



General Assembly

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Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

Report by the Secretary-General

Addendum*

* The information contained in the annex was received after the submission of the main report and addendum 1.



Annex**Report on efforts of States towards the universalization of the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty^a****June 2009-May 2010**

<i>State</i>	<i>Date/period</i>	<i>Activities and context</i>	<i>Comments</i>
1. Bilateral level			
1 (a). Activities relating to annex 2 States			
1 (b). Activities relating to non-annex-2 States			
2. Multilateral level			
2 (a). Global			
Republic of Korea	12 June 2009	At the 6141st meeting of the United Nations Security Council, the Republic of Korea urged the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to return to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and ratify the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty as soon as possible after the unanimous adoption of Security Council resolution 1874	

^a The present report includes activities that have been completed (i.e., that are not ongoing or planned) and that were aimed at promoting the entry into force of the Treaty.

<i>State</i>	<i>Date/period</i>	<i>Activities and context</i>	<i>Comments</i>
	24 September 2009	In his statement at the Conference on Facilitating the Entry into Force of the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty, the Minister for Foreign Affairs and Trade of the Republic of Korea emphasized the need for the early entry into force of the Treaty and urged the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to promptly return to the Six-Party Talks process, abandon any further attempt to pursue nuclear programmes and join the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty as soon as possible	
	3 October 2009/2 December 2009	The Republic of Korea jointly proposed and voted in favour of a draft resolution entitled "Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty", which was adopted by the First Committee of the General Assembly on 3 October 2009 and by the General Assembly in its resolution 64/69 on 2 December 2009	
	3-28 May 2010	At the 2010 Review Conference of the Parties to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons, held in New York, the Republic of Korea, in its capacity as President of the Review Conference, played an active role in adopting the Final Document of the Conference (NPT/CONF.2010/50/Vol.1), which contains actions	

<i>State</i>	<i>Date/period</i>	<i>Activities and context</i>	<i>Comments</i>
		concerning the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty (actions 10-14 of the Final Document). In its statement during the 2010 Review Conference, the Republic of Korea re-emphasized the importance of the early entry into force of the Treaty	
2 (b). Regional			
Republic of Korea	16-18 November 2009	The Republic of Korea organized the eighth Joint United Nations-Republic of Korea Conference on Disarmament and Non-Proliferation Issues, held in Jeju Island, Republic of Korea. A presentation was given on the need for the early entry into force of the Treaty during Session I	