





General Assembly

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PROVISIONAL

A/41/PV.94 9 December 1986

ENGLISH

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Forty-first session

GENERAL ASSEMBLY

PROVISIONAL VERBATIM RECORD OF THE NINETY-FOURTH MEETING

Held at Headquarters, New York, on Wednesday, 3 December 1986, at 10 a.m.

President:

Mr. CHOUDHURY

(Bangladesh)

- Financing of the Union Nations peace-keeping forces in the Middle East [120]
 - (a) United Nations disengagement observer force: report of the Fifth Committee
- Implementation of General Assembly resolution 40/79 concerning the signature and ratification of Additional Protocol I of the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America (Treaty of Tlatelolco): report of the First Committee [46]
- Cessation of all nuclear-test explosions: report of the First Committee [47]
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The meeting was called to order at 10.25 a.m.

AGENDA ITEM 120

FINANCING OF THE UNITED NATIONS PEACE-KEEPING FORCES IN THE MIDDLE EAST:

(a) UNITED NATIONS DISENGAGEMENT OBSERVER FORCE: REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/919)

Mr. Herijanto (Indonesia), Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee, presented the report of that Committee (A/41/919) and then spoke as follows:

Mr. HERIJANTO (Indonesia), Rapporteur of the Fifth Committee: I have the honour to present to the General Assembly the report of the Fifth Committee relating to agenda item 120 (a), entitled "Financing of the United Nations Peace-Keeping Forces in the Middle East: United Nations Disengagement Observer Force". At its 38th meeting the Fifth Committee adopted two draft resolutions relating to the financing of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force. Those draft resolutions may be found in paragraph 6 of the Committee's report.

In draft resolution A, the General Assembly would appropriate an amount of \$17,400,000 for the operation of the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force for the period from 1 December 1986 to 31 May 1987, inclusive, and would authorize the Secretary-General to enter into commitments for the United Nations Disengagement Observer Force at a rate not exceeding \$2,900,000 gross per month for the period from 1 June to 30 November 1987, inclusive, should the Security Council decide to continue the Force beyond the period of six months authorized under its resolution 590 (198⁴).

(<u>Mr. Herijanto, Rapporteur</u>, Fifth Committee)

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In draft resolution B, the General Assembly would decide that the provisions of financial regulations 5.2 (b), 5.2 (d), 4.3 and 4.4, in respect of the amount of \$1,496,703, which otherwise would have to be surrendered pursuant to those provisions, should be suspended and that this amount should be entered into the account referred to in General Assembly resolution 33/13 E and held in suspense until a further decision was taken by the Assembly.

The PRESIDENT: The recommendation of the Fifth Committee contained in paragraph 6 of its report (A/41/919) consists of draft resolutions A and B.

We shall now begin the voting process.

I put to the vote first draft resolution A. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Democratic Kampuchea, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Liberia, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Albania, Comoros, Syrian Arab Republic.

<u>Abstaining</u>: Algeria, Angola, Benin, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Iraq, Lao Feople's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Maldives, Mali, Mongolia, Seychelles, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Viet Nam, Yemen.

Draft resolution A was adopted by 110 votes to 3, with 21 abstentions

(resolution 41/44 A).*

The PRESIDENT: I next put to the vote draft resolution B. A recorded

vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Democratic Kampuchea, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia.

Against: Albania.

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^{*} Subsequently, the delegations of Bahrain and Papua New Guinea advised the Secretariat that they had intended to vote in favour; the delegations of Afghanistan and Comoros had intended to abstain.

<u>Abstaining</u>: Algeria, Angola, Benin, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Irag, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Maldives, Mali, Mongolia, Poland, Seychelles, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Viet Nam, Yemen.

Draft resolution B was adopted by 115 votes to 1, with 22 abstentions

(resolution 41/44 B).*

The PRESIDENT: We have thus completed our consideration of agenda

item 120 (a).

AGENDA ITEMS 46 to 65 and 144

IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 40/79 CONCERNING THE SIGNATURE AND RATIFICATION OF ADDITIONAL PROTOCOL I OF THE TREATY FOR THE PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS IN LATIN AMERICA (TREATY OF TLATELOLCO): REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/816)

CESSATION OF ALL NUCLEAR-TEST EXPLOSIONS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/834)

URGENT NEED FOR A COMPREHENSIVE NUCLEAR-TEST-BAN TREATY: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/835)

ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN THE REGION OF THE MIDDLE EAST: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/817)

ESTABLISHMENT OF A NUCLEAR-WEAPON-FREE ZONE IN SOUTH ASIA: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/836)

CONVENTION ON PROHIBITIONS OR RESTRICTIONS ON THE USE OF CERTAIN CONVENTIONAL WEAPONS WHICH MAY BE DEEMED TO BE EXCESSIVELY INJURIOUS OR TO HAVE INDISCRIMINATE EFFECTS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/814)

CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS ON THE STRENGTHENING OF THE SECURITY OF NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/825)

CONCLUSION OF EFFECTIVE INTERNATIONAL ARRANGEMENTS TO ASSURE NON-NUCLEAR-WEAPON STATES AGAINST THE USE OR THREAT OF USE OF NUCLEAR WEAPONS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/823)

^{*} Subsequently, the delegation of the Syrian Arab Republic advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote against; the delegation of Afghanistan had intended to abstain.

PREVENTION OF AN ARMS RACE IN OUTER SPACE: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/837)

IMPLEMENTATION OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 40/88 ON THE IMMEDIATE CESSATION AND PROHIBITION OF NUCLEAR-WEAPON TESTS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/838)

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION ON THE DENUCLEARIZATION OF AFRICA: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/826)

PROHIBITION OF THE DEVELOPMENT AND MANUFACTURE OF NEW TYPES OF WEAPONS OF MASS DESTRUCTION AND NEW SYSTEMS OF SUCH WEAPONS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/818)

REDUCTION OF MILITARY BUDGETS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/827)

CHEMICAL AND BACTERIOLOGICAL (BIOLOGICAL) WEAPONS: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/839)

GENERAL AND COMPLETE DISARMAMENT: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/840)

REVIEW AND IMPLEMENTATION OF THE CONCLUDING DOCUMENT OF THE TWELFTH SPECIAL SESSION OF THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY:

(a) REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/841)

(b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/916 and Corr.1)

REVIEW OF THE IMPLEMENTATION OF THE RECOMMENDATIONS AND DECISIONS ADOPTED BY THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT ITS TENTH SPECIAL SESSION:

(a) REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/842)

(b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/916 and Corr.1)

IMPLEMENTATION OF THE DECLARATION OF THE INDIAN OCEAN AS A ZONE OF PEACE:

(a) REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/843)

(b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/915)

WORLD DISARMAMENT CONFERENCE: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/815)

RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISARMAMENT AND DEVELOPMENT:

(a) REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/844)

(b) REPORT OF THE FIFTH COMMITTEE (A/41/916 and Corr.1)

ISRAELI NUCLEAR ARMAMENT: REPORT OF THE FIRST COMMITTEE (A/41/848)

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Mr. Ki (Burkina Faso), Rapporteur of the First Committee, presented the reports of that Committee (A/41/816, A/41/834, A/41/835, A/41/817, A/41/836, A/41/814, A/41/825, A/41/823, A/41/837, A/41/838, A/41/826, A/41/818, A/41/827, A/41/839, A/41/840, A/41/841, A/41/842, A/41/843, A/41/815, A/41/844 and A/41/848) and then spoke as follows:

<u>Mr. KI</u> (Burkina Faso), Rapporteur of the First Committee (interpretation from French): I have the honour to present to the General Assembly the reports of the First Committee on its work on disarmament questions. Those reports relate to agenda items 46 to 65 and 144. With the exception of item 144, all the disarmament items were included in the agenda of the present session pursuant to resolutions adopted at previous sessions. Nevertheless, a number of new proposals on several items were submitted at this session.

The General Assembly has before it today the reports on agenda items 46 to 61 and 64. With the exception of item 61, the report on which is before the Assembly today because the Preparatory Committee for the third special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament is to meet this week, the Assembly will take up tomorrow the reports on the disarmament agenda items that have programme budget implications - that is, items 62, 63 and 65 - and items 66, "Question of Antarctica"; 67, 68, 69 and 141, concerning international security; and 144, "Israeli nuclear armament".

(Mr. Ki, Rapporteur, First Committee)

As in previous years, bearing in mind the need to organize the debates in a comprehensive, effective and orderly way, the Committee divided up its work on disarmament into three phases: first, it had a general debate on all disarmament-related agenda items; then, while continuing the general debate, it heard statements on specific agenda items; lastly, it considered draft resolutions and took decisions. During the last phase the Committee combined the drafts submitted in order to rationalize its work and avoid duplication, particularly with regard to explanations of position or vote. This method again showed that it facilitated the effective implementation of the Committee's work programme.

Once again this year the Committee, during the 59 meetings and the many consultations and group meetings that it held, worked intensively, in a responsible and constructive spirit. The debates were calm, sometimes lively, but never discourteous. In fact a good atmosphere, marked by a spirit of understanding and tolerance, prevailed throughout the discussions. Most of the debates dealt with halting the nuclear arms race, nuclear disarmament, bilateral negotiations on nuclear and space weapons; the prevention of a nuclear war, including all related issues; a nuclear-weapon freeze, the halting of nuclear testing, the prevention of an arms race in outer space, and chemical and bacteriological weapons.

Seventy-seven draft resolutions and decisions on disarmament were submitted this year in the First Committee - two more than were submitted at the fortieth session and four more than were submitted at the thirty-ninth session. Of those 77 drafts the Committee adopted 65 draft resolutions - one less than last year and two draft decisions. Twenty-two draft resolutions were adopted without a vote - that is, one more than last year - and 43 by recorded vote. At the sponsors' request the Committee did not take a decision on nine drafts.

(Mr. Ki, Rapporteur, First Committee)

Most of the drafts adopted by the Committee dealt with nuclear questions, in particular the prevention of nuclear war, cessation of nuclear testing, bilateral negotiations on nuclear weapons, nuclear-weapon freeze, security guarantees for the non-nuclear-weapon States, and nuclear-weapon-free zones. That clearly shows the abiding concern of all countries about nuclear weapons and the numerous problems to which they give rise.

Among the other disarmament questions, six draft resolutions were adopted on conventional disarmament and confidence-building measures, four on chemical and biological weapons, and three on questions of verification and respect for obligations. The other draft resolutions or decisions dealt with the prevention of the arms race in outer space, the World Disarmament Campaign, the reduction of military budgets, the International Conference on the Relationship between Disarmament and Development, the Conference on Disarmament, the <u>Ad Hoc</u> Committee on the World Disarmament Conference, the Declaration of the Indian Ocean as a Zone of Peace, and various expert studies.

During the debate many delegations advocated a search for ways and means to improve the effectiveness of the First Committee's work. In this respect, the large number of draft resolutions on some items, although attributable to a desire to take urgent steps in all fields to bring about effective disarmament, was a matter of concern to several delegations, which stressed the importance that they attached to reducing the number of draft resolutions. In this regard, I should like to mention as a constructive and encouraging example the case of the prevention of the arms race in outer space, a subject on which, following intensive negotiations and real efforts by all concerned, it once again proved possible to adopt a single draft resolution. Similarly, a number of draft resolutions were

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(<u>Mr. Ki, Rapporteur</u>, First Committee)

withdrawn by the sponsors after negotiations which enabled their views to be covered in other draft resolutions.

The First Committee's report which is before the Assembly, to be dealt with in part today and in part tomorrow - recapitulates in detail the decisions taken on each of the agenda items, with an indication where appropriate, of the results of the voting on the draft resolutions. I should like to draw the General Assembly's attention to several corrections and necessary additions.

In the reports on agenda items 47, 54, 55 and 59, which bear the symbols A/41/834, A/41/837, A/41/838 and A/41/839, respectively, the list of documents that were before the Committee, in paragraph 4, should also include the letter dated 21 November 1986 addressed to the Secretary-General by the Permanent Representative of the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics to the United Nations (A/41/873).

In the report on agenda item 48 in document A/41/835, footnote 4/ at the bottom of page 5, referring to paragraph 6 (c), should read:

"Subsequently the delegation of the Central African Republic indicated that it had intended to vote in favour of the draft resolution, and the delegation of Zimbabwe that it had intended to abstain."

In the English version of the report on agenda item 55, in document A/41/838, the title of section II should read: "CONSIDERATION OF DRAFT RESOLUTION A/C.1/41/L.8", not 40/L.8.

In the report on agenda item 58, in document A/41/827, add the following words to the second line of paragraph 6, on page 7, after the word "resolution": ", of which Uruguay also became a sponsor".

(Mr. Ki, Rapporteur, First Committee)

In the reports on agenda items 58 and 65, in documents A/41/827 and A/41/844, respectively, the list of documents that were before the Committee, in paragraph 4, should also include the letter dated 20 November 1986 addressed to the Secretary-General by the Permanent Representative of Romania to the United Nations (A/41/866).

I should also like to draw the General Assembly's attention to a point concerning agenda item 62 (d), "Comprehensive programme of disarmament". Under the terms of the draft decision in paragraph 69 of the report on this item in document A/41/842, the General Assembly would decide to keep this item on its agenda.

I now have the honcur of placing before the General Assembly for its consideration and adoption the recommendations put forward by the First Committee in its reports. A/41/PV.94 16

The PRESIDENT: If there is no proposal under Rule 66 of the Rules of Procedure, I shall take it that the General Assembly decides not to discuss the reports of the First Committee which are before the Assembly.

It was so decided

The PRESIDENT: Statements will therefore be limited to explanations of vote.

The positions of delegations regarding the various recommendations of the First Committee have been made clear in the Committee and are reflected in the relevant official records.

May I remind Members that under paragraph 7 of decision 34/401, the General Assembly agreed that:

"When the same draft resolution is considered in a Main Committee and in plenary meeting, a delegation should, as far as possible, explain its vote only once, i.e., either in the Committee or in plenary meeting, unless that delegation's vote in plenary meeting is different from its vote in the Committee".

May I also remind Members that, in accordance with decision 34/401, explanations of vote are limited to ten minutes and should be made by delegations from their seats.

We turn now to the report of the First Committee on agenda item 46, entitled "Implementation of General Assembly resolution 40/79 concerning the signature and ratification of additional Protocol I of the Treaty for the Prohibition of Nuclear Weapons in Latin America (Treaty of Tlatelolco)" (document A/41/816).

I shall now call on the representative of Ghana, who wishes to speak in explanation of vote before the vote.

<u>Mr. GBEHO</u> (Ghana): I wish to speak now for two reasons: first, to explain my delegation's vote on the resolution entitled "Conventional disarmament on a regional scale" (A/41/840 M) on which the General Assembly is about to take a decision and in the process to make some pertinent observations on the work of the First Committee during the current session.

This year, the First Committee has submitted about 77 draft resolutions to the General Assembly for a decision, far more than it did last year. The fact that the Committee took up its work in the shadow of Reykjavik and in the fast disappearing International Year of Peace might have accounted for the proliferation of draft resolutions. But despite the large number of draft resolutions, my delegation believes that the concern of the First Committee should in future be directed at effectively speeding up the United Nations disarmament efforts; that implies narrowing differences on crucial areas of disarmament.

The Ghana delegation is aware of the commendable efforts put in by the Chairman and the Secretariat to merge a number of draft resolutions. Regrettably, such efforts were largely unsuccessful. There has been an upsurge in the number of draft resolutions. In one particular case, there are two draft resolutions on the same subject, both claiming a common objective but differing only in their ideological slant.

It was also evident that a number of draft resolutions had been motivated more by the desire of delegations to have their names associated with a particular disarmament initiative rather than to have a meaningful impact on disarmament efforts.

My delegation would like to hope that a serious re-examination of work in the First Committee will be undertaken next year. We fear that failure to do so could result in a credibility crisis for the Committee. Delegations should not promote draft resolutions or promote interminable debates merely for narrow political

motives. We should aim at progress for general and complete disarmament rather than scoring propaganda points.

Some of the lengthy debates and subsequent negative outcome of the initiative on the report concerning the United Nations Institute for Disarmament and Research (UNIDIR) are cases in point. It should have been clear to the proponents of that move, ostensibly intended to secure a fair deal for the former UNIDIR Director, that the majority of delegations would not wish to be drawn into a debate on an issue that was obviously a domestic policy matter of a Member State. And yet the proponents of the fair deal and those opposing it were allowed to engage in unproductively lengthy exchanges that took the time and resources of the Committee.

I should also like, in this connection, to address an appeal to small delegations which, it would seem, have constituted themselves into a willing group of ever-ready sponsors of resolutions. The Ghana delegation will not question the sovereign right of delegations to fashion their voting attitudes. However, the point should be made that, in a significant number of cases, small delegations have allowed themselves to be used for the political and/or propaganda advantage of military blocs and their allies. We the smaller delegations possess a potential countervailing force in our votes to bring realism to the Committee's work. This asset should not be wasted in taking sides in unproductive ideological jousting.

As a former Chairman of the First Committee, I have made these observations with the best of intentions. Ghana believes that general and complete disarmament will not be achieved overnight; it requires a step-by-step approach. However, it is equally true that the present exponential growth in draft resolutions has no perceivable impact on the disarmament process.

I should also like to put on record the deep regret of the Ghana delegation over the non-participation of Treaty Parties in the decision-making process on the draft resolutions relating to the Question of Antartica. The two draft resolutions dealing with the dissemination of information and a moratorium on the establishment of a minerals régime were treated with contempt by the Treaty Parties. A number of them, apparently as a diplomatic balancing act, showed some response to the draft resolution calling on the Treaty Parties to terminate the racist South African régime's association with the Antartic Treaty. By this regrettable attitude, the Treaty Parties have once again demonstrated that they are averse to the principle of universality, the basic ingredient in today's international relations.

Now, let me conclude with an explanation of the Ghana delegation's vote on the conventional disarmament draft resolution.

Ghana supports the principle of regional conventional disarmament, which is among the priority areas delineated in paragraph 45 of the Final Document of the tenth special session of the General Assembly. We do so because we believe that a regional approach could form a useful basis for global disarmament, which is the ultimate objective.

For meaningful regional conventional disarmament, however, there should, in our view, be an acceptable balance of mutual responsibility and obligation on the part of the States in the region or subregion. This implies the assurances that no particular State or group of States in the region would, in the process of disarmament, have an undue military advantage over others.

Similarly, subregional disarmament is bound to be inhibited if certain States will not refrain, bluntly put, from military pacts that could give them palpable advantage. The fact of the matter is that one cannot advocate regional conventional disarmament while maintaining a military pact with a major military

Power outside one's region. Such an arrangement does not only seriously undermine confidence, essential for successful regional conventional disarmament, but also raises serious doubts about any statements that may be made in the course of a multilateral commitment to disarmament. A number of the sponsors of draft resolution A/41/840 M, it would seem, have overlooked long-standing post-independence military agreements between their respective countries and a major military Power. No one can question their sovereign right to conclude such agreements with Powers which are ever ready to flex military muscles. What needs to be ascertained is what assurances are entailed for other States that are not party to such military arrangements.

Such military arrangements automatically and inherently confer on the Treaty Parties a relative military advantage over other States in the region. To postulate a regional conventional disarmament while benefiting from a superior foreign military advantage smacks of a double-standard, to say the least, and therefore not convincing and as of now unacceptable to Ghana.

It is also the view of my delegation that for a successful regional disarmament initiative, the maximum co-operation and support of third parties are essential. This involves a commitment on the part of third parties not to engage in clandestine supply of arms nor foment conflicts in the region or subregion.

In an attempt to stress the primary responsibility of third parties, the sponsors of draft resolution A/41/840 M have merely touched upon this important matter in operative paragraph 2 but only in the general context of curbing the arms race, instead of dealing with the specific negative actions that could undermine any regional initiative in disarmament. For these reasons, the Ghana delegation will abstain on the draft resolution M in document A/41/840.

Let me hasten to add that the Government of Ghana, is enthusiastically in favour of conventional disarmament on the regional level. However, we cannot endorse any move that avoids the heart of the matter and which might only precipitate conflict because military weaknesses are inadvertently created.

The Ghana delegation would like to hope that the intervening months between now and the next General Assembly session would provide an opportunity for members of the First Committee to seriously reflect on the work of the Committee. For its part, Ghana will lend its full support to any positive move.

The PRESIDENT: May I invite members to turn their attention to the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 6 of its report (A/41/816). A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, In favour: Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eguatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambigue, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: None

Abstaining: Argentina, Central African Republic, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, France, Guyana, Mali.

The draft resolution was adopted by 145 votes to none, with 7 abstentions

(resolution 41/45).

We now turn to the report of the First Committee on agenda item 47, entitled "Cessation of all nuclear-test explosions" (A/41/834). There are no requests for explanation of vote.

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 46.

The Assembly will now turn its attention to the two draft resolutions

recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 9 of its report (A/41/834).

(The President)

First, the Assembly will take a decision on draft resolution A. A recorded

vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- <u>Against:</u> France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America
- <u>Abstaining</u>: Belgium, Brazil, Canada, China, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Turkey

Draft resolution A was adopted by 135 votes to 3, with 14 abstentions

(resolution 41/46A).

The PRESIDENT: Next, the Assembly will take a decision on draft

resolution B. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hondmras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, K ait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libe a, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe.
- Against: France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America.
- <u>Abstaining</u>: Australia, Austria, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Samoa, Spain, Sweden, Turkey.

Draft resolution B was adopted by 127 votes to 3, with 21 abstentions

(resolution 41/46B).

The PRESIDENT: This concludes our consideration of agenda item 47.

The next report of the First Committee is on Agenda item 48, entitled "Urgent need for a comprehensive nuclear-test-ban treaty (A/41/835).

(The President)

There are no requests for explanation of votes. The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 7 of its report (A/41/835). A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Antiqua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eguatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: France

Abstaining: Angola, Argentina, Benin, Brazil, China, Cuba, Guatemala, India, Israel, Malawi, Nicaragua, Portugal, Sudan, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

The draft resolution was adopted by 137 votes to 1, with 15 abstentions.

(resolution 41/47)

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 48.

(The President)

The next report of the First Committee (A/41/817) is on agenda item 49, "Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in the region of the Middle East".

The Assembly will now take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 7 of its report (A/41/817).

The First Committee adopted that draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the Assembly wishes to do the same?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/48).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 49.

We now turn to the report of the First Committee (A/41/836) on agenda item 50, "Establishment of a nuclear-weapon-free zone in South Asia".

The Assembly will take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 10 of its report. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belgium, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, Canada, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Kampuchea, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Finland, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yemen, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: Bhutan, India, Mauritius

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cape Verde, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Ethiopia, Fiji, France, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Mongolia, Nicaragua, Norway, Poland, Seychelles, Sweden, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia

The draft resolution was adopted by 107 votes to 3, with 41 abstentions (resolution 41/49).*

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 50. The Assembly will now take up the report of the First Committee (A/41/814) on agenda item 51, "Convention on prohibitions or restrictions on the use of certain conventional weapons which may be deemed to be excessively injurilous or to have indiscriminate effects".

The draft resolution recommended by the First Committee appears in paragraph 7 of its report (A/41/814). The Committee adopted the draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

The draft resolution was adopted (41/50).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 51. We now turn to the report of the First Committee (A/41/825) on agenda item 52, "Conclusion of effective international arrangements on the strengthening of the security of non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons".

^{*} Subsequently the delegation of Sao Tome and Principe advised the Secretariat that it had intended to abstain.

(The Presidenc)

I invite members to turn their attention to the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 7 of its report (A/41/825). A recorded vote

has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, In favour: Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against:Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal
Republic of, Iceland, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New
Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great
Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America
- Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Brazil, Burma, Chile, China, Colombia, Costa Rica, Greece, Grenada, Ireland, Israel, Jamaica, Malawi, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sudan, Sweden, Uruguay

The draft resolution was adopted by 106 votes to 18, with 25 abstentions (resolution 41/51).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 52. We now turn to the report of the First Committee (A/41/823) on agenda item 53, "Conclusion of effective international arrangements to assure non-nuclear-weapon States against the use or threat of use of nuclear weapons".

(The President)

I invite members to turn their attention to the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 7 of its report (A/41/823). A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded was taken.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: None

Abstaining: Argentina, Brazil, India, United States of America

The draft resolution was adopted by 149 votes to none, with 4 abstentions

(resolution 41/52).

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 53.

(The President)

We shall now consider the report of the First Committee (A/41/837) on agenda item 54, entitled "Prevention of an arms race in outer space".

The Assembly has to take a decision on the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 14 of its report (A/41/837).

A separate, recorded vote has been requested on operative paragraph 8 of the draft resolution. As I hear no objection, I shall first put to the vote operative paragraph 8 of the draft resolution.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eguatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: United States of America

Abstaining: Belgium, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

Operative paragraph 8 was adopted by 140 votes to 1, with 12 abstentions.

The PRESIDENT: I now put to the vote the draft resolution as a whole. A

recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Abstaining: United States of America

The draft resolution, as a whole, was adopted by 154 votes to none, with 1 abstention (resolution 41/53).

The PRESIDENT: The Assembly has thus concluded its consideration of

agenda item 54.

(The President)

We now come to the report of the First Committee (A/41/838) on agenda item 55, "Implementation of General Assembly resolution 40/88 on the immediate cessation and prohibition of nuclear-weapon tests".

The Assembly will now vote on the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 9 of its report. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Bahamus, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, komania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- <u>Against:</u> France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America
- Abstaining: Australia, Belgium, Brazil, Canada, Chad, Chile, China, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Samoa, Spain, Tunisia, Turkey

The draft resolution was adopted by 123 votes to 3, with 26 abstentions

(resolution 41/54).

The PRESIDENT: That concludes our consideration of agenda item 55.

Next we turn to the report of the First Committee (A/41/826) on agenda item 56, entitled "Implementation of the Declaration on the Denuclearization of Africa" (A/41/826).

The Assembly will now take a decision on the two draft resolutions recommended

by the First Committee in paragraph 8 of its report.

Draft resolution A is entitled "Implementation of the Declaration". A

recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, In favour: Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Gatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Abstaining: France, Israel, Malawi, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Draft resolution A was adopted by 150 votes to none, with 5 abstentions

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(resolution 41/55 A).*

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^{*} Subsequently the delegation of Mauritania advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: I now part to the vote draft resolution B, entitled

"Nuclear capability of South Africa". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- Afghanistan, Albania, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, In favour: Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethicoia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: France, Israel, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America
- <u>Abstaining</u>: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Germany, Federal Republic of, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Malawi, Netherlands, New Zealand, Portugal

Draft resolution B was adopted by 139 votes to 4, with 13 abstentions

(resolution 41/55 B).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 56.

We turn now to the report of the First Committee on agenda item 57, entitled "Prohibition of the development and manufacture of new types of weapons of mass destruction and new systems of such weapons" (A/41/818). The Assembly will vote on the draft resolution recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 7 of its report. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, In favour: Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eguatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: United States of America

<u>Abstaining</u>: Australia, Belgium, Canada, Chad, Chile, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Haiti, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Senegal, Spain, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland

The draft resolution was adopted by 128 votes to 1, with 25 abstentions (resolution 41/56).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 57.

We shall now consider the report of the First Committee on agenda item 58, entitled "Reduction of military budgets" (A/41/827). The draft resolution recommended by the First Committee appears in paragraph 8 of that report.

The First Committee adopted that draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do likewise?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/57).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded our consideration of agenda item 58.

We shall now consider the report of the First Committee on agenda item 59, entitled "Checmical and bacteriological (biological) weapons" (A/41/839). The General Assembly will take a decision on the four draft resolutions recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 17 of that report.

Draft resolution A is entitled "Second Review Conference of the Parties to the Convention on the Prohibition of the Development, Production and Stockpiling of Bacteriological (Biological) and Toxin Weapons and on Their Destruction".

The First Committee adopted draft resolution A without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution A was adopted (resolution 41/58 A).

The PRESIDENT: I shall now put to the vote draft resolution B, entitled "Prohibition of chemical and bacteriological weapons". A recorded vote has been requested. A recorded vote was taken.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Egypt, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sudan, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia. Zimbabwe
- <u>Against:</u> Belgium, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America
- Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belize, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burma, Canada, Chile, China, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Kampuchea, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, El Salvador, Finland, Greece, Grenada, Iceland, India, Ireland, Israel, Jamaica, Japan, Liberia, Morocco, New Zealand, Norway, Paraguay, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sri Lanka, Sweden, Trinidad and Tobago, Uruguay

Draft resolution B was adopted by 100 votes to 11, with 43 abstentions

(resolution 41/58 B).

The PRESIDENT: We turn next to draft resolution C, entitled "Chemical

and bacteriological (biological) weapons". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yemen, Zaire, Zambia, 2 imbabwe

Against: None

<u>Abstaining</u>: Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Benin, Brazil, Burkina Faso, Congo, Cuba, Ethiopia, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Nicaragua, Viet Nam, Yugoslavia

Draft resolution C was adopted by 137 votes to none, with 14 abstentions

(resolution 41/58 C).*

^{*}Subsequently the delegations of Cyprus and India advised the Secretariat that they had intended to abstain.

The PRESIDENT: We turn next to draft resolution D, entitled "Chemical and bacteriological (biological) weapons". The First Committee adopted that draft resolution without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution D was adopted (resolution 41/58 D).

The PRESIDENT: We have thus concluded consideration of agenda item 59.

(The President)

We shall now consider the report of the First Committee (A/41/840) on agenda item 60, entitled "General and complete disarmament".

The Assembly has to take decisions on the 15 draft resolutions recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 49 of its report (A/41/840).

Draft resolution A relates to the prohibition of the development, production,

resolution A without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do

stockpiling and use of radiological weapons. The First Committee adopted draft

the same?

Draft resolution A was adopted (resolution 41/59 A).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution B is entitled "Objective information on military matters". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, In favour: Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Burundi, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comorca, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Democratic Kampuchea, Denwark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kenya, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somália, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

AW/ljb

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Benin, Brazil, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, India, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Mexico, Mongolia, Nicaragua, Oman, Poland, Seychelles, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam.

Draft resolution B was adopted by 116 votes to none, with 26 abstentions

(resolution 41/59 B).*

The PRESIDENT: We now turn to draft resolution C, which deals with conventional disarmament.

The First Committee adopted draft resolution C without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution C was adopted (resolution 41/59 C).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution D is entitled "Contribution of the

specialized agencies and other organizations and programmes of the United Nations system to the cause of arms limitation and disarmament". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar,

^{*}Subsequently the delegations of Cyprus, Ethiopia and the Islamic Republic of Iran, advised the Secretariat that they had intended to abstain.

Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

- <u>Against:</u> Australia, Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Iceland, Israel, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America
- Abstaining: Antigua and Barbuda, Austria, Bahamas, Belize, Brazil, Chile, China, Denmark, Equatorial Guinea, Finland, Greece, Ireland, Italy, Liberia, Paraguay, Singapore, Spain, Sweden, Uruguay

Draft resolution D was adopted by 117 votes to 16, with 19 abstentions (resolution 41/59 D).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution E concerns confidence-building and

security-building measures and conventional disarmament. A recorded vote has been

requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethlopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, Nev Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia,

Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire

Against: None

<u>Abstaining</u>: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Benin, Brazil, Cuba, Cyprus, Democratic Yemen, India, Iraq, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Madagascar, Nicaragua, Papua New Guinea, Syrian Arab Republic, Uganda, United Republic of Tanzania, Viet Nam, Yemen, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Draft resolution E was adopted by 129 votes to none, with 21 abstentions

(resolution 41/59 E).*

^{*} Subsequently the delegation of Cyprus advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution F is entitled "Nuclear disarmament".

The First Committee adopted draft resolution F without a vote. May I take it

that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution F was adopted (resolution 41/59 F).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution G concerns conventional disarmament. A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Abstaining: India, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya

Draft resolution G was adopted by 150 votes to none, with 2 abstentions (resolution 41/59 G).*

^{*}Subsequently the delegation of Bhutan advised the Secretariat that it had intended to vote in favour.

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution H is entitled "Comprehensive study on

the military use of research and development". A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- In favour: Algeria, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaraqua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruquay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: United States of America
- Abstaining: Afghanistan, Angola, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, France, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Hungary, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Mongolia, Poland, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, Viet Nam

Draft resolution H was adopted by 137 votes to 1, with 17 abstentions (resolution 41/59 H).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution I is entitled "Prohibition of the development, production, stockpiling and use of radiological weapons". A recorded vote has been requested.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, China, Compros, Congo, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Rampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Ethiopia, Fiji, German Democratic Republic, Ghama, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Hungary, India, Endonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotio, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, . Dnyclia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Gutar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, & agal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, S~i Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, Vanuatu, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yuqoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: France, Israel, United States of America

<u>Abstaining</u>: Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Burma, Canada, Chile, Colombia, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Denmark, Dominican Republic, Equatorial Guinea, Finland, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Grenada, Iceland, Ireland, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Paraguay, Portugal, Saint Lucia, Samoa, Spain, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Venezuela

<u>Draft resolution I was adopted by 111 votes to 3, with 38 abstentions</u> (resolution 41/59 I).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution J concerns compliance with arms

limitation and disarmament agreements.

The First Committee adopted draft resolution J without a vote. May I take it

that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution J was adopted (resolution 41/59 J).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution K is entitled "Naval armaments and disarmament". A recorded vote has been requested.

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Baramas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: United States of America

Abstaining: India

<u>Draft resolution K was adopted by 153 votes to 1, with one abstention</u> (resolution 41/59 K).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution L concerns the prohibition of the production of fissionable material for weapons purposes. A recorded vote has been requested.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: France
- Abstaining: Argentina, Brazil, China, India, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Draft resolution L was adopted by 148 votes to 1, with 6 abstentions (resolution 41/59 L).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution M deals with conventional disarmament on a regional scale. A recorded vote has been requested.

- In favour: Algeria, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Kenya, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic. Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: None

Abstaining: Afghanistan, Angola, Ethiopia, Ghana, Iraq, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Viet Nam

Draft resolution M was adopted by 137 votes to none, with 7 abstentions (resolution 41/59 M).

The PRESIDENT: I next put to the vote draft resolution N, entitled

"Notification of nuclear tests".

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cyprus, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Iceland, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia
- Against: France
- <u>Abstaining</u>: Angola, Brazil, Bulgaria, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, China, Cuba, Czechoslovakia, German Democratic Republic, Hungary, India, Madagascar, Mexico, Mongolia, Nicaragua, Poland, Sao Tome and Principe, Syrian Arab Republic, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America, Zimbabwe

Draft resolution N was adopted by 130 votes to 1, with 22 abstentions (resolution 41/59 N).

The PRESIDENT: I next put to the vote draft resolution O, entitled "Review of the Role of the United Nations in the field of disarmament".

The First Committee adopted draft resolution O without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution O was adopted (resolution 41/590).

The PRESIDENT: The Assembly has concluded its consideration of agenda item 60.

We turn next to the report of the First Committee (A/41/841) on agenda item 61, entitled "Review and implementation of the Concluding Document of the twelfth special session of the General Assembly.

The Assembly has to take decisions on the 10 draft resolutions recommended by the First Committee in paragraph 32 of its report (A/41/841).

The Assembly will vote next on draft resolution A, which is entitled "World Disarmament Campaign: actions and activities".

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Argentina, Australia, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Swaziland, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: France, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America
- <u>Abstaining</u>: Antigua and Barbuda, Austria, Bahamas, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Brazil, Burma, Canada, Chile, China, Colombia, Denmark, Finland, Germany, Federal Republic of, Greece, Grenada, Iceland, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New Zealand, Norway, Oman, Portugal, Rwanda, Singapore, Spain, Suriname, Sweden, Trinidad and Tobago, Turkey, Uruguay

Draft resolution A was adopted by 114 votes to 3, with 36 abstentions (resolution 41/60 A).

The PRESIDENT: I next put to the vote draft resolution B, entitled

"World Disarmament Campaign".

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Equpt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against: None
- <u>Abstaining</u>: Belgium, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

<u>Draft resolution B was adopted by 144 votes to none, with 9 abstentions</u> (resolution 41/60 B).

The PRESIDENT: I next put to the vote draft resolution C, entitled "Consideration of guidelines for confidence-building measures".

In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, United States of America, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: None

Draft resolution C was adopted by 155 votes to none (resolution 41/60 C).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution D is entitled "United Nations Regional Centre for Peace and Disarmament in Africa".

The First Committee adopted draft resolution D without a vote. May I take it

that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution D was adopted (resolution 41/60 D).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution E is entitled "Freeze on nuclear

weapons".

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solcanon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against:Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Israel,Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, Portugal, Turkey, United Kingdomof Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: Australia, China, Iceland, Japan, Spain

Draft resolution E was adopted by 136 votes to 12, with 5 abstentions

(resolution 41/60 E).

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The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution F is entitied "Convention on the

Prohibition of the Use of Nuclear Weapons".

A recorded vote has been requested.

A recorded vote was taken.

- Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, In favour: Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambigue, Nepal, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of: Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- Against:Australia, Belgium, Canada, Denmark, France, Germany, Federal
Republic of, Iceland, Italy, Luxembourg, Netherlands, New
Zealand, Norway, Portugal, Spain, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great
Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

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Abstaining: Greece, Ireland, Israel, Japan

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The draft resolution was adopted by 132 votes to 17, with 4 abstentions (resolution 41/60 F).

A/41/PV.94 77

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution G concerns the convening of the third special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament.

The report of the Fifth Committee on the programme budget implications of the draft resolution is contained in document A/41/916.

The First Committee adopted draft resolution G without a vote. May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same? The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/60 G).

The PRESIDENT: In light of the decision just taken on draft resolution G, I should like to draw the General Assembly's attention to paragraph 34 of General Assembly decision 34/401, whereby the Assembly decided that no subsidiary organ of the General Assembly should be permitted to meet at United Nations Headquarters during a regular session of the General Assembly unless explicitly authorized by the Assembly.

In adopting that draft resolution the Assembly has thus authorized the Preparatory Committee for the third special session of the General Assembly devoted to disarmament to meet during the current session of the General Assembly.

Draft resolution H is entitled "United Nations Programme of Fellowships on Disarmament".

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Arghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antiqua and Barbuda, Argentina, In favour: Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belgium, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Canada, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, China, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Eguatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, France, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Germany, Federal Republic.of, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, Iceland, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Iraq, Irelar 1, Israel, Italy, Jamaica, Japan, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao pople's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Luxembourg, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, Netherlands, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Portugal, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islands, Somalia, Spain, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Turkey, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe

Against: United States of America

Abstaining: None

The draft resolution was adopted by 154 votes to 1, with no abstentions (resolution 41/60 H).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution I is entitled "Implementation of General Assembly resolution 40/151 C on a nuclear-arms freeze".

- In favour: Afghanistan, Algeria, Angola, Antigua and Barbuda, Argentina, Australia, Austria, Bahamas, Bahrain, Bangladesh, Barbados, Belize, Benin, Bhutan, Bolivia, Botswana, Brazil, Brunei Darussalam, Bulgaria, Burkina Faso, Burma, Burundi, Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Republic, Cameroon, Cape Verde, Central African Republic, Chad, Chile, Colombia, Comoros, Congo, Costa Rica, Côte d'Ivoire, Cuba, Cyprus, Czechoslovakia, Democratic Kampuchea, Democratic Yemen, Denmark, Djibouti, Dominican Republic, Ecuador, Egypt, El Salvador, Equatorial Guinea, Ethiopia, Fiji, Finland, Gabon, German Democratic Republic, Ghana, Greece, Grenada, Guatemala, Guinea, Guinea-Bissau, Guyana, Haiti, Honduras, Hungary, India, Indonesia, Iran (Islamic Republic of), Irag, Ireland, Jamaica, Jordan, Kenya, Kuwait, Lao People's Democratic Republic, Lebanon, Lesotho, Liberia, Libyan Arab Jamahiriya, Madagascar, Malawi, Malaysia, Maldives, Mali, Malta, Mauritania, Mauritius, Mexico, Mongolia, Morocco, Mozambique, Nepal, New Zealand, Nicaragua, Niger, Nigeria, Norway, Oman, Pakistan, Panama, Papua New Guinea, Paraguay, Peru, Philippines, Poland, Qatar, Romania, Rwanda, Saint Christopher and Nevis, Saint Lucia, Saint Vincent and the Grenadines, Samoa, Sao Tome and Principe, Saudi Arabia, Senegal, Seychelles, Sierra Leone, Singapore, Solomon Islanós, Somalia, Sri Lanka, Sudan, Suriname, Swaziland, Sweden, Syrian Arab Republic, Thailand, Togo, Trinidad and Tobago, Tunisia, Uganda, Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic, Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, United Arab Emirates, United Republic of Tanzania, Uruguay, Vanuatu, Venezuela, Viet Nam, Yemen, Yugoslavia, Zaire, Zambia, Zimbabwe
- <u>Against</u>: Belgium, Canada, France, Germany, Federal Republic of, Israel, Italy, Japan, Luxembourg, Portugal, Turkey, United Kingdom of Great Britain and Northern Ireland, United States of America

Abstaining: China, Iceland, Netherlands, Spain

The draft resolution was adopted by 139 votes to 12, with 4 abstentions (resolution 41/60 I).

The PRESIDENT: Draft resolution J is entitled "United Nations Regional

Centre for Peace, Disarmament and Development in Latin America".

The First Committee adopted draft resolution J without a vote.

May I take it that the General Assembly wishes to do the same?

Draft resolution J was adopted (resolution 41/60 J).

The PRESIDENT: The General Assembly has concluded its consideration of agenda item 61.

We turn now to the report of the First Committee on agenda item 64, entitled "World Disarmament Conference" (document A/41/815).

The draft resolution recommended by the First Committee is contained in paragraph 7 of its report contained in document A/41/815.

The First Committee adopted this draft resolution without a vote.

May I consider that the General Assembly also wishes to adopt it?

The draft resolution was adopted (resolution 41/61).

The PRESIDENT: I call on the representative of Albania to explain his vote.

<u>Mr. MLLOJA</u> (Albania): I wish to explain the position of my delegation with regard to the resolutions we have just acted upon. The Albanian delegation did not participate in voting on the numerous resolutions relating to various items on disarmament. Likewise we should like to place on record that our delegation dissociated itself from the consensus when some of the above-mentioned resolutions were adopted without a vote.

This stand taken by my delegation does not mean that Albania is against disarmament and the strengthening of peace and security in the world. On the contrary, as has been stressed this year as in the past in the statements of my delegation in the General Assembly and in the First Committee, the Albanian Government has been and still is in favour of real disarmament. We share the concerns and the aspirations of peace-loving peoples and countries for peace and true disarmament.

(Mr. Mlloja, Albania)

In our view, the numerous resolutions and decisions adopted by the General Assembly from year to year have not helped to prevent or slow down the arms race. As experience testifies, the two super-Powers, the United States of America and the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics, defying the demands of world public opinion, have intensified their arms race, extending it to outer space, always in line with their imperialist policies. Their propaganda on the aims of disarmament is a smoke-screen to mask their frenzied arms race and rivalry for world domination.

Finally, the Albanian delegation wishes to reiterate the concern of the Albanian Government and people about the continued and intensified arms race between the two super-Powers and their military blocs, which is an ever-increasing danger to peace and international security in the world.

The PRESIDENT: We have concluded our consideration of agenda item 64.

The meeting rose at 12.20 p.m.

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