



# General Assembly

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## Sixty-fourth session

Item 102 of the provisional agenda\*

### Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty

#### Report of the Secretary-General

Addendum\*\*

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\* A/64/150.

\*\* The information contained in the annex was received after the submission of the main report.



## Annex

**Report on efforts of States towards the universalization of the Comprehensive  
Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty<sup>a</sup>  
June 2008-May 2009**

<i>State</i>	<i>Date/period</i>	<i>Activities and context</i>	<i>Comments</i>
<b>1. Bilateral level</b>			
<b>1 (a). Activities relating to Annex 2 States</b>			
Kazakhstan	June 2008-May 2009	Kazakhstan reiterated the importance of the entry into force of the Treaty and urged its ratification, in particular by remaining Annex 2 States, in high-level bilateral talks and relevant multilateral forums	
<b>1 (b). Activities relating to non-Annex 2 States</b>			
Kazakhstan	June 2008-May 2009	In bilateral engagements with non-Annex 2 States, Kazakhstan seized every opportunity to promote the Treaty and its universalization	
<b>2. Multilateral level</b>			
<b>2 (a). Global</b>			
Kazakhstan	June 2008-May 2009	In relevant multilateral forums, Kazakhstan seized every opportunity to promote the entry into force of the Treaty	
	24 September 2008	Kazakhstan participated in the fourth ministerial meeting to promote the entry into force of the Treaty, held in New York, and endorsed its joint ministerial statement	
	October 2008	Kazakhstan hosted the 2008 integrated field exercise, and in that connection the Prime Minister, the Secretary of State and the Minister for Foreign Affairs of Kazakhstan made statements in support of the entry into force of the Treaty	
	December 2008	Kazakhstan co-sponsored General Assembly resolution 63/87 (“Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty”) and voted in favour of resolutions 63/73 (“Renewed determination towards the total elimination of nuclear weapons”) and 63/58 (“Towards a nuclear-weapon-free world: accelerating the implementation of nuclear disarmament commitments”), all of which call for, inter alia, the entry into force of the Treaty	
	10 April 2009	A parliamentary delegation from Kazakhstan supported a resolution entitled “Advancing nuclear non-proliferation and disarmament, and securing the entry into force of the comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty: the role of parliaments”, promoting nuclear non-proliferation and disarmament and securing the entry into force of the Treaty, at the 120th Assembly of the Inter-Parliamentary Union, held in Addis Ababa	

<i>State</i>	<i>Date/period</i>	<i>Activities and context</i>	<i>Comments</i>
<b>2 (b). Regional</b>			
Kazakhstan	June 2008-May 2009	Kazakhstan has played a significant role in the effort to establish a nuclear-weapon-free zone in Central Asia. Efforts by the five Central Asian States, including Kazakhstan, brought into force a treaty establishing a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the Central Asian region. The treaty creating a zone free of nuclear weapons in Central Asia entered into force on 21 March 2009	

<sup>a</sup> The present report includes activities that have been completed (i.e., that are not ongoing or planned) and that were aimed at promoting the entry into force of the Treaty.