

Official Records
CONSOLIDATED CORRIGENDUM
18 January 1995

A/48/PV.7 (7th Meeting)

Page 17

For Mrs. UGGLAS read Mrs. af UGGLAS

A/48/PV.11 (11th Meeting)

Page 16, sixth paragraph

Last sentence should read

The United Nations has a great opportunity effectively to play a central role in harmonizing world-wide the efforts of the international community in order to achieve the common purposes embodied in the Charter.

A/48/PV.32 (32nd Meeting)

Page 1, heading

For 1955 read 1995

A/48/PV.46 (46th Meeting)

At end insert the following

ANNEX

Changes in recorded and/or roll-call votes

Resolution 48/14

Subsequent to the voting, the delegations of the Central African Republic and Saint Lucia advised the Secretariat that they had intended to vote in favour.

A/48/PV.47 (47th Meeting)

At end insert the following

ANNEX

Changes in recorded and/or roll-call votes

Resolution 48/15

Subsequent to the voting, the delegation of Bangladesh advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

A/48/PV.57 (57th Meeting)

Page 1

For Mr. McKINNON (New Zealand): read Mr. KEATING (New Zealand):

A/48/PV.63 (63rd Meeting)

At end insert the following

ANNEX

Changes in recorded and/or roll-call votes

Resolution 48/23

Subsequent to the voting, the delegations of the Bahamas, the Lao People's Democratic Republic, Maldives, Niger, Norway, Oman, Peru, Qatar, Swaziland and the United Republic of Tanzania advised the Secretariat that they had intended to vote in favour.

A/48/PV.80 (80th Meeting)

Page 8, ninth paragraph

For Begin read Rabin

A/48/PV.85 (85th Meeting)

Page 28, fifth paragraph, fourth line

For Republic of Korea read Democratic People's Republic of Korea

A/48/PV.86 (86th Meeting)

Page 10, fifth paragraph

Should read

May I take it that, at the proposal of the Rapporteur of the Second Committee, it is the wish of the General Assembly to take note of these two documents?

A/48/PV.92 (92nd Meeting)

Page 4, line 11

For Reith read Reis

Page 4, second paragraph

Should read

Members will recall that at the time of the adoption of resolution 48/218 the report of the Fifth Committee on agenda item 121 indicated that, should the Assembly adopt the proposed resolution,

"no additional appropriations would be required at this stage for servicing the working group of 25 experts". (A/48/801, para. 13)

Page 4, seventh paragraph

Should read

Concerning agenda item 123, entitled "Programme budget for the biennium 1994-1995", in particular the report of the Secretary-General on the revised estimates under sections 3, 4 and 11A relating to the United Nations Special Coordinator in the Occupied Palestinian Territories, part III of the Fifth Committee's report is contained in document A/48/811/Add.2. In paragraph 4 of that report, the Fifth Committee recommends to the General Assembly the adoption of an oral draft resolution submitted by the Chairman of the Committee on the basis of informal consultations, which was adopted by the Committee without a vote.

A/48/PV.96 (96th Meeting)

Page 4, line 7

For Second Deputy read Deputy President

A/48/PV.99 (99th Meeting)

Page 2, first paragraph

Should read

The Convention achieves a delicate balance between competing interests in maritime zones. It establishes 12 nautical miles as the breadth of the territorial sea with a guaranteed right of passage for international navigation in those waters; it ensures unhampered passage of all kinds of vessels through archipelagic sea lanes and vital straits around the world; it secures for coastal States resource jurisdiction in a 200-nautical-mile exclusive economic zone; it provides for new limits of the continental shelf; it guarantees access to and from the sea for land-locked States; it provides for a regime for archipelagic States; it establishes a regime for the development of the mineral resources of the deep seabed; it sets out rules for the conduct of marine scientific research; it imposes a duty on all States to ensure, through proper conservation and management measures, the long-term sustainability of fish resources; it contains the most comprehensive rules for the protection and preservation of the marine environment and imposes a duty on States to protect the oceans from all sources of pollution; and it promotes peaceful settlement of disputes relating to the oceans by establishing mechanisms and procedures for compulsory settlement of disputes arising from the interpretation and application of the provisions of the Convention.
