary-General; ASG, Assistant Secretary-General.

Component 4: support

63. The support component of the Mission will provide effective and efficient logistical, administrative and security services in support of the implementation of the mandate of the Mission, through the delivery of related outputs, the implementation of service improvements and the realization of efficiency gains. These services include personnel administration, the establishment and maintenance of office and accommodation facilities, communications and information technology,

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^a Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.

- air and surface transport operations, medical services, property management, conference and camp services and supply and resupply operations.
- 64. Senior leadership for Mission support would provide strategic direction and policy guidance to and liaise with the Government, United Nations Headquarters and other peacekeeping operations. Mission support would be deployed to provide all essential field-based functions as close as possible to clients in order to reduce response times and achieve both cost-effectiveness and economies of scale at various points in the overall delivery of services.
- 65. The support structure of the Mission comprises the Director of Mission Support, the Deputy Director of Mission Support, the Services Delivery Service, the Supply Chain Management Service and the Geospatial, Information and Telecommunications Technologies Section.
- 66. The proposed reorganization of the Mission Support Division will align the structure of the Mission with comparable missions with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions. A summary of the structural reorganization, comprising the transfer, merging and splitting of organizational units, is outlined in the section on staffing changes in the supplementary information to the present report.

Expected accomplishments	Indicators of achievement				
4.1 Increased efficiency and effectiveness of logistical and administrative support for the Mission	 4.1.1 Increase in the establishment of an integrated Mission headquarters, field offices, airfields and/or accommodation facilities (2014/15: 46; 2015/16: 61; 2016/17: 75) 4.1.2 Increase in the deployment of the projected civilian personnel by 30 June 2017 				

Outputs

Service improvements

- Implementation of satellite technology which will provide low latency communications to improve voice quality and provide high definition video and improve Internet speed
- Improved banking facilities and additional ATM machines on the premises of the Mission

Military, police and civilian personnel

- Emplacement, rotation and repatriation of an average strength of 169 military observers, 10,581 military contingent personnel, including 311 staff officers, 400 United Nations police officers and 1,680 formed police personnel, and administration of up to 1,728 civilian staff, comprising 790 international staff, 699 national staff and 239 United Nations Volunteers and 40 Government-provided personnel
- 332 periodic reports on the verification, monitoring and inspection of contingent-owned equipment and self-sustainment for the military contingent and formed police personnel
- Supply and storage of 12,196 tons of rations, 170,100 packs of combat rations and 929,500 litres of bottled water for military contingent and formed police personnel at all mission locations

• Implementation of a conduct and discipline programme for all military, police and civilian personnel, including training, prevention, monitoring and disciplinary action, and recommendations on remedial action where misconduct has occurred

Facilities and infrastructure

- Establishment of prefabricated camps for civilian and uniformed personnel at three sector headquarters (Bouar, Kaga Bandoro and Bria) and 8 subsector offices; 8 warehouses at the logistics base at Bangui M'poko airport; 2 waste management yards in Bangui and 1 sector headquarters; and 17 water boreholes at military camp locations in Sectors West, Centre and East
- Repair of main and secondary supply routes at 3 sectors (525 km) and rehabilitation of 4 bridges in Sector West, 7 in Sector Centre and 5 in Sector East
- · Repair and regular maintenance of 5 unpaved airfields in Bouar, Kaga Bandoro, Bria, Bossangoa and Bambari
- Installation of five 100-man prefabricated kitchens in Bossangoa, Bangassou, Paoua, Birao and Obo
- Construction of septic systems and associated water supplies at 20 locations
- Completion of minimum operating security standards-compliant works at 5 premises in Bangui and 3 sector headquarters
- Operation and maintenance of 40 water treatment plants, 30 wastewater treatment plants, 2,360 air-conditioning units and 320 generators at the 3 sector headquarters, 7 subsector offices and 5 premises in Bangui
- Rehabilitation of 7 buildings at the M'poko camp in Bangui for air, movement control and transport operations
- Supply of 8.4 million litres of petrol, oil and lubricants for generators

Ground transportation

- Operation and maintenance of 906 United Nations-owned vehicles, including armoured vehicles, in 7 workshops at 3 sector headquarters and other field offices
- Operation of a daily shuttle service 7 days a week for an average of 400 United Nations personnel per day between their residential accommodation and the Mission locations
- Supply of 4.4 million litres of petrol, oil and lubricants for ground transportation, including 3.3 million litres for contingent-owned vehicles

Air transportation

- Operation and maintenance of 3 fixed-wing and 12 rotary-wing aircraft
- Storage and supply of 11.8 million litres of petrol, oil and lubricants for air operations

Communications

- Support and maintenance of a satellite network for voice, fax, video and data communications, consisting of a hub station in Bangui, 1,974 call management systems/accessories, 725 network equipment, 37 phone and videoconference equipment and 447 power supplies
- Support and maintenance of 3,789 mobile, base station and handheld radios

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• Support and maintenance of 16 FM radio broadcast stations throughout the Central African Republic and a radio production facility in Bangui

Information technology

- Support and maintenance for 3,070 desktop/laptop computers, 589 printers and 77 servers
- Support and maintenance of 162 local area and wide area networks for approximately 2,520 users at 46 locations in the area of operations of the Mission

Medical

- Operation and maintenance of 1 United Nations level I clinic and 1 United Nations level II hospital in Bangui and of 5 United Nations emergency and first aid stations for Bangui, and an additional 5 United Nations emergency and first aid stations for Bambari, Bossangoa, Bangassou, Berberati and Ndele
- Maintenance of Mission-wide land and air evacuation arrangements for all United Nations locations, including to level III and level IV hospitals outside the Central African Republic
- HIV sensitization programme, including peer education and confidential counselling and testing services for all mission personnel

Integrated Mission Training Centre

- Training of approximately 3,647 personnel through internal and external courses
- Delivery of integrated training materials for 3 two-day training sessions for Women's Protection Advisers and conflict-related sexual violence focal points in military, police and civilian components on mainstreaming conflict-related sexual violence concerns throughout the work of Mission components

Security

- Provision of 24-hour close protection to senior Mission staff and visiting high-level officials
- Induction security training and primary fire training/drills for all new Mission staff

External factors

Security conditions would permit the uninterrupted movement of staff and the deployment of operational resources; goods and services will be delivered as contracted

Table 13 **Human resources: component 4, support**

Category									Total
I. Military personnel Approved 2015/16 Proposed 2016/17									44 44
Net change									_
_			Internation	al staff				United	
II. Civilian staff	USG- ASG	D-2- D-1	P-5- P-4	P-3- P-2	Field Service	Subtotal	National staff ^a	Nations Volunteers	Total
Conduct and Discipline Team									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	_	2	2	1	5	1	=	6
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	_	_	-	-	_	-	=	_
Net change	-	-	(2)	(2)	(1)	(5)	(1)	_	(6)
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	_	_	_	1	_	1	1	_	2
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_
Net change	_	_	_	(1)	_	(1)	(1)	_	(2)
Subtotal									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	_	2	3	1	6	2	=	8
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Net change	_	-	(2)	(3)	(1)	(6)	(2)	_	(8)
Security Section									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	_	2	15	97	114	126	4	244
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	_	2	15	97	114	126	4	244
Net change	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Mission Support Division									
Office of the Director									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	2	2	6	11	7	_	18
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	7	5	26	39	23	2	64
Net change	-	-	5	3	20	28	16	2	46
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	-	-	=	-	2	2	-	_	2
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	_	_	_	4	4	-	_	4
Net change	-	_	-	-	2	2	-	-	2
Subtotal									
Approved 2015/16	_	1	2	2	8	13	7	_	20
Proposed 2016/17		1	7	5	30	43	23	2	68
Net change	_	_	5	3	22	30	16	2	48

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ffice of the Deputy Director									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	9	6	35	51	107	11	169
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	9	11	24	45	103	18	160
Net change	_	_	_	5	(11)	(6)	(4)	7	(3
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	_	_	_	_	10	10	_	_	10
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	-	1	1	8	10	_		10
Net change	-	_	1	1	(2)	-	-	_	-
Subtotal									
Approved 2015/16	-	1	9	6	45	61	107	11	179
Proposed 2016/17	_	1	10	12	32	55	103	18	176
Net change	_	_	1	6	(13)	(6)	(4)	7	(3
ervices Delivery Service									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	15	21	106	143	125	20	288
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	11	14	62	88	82	60	230
Net change	-	-	(4)	(7)	(44)	(55)	(43)	40	(58
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	-	-	1	3	10	14	-	-	14
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	_	-	1	14	15	8	_	23
Net change	_	_	(1)	(2)	4	1	8	_	9
Subtotal									
Approved 2015/16	_	1	16	24	116	157	125	20	302
Proposed 2016/17	_	1	11	15	76	103	90	60	253
Net change	-	_	(5)	(9)	(40)	(54)	(35)	40	(49
upply Chain Management Service									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	1	8	8	33	50	21	1	72
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	1	10	12	79	102	88	36	226
Net change	-	-	2	4	46	52	67	35	154
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	-	_	-	1	13	14	-	_	14
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	-	=	-	3	15	18	_	=	18
Net change	-	_	-	2	2	4	-	_	4
Subtotal	_		_	_		_	_	_	
Approved 2015/16	_	1	8	9	46	64	21	1	86
Proposed 2016/17		1	10	15	94	120	88	36	244
Net change		_	2	6	48	56	67	35	158

Geospatial, Information and Telecommunicat	ions Tech	nologies	Section						
Approved posts 2015/16	_	-	3	3	43	49	24	_	73
Proposed posts 2016/17	-	-	3	3	43	49	24	-	73
Net change	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_
Support Services — Entebbe MONUSCO logi	stics base	and Reg	gional Pro	curemen	t Office				
Approved 2015/16	_	-	_	2	6	8	10	_	18
Proposed 2016/17	=	-	=	2	6	8	10	=	18
Net change	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	_	_	_	_	_	_	1	_	1
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	-	_	-	_	-	_	1	_	1
Net change	_	-	_	-	_	_	_	-	-
Subtotal									
Approved 2015/16	_	_	_	2	6	8	11	_	19
Proposed 2016/17	_	_	_	2	6	8	11	_	19
Net change	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-
Civilian staff									
Approved posts 2015/16	_	4	41	59	327	431	421	36	888
Proposed posts 2016/17	_	4	42	62	337	445	456	120	1 021
Net change	_	-	1	3	10	14	35	84	133
Approved temporary positions ^b 2015/16	_	_	1	5	35	41	2	_	43
Proposed temporary positions ^b 2016/17	_	_	1	5	41	47	9	-	56
Net change	_	-	_	-	6	6	7	-	13
Total, civilian staff									
Approved 2015/16	-	4	42	64	362	472	423	36	931
Proposed 2016/17	-	4	43	67	378	492	465	120	1 077
Net change	_	_	1	3	16	20	42	84	146
Total (I and II)									
Approved 2015/16	_	4	42	64	362	472	423	36	975
Proposed 2016/17	_	4	43	67	378	492	465	120	1 121
Net change	_	_	1	3	16	20	42	84	146

Abbreviations: ASG, Assistant Secretary-General; USG, Under-Secretary-General.

^a Includes National Professional Officers and national General Service staff.

^b Funded under general temporary assistance, in civilian personnel costs.

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International staff: net increase of 20 posts/positions (including 6 temporary positions)

National staff: net increase of 42 posts/positions (including 7 temporary positions)

United Nations Volunteers: net increase of 84 positions

Conduct and Discipline Team

67. The proposed transfer of the Conduct and Discipline Team (eight approved posts and positions) to the executive direction and management of the Mission is set out in table 5 and described in paragraphs 44 to 46.

Mission Support Division

Office of the Director of Mission Support

Table 14 **Human resources: Claims and Board of Inquiry Unit**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	-2	NPO	Claims Officers	Redeployment]
	-2	FS	Claims Assistant	Redeployment	
	-1	NPO	Claims Assistant	Redeployment	To Claims and Board of Inquiry Unit,
Subtotal	-5				Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support
Positions	-1	FS	Claims Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	-1				J
Net change	-6				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NPO, National Professional Officer.

68. It is proposed that the Claims and Board of Inquiry Unit presented in table 14 be transferred to the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support from the Office of the Director of Mission Support. The number of cases has increased during the 2015 period, with 22 cases pending review before the Local Claims Review Board. The caseload is expected to increase owing to the full deployment of uniformed personnel; more deployment of civilian staff; more vehicles on the road and poor road conditions in the country and in particular in the sectors; poor security in some of the sectors and the high risk of looting, robbery and theft; and the volatile security situation, which can prompt a security crisis and evacuation at any time. Many of the cases currently pending before the Board are the result of the crisis in September and October 2015 when the residences of many Mission personnel were looted after the personnel were evacuated to secure locations. The transfer of the Unit would improve the balance of the workload between the two offices, given the transfer of the Finance and Budget Section and the Human Resources Management Section from the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support to the Office of the Director of Mission Support.

Office of the Director of Mission Support

Table 15 **Human resources: Finance and Budget Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+1	FS	Cashier	Establishment	
	+1	FS	Finance and Budget Assistant	Conversion	
	+1	P-5	Chief of Budget and Finance	Redeployment]
	+1	P-4	Finance and Budget Officer	Redeployment	
	+2	NPO	Finance and Budget Officer	Redeployment	
	+11	FS	Finance and Budget Assistant	Redeployment	
	+4	NGS	Finance and Budget Assistant	Redeployment	From Office of the Deputy Director of
	+1	NGS	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	Mission Support
	+1	NGS	Archive Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+23				
Positions	+1	FS	Finance and Budget Assistant	Redeployment	_]
	-1	FS	Finance and Budget Assistant	Conversion	
Subtotal	_				
Net change	+23				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer.

69. The approved staffing establishment of the Finance and Budget Section comprises 22 posts and temporary positions (1 Chief Budget and Finance Officer (P-5), 5 Finance and Budget Officer (1 P-4, 2 Field Service and 2 National Professional Officer), 13 Finance and Budget Assistant (9 Field Service and 4 national General Service), 1 Administrative Assistant (national General Service), 1 Archive Assistant (national General Service) and 1 temporary position of Finance and Budget Assistant (Field Service)). During the current period, the Mission continues to establish and expand into new sectors, including integrated offices in Bambari, Boussangoa and Berberati, with the expectation that these sector offices will reach full planned strength leading up to and throughout the 2016/17 period. In order to adequately support the operation at these locations, and in particular in the absence of banking facilities, the Finance and Budget Section will operate regional imprest accounts at these locations. By providing on-site financial support in the targeted sectors, delays in procuring emergency supplies and services, which exacerbate the situation on the ground where the infrastructure is poor, the market is extremely limited and local banking facilities are absent, will be minimized.

70. In the light of the above, it is proposed that one new post, presented in table 15, be established of Cashier to oversee the regional imprest custodians for the three sector headquarters in Bouar, Kaga Bandoro and Bria. Furthermore, it is proposed that, in view of the long-term nature of the function, the current temporary position presented in table 15 be converted to a post; this represents one of the three current regional Finance and Budget Assistants in the Section.

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71. It is proposed that the Finance and Budget Section be transferred to the Office of the Director of Mission Support from the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, given that transactional responsibility in MINUSCA has been transferred to the Regional Service Centre in Entebbe, leaving these functions with a more strategic role and making them well suited to reporting directly to the Director of Mission Support.

Office of the Director of Mission Support

Table 16 **Human resources: Human Resources Management Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+1	NPO	Human Resources Officer	Establishment	
	+1	P-5	Chief Human Resources Officer	Redeployment]
	+2	P-4	Human Resources Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	P-3	Human Resources Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	NPO	Human Resources Officer	Redeployment	
	+8	FS	Human Resources Assistant	Redeployment	From Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support
	+8	NGS	Human Resources Assistant	Redeployment	mosion support
Subtotal	+22				_
Positions	+2	FS	Human Resources Assistant	Redeployment	_
Subtotal	+2				_
Net change	+24				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer.

72. The approved staffing establishment of the Human Resources Management Section comprises 23 posts and temporary positions (1 Chief Human Resources Officer (P-5), 6 Human Resources Officer (2 P-4, 1 P-3, 2 Field Service and 1 National Professional Officer), 14 Human Resources Assistant (6 Field Service) and 2 temporary positions of Human Resources Assistant (Field Service)). While the recruitment campaigns conducted during the last quarter of 2014 and the first half of 2015 yielded a low vacancy rate in international posts, additional efforts need to be made for the recruitment of national posts as the Mission shifts to sustaining ongoing operational needs. In line with the human resources strategy of building local capacity and empowering national staff to gradually take over professional-level responsibilities while ensuring continuity in human resources management, the Mission is pursuing efforts to reduce the vacancy rate of national posts. However, given the difficulties in finding suitable candidates, in particular females, it is anticipated that in 2016/17 the vacancy rate of national posts will still be higher than the rate of international posts.

73. In the light of the above, it is proposed that one new post presented in table 16 be established to oversee, coordinate, monitor and report on the activities of the national staff recruitment cell, ensuring compliance with established rules, regulations, policies and standards applicable to the recruitment and retention of

qualified and suitable national staff. In addition, this function will bring in in-depth understanding of the local context, which is critical in the continuing efforts to improve gender balance.

74. It is proposed that the Human Resources Management Section, presented in table 16, be transferred to the Office of the Director of Mission Support from the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, given that transactional responsibility in MINUSCA has been transferred to the Regional Service Centre in Entebbe, leaving these functions with a more strategic role and making them well suited to reporting directly to the Director of Mission Support.

Office of the Director of Mission Support

Table 17 **Human resources: Staff and Welfare Counselling Unit**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+2	P-3	Staff Counsellor	Redeployment]
	+1	FS	Assistant Staff Counsellor	Redeployment	
	+1	NGS	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	From Office of the Deputy Director of
Subtotal	+4				Mission Support
Positions	+1	FS	Staff and Welfare Assistant	Redeployment	-]
Subtotal	+1				
Net change	+5				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service.

75. It is proposed that the Staff and Welfare Counselling Unit, presented in table 17, be transferred to the Office of the Director of Mission Support from the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, to align the staffing structure of MINUSCA with other missions with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions.

Office of the Director of Mission Support

Table 18 **Human resources: United Nations Volunteers Support Office**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Positions	+2	UNV	Support Officer	Redeployment	From Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support
Net change	+2				

Abbreviation: UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

76. It is proposed that the United Nations Volunteers Support Office, presented in table 18, be transferred to the Office of the Director of Mission Support from the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, to align the staffing structure of

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MINUSCA with other missions with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support

Table 19 **Human resources: Occupational Health, Safety and Environment Unit**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+1	P-3	Health and Safety Officer	Establishment	
	+1	NPO	Associate Environmental Affairs Officer	Establishment	
	+2	NGS	Health and Safety Assistant	Establishment	
Net change	+4				

Abbreviations: NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer.

77. The approved staffing establishment of the Occupational Health, Safety and Environment Unit comprises two posts (1 Environmental Officer (P-4) and 1 Environmental Assistant (Field Service)). The Unit is responsible for mainstreaming and building the capacity of staff in MINUSCA and local communities on sustainable environmental management practices and the responsibility of safeguarding of natural resources in the sectors and at 45 sites. Training will be conducted for the Mission and national institutions, including the police and gendarmerie, at the national and sector levels and the Unit will advocate for the issues with national partners, including local and administrative authorities, NGOs and civil society. In its report (69/839/Add.12), the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions noted the environmental measures being undertaken by MINUSCA and encouraged the Mission to continue to enhance the activities in that regard. During the 2016/17 period, MINUSCA intends to further expand its efforts by establishing waste disposal and treatment facilities at all Mission locations. This will require periodic inspection to ensure that the relevant projects are implemented, on track and in compliance with the relevant directives of the United Nations. Additional national posts are also sought to provide training and education on sustainable environmental practices. Their roles will be instrumental in raising awareness at the community level and mobilizing local authorities and civil societies.

78. In the light of the above, it is proposed that the four new posts presented in table 19 be established to ensure that the Mission is compliant with the environmental policy of the Organization for field missions, which provides specific directions to missions to establish environmental objectives, as well as with the Secretary-General's guidance on the environment.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, Staff and Welfare Counselling Unit

79. The proposed transfer of the Staff and Welfare Counselling Unit (five approved posts and positions) to the Office of the Director of Mission Support is set out in table 17.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, United Nations Volunteers Support Office

80. The proposed transfer of the United Nations Volunteers Support Office (two approved posts) to the Office of the Director of Mission Support is set out in table 18.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support

Table 20 **Human resources: Claims and Board of Inquiry Unit**

	Change Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
				Establishments
Posts	+1 P-4	Board of Inquiry Officer	Establishment	
	+1 P-3	Claims Officer	Establishment	
	+2 FS	Board of Inquiry Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+4			
				Redeployments
	+2 NPO	Claims Officer	Redeployment]
	+2 FS	Claims Assistant	Redeployment	
	+1 NPO	Claims Assistant	Redeployment	From Claims and Board of Inquiry Unit, Office of the Director of Mission
Subtotal	+5			Support
Positions	+1 FS	Claims Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+1			
Net change	+10			

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NPO, National Professional Officer.

- 81. The approved staffing establishment of the Claims and Board of Inquiry Unit comprises six posts and temporary positions (2 Claims Officer (2 National Professional Officer), 3 Claims Assistant (2 Field Service and 1 National Professional Officer) and 1 temporary position of Claims Assistant (Field Service)).
- 82. On the basis of the increase in caseload anticipated for the 2016/17 period and other factors described in paragraph 68, it is proposed that the four new posts presented in table 20 be established and the Unit split into two separate units: the Claims Unit and the Board of Inquiry Unit.
- 83. The proposed transfer of the Claims and Board of Inquiry Unit is set out in table 14 and described in paragraph 68.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, Finance and Budget Section

84. The proposed transfer of the Finance and Budget Section (22 approved posts and positions) to the Office of the Director of Mission Support is set out in table 15.

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Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support, Human Resources Management Section

85. The proposed transfer of the Human Resources Management Section (23 approved posts and positions) to the Office of the Director of Mission Support is set out in table 16.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support

Table 21 **Human resources: Conference/Camp Management Unit**

	Change Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	-1 FS -2 FS -1 UNV	Chief of Camp Management Camp Management Assistant Camp Management Assistant	Redeployment Redeployment Redeployment	To Camp Management Unit, Facilities and Engineering Management Section, Services Delivery Service
Net change	-4	r	- raif ay	

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

86. It is proposed that the Camp Management Unit, presented in table 21, be transferred from the Conference/Camp Management Unit of the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support to the Facilities and Engineering/Management Section of the Services Delivery Service, to better reflect the nature of the work and provide for an alignment of camp management and facilities management efforts towards ensuring an appropriate standard of accommodation and the requisite functional workspace required by all components of the Mission. It will also enable the Deputy Director of Mission Support to focus more on the overall coordination of cross-cutting issues. Furthermore, it is proposed to change the name of the conference services functions remaining in the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support to the Conference and Translation Unit to better reflect the core translation work of the unit.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support

Table 22 **Human resources: Integrated Mission Training Cell**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
					Establishments
Posts	+1	NPO	Training Officer	Establishment	
	+1	NGS	Training Assistant	Establishment	
	+1	UNV	Training Officer	Establishment	
Subtotal	+3				
					Redeployments
	+1	P-4	Chief of Training Cell	Redeployment]
	+2	P-3	Training Officer	Redeployment	From Integrated Mission Training Cell
	+1	FS	Training Officer	Redeployment	Office of the Chief of Staff, executive
	+1	UNV	Training Officer	Redeployment	direction and management
	+1	NGS	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+6				
Net change	+9				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

- 87. The approved staffing establishment of the Integrated Mission Training Cell comprises six posts (1 Chief (P-4), 4 Training Officer (2 P-3, 1 Field Service and 1 United Nations Volunteer) and 1 Administrative Assistant (national General Service)). MINUSCA recently established a training cell in the field office in Kaga Bandoro which aims to extend training services, including coordinating the delivery of mandatory programmes, to staff located in the sectors. Mandatory programmes cover areas such as protection of civilians and conflict-related sexual violence. The Cell is expected to launch the national staff capacity-building programme and establish the necessary partnerships with local partners to execute the programme in the sectors and to extend other programmes delivered at headquarters, such as the language programme, to the field. The planned decrease in the dependency of the sectors on the headquarters training programmes would subsequently reduce the cost of travel and increase the participation of sector staff in mandated or capacity-building activities, resulting in an efficiency gain.
- 88. In the light of the above, it is proposed that the three new posts presented in table 22 be established to provide a range of training services to the military, police and civilian personnel of the Mission in the field.
- 89. The proposed transfer of the Integrated Mission Training Cell is described in paragraph 43.

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Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support

Table 23
Human resources: Mission Sector Support Offices

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	-3	P-4	Regional Support Officer	Redeployment	
	-6	FS	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	To Mississa Source at Contra
	-4	UNV	Logistics Assistant	Redeployment	To Mission Support Centre
	-2	UNV	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	
	-1	P-3	Environmental Officer	Reassignment	To Procurement Section, Supply Chain Management Service, as Procurement Officer
	-1	FS	Administrative Assistant	Reassignment	To Procurement Section, Supply Chain Management Service, as Procurement Assistan
Subtotal	-17				
Positions	-6	FS	Regional Support Assistant	Redeployment	To Mission Support Centre
Subtotal	-6				
Net change	-23				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

90. It is proposed that the Mission Sector Support Offices, presented in table 23, be subsumed by the Mission Support Centre and the Mission Support Centre, presented in table 24, be transferred to the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support from the Services Delivery Service. Both the Mission Sector Support Offices and the Mission Support Centre provide support to the regional and sector offices, with one focusing on administrative support and the other on logistical support. The amalgamation of the two offices under the supervision of the Deputy Director of Mission Support will streamline the support structure, optimize response times and help to improve the effectiveness of sector support by eliminating duplication of collection and processing of information concerning logistics and administrative needs at the regional/sector headquarters and their respective outstations. The merger will also assist in ensuring one single entry point through which the needs of the regional/sector headquarters and their respective outstations are processed. It will further ensure follow-up and monitoring of the effectiveness of solutions for different situations and in respect of customer needs and locationspecific challenges.

91. It is proposed that two posts, as presented in table 23, be reassigned from the Mission Sector Support Offices and one post, as presented in table 24, be reassigned from the Mission Support Centre to the Procurement Section of the Supply Chain Management Service to ensure oversight and appropriate controls over leased premises and other property that is provided in support of MINUSCA, the timely renewal of "right to use" agreements between the Government of the Central African Republic and MINUSCA and the timely extension of lease arrangements between MINUSCA and individual property owners, consistent with the objectives presented in paragraph 24.

Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support

Table 24 **Human resources: Mission Support Centre**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	-1	P-3	Logistics Officer	Abolishment	
	-1	FS	Logistics Assistant	Abolishment	
Subtotal	-2				
Posts	-1	NGS	Logistics Assistant	Reassignment	To Procurement Section, Supply Chain Management Service, as Procurement Assistant
	+1	P-5	Chief of Mission Support Centre	Redeployment]
	+2	P-4	Logistics Officer	Redeployment	
	+6	P-3	Logistics Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	NGS	Logistics Officer	Redeployment	
	+6	FS	Logistics Assistant	Redeployment	
	+5	NGS	Logistics Assistant	Redeployment	From Mission Support Centre, Services
	+8	UNV	Logistics Assistant	Redeployment	Delivery Service
	+2	FS	Regional Support Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	FS	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	
Positions	+1	P-4	Logistics Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	P-3	Logistics Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	FS	Logistics Assistant	Redeployment	J
Subtotal	+34				
Posts	+3	P-4	Regional Support Officer	Redeployment]
	+6	FS	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	
	+4	UNV	Logistics Assistant	Redeployment	- From Mission Sector Support Offices
	+2	UNV	Administrative Assistant	Redeployment	
Positions	+6	FS	Regional Support Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+21				
Net change	+53				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

- 92. The proposed transfer of the Mission Support Centre and subsuming of the Mission Sector Support Offices is set out in table 24 and are described in paragraph 90.
- 93. In addition to the restructuring of the Mission Support Centre and Mission Sector Support Offices described above, it is proposed that two posts be abolished and one post be reassigned to the Procurement Section, presented in table 24. The synergy achieved by merging the Centre and the Office will result in a more

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streamlined support mechanism for the sectors and the reduced workload associated with coordination and administrative support.

Services Delivery Service

Table 25 **Human resources: Office of the Chief**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Positions	-1	P-3	Project Management Officer	Abolishment	
Net change	-1				

94. It is proposed that one temporary position. presented in table 25. be abolished in the Office of the Chief of the Services Delivery Service, given that the Mission is approaching the end of its establishment phase.

Services Delivery Service, Mission Support Centre

95. The proposed transfer of the Mission Support Centre (35 approved posts and positions) to the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support is set out in table 24.

Services Delivery Service

Table 26 **Human resources: Facilities and Engineering Management Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+4	UNV	Engineering Technician	Establishment	
	+15	UNV	Engineering Technician	Establishment	
	-1	FS	Engineering Assistant	Reassignment	To Acquisition Planning Section as Acquisition Planning Assistant
Subtotal	+18				
Positions	+1	FS	Water Sanitation Technician	Establishment	
	+1	FS	Generator Mechanic	Establishment	
	+2	FS	Electrician	Establishment	
	+1	FS	Heating, Ventilation and Air- Conditioning Technician	Establishment	
	+8	NGS	Engineering Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+13				
Net change	+31				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

96. The approved staffing establishment of the Facilities and Engineering Management Section comprises 74 posts and temporary positons (1 Chief Engineer

(P-5), 2 Administrative Assistant (1 Field Service and 1 national General Service), 5 Engineer (3 P-4 and 2 Field Service), 2 Sector Engineer (P-3), 1 Water and Sanitation Engineer (P-3), 1 Airfield and Roads Engineer (Field Service), 2 Water and Sanitation Technician (Field Service), 4 Generator Mechanic/Technician (Field Service), 1 Technician (Field Service), 47 Engineering Assistant (14 Field Service and 33 national General Service) and 8 temporary positions of Engineering Assistant (Field Service)). While the installation of more camps and electrical works and the rehabilitation of existing infrastructure such as the sanitation network continue into the third year of the establishment phase, and given the increase in authorized uniformed personnel strength, the operation, maintenance and repair activities for the completed establishment will grow. The Mission will work to improve living and working conditions and train the local workforce as well as members of the military in technical areas to ensure the proper, efficient and maximum utilization of equipment and infrastructure. The functions of supervising, inspecting and monitoring commercially outsourced service contracts for the maintenance and installation of equipment become more complex and difficult to perform effectively and efficiently without in-house capacity. With the current staffing establishment and the demands in terms of extending support simultaneously at various locations common to the development stages of the infrastructure of a mission, it would be extremely difficult to undertake the technical duties required to service over 46 locations. Additional capacity would oversee the timely completion of construction programmes, the quality of construction and installations, the operating conditions of military and police units and the level of service delivery of other Mission support sections; resolve setbacks such as non-attendance or delays in the delivery of services and defects; mitigate incidents causing injury; and monitor the costs of commercial contractors.

- 97. In the context described above, it is proposed that the 32 new posts and temporary positions presented in table 26 be established.
- 98. The posts performing requisitioning functions will be redeployed from individual self-accounting units of various sections to the Acquisition Planning Section, which currently comprises only one post, in order to improve the acquisition planning process and for the purposes of raising detailed shopping carts/statements of work in support of the procurement process. The Acquisition Planning Section will also manage the supplier relationship to ensure that issues are resolved quickly and that a high level of service is received from vendors and suppliers. In this context, it is proposed that one post, as presented in table 26, be reassigned to the Acquisition Planning Section.

Services Delivery Service, Camp Management Unit

99. The proposed transfer of the Camp Management Unit (four approved posts) from the Office of the Deputy Director of Mission Support is set out in table 21.

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Services Delivery Service

Table 27 **Human resources: Supply Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
					To Contract Management Section
Posts	-1	P-3	Chief Rations Officer	Reassignment	as Contract Management Officer
	-2	FS	Rations Assistant	Reassignment	as Contract Management Assistant
	-10	FS	Supply Assistant	Reassignment	- as Contract Management Assistant
	-3	NPO	Supply Officer	Reassignment	as Contract Management Officer
	-13	NGS	Supply Assistant	Reassignment	as Contract Management Assistant
Subtotal	-29				
	-1	FS	Supply Assistant	Reassignment	To Acquisition Planning Section of Supply Chain Management Service as Acquisition Planning Assistant
Subtotal	-1				
	-2	NPO	Rations Officer	Reassignment	To Movement Control Unit of Supply Chain Management Service as Movement Control Officer
Subtotal	-2				
Net change	-32				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer.

100. It is proposed that the Fuel and Rations Units, comprising 29 posts presented in table 27, which manages the turnkey contracts for rations and fuel, be transferred from the Supply Section of the Services Delivery Service to the Contract Management Section of the Supply Chain Management Service to amalgamate the management of all contracts under one section, with the aim of streamlining functions and improving quality control and assurance, invoice processing and timely payment for services rendered.

101. Additionally, it is proposed that one post, as presented in table 27, be reassigned to the Acquisition Planning Section, as described in paragraph 98, and that two posts be reassigned to the Movement Control Unit to lead the management of the Heavy Transport Unit, the heavy equipment drivers and other administrative management tasks at the respective locations.

102. It is proposed that the Supply Section be renamed the General Supply Unit, in accordance with the structural naming convention of the Organization.

Services Delivery Service

Table 28 Human resources: Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts					
Immediate Office	-1	FS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	To Douala Office, Supply Chain Management Service
	-1	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	To Movement Control Unit, Supply Chain Management Service
					To Contract Management Section, Supply Chain Management Service
	-1	P-5	Chief, Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section	Reassignment	as Chief of Section, Contract Management
	-1	FS	Movement Control Assistant	Reassignment	as Contract Management Assistant
	-1	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Reassignment	as Contract Management Assistant
Subtotal	-5				
Joint Movement	-1	NPO	Unit Chief	Redeployment	
Coordination Centre	-1	P-3	Movement Control Office	Redeployment	T. C. I. Cl.: M.
	-3	FS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	To Supply Chain Management Service
	-3	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	-8				
Movement Control Uni	t -1	FS	Unit Chief	Redeployment	
	-9	FS	Movement Control Officer	Redeployment	
	-1	NPO	Movement Control Officer	Redeployment	To Supply Chain Management Service
	-1	UNV	Movement Control Officer	Redeployment	10 Supply Chain Management Service
	-8	FS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
	-18	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
	-2	UNV	Movement Control Officer	Reassignment	To Contract Management Section, Supply Chain Management Service as Rations Officer
Subtotal	-40				
Douala Office	-1	NPO	Chief of Office	Redeployment	
	-2	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	To Supply Chain Management Service
Subtotal	-3				
Total	-56				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

103. The Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section of the Services Delivery Service is responsible for providing the Mission with all its mobility and

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distribution services, covering all aspects of freight movement, in-theatre passenger movement, aviation support through regular and special flights, and in-theatre ground transportation. The integrated movement approach was focused on a comparative advantage with regard to the type of travel and the related synergies. The structure of the Section, which comprises the Joint Movement Coordination Centre, the Movement Control Unit, the Aviation Unit, the Transport Unit and the office in Douala, Cameroon, was intended to provide an initial operating capability to be supplemented by outsourcing certain functions in the movement control and surface transport areas and leveraging resources from the local market.

104. However, the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section will be dissolved as part of the broader restructuring of the support component to align the structure of MINUSCA with the structure of other peacekeeping missions, with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions; this will involve a focus on end-to-end integrated supply chain management and service delivery across the Mission.

105. Movement control activities will be transferred from the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section of the Services Delivery Service to the Supply Chain Management Service where they will be performed by an independent, expanded unit, ensuring that goods and equipment are prepared and transported in accordance with optimized schedules. The Movement Control Unit will oversee inbound and outbound logistics activities, including movement of equipment and personnel.

106. As a result of the above, it is proposed that the Joint Movement Coordination Centre, the Movement Control Unit and the Douala Office elements of the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section, presented in table 28, be transferred to the Supply Chain Management Service. As a result of these transfers, the functions of the immediate Office will cease, and it is therefore proposed that two posts of the Office be redeployed and three posts reassigned across various offices, as indicated in table 28.

107. Furthermore, it is proposed that two posts be reassigned to the Contract Management Section of the Supply Chain Management Service, as described in paragraph 100.

Services Delivery Service

Table 29 **Human resources: Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts					
Aviation Unit	+1	NPO	Associate Air Operations Officer	Establishment	
	+1	NGS	Air Operations Assistant	Establishment	
	+1	UNV	Air Operations Assistant	Establishment	
	+2	UNV	Air Operations Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+5				

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
	-1	P-3	Aviation Officer	Abolishment	
	-1	FS	Aviation Assistant	Abolishment	
Subtotal	-2				
	-1	FS	Aviation Assistant	Reassignment	To Acquisition Planning Section as Acquisition Planning Assistant
	-1	FS	Aviation Assistant	Reassignment	To Central Warehouse Section as Warehouse Assistant
Subtotal	-2				
Net change	+1	•			

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

108. The approved staffing establishment of the Aviation Unit comprises 30 posts (1 Chief (P-4), 11 Aviation Officer (5 P-3, 1 P-2, 1 National Professional Officer and 4 United Nations Volunteer) and 18 Aviation Assistant (14 Field Service and 4 national General Service)). The reconfiguration of the air fleet of the Mission involved replacing three aeroplanes, two of which were provided under cost-share arrangements managed by the originating Mission, with three additional helicopters, resulting in a net addition of two aircraft for the Mission. Although the number of flight hours will decline slightly for the fixed-wing aircraft, the number of hours will increase for the rotary-wing aircraft on the basis of the planned operations. Furthermore, the unmanned aerial system will be deployed in the 2016/17 period. The additional equipment and services will involve an increased volume of crew and aircraft documentation to manage field inspections and invoice verification activities. Of the existing capacity, 6 Aviation Assistants are located at the sector headquarters.

109. In the context described above, it is proposed that the five new posts presented in table 29 be established to carry out effective monitoring of the carrier evaluations, aircraft documentation and crew qualifications, ensuring compliance with the additional contractual agreements, and to coordinate the flights to the sectors.

110. It is proposed that the two posts presented in table 29 be abolished, given the reduced need for coordination and management of regional flights, i.e. twice-weekly flights to Entebbe; given the additional capacity of national staff and United Nations Volunteers, the requirement for international staff is reduced.

111. It is proposed that one post, as presented in table 29, be reassigned to the Acquisition Planning Section, as described in paragraph 98. It is proposed that the post presented in table 29 be reassigned to the Central Warehouse Section to provide a synchronized approach to warehousing work processes, functions and activities.

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Table 30 **Human resources: Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts					
Transport Unit	+7	NGS	Transport Assistant	Establishment	
	+4	UNV	Transport Officer	Establishment	
	+13	UNV	Transport Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+24				
	-1	FS	Transport Officer	Reassignment	To Acquisition Planning Section as Acquisition Planning Officer
	-1	FS	Transport Officer	Reassignment	To Central Warehouse Section as Warehouse Officer
Subtotal	-2				
Net change	+22				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

112. The approved staffing establishment of the Transport Unit comprises 42 posts (1 Chief (P-4), 8 Transport Officer (2 Field Service, 1 National Professional Officer and 5 United Nations Volunteer) and 33 Transport Assistant (11 Field Service and 22 national General Service)). The deployment of vehicles in the field offices and sector headquarters (Bouar, Kaga Bandoro, Bria, Bambari, Bangassou, Paoua, Bossangoa, Berberati, Obo, Birao and Ndele) will continue during the 2016/17 period and is expected to reach a total of 450 vehicles, compared with 191 at December 2015. The field offices of the Transport Unit require a strong team of skilled and experienced personnel to support regional activities and a sufficient number of national staff to maintain the fleet. The envisaged outsourcing arrangement of all types of workshop maintenance and repair services in the 2015/16 period was not successful, given the unavailability of service providers with the requisite skills. The Mission therefore revised its staffing structure within the Unit to accommodate an in-house local solution, to include all types of work covering both the maintenance and driving components. Furthermore, as the Mission expands with the deployment of uniformed personnel and civilian personnel to the regions, the establishment of additional transport field workshops is required to effectively maintain and monitor the work process and custody of the assets, and to support the transportation needs of the Mission in general.

113. In the context described above, it is proposed that the 24 new posts presented in table 30 be established to partially meet the gap in outsourced programmes planned in 2015/16, given the challenges with regard to outsourcing locally in the Central African Republic and the higher costs of outsourcing internationally envisaged by the Mission.

114. It is proposed that two posts, as presented in table 30, be reassigned to the Acquisition Planning Section, as described in paragraph 98, and to the Central Warehouse Section to provide a synchronized approach to warehousing work processes, functions and activities.

Services Delivery Service

Table 31 **Human resources: Medical Services Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
Posts	+2	P-3	Medical Officer	Establishment	
	+3	FS	Medical Officer	Establishment	
	+1	FS	Asset Manager	Establishment	
	+9	UNV	Medical Officer	Establishment	
	+1	UNV	Electro-Medical Technician	Establishment	
	+1	UNV	Hygiene Officer	Establishment	
Net change	+17				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

115. The approved staffing establishment of the Medical Services Section comprises 13 posts and temporary positions (1 Chief Medical Officer (P-5), 4 Medical Officer (1 P-4, 2 P-3 and 1 National Professional Officer), 1 Pharmacist (P-3), 2 Nurse (Field Service), 2 Administrative Assistant (1 Field Service and 1 national General Service), 2 Ambulance Driver (national General Service) and 1 temporary position of Medical Assistant (Field Service)). The Mission plans to establish and operate one United Nations-owned level I clinic in Bangui and five emergency medical posts situated at five field locations. The Mission will oversee the day-to-day operation of the medical facilities that will provide primary health care, occupational health services and emergency medical response services to all Mission personnel. In Bangui, this will allow the hybrid level II hospital to operate as a Mission-referral hospital and focus on the relevant services. In the initial planning stages of the Mission, it was initially envisaged that the medical facilities would be operated by commercial medical contractors; however, that approach was too costly.

116. In the light of the above, it is proposed that the 17 new posts presented in table 31 be established in place of the envisaged outsourcing arrangement which was unsuccessful in the 2015/16 period, given the challenges with regard to sourcing local service providers with the requisite skills and standards in the Central African Republic and the higher costs of outsourcing internationally.

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Supply Chain Management Service

Table 32 **Human resources: Procurement Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
					Establishments
Posts	+4	NGS	Procurement Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+4				
					Reassignments
	+1	P-3	Procurement Officer	Reassignment	From Mission Spoton Sympost Office
	+1	FS	Procurement Assistant	Reassignment	From Mission Sector Support Office
	+1	NGS	Procurement Assistant	Reassignment	From Mission Support Centre
Subtotal	+3				
					Establishments
Positions	+2	P-3	Procurement Officer	Establishment	
	+2	FS	Procurement Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+4				
Subtotal	+11			_	

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service.

117. The approved staffing establishment of the Procurement Section comprises 11 posts and temporary positions (1 Chief Procurement Officer (P-4), 3 Procurement Officer (1 P-3, 1 P-2 and 1 National Professional Officer), 5 Procurement Assistant (3 Field Service and 2 national General Service), 1 temporary position of Procurement Officer (P-3) and 1 temporary position of Procurement Assistant (Field Service)). The Section is divided into two units: Unit One is responsible for engineering (including facilities management) and medical requirements, including leases, and Unit Two is responsible for geospatial, information technologies, and movement, telecommunications supply, aviation transportation requirements. To improve the management and response provided to its clients, and in the light of the reorganized structure of the Mission Support Division with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions, the Procurement Section will be organized in three units. During the 2016/17 period, competitive bidding exercises are expected to double, from 240 during the 2015/16 period to 480, covering local contracts and one-time purchases as the Mission focuses on establishing local and regional purchases/contracts. In addition, the cost of increased use of system contracts and the associated freight forwarding is expected to increase from \$115 million to approximately \$250 million during the 2015/16 period as the Mission transitions from its start-up phase. In order to establish good commercial practices, procurement staff will also be heavily involved in activities to identify local and regional vendors by participating in business seminars in the Central African Republic and countries in the region, for example, Cameroon. In addition, to ensure contract compliance, staff will work closely with the various stakeholders to be more proactively involved in the review

and preparation of statements of work to ensure commercial acceptability and the creation of manageable technical evaluation criteria combined with measurable key performance indicators.

118. In the light of the above, it is proposed that the four new posts and four new temporary positions presented in table 32 be established to support the Contract Unit, which is responsible for the management of systems contracts and the establishment of local contracts, and the Freight and Expediting Unit, which is responsible for establishing arrangements for freight and transportation as well as expediting deliveries.

119. The proposed inward reassignment of three posts, as presented in table 32, are described in paragraph 91.

Supply Chain Management Service, Acquisition Planning Section

120. The proposed reassignments, of one post each from the Facilities and Engineering Management Section, the Supply Section, the Aviation Unit and the Transport Unit (four posts in total), are described in tables 26, 27, 29 and 30, respectively, and in paragraph 98.

Supply Chain Management Service

Table 33 **Human resources: Property Management Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
					Establishments
Posts	+1	P-4	Property Management Officer	Establishment	
	+3	FS	Property Management Assistant	Establishment	
	+2	NGS	Property Management Assistant	Establishment	
	+1	UNV	Property Management Assistant	Establishment	
	+2	UNV	Property Management Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+9				
					Reassignments
	+4	FS	Property Management Assistant	Reassignment]
	+3	FS	Property Management Assistant	Reassignment	From Central Warehouse Section
	+1	NGS	Property Management Assistant	Reassignment	
Subtotal	+8				
Subtotal	+17				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

121. The approved staffing establishment of the Property Management Section comprises 20 posts and temporary positions (1 Chief Property Management Officer (P-5), 5 Property Management Officer (2 P-4, 2 P-3 and 1 United Nations Volunteer), 10 Property Management Assistant (6 Field Service and 4 national General Service) and 4 temporary positions of Property Management Assistant

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(Field Service)), distributed across the Property Control and Inventory Unit and the Contingent-owned Equipment Unit. It is expected that over 40,000 United Nations-owned equipment assets will be deployed in the Mission (compared with 22,363 during the 2015/16 period), which require yearly inspections to ensure maximum physical accountability of United Nations property, inventory accuracy and data reliability. The Mission will expand into additional field locations and will handle a significant increase in the number of deployed United Nations-owned equipment assets and anticipates a full deployment of the military and police force (42 memorandums of understanding to be managed at over 55 locations). As offices are established in the sectors, it is intended to deploy additional Property Control and Inventory Unit and Contingent-owned Equipment Unit inspectors. As indicated in the table below, one Property Control and Inventory Unit inspector is capable of inspecting and reporting on 5,000 United Nations-owned equipment assets; thus, an additional three inspectors would be needed to handle the anticipated volume for the 2016/17 period.

Financial period	Number of United Nations-owned equipment assets	Number of United Nations- owned equipment inspectors	Ratio of inspector to United Nations-owned equipment asset
2015/16	22 363	5	1:4 472
2016/17	40 000	8	1:5 000

122. Similarly, one contingent-owned equipment inspector can manage two memorandums of understanding in the case of an infantry battalion and three memorandums of understanding in the case of an independent company/formed police unit. As reflected in the table below, an additional five contingent-owned equipment inspectors are needed to arrive at the acceptable ratio to fulfil the requisite responsibilities.

Financial period	Number of contingents/ units deployed	Number of contingent-owned equipment inspectors	Ratio of inspector to contingents/units
2015/16	12 infantry battalion	6	1:2
	26 independent company/ formed police unit	9	1:3
2016/17	12 infantry battalion	6	1:2
	30 independent company/ formed police unit	10	1:3

123. In the light of the above, it is proposed that nine new posts, as presented in table 33, be established to support the increase in volume of verification inspections of United Nations-owned equipment and contingent-owned equipment at the additional field locations and to ensure that inspections and reimbursement to contributing nations are made on time.

124. An amalgamation of the Receiving and Inspection Unit, the Property Control and Inventory Unit, the Property Disposal Unit, the Property/Survey Board Secretariat and the Contingent-owned Equipment Unit under the Property Management Section will provide oversight for the complete life cycle of assets and

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equipment procured by the Mission. Accordingly, it is proposed that eight posts, as presented in table 33, be reassigned from the Central Warehouse Section.

Supply Chain Management Service, Contract Management Section

125. The proposed reassignment of 29 posts, as presented in table 27, from the Supply Section, Services Delivery Service, and 3 posts from the immediate Office and 2 posts from the Movement Control Unit of the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section, as presented in table 28 (34 posts in total), are described in paragraph 100.

Supply Chain Management Service

Table 34 **Human resources: Central Warehouse Section**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
					Establishments
Posts	+1	P-3	Warehouse Manager	Establishment	
	+1	FS	Administrative Assistant	Establishment	
	+1	NGS	Administrative Assistant	Establishment	
Subtotal	+3				
					Reassignments
	+1	FS	Warehouse Officer	Reassignment	From Transport Unit
	+1	FS	Warehouse Assistant	Reassignment	From Aviation Unit
Subtotal	+2				
					To Property Management Section
	-4	FS	Warehouse Assistant	Reassignment	as Property Management Assistant
	-3	FS	Warehouse Assistant	Reassignment	as Property Management Assistant
	-1	NGS	Administrative Assistant	Reassignment	as Property Management Assistant
Subtotal	-8				
Net change	-3				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service.

126. The approved staffing establishment of the Central Warehouse Section comprises 30 posts and temporary positions (1 Chief of Central Warehousing (P-4), supported by 1 Warehouse Officer (P-3), 22 Warehouse Assistant (15 Field Service and 7 national General Service) and 6 temporary positions of Warehouse Assistant (Field Service)), distributed across the Receiving and Inspection Unit, the Warehousing Unit and the Property Disposal Unit.

127. In the light of the reorganized structure of the Mission Support Division with a view to improving the efficiency and effectiveness of the support functions, it is proposed that three new posts, as presented in table 34, be established.

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- 128. The proposed reassignment of eight posts to the Property Management Section, as presented in table 34, are described in paragraph 124.
- 129. The proposed reassignment of two posts from the Aviation Unit and the Transport Unit, as presented in table 34, are described in paragraphs 114 and 111, respectively.
- 130. It is proposed that the Central Warehouse Section be renamed the Integrated Warehouse Unit.

Supply Chain Management Service, Movement Control Unit

Table 35 **Human resources: Supply Chain Management Service, Movement Control Unit**

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
					Movement Control Unit
Posts	+13	NGS	Driver	Establishment	
	+6	UNV	Movement Control Assistant	Establishment	
	+1	UNV	Movement Control Assistant	Establishment	
	+22	UNV	Driver	Establishment	
Subtotal	+42				
	+1	FS	Unit Chief	Redeployment	
	+9	FS	Movement Control Officer	Redeployment	
	+1	NPO	Movement Control Officer	Redeployment	From Movement Control Unit, Integrated
	+1	UNV	Movement Control Officer	Redeployment	Movement, Aviation and Transport Section
	+8	FS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
	+18	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+38				
	+1	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	From immediate Office, Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section
	+2	NPO	Movement Control Officer	Reassignment	From Supply Section
Subtotal	+83				
					Joint Movement Coordination Centre
	+1	NPO	Unit Chief	Redeployment	
	+1	P3	Movement Control Office	Redeployment	
	+3	FS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
	+3	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+8				

	Change	Level	Functional title	Post action	Description
					Douala Office
	+1	FS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	From immediate Office, Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section
	+1	NPO	Chief of Office	Redeployment	
	+2	NGS	Movement Control Assistant	Redeployment	
Subtotal	+4				
Net change	+95				

Abbreviations: FS, Field Service; NGS, national General Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

131. The approved staffing establishment of the Movement Control Unit comprises 40 posts (1 Chief (Field Service), 13 Movement Control Officer (9 Field Service, 1 National Professional Officer and 3 United Nations Volunteer) and 26 Movement Control Assistant (8 Field Service and 18 national General Service)). The Unit will continue to be responsible for the execution of deployments, rotations and repatriations of contingents and contingent-owned and United Nations-owned equipment; customs clearing and freight forwarding of personal effects; the booking and check-in of passengers travelling by United Nations aircraft; management of the movement of civilian and contingent personnel within the Mission area; and passenger (including dignitaries) and cargo handling and transit warehousing operations at the airport and the logistics base for Mission personnel and the additional authorized strength of 1,030 uniformed personnel. In addition, the Unit will continue to administer and direct heavy transport, which includes the distribution of resupplies and contingent-owned equipment across the area of operations of the Mission and long-haul operations across the border into Douala, the only seaport of entry for MINUSCA. The Unit is expanding its support to the sector offices located in those areas where combined air and surface operations are required in the 2016/17 period, in support of both the civilian and military components deployed and the expanding volumes of cargo and personnel moving on a routine basis, which can no longer be managed by a centralized structure out of the Mission headquarters in Bangui. The Unit has also inherited the individual (commercial) travel control tasks formerly handled by the Human Resources Management Section in relation to movement of uniformed staff in and out of the Mission, inclusive of the shipment of personal effects. Furthermore, coordination of movement control has been established at the Douala Office, and the Unit will perform a dual role of movement control activities and coordination with the Cameroonian authorities in relation to the management of the sea and surface traffic flow, inclusive of coordination with the contracted parties for United Nations- and contingent-owned equipment assets.

132. The Unit operates a fleet of 18 heavy trucks and 12 forklifts that can handle up to 30 tons of cargo. An additional 17 heavy trucks are expected to arrive by the end of the current period. Throughout the year, weekly convoys are operated from Bangui to the regions delivering MINUSCA resupplies and materials and collecting urgent cargo from Douala. Given the poor condition of the roads in the Central African Republic, it is very difficult to get commercial trucks to deliver to the

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regions. MINUSCA therefore, relies on its own fleet of trucks in place of the costly airlift of supplies. The bad roads require longer trips and alternative routes; this requires two drivers per truck to reduce individual driver fatigue and maintain safety. For, example, a one-way trip can take 17 days to reach certain locations during the rainy season.

- 133. In the context described above, it is proposed that 42 new posts, as presented in table 35, be established to provide the capacity to supervise, lead and drive a convoy of 35 heavy trucks and 12 forklifts and provide support to the expanded offices in seven sectors.
- 134. The proposed transfer of the Movement Control Unit (38 approved posts) from the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section and the redeployment of 1 post from the immediate Office of the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section, and the reassignment of 2 posts from the Supply Section presented in table 35, are described in paragraphs 100, 103 and 104, respectively.
- 135. The proposed transfer of the Joint Movement Coordination Centre (eight approved posts) from the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section and consolidation into the Movement Control Unit is described in paragraphs 103 and 104.
- 136. The proposed transfer of the Douala Office (three approved posts), and the redeployment of one post from the immediate Office of the Integrated Movement, Aviation and Transport Section and consolidation into the Movement Control Unit (4 posts in total) is described in paragraphs 103 and 104.

II. Financial resources

A. Overall

(Thousands of United States dollars. Budget year is 1 July to 30 June.)

	Expanditunasa	Apportionment ^a	Cost estimates —	Variance		
	(2014/15)	(2015/16)	(2016/17)	Amount	Percentage	
Category	(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)=(3)-(2)	$(5)=(4)\div(2)$	
Military and police personnel						
Military observers	4 191.3	11 030.2	8 627.4	$(2\ 402.8)$	(21.8)	
Military contingents	237 374.9	286 160.3	345 346.0	59 185.7	20.7	
United Nations police	7 417.5	16 353.3	18 392.2	2 038.9	12.5	
Formed police units	26 675.4	42 477.3	55 670.3	13 193.0	31.1	
Subtotal	275 659.1	356 021.1	428 035.9	72 014.8	20.2	
Civilian personnel						
International staff	74 627.2	129 777.1	130 483.7	706.6	0.5	
National staff	3 678.3	9 163.4	11 900.5	2 737.1	29.9	
United Nations Volunteers	2 065.1	6 245.4	12 462.5	6 217.1	99.5	
General temporary assistance	9 298.8	8 113.8	8 063.2	(50.6)	(0.6)	
Government-provided personnel	777.8	663.5	1 897.7	1 234.2	186.0	
Subtotal	90 447.2	153 963.2	164 807.6	10 844.4	7.0	
Operational costs						
Civilian electoral observers	_	_	_	_	-	
Consultants	681.3	462.6	1 051.4	588.8	127.3	
Official travel	6 252.4	4 695.7	4 694.0	(1.7)	(0.0)	
Facilities and infrastructure	105 584.6	122 413.1	120 411.2	(2 001.9)	(1.6)	
Ground transportation	27 210.4	42 152.3	19 091.2	(23 061.1)	(54.7)	
Air transportation	30 178.6	52 913.9	83 760.9	30 847.0	58.3	
Naval transportation	3 696.2	90.0	90.0	=	-	
Communications	13 080.1	20 364.3	26 477.1	6 112.8	30.0	
Information technology	25 610.6	15 055.5	25 968.5	10 913.0	72.5	
Medical	3 259.9	9 336.0	8 669.6	(666.4)	(7.1)	
Special equipment	-	_	=	=	-	
Other supplies, services and equipment	30 487.6	33 599.1	45 014.3	11 415.2	34.0	
Quick-impact projects	1 008.4	3 000.0	3 000.0	-	_	
Subtotal	247 050.1	304 082.5	338 228.2	34 145.7	11.2	
Gross requirements	613 156.4	814 066.8	931 071.7	117 004.9	14.4	
Staff assessment income	5 767.4	10 115.1	11 557.4	1 442.3	14.3	
Net requirements	607 389.0	803 951.7	919 514.3	115 562.6	14.4	
Voluntary contributions in kind (budgeted)					=	
Total requirements	613 156.4	814 066.8	931 071.7	117 004.9	14.4	

^a Includes financial resources for 44 posts (1 P-4, 1 P-3, 1 P-2, 2 Field Service, 4 National Professional Officer and 35 national General Service) and operational costs in respect of the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe, which were included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period. For the 2016/17, period these requirements are reflected in the proposed budget for the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe in accordance with General Assembly resolution 69/307.

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B. Non-budgeted contributions

137. The estimated value of non-budgeted contributions for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 is as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Category	Estimated value
Status-of-forces agreement ^a	9 887.3
Voluntary contributions in kind (non-budgeted)	_
Total	9 887.3

 $[^]a$ Represents buildings, land and services provided by the Government of the Central African Republic.

C. Efficiency gains

138. The cost estimates for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 take into account the following efficiency initiatives:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Category	Amount	Initiative
Information technology	72.9	The deployment of physical servers will be replaced with a universal computing system on the router, which is expected to reduce the cost of operating a robust server infrastructure at those sites by minimizing power usage and cooling costs
	280.6	51 multipoint links, which is an alternative and more efficient technology for connecting communications devices than the traditional single point links used in field missions, will be installed
	200.0	New satellite technology will be implemented, which would provide low latency to improve Internet speed and reduce future related transponder charges
Facilities and infrastructure	1 250.0	A reduction in the consumption of diesel fuel is expected as a result of the replacement of low- and medium-capacity generators with a hybrid dieselsolar power supply system and synchronized high-capacity generators, as well as a reduction in the cost of spare parts and service kits under newly established system contracts
Total	1 803.5	

D. Vacancy factors

139. The cost estimates for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 take into account the following average delayed deployment and vacancy factors:

(Percentage)

Category	Actual 2014/15 ^a	Budgeted 2015/16	Projected 2016/17
Military and police personnel			
Military observers	53.0	10.0	5.0
Military contingents	10.6	5.0	5.0
United Nations police	49.9	20.0	10.0
Formed police units	12.0	10.0	5.0
Civilian personnel			
International staff	1.4	30.0	25.0
National staff			
National Professional Officers	53.6	60.0	50.0
National General Service staff	24.7	50.0	40.0
United Nations Volunteers (international)	28.0	40.0	5.0
United Nations Volunteers (national)	Not applicable	Not applicable	40.0
Temporary positions ^b			
International staff	(36.8)	30.0	25.0
National Professional Officers	100.0	60.0	50.0
National General Service staff	Not applicable	50.0	40.0
Government-provided personnel	_	20.0	10.0

^a Based on actual monthly deployment and incumbency of the planned phased period and the planned monthly strength.

140. The proposed vacancy factors take into account the experience of the Mission to date and mission-specific circumstances in relation to the deployment of uniformed personnel and the recruitment of civilian staff. For military and police personnel, the variables considered for the proposed delayed deployment factors include the current fiscal year-to-date average vacancy rates, historical deployment patterns and the planned deployment. For civilian personnel, the proposed vacancy factors reflect current fiscal year-to-date average vacancy rates, historical incumbency patterns and proposed changes in the composition of staff.

E. Contingent-owned equipment: major equipment and self-sustainment

141. Requirements for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 are based on standard reimbursement rates for major equipment and self-sustainment in the total amount of \$120,491,600 as follows:

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Funded under general temporary assistance.

(Thousands of United States dollars)

		Estimated amount	
Category	Military contingents	Formed police units	Total
Major equipment	55 765.4	10 944.9	66 710.3
Self-sustainment	47 130.3	6 651.0	53 781.3
Total	102 895.7	17 595.9	120 491.6
Mission factors	Percentage	Effective date	Last review date
A. Applicable to Mission area			
Extreme environmental condition factor	2.1	1 November 2013	_
Intensified operational condition factor	3.3	1 November 2013	_
Hostile action/forced abandonment factor	3.0	1 November 2013	_
B. Applicable to home country			
Incremental transportation factor	0.25-5.0		

F. Training

142. The estimated resource requirements for training for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 are as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Category	Estimated amount
Consultants	
Training consultants	548.9
Official travel	
Official travel, training	2 121.0
Other supplies, services and equipment	
Training fees, supplies and services	1 346.5
Total	4 016.4

143. The number of participants planned for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017, in comparison with previous periods, is as follows:

(Number of participants)

	Inter	national staff		N	ational staff		Military a	and police pers	onnel
	Actual 2014/15	Planned 2015/16	Proposed 2016/17	Actual 2014/15	Planned 2015/16	Proposed 2016/17	Actual 2014/15	Planned 2015/16	Proposed 2016/17
Internal	_	979	1 256	_	1 061	1 614	-	170	544
External ^a	_	201	167	_	44	44	_	12	22
Total	_	1 180	1 423	_	1 105	1 658	_	182	566

^a Includes the United Nations Logistics Base and outside the Mission area.

144. For the 2016/17 period, the requirements for training will increase compared with the 2015/16 period owing to the expected increased number of uniformed and civilian personnel who will participate in training courses. The training courses will cover the areas of political affairs and governance; human rights and humanitarian issues; the peace process; electoral support; medical questions; gender affairs; disarmament, demobilization, reinsertion and repatriation; administration; budget and finance; human resources management; information technology; law and order; leadership; organizational development; contract management; protection of civilians; engineering; ground transportation; security; and property management.

G. Disarmament, demobilization and reintegration/repatriation

145. The estimated resource requirements for disarmament, demobilization and reintegration for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 are as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Category	Estimated value
Other supplies, services and equipment	
Other services	7 480.0
Total	7 480.0

146. The Mission will support the transitional authorities in developing and implementing a revised strategy for the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation of former combatants and armed elements to reflect new realities on the ground, while paying specific attention to the needs of children associated with armed forces and groups and support for the repatriation of foreign elements. Support will also be provided in developing and implementing community violence reduction programmes and to regroup and canton combatants and confiscate and destroy, as appropriate, the weapons and ammunition of personnel who refuse or fail to lay down their arms.

147. The disarmament, demobilization, reinsertion and reintegration strategy will be designed on the basis of roughly 8,000 combatants from the various armed groups. After the disarmament and screening processes, MINUSCA seeks to support the reinsertion of at least half of the combatants. This would include direct reinsertion support to ex-combatants, who will undergo demobilization activities such as civic

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education, gender and human rights sensitization, psychosocial support, vocational and professional training and income-generating activities before being reintegrated in the communities of their choice. It is expected that a cumulative number of 5,000 eligible elements from different armed groups will be disarmed and demobilized. This includes some 3,500 ex-combatants who will be eligible for community-based reintegration assistance, as well as an estimated 500 foreign combatants to be repatriated to their country of origin and 1,000 children associated with armed groups who will be disarmed before being released and handed over to competent institutions.

- 148. A provision of \$7,480,000 is included in the budget for the 2016/17 period for substantive activities in connection with the disarmament, demobilization, reintegration, and repatriation programme as follows:
- (a) Community violence reduction projects to address the insecurity and armed threats caused by an estimated number of 60,000 anti-Balaka that do not meet the formal criteria of the national disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme and community members who are at risk of mobilization and manipulation. The Mission anticipates approximately 5,000 beneficiaries (2,500 non-eligible combatants as well as another 2,500 associated community members) of the community violence reduction activities, which will consist of the implementation of income-generating projects and the provision of vocational training and other educational assistance, while ensuring their adherence to respecting weapons-free zones. Given the large number of the target caseload (officially estimated at 60,000 members of armed groups and an even larger number of community members at risk of engaging in armed violence), MINUSCA will continue in parallel to advocate with partners for voluntary funding to fill the financial gap, as stipulated during the high-level meeting on the Central African Republic held in October 2015 (\$2,130,000);
- (b) A premium for combatants who agree to surrender a weapon under the pre-disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme and which entails their participation in labour-intensive work projects and aims at achieving short-term reinsertion. The programme is not implemented as a formal disarmament process under a national framework, pending the endorsement of the disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme document by the authorities. The stop-gap measure could also support any form of political/security dialogue or mediation between the warring armed groups. The disarmament, demobilization and reintegration assistance will provide short- to medium-term support (up to 12 months) to 2,000 ex-combatants (cumulative), excluding children. The per capita cost of reintegration is estimated at \$1,600, based on current market prices (\$3,200,000);
- (c) The repatriation of combatants on foreign soil as part of the national disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation programme, whereby an estimated number of 500 foreign ex-combatants and their families, if any, are to be repatriated to their home country. Based on the standard size of a family in the Central African Republic (four to five members), the repatriation cost for one family is estimated at \$2,000, including administrative fees, transportation, accommodation, food and non-food items and medical and hygienic assistance (\$1,000,000);
- (d) Sensitization and outreach activities will include the production of materials for disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation such as

leaflets/pamphlets, the use of local radio stations and televisions channels as well as the provision of psychosocial assistance services at designated sites at the priority locations (\$600,000);

(e) Disarmament and demobilization activities will entail the set-up, management and operation of four disarmament and demobilization camps in Bangui and one additional camp outside Bangui on the basis of the operational requirements of the agreement on disarmament, demobilization, reintegration and repatriation. The disarmament and demobilization of ex-combatants involves the provision of transport, accommodation, food, medical support and other supplies for 5,000 out of an estimated 8,000 ex-combatants (\$550,000).

H. Other programmes

149. The estimated resource requirements for other programmes for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 are as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Category	Estimated value
Other supplies, services and equipment	
Other services	10 107.7
Total	10 107.7

- 150. A provision of \$10,100,000 is included in the budget for the 2016/17 period to continue to assist the Government with the development and implementation of a weapons and ammunition management framework, to reduce the threat of unsafe munitions and reinforce the national capacity to manage weapons and ammunition. The framework would address weapons registration and survey, explosive hazard reduction, risk education, armed violence reduction, emergency trauma bag and armoured vehicle training and counter-improvised explosive device training. Development would involve providing technical assistance to and training of national capacities to manage weapons, mitigate explosive threats and ensure national compliance with treaty obligations. Implementation would include the construction/installation of an ammunition depot to replace the emergency temporary ammunitions depot; the refurbishment of five armouries to effectively and safely manage larger amounts of weapons and ammunition; a weapons marking and registration project to enable weapons to be traceable; and a weapons scrap recycling project that would establish a foundry to melt scrap metal to be used to make tools or other items that can be fashioned from recycled metal. In this connection, the projects will be managed by the Mine Action Service with contractual personnel under an agreement with the United Nations Office for Project Services to support and enable the projects within the area of operations, inclusive of costs for equipment such as education materials, explosive ordnance disposal equipment, vehicles and explosives, as follows:
- (a) Building on the preliminary study on topography and infrastructure for the national weapons depot concluded during the 2015/16 period, the initial construction phase is planned for the 2016/17 period, contributing to the objective

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with regard to the restoration and extension of State authority. In addition, armouries and small ammunition depots will be established, consisting mainly of high-security containers specifically designed for the environment. Given that the built-for-purpose containers will be placed into existing facilities of the Central African Republic armed forces or the internal security forces, protective barricades or heavy-duty fences will be added to enhance security of the premises (\$3,635,700);

- (b) Under the weapons management programme, the Counter-Improvised Explosive Devices Team will report information with regard to improvised explosive devices according to international methods; carry out all operations to neutralize any improvised explosive devices within the Central African Republic and offer technical assistance and training to troop-contributing countries with regard to explosive ordnance disposal; maintain specialized equipment (including for troop-contributing countries, if applicable); conduct post-blast investigations and after-action reviews; and conduct awareness and technical training. Finally, this team will provide a standing capacity for weapons and ammunition management to support troop-contributing countries to ensure adherence to international standards when storing explosive ammunition. Given the rotations of military and police personnel, new trainings will be required to ensure continuity in the Counter-Improvised Explosive Devices Team within the Mission (\$1,744,200);
- (c) The weapons and ammunition safety programme will include activities to strengthen the capacity of the Government and civil society through education on weapons and ammunition safety and by building local capacity within this area; increase awareness of the danger of small arms, appropriate storage techniques and the secure handling of weapons to prevent accidents; encourage safe behaviour when handling and storing firearms and ammunition in order to prevent accidents; and strengthen awareness on the risks related to small arms and light weapons (\$1,917,700);
- (d) Education with regard to the identification of and appropriate behaviour when confronted with explosive hazards will be provided through six risk education teams, comprising 40 individuals, which will be deployed across neighbourhoods to conduct sessions and explain to people how to identify explosives and the behaviour to adopt. The teams will cover most urban and rural areas, with particular emphasis on areas where explosives have been reported (\$872,100);
- (e) Survey and reduction of explosive hazards will extend to the more rural areas of the Central African Republic that have not been accessible to date. One survey and hazard reduction team will be deployed country-wide to identify, mark, collect and destroy explosive hazards. A comprehensive database will capture all relevant information regarding identified dangerous areas, casualties and operational progress in the Central African Republic. Furthermore, this team will handle all weapons and ammunition management activities in support of national authorities while building their capacity. Activities will include evaluating weapons and ammunition stockpiles and providing immediate threat reduction measures (stockpile destruction) and physical refurbishment of prison and penitentiary facilities where experts will ensure that weapons are appropriately stored and managed by penitentiary officers (\$1,566,900);
- (f) The weapons scrap metal recycling project, which involves the breaking down of obsolete weapons, will have a socioeconomic impact and benefit. The project would include building a foundry involving ex-combatants from the

disarmament, demobilization and reintegration programme. The project will also include a training component in technical aspects of operating foundries and provide employment opportunities in the foundry once the training is completed (\$363,400).

- 151. Other substantive activities will be undertaken as follows:
- (a) Security sector reform: rehabilitation of two military camps in Bangui known as camp Béal and BSS to facilitate the reorganization and transformation of the Central African Republic armed forces into a garrison army (\$1,500,000);
- (b) Strategic policy and technical support to address emerging peacebuilding and stabilization needs/priorities and establish and equip a data collection and "analysis cell" at the national level for early warning/preventive diplomacy and policy formulation. Support would be provided to establish an inclusive mechanism for the participation of other interest groups such as youth, women, the media, civil society, academia and traditional chiefs (\$500,000);
- (c) Rehabilitation, refurbishment and equipping of vandalized State buildings and properties such as prefectural, sub-prefectural and municipal offices, judicial infrastructure, police and gendarmerie stations, prison centres, social affairs centres and others to create basic conditions for the presence of State institutions (\$1,000,000);
- (d) Special Criminal Court: organizing five training workshops for 20 judicial police officers, 20 prosecutors and 20 investigating judges on the investigation, prosecution and trial of serious crimes (\$9,000); training magistrates, court clerks and other staff, in particular magistrates recruited nationally, on international criminal law and the investigation of international crimes, the protection of witnesses, communication with traumatized victims and working with children (\$102,000); staffing the Court with 15 advisers and administrative personnel who will assist the nine judges, four prosecutors, registrars and court clerks to function effectively, work primarily to assist with starting investigations and organizing the court, and set up units to provide legal assistance to indigent defendants and civil parties as well as to protect victims and witnesses (\$2,681,500); assisting the Investigation Chamber and the Prosecution Division of the Court with numerous specialized legal matters, including drafting internal rules concerning matters of evidence, procedure, mapping crimes falling under the jurisdiction of the Court and the development of the prosecution strategy, and investigative techniques, witness protection and ensuring the protection of the rights of the accused before and during trials (\$1,916,500).

I. Quick-impact projects

152. The estimated resource requirements for quick-impact projects for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017, compared with previous periods, are as follows:

(Thousands of United States dollars)

Period	Amount	Number of projects
1 July 2014 to 30 June 2015 (actual)	999.6	33
1 July 2015 to 30 June 2016 (approved)	3 000.0	66
1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017 (proposed)	3 000.0	95

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- 153. Together with NGOs, the United Nations country team and other partners, MINUSCA will work on projects that aim to provide immediate tangible benefits for the lives of people in the Central African Republic. Through its Civil Affairs Section and the use of quick-impact projects, the Mission will continue to foster an environment conducive to effective mandate implementation by establishing confidence in the Mission, its mandate and the peace process. Projects will be implemented through 12 field offices (including Bangui) in the following areas: (a) support for social cohesion and reconciliation; (b) improvement of the delivery of administrative and social services; and (c) improvement of community protection.
- 154. The 95 quick-impact projects will focus on:
- (a) Targeting women, youth and communities in conflict to promote dialogue, confidence building, reconciliation, social cohesion and peaceful cohabitation within and between communities (50 projects at \$25,000). Consistent with the policy for quick-impact projects, such projects will be identified through grass-roots participation, coordinated across Mission components and sections and in consultation with other national and international stakeholders and partners;
- (b) Improving the delivery of basic public administrative and social services such as the rehabilitation, equipping and functioning of the public administration to improve local budgeting and planning, the civil registry (état civil), security, justice and the fight against impunity as well as education, health, water, electricity and agriculture. The sustainability of these projects will be ensured through the implementation of joint and complementary projects together with the United Nations country team. For example, schools and health centres will be rehabilitated and equipped with support from the United Nations Children's Fund (UNICEF) and medical and education NGOs (medical and education staff) together with the relevant ministries. The initial sustainability of these projects will be ensured through a combination of complementary capacity-building activities targeting local officials and civil servants to ensure the effective functioning of those institutions and through the allocation of local investment funds that will be provided to the Government and by the World Bank, France, the European Union and UNDP/MINUSCA (Peacebuilding Support Office) in support of operational costs and in support of good local governance practices (25 projects at approximately \$50,000);
- (c) Improving the capacity of the population to organize itself to better alert MINUSCA, national authorities and security forces (police and gendarmerie) so that they can prevent and provide an adequate and timely response to security incidents. To encourage coordination among national authorities and local and international NGOs, an early warning system will be established and communication and coordination systems will be set up to complement protection of civilians activities implemented by MINUSCA (the response side) to improve communities' capacities to organize themselves (the alert and community side) and be more closely linked to the Mission's protection system (20 projects at approximately \$25,000).

III. Analysis of variances¹

155. The standard terminology applied with respect to the analysis of resources variances in this section are defined in annex I.B to the present report. The terminology used remains the same as that used in previous reports.

	Variance	?
Military observers	(\$2 402.8)	(21.8%)

• Mandate: change in scale/scope of mandate

156. The reduced requirements are attributable primarily to the increase in authorized troop strength (Security Council resolution 2212 (2015)) and the change in the distribution of the deployment of military observer personnel from 240 military observers for the 2015/16 period to 169 military staff officers, with a consequential decrease in the anticipated reimbursement of allowances. The reduced requirements are offset in part by the application of a vacancy factor of 5.0 per cent in the computation of the military subsistence allowance and costs for travel on emplacement, rotation and repatriation and rations, compared with the factor of 10.0 per cent applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period, and additional travel requirements resulting from the anticipated rotation of military observer personnel, compared with the initial deployment without rotation included in the budget for the 2015/16 period.

	Variance	Variance		
Military contingents	\$59 185.7	20.7%		

• Mandate: change in scale/scope of mandate

157. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to (a) the increase in authorized troop strength (Security Council resolution 2212 (2015)) and the change in the distribution of the deployment of military staff officers from military observer personnel to 10,581 military contingent personnel (311 military staff officers), compared with 9,760 included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period, with a consequential increase in the reimbursement of standard costs and allowances, the mobilization of rations, including the operation of additional warehouses, and the volume of contingent-owned equipment; and (b) expected improvement in the timing of the deployment of contingent-owned equipment.

	Variano	:e
United Nations police	\$2 038.9	12.5%

External: delayed deployment of military personnel and police

158. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to the application of a vacancy factor of 10.0 per cent in the computation of the military subsistence allowance and costs for travel on emplacement, rotation and repatriation and

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¹ Resource variance amounts are expressed in thousands of United States dollars. Analysis is provided for variances of at least plus or minus 5 per cent or \$100,000.

rations, compared with the factor of 20.0 per cent applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period.

	Variance	Variance		
Formed police units	\$13 193.0	31.1%		

• Mandate: change in scale/scope of mandate

159. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to (a) the increase in authorized troop strength (Security Council resolution 2212 (2015)) to 1,680 formed police personnel, compared with 1,400 included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period, in the costs for the standard reimbursement, allowances and the mobilization of rations, including the operation of additional warehouses, and the volume of contingent-owned equipment; (b) the application of a vacancy factor of 5.0 per cent in the computation of costs for the standard reimbursement, allowances, travel on emplacement, rotation and repatriation and rations, compared with the factor of 10.0 per cent applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period; (c) additional travel requirements resulting from the anticipated rotation of additional authorized formed police personnel, compared with the initial deployment included in the budget for the 2015/16 period; and (d) expected improvement in the timing of the deployment of contingent-owned equipment.

	Varian	ce
International staff	\$706.6	0.5%

Management: additional inputs and same outputs

160. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to the proposed establishment of 35 new posts and the application of a vacancy factor of 25.0 per cent in the computation of international staff salary costs, compared with the factor of 30.0 per cent applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period. The increased requirements are offset by (a) a decrease in salary rates, compared with the rates applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period; (b) the proposed abolishment of four international posts; and (c) the exclusion of posts related to the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 69/307.

	Variance	Variance	
National staff	\$2 737.1	29.9%	

• Management: additional inputs and same outputs

161. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to the proposed establishment of 68 new posts and the application of a vacancy factor of 50.0 and 40.0 per cent for National Professional Officers and national General Service staff, respectively, in the computation of national staff salary costs, compared with 60.0 and 50.0 per cent, respectively, applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period. The increased requirements are offset in part by the exclusion of posts related to the Regional Service Centre, Entebbe, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 69/307.

		Variance	
United Nations Volunteers		\$6 217.1	99.5%

• Management: additional inputs and same outputs

162. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to the proposed establishment of 90 new United Nations Volunteer positions (35 international and 55 national) and the application of a vacancy factor of 5.0 per cent in the computation of salary costs, compared with 40.0 per cent applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period. The increased requirements are offset in part by the proposed abolishment of 42 positions funded for a three-month period, which represent the electoral support required for the 2015/16 period on the basis of the assumption that the presidential and legislative elections will be completed during the current period.

	Variance	
General temporary assistance	(\$50.6)	(0.6%)

· Management: additional inputs and outputs

163. The reduced requirements are attributable primarily to a decrease in salary rates, compared with the rates applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period; the abolishment of 30 temporary positions funded for a three-month period (28 international and 2 national), which represent the temporary electoral support required for the 2015/16 period on the basis of the assumption that the presidential and legislative elections will be completed during the current period; and the abolishment and conversion of two temporary positions, both in the Mission Support Division. The reduced requirements are offset in part by the proposed establishment of 17 new temporary positions (9 international and 8 national) and the application of a vacancy factor of 25.0 per cent in the computation of salary costs for international temporary positions, compared with the factor of 30.0 per cent applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period.

	Variance	
Government-provided personnel	\$1 234.2	186%

• Mandate: change in scale/scope of mandate

164. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to the increase in authorized troop strength (Security Council resolution 2212 (2015)) to 40 Government-provided personnel, with a consequential increase in allowances and travel, compared with 20 for the 2015/16 period, and the application of a vacancy factor of 10.0 per cent in the computation of the mission subsistence allowance, compared with the factor of 20.0 per cent applied in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period.

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	Variar	Variance	
Consultants	\$588.8	127.3%	

· Management: additional inputs and outputs

165. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to the engagement of consultants with technical expertise in the following specialized fields: (a) justice and corrections, assisting with the development of the strategy for and guidance manual on the demilitarization of the prison system and executing the strategy (two consultants for 11 months each); (b) disarmament, demobilization and reintegration, for mapping and conducting an independent evaluation of activities and projects (five consultants for one month each); (c) security sector reform, supporting the development of national policy (five consultants for one month each); and (d) the design, implementation, data analysis and publishing of four perception surveys on protection and security in the Central African Republic (one consultant for three months). The estimate also includes an additional provision for the engagement of consultants to provide required training for the deployment of significantly higher numbers of uniformed and civilian personnel across a broader range of locations undertaking substantive-specific mandates.

	Variance	
Facilities and infrastructure	(\$2 001.9)	(1.6%)

· Management: reduced inputs and same outputs

166. The reduced requirements are attributable primarily to (a) the anticipated consumption of 8.3 million litres of fuel for generators, compared with 17.8 million litres included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period; (b) the non-requirement of the acquisition of various equipment, which occurred during the 2015/16 period; and (c) the non-requirement for outsourcing maintenance services such as waste removal and disposal to third-party vendors. It is proposed that these services be performed in-house by MINUSCA personnel, as described in paragraph 23. The reduced requirements are offset in part by security services for the use of advanced technology that will provide enhanced surveillance of the Mission area of operations and by residential security measures for uniformed and civilian personnel, to improve the safety and security of Mission personnel; and mobilization fees for the storage of petrol based on the price set out in the contract established for the 2016/17 period, compared with an estimate included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period that was based on the number of generators and the standard rate for start-up missions. The provision for petrol, oil and lubricants is based on actual prior-year expenditure and additional planned activities, in place of an estimate comparable to that of missions in the start-up phase, which was the basis for the provision included in the budget for the 2015/16 period.

	Variance	
Ground transportation	(\$23 061.1)	(54.7%)

· Management: reduced inputs and same outputs

167. The reduced requirements are attributable primarily to (a) the anticipated consumption of 4.4 million litres of fuel, compared with 10.2 million litres included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period; and (b) the acquisition of 37 vehicles, compared with 232 included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period, which were needed in connection with the initial establishment of the fleet for the Mission. The provision for petrol, oil and lubricants under this budget line is based on actual prior-year expenditure and additional planned activities in place of an estimate comparable to that of missions in the start-up phase, which was the basis for the provision included in the budget for the 2015/16 period.

	Variance	Variance	
Air transportation	\$30 847.0	58.3%	

Management: additional inputs and same outputs

168. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to a change in composition of the fleet, involving a reduction in the number of aircraft from three fixed-wing aircraft, two of which were operated through a cost-share arrangement, to three rented rotary-wing aircraft (tactical helicopters) and a change in the types of the three remaining fixed-wing aircraft to meet medical evacuation, cargo and within-mission and regional travel requirements, making them more costly to operate. The nature of the operations have evolved such that additional flight hours are required for the more costly aircraft, resulting in an anticipated increase in fuel consumption. In addition, an estimated cost of \$15,000,000, which represents 75 per cent of the total cost of an unmanned aerial system, has been included in the provision for the turnkey services of the system, compared with \$3,000,000 approved for the 2015/16 period, taking into consideration the progress and challenges with regard to the procurement process unique to these services.

	Variance	Variance	
Communications	\$6 112.8	30.0%	

· Management: additional inputs and same outputs

169. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to (a) the need for additional commercial communications related to higher transponder charges resulting from the expanded deployment footprint, and the planned implementation of new satellite technology, which will improve the Internet speed and reduce future related transponder charges; and (b) additional maintenance services for the new equipment and infrastructure established during the current period and an increase in the annual contractual personnel rates to \$84,000 per person, compared with \$72,000 included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period.

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	Variance	
Information technology	\$10 913.0	72.5%

• Management: additional inputs and same outputs

- 170. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to:
- (a) The acquisition of additional fixed network equipment for enhancements and upgrades such as upgrades to the network infrastructure that was set up at various sites opened during the rapid expansion of the Mission; building of telecommunication towers at sector and regional headquarters, shelters for the headquarters and the sectors to protect the equipment against hostilities and the elements, for three new regional sites and for a redundant system; an increase in bandwidth for access to the Internet and critical applications resulting from the expansion and the surge in the number of sites; and the installation of modern private mobile radio communications systems (TETRA radio) at all locations outside of Bangui and a phase-out of the existing analogue system in order to improve call set-up time, which is a particularly important requirement for the emergency services, group communication support and better economy of frequency spectrum use than the previous radio systems, and to provide advanced security features;
- (b) Information technology services for the installation of closed-circuit television systems in all premises of the Mission to improve security, additional computing devices related to the additional staff proposed and authorized uniformed personnel, and from an increase in the annual contractual personnel rates of \$84,000 per person compared with \$72,000 included in the approved budget for the 2015/16 period;
- (c) Maintenance services corresponding to the new equipment and infrastructure established during the current period. The Geospatial Information Services Unit will manage a remote surveillance project to gather field information using an unmanned aerial vehicle at an estimated cost of \$620,000, which has been included in the provision for acquisition of equipment and information technology services.

	Variance	Variance	
Medical	(\$666.4)	(7.1%)	

· Management: reduced inputs and same outputs

171. The reduced requirements are attributable primarily to (a) the non-requirement for outsourcing medical services to third-party vendors. It is proposed that these services be performed in-house by MINUSCA personnel, as described in paragraph 23; and (b) the non-requirement of the acquisition of medical equipment such as X-ray machines, which occurred during the 2015/16 period. The reduced requirements are offset in part by the higher rate of consumption of supplies anticipated for the 2016/17 period commensurate with the additional staff proposed and the anticipated deployment of additional authorized uniformed personnel, compared with the 2015/16 period.

	Variance	
Other supplies, services and equipment	\$11 415.2	34.0%

• Management: additional inputs and outputs

172. The increased requirements are attributable primarily to (a) freight costs for the acquisition of various additional equipment, mainly for information technology; and (b) the need to engage individual contractors to undertake additional substantive activities, including support to the Special Criminal Court and in connection with disarmament, demobilization, reinsertion and reintegration and weapons management projects managed by the Mine Action Service.

IV. Actions to be taken by the General Assembly

- 173. The actions to be taken by the General Assembly in connection with the financing of the United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic are:
- (a) Appropriation of the amount of \$931,071,700 for the maintenance of the Mission for the 12-month period from 1 July 2016 to 30 June 2017;
- (b) Assessment of the amount of \$775,893,100 for the period from 1 July 2016 to 30 April 2017;
- (c) Assessment of the amount of \$155,178,600 for the period from 1 May 2017 to 30 June 2017, should the Security Council decide to continue the mandate of the Mission.

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V. Summary of follow-up action taken to implement the decisions and requests of the General Assembly in its resolutions 69/257 B and 69/307, including requests and recommendations of the Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions, as endorsed by the General Assembly

A. General Assembly

Cross-cutting issues

(Resolution 69/307)

The General Assembly:

Decision/request

Action taken to implement decision/request

Requests the Secretary-General to continue his efforts to reduce the overall environmental footprint of each peacekeeping mission, including by implementing environmentally friendly waste management and power generation systems, in full compliance with the relevant rules and regulations, including, but not limited to, the United Nations environmental and waste management policy and procedures (para. 28)

Encourages the Secretary-General to utilize local materials, capacity and knowledge in the implementation of construction projects for peacekeeping operations, in compliance with the United Nations Procurement Manual (para. 31)

Requests the Secretary-General to strengthen oversight and internal controls in the areas of procurement and asset management across peacekeeping missions, including by holding mission management accountable for checking stock levels before undertaking any acquisition activity in order to ensure compliance with established asset management policies, taking into account the current and future needs of the mission and the importance of the full implementation of the International Public Sector Accounting Standards (para. 33)

MINUSCA has implemented the environmental policy and guidelines of the United Nations and will launch an environmental action plan for the Mission. The plan, among other initiatives, includes the purchase of a hybrid power supply system and new contracts for the transportation of waste and for the establishment of waste management yards. During the 2016/17 period, MINUSCA intends to further expand its efforts by establishing waste disposal and treatment facilities at all Mission locations

Taking into consideration the departure of skilled labour and professional expertise after repeated crises in the country and difficulties experienced in establishing some contracts for outsourcing services and sourcing qualified contractual personnel, MINUSCA continues to engage local vendors with minor and medium-scale construction projects to build capacity and contribute to the local economy, where feasible. The contractual workforce is composed mainly of local labourers.

MINUSCA continues to ensure that internal controls are in place and are compliant with United Nations policies and procedures. MINUSCA ensures that available inventory levels are verified within its integrated warehouse system before undertaking procurement activities and that presentations are made to the Mission leadership in order to advise on cost savings and best practice measures with respect to procurement and asset management.

Decision/request

Action taken to implement decision/request

Requests the Secretary-General to make full use of the Regional Procurement Office in Entebbe, Uganda, for procurement in the field (para. 35)

Also requests the Secretary-General to present in his budget proposals a clear vision of the construction requirements for each mission, including, as appropriate, multi-year plans, and to continue his efforts to improve all aspects of project planning, including the assumptions underlying the formulation of such budgets, with due consideration of operational circumstances on the ground, and to closely monitor the execution of works to ensure their timely completion (para. 36)

Recalls paragraphs 137 and 143 of the report of the Advisory Committee, welcomes the ongoing roll-out of the aviation information management system across all peacekeeping operations with aviation assets, and looks forward to further reporting on the improvements realized in air operations (para. 37)

Requests the Secretary-General to ensure the availability of easily accessible reporting mechanisms for victims of sexual exploitation and sexual abuse (para. 51)

MINUSCA has been working with the Regional Procurement Office in Entebbe, which has established a number of system contracts to be used by the Mission, on various solicitation processes. The contracts established by the Office include, but are not limited to, the supply and delivery of electrical material, cement, tyres and tubes. MINUSCA will continue to rely on the Office for its procurement requirements involving new contracts considered to be complex and of high value and where system contracts do not exist.

The construction requirements related to multi-year projects for the 2016/17 period include the construction of a permanent headquarters in Bangui for the Mission, kitchen and dining facilities, sewage and water systems, four solid and liquid waste management yards as well as the reinforcement of the infrastructure (for example, walls) at approximately 46 locations. In terms of multi-year plans, a provision of \$35.8 million is included under the facilities and infrastructure budget line for the 2016/17 budget proposal. MINUSCA foresees the need for another \$35.8 million to continue these projects based on the assumption that the construction will be completed by June 2018.

This standard web-based system is intended to optimize air operations as well as the aircraft contract management and invoicing processes, and provide real-time monitoring and analytics of the associated data. MINUSCA completed the roll-out of the aviation information management system and the related training session in September 2015. As the system became operational only recently, any improvements will be reported in the context of the performance report for the 2015/16 period.

The Conduct and Discipline Team of MINUSCA has implemented reporting measures within the Mission and provided an e-mail address with which staff can report misconduct, including with regard to sexual exploitation and abuse. In addition, through induction training and awareness-raising activities, including through the dissemination of brochures, personnel are informed about where and how to report cases and given general information on sexual exploitation and abuse. The Team also facilitates the gathering of information from the field offices in the area of operations of the Mission with regard to sexual exploitation and abuse. Externally, United Nations agencies and non-governmental organizations are informed about the reporting mechanisms through

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Decision/request

Action taken to implement decision/request

Requests the Secretary-General to make further efforts to ensure that all personnel are made fully aware of, and remain compliant with, their personal responsibilities regarding the Organization's policy of zero tolerance, upon their arrival in the mission and throughout their deployment (para. 54)

meetings of a task force on gender-based violence and the prevention of sexual exploitation and abuse, of which the Team is a member. During the 2015/16 period, the Mission will activate a hotline and conduct a campaign on sexual exploitation and abuse using the intranet and broadcast and radio messages in cooperation with the Communications and Public Information Office and other components of the Mission.

In addition to the action taken by the Mission described above, MINUSCA continues to conduct training on conduct and discipline matters for new personnel through the induction training programme as well as refresher training for military and police personnel. Furthermore, the Mission continues to conduct training for trainers, in which the policy of zero tolerance is explained and reporting mechanisms are presented. A proposal to augment the capacity in the sectors and at headquarters is presented in paragraphs 44 and 45 of the present report.

(Resolution 69/257 B)

The General Assembly:

Decision/request

Action taken to implement decision/request

Requests the Secretary-General to continue to keep under review the Mission's access to appropriate medical facilities, and in this regard also requests the Secretary-General to consider the need for a level III hospital in the Mission area and to ensure that appropriate arrangements are in place to handle medical and casualty evacuation cases to level III and level IV hospitals, and to report thereon in the context of the budget proposal for the period 2016/17 (para. 10)

As a result of joint medical assessments conducted in August 2015, one medical facility in Libreville has been identified as meeting level III standards, and it was recommended that the Mission establish a contract with it. The Mission will pursue the opportunity through the usual procurement process.

A contract with a commercial vendor for air ambulance services has been established through the Regional Procurement Office in Entebbe. Furthermore, the air assets of the Mission are utilized to support casualty and medical evacuation requirements as appropriate and this will continue during the 2016/17 period.

B. Advisory Committee on Administrative and Budgetary Questions

(A/69/839/Add.12)

Request/recommendation

Action taken to implement request/recommendation

The Advisory Committee notes that the Central African Republic is one of the countries on the agenda of the Peacebuilding Commission. In this connection, the Advisory Committee recommends that the General Assembly request the Secretary-General to include information on peacebuilding activities in his future budget reports (para. 18)

While the Advisory Committee has no objection to the proposed staffing changes, it expects that the proposed outward reassignment and redeployment of three posts in 2015/16 from the Senior Women's Protection Adviser office would not have negative repercussions for the delivery of the mandate concerned. The Committee, therefore, recommends that the General Assembly request the Secretary-General to provide information in this regard in his next budget submission on the Mission (para. 36)

The Advisory Committee recalls that the Secretary-General had stated that under the support component, 80 proposed posts were expected to be required for a period of two to three years, progressively drawing down in the 2016/17 period as the establishment programme came to an end. Similarly, 41 temporary positions proposed for mission support in handling surge activities would be discontinued after three years. The Committee notes from the information provided to it that (a) the programme is tied to the training of national staff, securing commercial support services, deploying to the regions with necessary infrastructure for activities that are ongoing; and (b) the process for the drawdown and nationalization of staff will start after the completion of the activities. Upon enquiry, the Committee was informed that the Mission intends to phase out these surge-related posts and temporary positions over the 2016/17 and 2017/18 budget periods, if the objectives are achieved and

The Peacebuilding Commission held an informal meeting in December 2015 to take stock of the current situation in the Central African Republic, with special emphasis on the electoral process and the end of the political transition. The Peacebuilding Forum has reported that it could potentially allocate \$10 million to the Central African Republic, through its Immediate Response Facility window, to address emerging needs, including recommendations of the Bangui Forum, in the light of the political and security developments in the country.

The Senior Women's Protection Adviser ensures the protection of the rights of women and advises senior Mission leadership on issues relating to preventing and addressing conflict-related sexual violence through coordination with counterparts in the Human Rights Division and the Gender Affairs Unit. The reassignment of one P-3 and one National Professional Officer to the Gender Affairs Section and one National Professional Officer to the Human Rights Division, which embedded the functions in those entities, has improved the effectiveness of the coordination between the Senior Women's Protection Adviser, the Human Rights Division and the Gender Affairs Unit.

The 80 posts and 41 temporary positions expected to be required for a period of two to three years, progressively drawing down in the 2016/17 period, was anticipated in the context of resolution 2149 (2014), by which the Security Council established the Mission. Given that the mandate of the Mission has since been expanded and the authorized strength increased for military and police personnel and corrections officers by the Council in its resolutions 2212 (2015) and 2217 (2015), the Mission will keep its staffing levels under review for future periods.

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Request/recommendation

Action taken to implement request/recommendation

without any adverse impact on the Mission mandate delivery. The Advisory Committee reiterates its recommendation that the General Assembly request the Secretary-General to include information on the planned drawdown of these posts and positions in his budget submission for 2016/17 (see A/69/641, para. 37)

Annex I

Definitions

A. Terminology related to proposed changes in human resources

The following terminology has been applied with respect to proposed changes in human resources (see section I):

- **Post establishment**. A new post is proposed to be established when additional resources are necessary and when it is not possible to redeploy resources from other offices or otherwise accommodate specific activities from within existing resources.
- Post reassignment. An approved post that was intended to cover a certain function is proposed to implement other priority mandated activities unrelated to the original function. While a post reassignment may involve a change of location or office, it does not change the category or level of the post.
- **Post redeployment**. An approved post is proposed to be redeployed to cover comparable or related functions in another office.
- **Post reclassification**. An approved post is proposed to be reclassified (upgraded or downgraded) when the duties and responsibilities of the post have changed substantially.
- **Post abolishment**. An approved post is proposed to be abolished if it is no longer needed to implement the activities for which it was approved or to implement other priority mandated activities within the mission.
- Post conversion. Three possible options for post conversion are as follows:
 - Conversion of general temporary assistance positions to posts: approved
 positions financed under general temporary assistance are proposed for
 conversion to posts if the functions being performed are of a continuing
 nature.
 - Conversion of individual contractors or individuals on procurement contracts to national staff posts: taking into account the continuing nature of certain functions, in line with section VIII, paragraph 11, of General Assembly resolution 59/296, individual contractors or individuals on procurement contracts are proposed for conversion to national staff posts.
 - Conversion of international staff posts to national staff posts: approved international staff posts are proposed for conversion to national staff posts.

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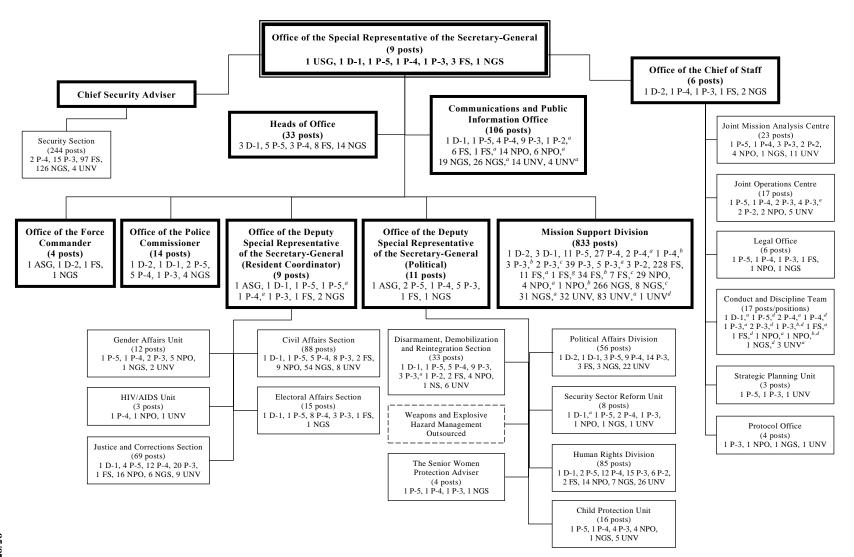
B. Terminology related to variance analysis

Section III of the present report indicates the single largest contributing factor of each resource variance according to specific standard options encompassed in the four standard categories listed below:

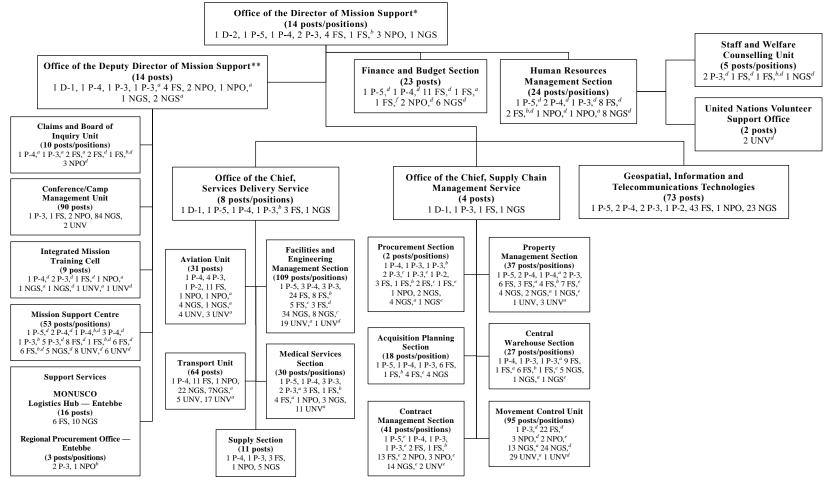
- Mandate: variances caused by changes in the scale or scope of the mandate, or changes in the expected accomplishments as driven by the mandate
- External: variances caused by parties or situations external to the United Nations
- Cost parameters: variances caused by United Nations regulations, rules and policies
- Management: variances caused by management actions to achieve planned results more effectively (e.g. by reprioritizing or adding certain outputs) or efficiently (e.g. by taking measures to reduce personnel or operational inputs while maintaining the same level of outputs) and/or from performance-related issues (e.g. by having underestimated the costs or quantities of inputs required to produce a certain level of outputs, or by delayed recruitment)

Organization charts

A. United Nations Multidimensional Integrated Stabilization Mission in the Central African Republic



B. Mission Support Division



Abbreviations: USG, Under-Secretary-General; ASG, Assistant Secretary-General; FS, Field Service; NPO, National Professional Officer; NGS, national General Service; UNV, United Nations Volunteer.

- * Includes Aviation Safety Unit and Audit Risk and Compliance Unit.
- ** Includes Occupational, Health, Safety and Environmental Unit, Corporate Support and Coordination Unit.
- a New post.
- ^b Approved general temporary assistant position.
- ^c New general temporary assistant position.
- d Redeployed.
- e Reassigned.
- f Converted.



Geospatial Information Section (formerly Cartographic Section)