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Fortieth year

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WITH THE UNITED NATIONS

Letter dated 5 November 1985 from the Permanent Representative of
Angola to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

Corrigendum

Replace page 22 by the attached text.

Province; and the attempt to supply large quantities of war material in Malange by serial means, to the puppet and mercenary groups. In this context, they welcomed the Security Council resolution 567 (1985) of 20 June 1985.

80. The Ministers expressed grave concern about the massive concentration of South African troops along the Angolan-Namibian border, which poses a new and a grave threat against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the People's Republic of Angola. The Ministers condemned the use of the international territory of Namibia as a springboard for aggression.

81. Given that the Clark Amendment was designed to terminate American involvement in the internal affairs of Angola in 1975, the Ministers condemned the recent repeal of the Clark Amendment. The Ministers supported OAU Summit Declaration AGH/Decl.3 (XXI) which states inter alia:

"2. Any American covert or overt involvement in the internal affairs of the People's Republic of Angola, directly or through third parties, will be considered a hostile act against the Organization of African Unity; and

3. Any renewal of clandestine operations against the territorial integrity of the People's Republic of Angola, would constitute gross interference in the internal affairs of the People's Republic of Angola and the latter reserves the right to take any appropriate action it may deem necessary."

The Ministers strongly condemned the holding on Angolan territory in June 1985 of a meeting of some subversive renegades and mercenary groups under the auspices of the United States, which constituted gross and unacceptable interference in the internal affairs and a flagrant violation of the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the People's Republic of Angola.

82. The Ministers expressed their deep concern over the acts of political, economic and military destabilization against Mozambique. In this regard they reiterated their firm condemnation of the utilization of South African territory for the infiltration of armed bandits which perpetrate massacres against defenceless population and causes the destruction of economic and social infrastructure.

83. The Ministers reaffirmed their total support for the people and the Government of Mozambique for the preservation of peace, independence and national sovereignty. They appealed to all members of the Non-Aligned Movement and the International Community as a whole to render diplomatic, political, financial and material assistance to Mozambique in order to enable it to strengthen its defence capability.

84. The Ministers strongly condemned the recent racist aggression against the sovereignty and territorial integrity of the Republic of Botswana and the Kingdom of Lesotho.

85. They expressed their full support to the resolutions adopted by the United Nations Security Council on this matter and demanded the immediate cessation of these acts against these countries.

86. The Ministers affirmed those countries' rights to receive and give sanctuary to the victims of apartheid in accordance with their traditional practice, humanitarian principles and international obligations.