联 合 国



联合国贸易和发展会议

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贸易和发展理事会 中期计划和方案预算工作组 第三十八届会议 2001年9月17日至21日,日内瓦 议程项目5

> 资助发展中国家和经济转型期国家的 专家参加贸发会议的政府间专家会议

<u>贸发会议秘书处的说明</u>

- 1. 提出本报告的根据是工作组在其 2001 年 6 月的第三十七届会议上决定将这个事项加入其第三十八届会议的议程(TD/B/WP/L.100)。本报告就资助有关专家参加贸发会议专家会议提供了信息。同时,它还载有关于设立信托基金以供更多发展中国家的专家参加贸发会议专家会议的信息。
- 2. 贸发理事会第二十二届执行会议收到了一份关于发展中国家专家参加1999 年举行的七个专家会议的资助情况和出席情况的报告(TD/B/EX(22)/2)。工作组第三十六届会议也收到了关于 2000 年最初两次专家会议的报告(TD/B/WP/131)。本报告所涉时期是从 1999 年 1 月 1 日至 2001 年 7 月 31 日(称之为1999-2001年时期)。
- 3. 大会 1998 年 10 月 12 日第 53/3 号决议同意用 1,088,000 美元充作专家以个人身份出席贸易和发展理事会召开的专家会议的费用。这笔款项用于资助发展中国家的专家参加在 1999 年、2000 年及 2001 年部分时间召开的贸发会议专家会

议。贸发会议于 2001 年还收到了芬兰政府专门资助最不发达国家专家差旅费的金额为 50 万芬兰马克(合 78,568 美元)的捐款。

4. 提名程序如下:

- (1) 贸发会议秘书长在发给各成员国有关举行下次专家会议的通知书中具体要求提出受资助人的名单:
- (2) 在每次专家会议召开至少四周之前,请各成员国提名一位专家享受资助,并附上该专家的简历。
- 5. 贸发会议秘书长根据公平区域分配、受资助人的需要以及有关专家的专业知识的原则就扩大发展中国家专家参与的问题作出决定。为确保以上原则的全面执行,内部组织也作出了安排。为节省现有资源,资助尽可能多的专家,授权购买的机票是最便宜的。
- 6. 以上规定适用于自 1999 年以来召开的所有专家会议(见表 1(a)至表 1(c)所列之清单)。1999 年召开了七次会议,2000 年九次;而在 2001 年,至编写本报告时截止,召开了三次会议。
- 7. 通过以上安排获得资助的经证明具备相关经验的专家人数如下: 1999 年 146 名,2000 年 150 名,2001 年至今 16 名。这些专家经本国政府提名,以个人身份参加会议。1999 年开支总额为 500,288 美元; 2000 年为 487,359 美元; 2001 年 迄今为止开支总额之 29,572 美元来自"节余",23,909 美元来自芬兰的捐款。就为期三天的会议而言,每个专家平均开支总额为: 1999 年 3,427 美元,2000 年 3,249 美元,而 2001 年则为 3,343 美元(见表 2(a)至表 2(c))。
- 8. 为确保公平的区域代表,贸发会议将经济及社会理事会第 1992/222 号决议所规定的确定发展中国家区域代表的做法作为指导原则。人们理解,区域平衡是在全面基础上达成的,不一定只限于一次专家会议。由于各个地区或各成员国的发展利益和需要各不相同,因此对于各次专家会议的议题的兴趣也不一样。
- 9. 在此基础上,从 1999 年至 2001 年,按区域划分的专家分配实际百分比以及预期目标如下:

	目标	1999 年至 2001 年
非洲成员国	40%	42.0%
亚洲及太平洋地区成员国	30%	29.2%
拉丁美洲/加勒比地区成员国	30%	28.8%

- 10. 在 1999 年至 2001 年期间,来自非洲的专家稍多一些,而来自亚洲及太平洋地区以及来自拉丁美洲和加勒比地区的专家稍少一点。然而,实际百分比与预期目标非常接近,已经做到了公平分配(表 3(a)至表 3(d))。
- 11. 一些成员国在回应要求提名专家参加会议方面比较积极。实际上,对于每个区域所涉国家数目的分析显示,从 1999 年至 2001 年,非洲 131 个专家来自 36 国,亚洲 91 个专家来自 22 国,而拉丁美洲 90 个专家来自 23 国(表 4(d))。
- 12. 在 1999 年,有 45 个专家(占专家总数的 31%)来自 21 个最不发达国家。 其中,37 人来自非洲的 18 个最不发达国家,其余 8 人来自亚洲及太平洋地区的三 个最不发达国家。在 2000 年,有 49 个专家(占专家总数的 33%)来自 25 个最不发 达国家。其中,40 人来自非洲 20 个最不发达国家,其余 9 人来自亚洲及太平洋地 区的 5 个最不发达国家。在 2001 年,迄今为止,已有 7 名来自 7 个最不发达国家 的专家(占总数的 44%)参加了专家会议。详细情况载于表 4(a)至表 4(c)。
- 13. 最后,关于性别分配,人们感兴趣地注意到,在 1999 年,在接受资助的 146 名专家中有 27 人是妇女(占专家总数的 18.5%)。在 2000 年,在获得资助的 150 人中有 34 人是妇女(占专家总数的 22.7%)。在 2001 年,16 名专家中有三人是妇女(18.8%)。在 1999 年至 2001 年期间,在获得资助的 312 名专家总数中有 64 人是妇女,整个平均数是 20.5%。关于性别分配的数据请参看表 5(a)至表 5(d)。
- 14. 在 1999 年至 2001 年期间,所有区域均提名妇女专家。在拉丁美洲和加勒比地区提名的 90 名专家中,有 26 人是妇女,占总数的 29%。在该地区参加会议的国家中,半数以上国家至少提名一名妇女。在非洲提名的 131 名专家中,有 21 人是妇女,占总数的 16%。在该地区参加会议的国家中,39%的国家至少提名一名妇女。在亚洲及太平洋地区提名的 90 名专家中,有 17 人是妇女; 33%的参加会议国家至少提名一名妇女。详细情况载于表 6(a)至表 6(c)。
- 15. 在 1999 年至 2001 年间召开的专家会议上,发展中国家的出席率相当之高,有些专家接受本国政府资助,而另一些则获得贸发会议的资助。实际上,在接受资助参加会议的 1,137 名专家之中,872 人来自发展中国家(77%)。其中,312 人由贸发会议资助(36%);262 人来自最不发达国家(23%)。然而,尽管如此,获得资助的专家人数一直在逐步减少。

16. 如果将 1999 年接受资助的专家人数与 2000 年及 2001 年作一比较的话,就可更明显地看到获得资助的人数大幅下降了(表 7)。在 1999 年,来自发展中国家的专家有 42%获得了资助。这个数字在 2000 年下降到了 35%,在 2001 年仅为17%。每次会议接受资助的发达国家以及发展中国家的专家人数也同样呈现下降趋势,总数由 1999 年的 68 人减少到 2000 年的 60 人以及 2001 年的 38 人。每次会议接受资助的发展中国家的专家人数由 1999 年的 50 人减少到 2000 年的 48 人以及 2001 年的 31 人。

财务状况总结

- 17. 从 1999 年 1 月 1 日至 2001 年 7 月 31 日期间,在资助专家开支总额中, 1,017,219 美元来自 1,088,000 美元的未用余额,23,909 美元来自芬兰的捐款。每位专家的生活津贴和差旅费平均支出为 3,337 美元。
- 18. 除了上述芬兰捐款以外,到目前为止,还有两个国家的政府共向贸发会议的信托基金捐助了 4 千美元;该基金是为提高发展中国家在贸发会议专家会议中的出席率而设立的。
- 19. 秘书处估计,基金余额尚可为 2001 年剩下的 5 次专家会议提供资助,每次会议可为 7 名专家提供差旅费和生活津贴。

结论

- 20. 秘书处在提交贸易和发展理事会第二十二届会议的报告中表示,由于通过上述安排使得更多的发展中国家的专家获得资助参加会议,于 1999 年召开的专家会议,无论是其讨论还是其成果,质量均有所提高,而且更切合会议主题。理事会成员在讨论这一议题时同意这个估价。秘书处在 2000 年和 2001 年迄今为止召开的专家会议证实这个结论依然有效。
- 21. 秘书处已经作出最大努力以确保令人满意的地域平衡。在 1999 年至 2001 年期间,最不发达国家的代表性已有改善,获得资助的专家总数从 1999 年的 16%上升到 2000 年的 27%以及 2001 年的 32%。这一增长的原因不仅仅在于贸发会议努力确保在接受资助的专家中必须要有一定数量的人来自最不发达国家,而且也在于芬兰政府专门资助最不发达国家专家的慷慨的捐助。

- 22. 然而,资助发展中国家专家人数下降的总的趋势是与支付差旅费和其他 费用的资源状况紧密相关。
- 23. 很明显,资助提高了发展中国家,特别是最不发达国家专家的出席率。如果不能维持对于这些专家的资助(无论这些资助是来自贸发会议的信托基金还是来自其本国政府),目前出席率下降的趋势今后可能会继续下去,而且可能会影响专家会议的工作和作用。
- 24. 召开专家会议以及设立有关的委员会是贸发会议第九届会议(1996 年 5 月)进行改革的重要内容之一。从此,政府间机构的工作得益于专门知识。有关资助专家的特别规定直接便利了发展中国家专家的与会,尤其是那些可以对会议作业贡献而本来可无法与会的专家。贸发会议在政府间方面的工作明显得益于他们的参与。他们参与交流经验并为达成一致意见作出贡献。如果希望保持贸发会议专家会议的质量并在可能的情况下加以提高的话,就必须想方设法让有关国家能够派出足够数量的专家参加会议。

Table 1(a): Participation of experts from capitals in UNCTAD expert meetings in 1999

			Ex	perts from ca	pitals	•	O 114
Meeting	Dates	Total from DCs	of which LDCs	of which financed	Total N experts	% experts from DCs	Overall* Participation
Expert Meeting on International Investment Agreements	24-26/03/99	34	2	17	62	55%	182
Expert Meeting on Trade in the Agricultural Sector	26-28/04/99	71	4	17	91	78%	199
Expert Meeting on Sustainable Financial and Non-financial Services for SME Development	02-04/06/99	50	16	25	69	72%	141
Expert Meeting on Air Transport Services	21-23/06/99	39	14	17	49	80%	103
Expert Meeting on Portfolio Investment Flows and Foreign Direct Investments	28-30/06/99	35	8	15	58	60%	118
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Changing Supply-and-Demand Market Structures on Commodity Prices and Exports of Major Interest to Developing Countries	07-09/07/99	49	17	29	59	83%	116
Expert Meeting on Capacity-building in the Area of Electronic Commerce: Legal and Regulatory Dimensions	14-16/07/99	73	15	26	91	80%	181
TOTAL		351	76	146	479	73%	1040
Percentage of LDCs or financed experts/total developing country experts			22%	42%			

^{*} Overall participation includes experts from capitals and participants from Geneva-based Missions, IGOs, specialized agencies, UN, NGOs, panellists and special guests.

Table 1(b): Participation of experts from capitals in UNCTAD expert meetings in 2000

			Exp	erts from ca	pitals		0 114
Meeting	Dates	Total from DCs	of which LDCs	of which financed	Total N experts	% experts from DCs	Overall* Participation
Expert Meeting on Mergers and Acquisitions: Policies aimed at Maximizing the Positive and Minimizing Possible Negative Impact of International Investment	19-21/06/00	19	2	13	33	58%	113
Expert Meeting on Impact of the Reform Process in Agriculture on LDCs and Net Food-Importing Developing Countries and Ways to Address their Concerns in Multilateral Trade Negotiations	24-26/07/00	39	17	16	54	72%	133
Expert Meeting on Electronic Commerce and Tourism	18-20/09/00	57	17	17	70	81%	165
Expert Meeting on National Experiences with Regulations and Liberalization: Examples in the Construction Services Sector and its Contribution to the Development of Developing	23-25/10/00	34	10	14	38	89%	85
Expert Meeting on Systems and National Experiences for Protecting Traditional Knowledge, Innovations and Practices	30/10-1/11/00	70	26	17	85	82%	260
Expert Meeting on Home Country Measures	8-10/11/00	60	25	17	70	86%	129
Expert Meeting on the Relationships between SMEs and TNCs to Ensure the Competitiveness of SMEs	27-29/11/00	35	4	18	55	64%	102
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Anti-Dumping and Countervailing Actions	04-06/12/00	49	11	19	67	73%	143
Expert Meeting on Human Resources Development and Training in Trade- Supporting Services: Key to growth with special potential for LDCs	13-15/12/00	66	37	19	72	92%	146
TOTAL		429	149	150	544	79%	1276
Percentage of LDCs or financed experts/total developing country experts			35%	35%			

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^{*} Overall participation includes experts from capitals and participants from Geneva-based Missions, IGOs, specialized agencies, UN, NGOs, panellists and special guests.

Table 1(c): Participation of experts from capitals in UNCTAD expert meetings in 2001**

Meeting	Dates	Total from DCs	Exp of which LDCs	erts from ca of which financed	pitals Total N experts	% experts from DCs	Overall* Participation
Expert Meeting on International Arrangements for Transfer of Technology: Access to Technology and Capacity-building	27-29/06/01	11	3	5	12	92%	73
Expert Meeting on Ways to Enhance the Production and Export Capacities of Developping Countries of Agricultural and Food Products, including Niche Products, such as Environmentally Preferable Products	16-18/07/01	45	24	5	53	85%	126
Expert Meeting on Energy Services in International Trade: Development Implications	23-25/07/01	36	10	6	49	73%	127
TOTAL		92	37	16	114	81%	326
Percentage of LDCs or financed experts/total developing country experts			40%	17%			

^{*} Overall participation includes experts from capitals and participants from Geneva-based Missions, IGOs, specialized agencies, UN, NGOs, panellists and special guests.

^{**} Covers the period of 1 January 2001 to 31 July 2001.

Table 2(a): Expenditures for experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 1999 (in US\$)

Meeting	Dates	N experts financed	Total cost US\$	Average cost per expert US\$
Expert Meeting on International Investment Agreements	24-26/03/99	17	60'441	3'555
Expert Meeting on Trade in the Agricultural Sector	26-28/04/99	17	65'440	3'849
Expert Meeting on Sustainable Financial and Non-financial Services for SME Development	02-04/06/99	25	84'649	3'386
Expert Meeting on Air Transport Services	21-23/06/99	17	54'528	3'208
Expert Meeting on Portfolio Investment Flows and Foreign Direct Investments	28-30/06/99	15	52'497	3'500
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Changing Supply-and-Demand Market Structures on Commodity Prices and Exports of Major Interest to Developing Countries	07-09/07/99	29	95'428	3'291
Expert Meeting on Capacity-building in the Area of Electronic Commerce: Legal and Regulatory Dimensions	14-16/07/99	26	87'305	3'358
TOTAL		146	500'288	3'427

Table 2(b): Expenditures for experts and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 2000 (in US\$)

Meeting	Dates	N experts financed	Total cost US\$	Average cost per expert US\$
Expert Meeting on Mergers and Acquisitions: Policies aimed at Maximizing the Positive and Minimizing Possible Negative Impact of International Investment	19-21/06/00	13	45'557	3'504
Expert Meeting on Impact of the Reform Process in Agriculture on LDCs and Net Food-Importing Developing Countries and Ways to Address their Concerns in Multilateral Trade Negotiations	24-26/07/00	16	56'811	3'551
Expert Meeting on Electronic Commerce and Tourism	18-20/09/00	17	61'492	3'617
Expert Meeting on National Experiences with Regulations and Liberalization: Examples in the Construction Services Sector and its Contribution to the Development of Developing	23-25/10/00	14	46'284	3'306
Expert Meeting on Systems and National Experiences for Protecting Traditional Knowledge, Innovations and Practices	30/10-1/11/00	17	58'221	3'425
Expert Meeting on Home Country Measures	8-10/11/00	17	48'881	2'875
Expert Meeting on the Relationships between SMEs and TNCs to Ensure the Competitiveness of SMEs	27-29/11/00	18	56'663	3'148
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Anti-Dumping and Countervailing Actions	4-6/12/00	19	62'301	3'279
Expert Meeting on Human Resources Development and Training in Trade-Supporting Services: Key to growth with special potential for LDCs	13-15/12/00	19	51'149	2'692
TOTAL		150	487'359	3'249

Table 2(c): Expenditures for experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 2001* (in US\$)

Meeting	Dates	N experts financed	Total cost US\$	Average cost per expert US\$
Expert Meeting on International Arrangements for Transfer of Technology: Access to Technology and Capacity-building ^{1/}	27-29/06/01	5	15'461	3'092
Expert Meeting on Ways to Enhance the Production and Export Capacities of Developping Countries of Agricultural and Food Products, including Niche Products, such as Environmentally Preferable Products ^{2/}	16-18/07/01	5	17'730	3'546
Expert Meeting on Energy Services in International Trade: Development Implications 3/	23-25/07/01	6	20'290	3'382
TOTAL		16	53'481	3'343

^{*} Covers the period of 1 January 2001 to 31 July 2001.

^{1/} One expert out of the 5 was financed from the Finnish contribution for a total of US\$ 4,583.

^{2/} Two experts out of the five were financed from the Finnish contribution for a total of US\$ 10,801.

^{3/} Three experts out of the 6 were financed from the Finnish contirbution for a total of US\$ 8,525.

Table 3(a): Experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 1999 by geographical region

Meeting	Dates	Africa	%	Asia	%	Latin America	%	Total
Expert Meeting on International Investment Agreements	24-26/03/99	5	29.4%	6	35.3%	6	35.3%	17
Expert Meeting on Trade in the Agricultural Sector	26-28/04/99	7	41.2%	5	29.4%	5	29.4%	17
Expert Meeting on Sustainable Financial and Non-financial Services for SME Development	02-04/06/99	10	40.0%	7	28.0%	8	32.0%	25
Expert Meeting on Air Transport Services	21-23/06/99	8	47.1%	2	11.8%	7	41.2%	17
Expert Meeting on Portfolio Investment Flows and Foreign Direct Investments	28-30/06/99	4	26.7%	5	33.3%	6	40.0%	15
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Changing Supply-and- Demand Market Structures on Commodity Prices and Exports of Major Interest to Developing Countries	07-09/07/99	16	55.2%	6	20.7%	7	24.1%	29
Expert Meeting on Capacity-building in the Area of Electronic Commerce: Legal and Regulatory Dimensions	14-16/07/99	10	38.5%	9	34.6%	7	26.9%	26
TOTAL		60	41.1%	40	27.4%	46	31.5%	146

Table 3(b): Experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 2000 by geographical region

Meeting	Dates	Africa	%	Asia	%	Latin America	%	Total
Expert Meeting on Mergers and Acquisitions: Policies aimed at Maximizing the Positive and Minimizing Possible Negative Impact of International Investment	19-21/06/00	3	23.1%	4	30.8%	6	46.2%	13
Expert Meeting on Impact of the Reform Process in Agriculture on LDCs and Net Food-Importing Developing Countries and Ways to Address their Concerns in Multilateral Trade Negotiations	24-26/07/00	8	50.0%	4	25.0%	4	25.0%	16
Expert Meeting on Electronic Commerce and Tourism	18-20/09/00	5	29.4%	4	23.5%	8	47.1%	17
Expert Meeting on National Experiences with Regulations and Liberalization: Examples in the Construction Services Sector and its Contribution to the Development of Developing	23-25/10/00	6	42.9%	5	35.7%	3	21.4%	14
Expert Meeting on Systems and National Experiences for Protecting Traditional Knowledge, Innovations and Practices	30/10-1/11/00	6	35.3%	5	29.4%	6	35.3%	17
Expert Meeting on Home Country Measures	8-10/11/00	8	47.1%	5	29.4%	4	23.5%	17
Expert Meeting on the Relationships between SMEs and TNCs to Ensure the Competitiveness of SMEs	27-29/11/00	10	55.6%	4	22.2%	4	22.2%	18
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Anti-Dumping and Countervailing Actions	4-6/12/00	7	36.8%	7	36.8%	5	26.3%	19
Expert Meeting on Human Resources Development and Training in Trade- Supporting Services: Key to growth with special potential for LDCs	13-15/12/00	11	57.9%	7	36.8%	1	5.3%	19
TOTAL		64	42.7%	45	30.0%	41	27.3%	150

Table 3(c): Experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 2001* by geographical region

Meeting	Dates	Africa	%	Asia	%	Latin America	%	Total
Expert Meeting on International Arrangements for Transfer of Technology: Access to Technology and Capacity-building	27-29/06/01	3	60.0%	1	20.0%	1	20.0%	5
Expert Meeting on Ways to Enhance the Production and Export Capacities of Developping Countries of Agricultural and Food Products, including Niche Products, such as Environmentally Preferable Products	16-18/07/01	2	40.0%	2	40.0%	1	20.0%	5
Expert Meeting on Energy Services in International Trade: Development Implications	23-25/07/01	2	33.3%	3	50.0%	1	16.7%	6
TOTAL		7	43.8%	6	37.5%	3	18.8%	16

^{*} Covers the period of 1 January 2001 to 31 July 2001.

Table 3(d): Experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings by geographical region - Summary for 1999-2001**

Year	Africa	%	Asia	%	Latin America	%	Total
1999	60	41.1%	40	27.4%	46	31.5%	146
2000	64	42.7%	45	30.0%	41	27.3%	150
2001*	7	43.8%	6	37.5%	3	18.8%	16
TOTAL	131	42.0%	91	29.2%	90	28.8%	312
TARGET DISTRIBUTION		40%		30%		30%	

^{**} Covers the period of 1 January 1999 to 31 July 2001.

Table 4(a): Distribution of experts financed per country within geographical region and with special attention to LDCs (1999)

Geographical region		Afı	rica		As	ia		Latin America
	1 1 1 2 4 1 1 1 1 1 2 6 2 3 1 2 1 1 3 3 2 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2 3 3 3 3	LDC	Algeria Angola Benin Burkina Faso Cameroon Chad Comoros Congo C魅 d'Ivoire Egypt Ethiopia Gambia Guinea Kenya Lesotho Madagascar Mali Mauritania Mauritius Morocco Mozambique Niger Nigeria Senegal South Africa Sudan Tanzania Tunisia Uganda Zimbabwe	4 1 4 3 3 1 1 3 3 4 2 1 4 1 5	LDC LDC	Bangladesh Bhutan China India Indonesia Iran Malaysia Nepal Pakistan Philippines Singapore Sri Lanka Thailand Turkmenistan Viet nam	4 1 5 3 5 2 1 5 1 3 2 1 2 4 1 1 1	Argentina Barbados Bolivia Brazil Chile Colombia Costa Rica Cuba El Salvador Guatemala Honduras Jamaica Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru St. Lucia Trinidad & Tobago Uruguay Venezuela
Total experts: Total countries:	60 30	37 18		40 15	8		46 20	0

of which LDCs:

GRAND TOTAL experts:	146	45	31%
GRAND TOTAL countries:	65	21	32%

Table 4(b): Distribution of experts financed per country within geographical region and with special attention to LDCs (2000)

2 Egypt 5 Malaysia 1 Ecuador 9 LDC Ethiopia 1 Mongolia 1 Guatemala 1 LDC Gambia 2 LDC Nepal 1 Honduras 3 Ghana 3 Pakistan 1 Jamaica 1 LDC Guinea 7 Philippines 1 Nicaragua 2 Kenya 2 LDC Samoa 1 Panama 1 LDC Lesotho 1 Singapore 1 Paraguay 1 LDC Madagascar 3 Sri Lanka 4 Peru 2 LDC Mali 2 Thailand 1 St. Lucia	Geographical region		Af	rica		A	sia		La	tin America
		2 1 2 2 2 1 1 1 2 9 1 3 1 2 1 1 2 1 1 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	LDC	Algeria Angola Benin Burkina Faso Burundi Cameroon Cape Verde Chad Comoros Egypt Ethiopia Gambia Ghana Guinea Kenya Lesotho Madagascar Mali Mauritania Mauritius Namibia Niger Rwanda South Africa Sudan Tanzania Togo Tunisia Uganda	1 1 4 1 2 1 1 1 5 1 2 3 7 2 1 3 2	LDC LDC LDC	Bangladesh Bhutan Cambodia China India India Indonesia Iraq Jordan Kyrgyzstan Malaysia Mongolia Nepal Pakistan Philippines Samoa Singapore Sri Lanka Thailand	1 2 2 2 3 1 4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 3 3 3	La	Argentina Bahamas Bolivia Brazil Chile Colombia Costa Rica Cuba Dominican Republic Ecuador Guatemala Honduras Jamaica Nicaragua Panama Paraguay Peru St. Lucia Trinidad & Tobago Uruguay
Total experts: 64				-						
Total countries 30 20 19 5 21 0										

of which LDCs:

GRAND TOTAL experts:	150	49	33%
GRAND TOTAL countries:	70	25	36%

Table 4(c): Distribution of experts financed per country within geographical region and with special attention to LDCs (2001*)

Geographical region		Africa		Asia		Latin America
	1 1 1 1 1 1	LDC Angola LDC Burundi Kenya Morocco South Africa LDC Uganda LDC Zambia	1 1 1 1 1	LDC Bangladesh LDC Bhutan India Philippines Sri Lanka LDC Yemen	1 1 1	Costa Rica Dominican Republic Peru
Total experts:	7	4	6	3	3	0
Total countries	7	4	6	3	3	0

of which LDCs:

GRAND TOTAL experts:	16	7	44%
GRAND TOTAL countries:	16	7	44%

^{*} Covers the period of 1 January 2001 to 31 July 2001.

Table 4(d): Experts financed per geographical region Summary 1999-2001*

Year	Africa	Asia	Latin	Total
1999	60	40	46	146
2000	64	45	41	150
2001	7	6	3	16
Total experts:	131	91	90	312
Total countries	36	22	23	81

Table 5(a): Gender distribution of experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 1999 (in US\$)

Meeting	Dates	Women	%	Men	%	N experts
Expert Meeting on International Investment Agreements	24-26/03/99	1	5.9%	16	94.1%	17
Expert Meeting on Trade in the Agricultural Sector	26-28/04/99	3	17.6%	14	82.4%	17
Expert Meeting on Sustainable Financial and Non-financial Services for SME Development	02-04/06/99	7	28.0%	18	72.0%	25
Expert Meeting on Air Transport Services	21-23/06/99	0	0%	17	100%	17
Expert Meeting on Portfolio Investment Flows and Foreign Direct Investments	28-30/06/99	2	13.3%	13	86.7%	15
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Changing Supply- and-Demand Market Structures on Commodity Prices and Exports of Major Interest to Developing Countries	07-09/07/99	5	17.2%	24	82.8%	29
Expert Meeting on Capacity-building in the Area of Electronic Commerce: Legal and Regulatory Dimensions	14-16/07/99	9	34.6%	17	65.4%	26
TOTAL		27	18.5%	119	81.5%	146

 $Table\ 5 (b): Gender\ distribution\ of\ experts\ financed\ and\ attending\ UNCTAD\ expert\ meetings\ in\ 2000\ (in\ US\$)$

Meeting	Dates	Women	%	Men	%	N experts
Expert Meeting on Mergers and Acquisitions: Policies aimed at Maximizing the Positive and Minimizing Possible Negative Impact of International Investment	19-21/06/00	3	23.1%	10	76.9%	13
Expert Meeting on Impact of the Reform Process in Agriculture on LDCs and Net Food-Importing Developing Countries and Ways to Address their Concerns in Multilateral Trade Negotiations	24-26/07/00	4	25%	12	75%	16
Expert Meeting on Electronic Commerce and Tourism	18-20/09/00	1	5.9%	16	94.1%	17
Expert Meeting on National Experiences with Regulations and Liberalization: Examples in the Construction Services Sector and its Contribution to the Development of Developing	23-25/10/00	1	7.1%	13	92.9%	14
Expert Meeting on Systems and National Experiences for Protecting Traditional Knowledge, Innovations and Practices	30/10-1/11/00	4	23.5%	13	76.5%	17
Expert Meeting on Home Country Measures	8-10/11/00	3	17.6%	14	82.4%	17
Expert Meeting on the Relationships between SMEs and TNCs to Ensure the Competitiveness of SMEs	27-29/11/00	4	22.2%	14	77.8%	18
Expert Meeting on the Impact of Anti-Dumping and Countervailing Actions	4-6/12/00	6	31.6%	13	68.4%	19
Expert Meeting on Human Resources Development and Training in Trade- Supporting Services: Key to growth with special potential for LDCs	13-15/12/00	8	42.1%	11	57.9%	19
TOTAL		34	22.7%	116	77.3%	150

Table 5(c): Gender distribution of experts financed and attending UNCTAD expert meetings in 2001* (in US\$)

Meeting	Dates	Women	%	Men	%	N experts
Expert Meeting on International Arrangements for Transfer of Technology: Access to Technology and Capacity-building	27-29/06/01	1	20%	4	80%	5
Expert Meeting on Ways to Enhance the Production and Export Capacities of Developping Countries of Agricultural and Food Products, including Niche Products, such as Environmentally Preferable Products	16-18/07/01	2	40%	3	60%	5
Expert Meeting on Energy Services in International Trade: Development Implications	23-25/07/01	0	0%	6	100%	6
TOTAL		3	18.8%	13	81.2%	16

^{*} Covers the period of 1 January 2001 to 31 July 2001.

Table 5(d): Summary of gender distribution for 1999-2001**

Meeting Year	Women	%	Men	%	Total
1999	27	18.5%	119	81.5%	146
2000	34	22.7%	116	77.3%	150
2001	3	18.8%	13	81.3%	16
TOTAL	64	20.5%	248	79.5%	312

^{**} Covers period of 1 January 1999 to 31 July 2001.

Table 6(a): Gender distribution of experts financed per country within geographical region (1999)

Geographical region	Men	Women	Total	AFRICA	Men	Women	Total	ASIA	Men	Women	Total	LATIN AMERICA
	1		1	Algeria	4		4	Bangladesh	3	1	4	Argentina
	1		1	Angola	1		1	Bhutan	1		1	Barbados
	1		1	Benin	2	2	4	China	3	2	5	Bolivia
	0	2	2	Burkina Faso	3		3	India	3		3	Brazil
	4		4	Cameroon	3		3	Indonesia	5		5	Chile
	0	1	1	Chad	1		1	Iran	1	1	2	Colombia
	1		1	Comoros	1		1	Malaysia	1		1	Costa Rica
	1		1	Congo	3		3	Nepal	4	1	5	Cuba
	1		1	C魌e d'Ivoire	3		3	Pakistan	1		1	El Salvador
	2		2	Egypt	3	1	4	Philippines	3		3	Guatemala
	5	1	6	Ethiopia	2		2	Singapore	0	2	2	Honduras
	2		2	Gambia	1		1	Sri Lanka	1		1	Jamaica
	3		3	Guinea	2	2	4	Thailand	1	1	2	Nicaragua
	1		1	Kenya	1		1	Turkmenistan	0	1	1	Panama
	0	2	2	Lesotho	4	1	5	Viet nam	2		2	Paraguay
	1		1	Madagascar					2	2	4	Peru
	3		3	Mali					1		1	St. Lucia
	3		3	Mauritania					1		1	Trinidad & Tobago
	2		2	Mauritius					1		1	Uruguay
	1	1	2	Morocco					0	1	1	Venezuela
	1		1	Mozambique								
	1		1	Niger								
	1		1	Nigeria								
	1		1	Senegal								
	1		1	South Africa								
	2		2	Sudan								
	2	1	3	Tanzania								
	2	1	3	Tunisia								
	3		3	Uganda								
	4		4	Zimbabwe								
Total experts:	51	9	60		34	6	40		34	12	46	
Total countries:			30				15				20	

GRAND TOTAL Men:	119
GRAND TOTAL Women:	27
GRAND TOTAL experts:	146
GRAND TOTAL countries:	65

Table 6(b): Gender distribution of experts financed per country within geographical region (2000)

Geographical region	Men	Women	Total	AFRICA	Men	Women	Total	ASIA	Men	Women	Total	LATIN AMERICA
	1		1	Algeria	3		3	Bangladesh	0	1	1	Argentina
	1	1	2	Angola	1		1	Bhutan	1		1	Bahamas
	1		1	Benin	1		1	Cambodia	2		2	Bolivia
	2		2	Burkina Faso	3	1	4	China	2		2	Brazil
	2		2	Burundi	1		1	India	2		2	Chile
	1	1	2	Cameroon	2		2	Indonesia	2	1	3	Colombia
	1		1	Cap Vert	1		1	Iraq	1		1	Costa Rica
	1		1	Chad	1		1	Jordan	2	2	4	Cuba
	1		1	Comoros	1		1	Kyrgyzstan	1		1	Dominican Republic
	2		2	Egypt	4	1	5	Malaysia	1		1	Ecuador
	8	1	9	Ethiopia	1		1	Mongolia	1		1	Guatemala
	0	1	1	Gambia	2		2	Nepal	0	1	1	Honduras
	3		3	Ghana	3		3	Pakistan	1		1	Jamaica
	1		1	Guinea	3	4	7	Philippines	0	1	1	Nicaragua
	2		2	Kenya	1	1	2	Samoa	0	1	1	Panama
	0	1	1	Lesotho	0	1	1	Singapore	1		1	Paraguay
	0	1	1	Madagascar	3		3	Sri Lanka	1	3	4	Peru
	2		2	Mali	1	1	2	Thailand	1		1	St. Lucia
	1		1	Mauritania	3	1	4	Viet nam	2	1	3	Trinidad & Tobago
	6		6	Mauritius					2	1	3	Uruguay
	0	1	1	Namibia					5	1	6	Venezuela
	1		1	Niger								
	1		1	Rwanda								
	0	1	1	South Africa								
	1		1	Sudan								
	3	1	4	Tanzania								
	5		5	Togo								
	2	1	3	Tunisia								
	1	1	2	Uganda								
	3		3	Zimbabwe								
Total experts:	53	11	64		35	10	45		28	13	41	
Total countries			30				19				21	

GRAND TOTAL Men:	116
GRAND TOTAL Women:	34
GRAND TOTAL experts:	150
GRAND TOTAL countries:	70

Table 6(c): Gender distribution of experts financed per country within geographical region and with special attention to LDCs (2001*)

Geographical region	Men	Women		Africa	Men	Women		Asia	Men	Women		Latin America	
	1 1 1 0 1 1	1	1 1 1 1 1 1	Angola Burundi Kenya Morocco South Africa Uganda Zambia	1 1 1 0 1 1	0 0 0 1 0	1 1 1 1 1 1	Bangladesh Bhutan India Philippines Sri Lanka Yemen	0 1 1	1 0 0	1 1 1	Costa Rica Dominican Republic Peru	
Total experts:	6	1	7		5	1	6		2	1	3		
Total countries			7				6				3		

GRAND TOTAL Men:	13
GRAND TOTAL Women:	3
GRAND TOTAL experts:	16
GRAND TOTAL countries:	16

^{*} Covers the period of 1 January 2001 to 31 July 2001.

Table 7: Participation of experts from capitals - Summary 1999 to 2001*

Experts from capitals	1999	2000	2001	1999-2001
Total N experts	479	544	114	1137
Total from DCs	351	429	92	872
of which from LDCs	76	149	37	262
Total N experts from DC financed	146	150	16	312
of which from LDCs	45	49	7	101
Number of meetings	7	9	3	19
N experts per meeting	68	60	38	60
N experts from DC per meeting	50	48	31	46
N experts from LDC per meeting	11	17	12	14
N experts financed per meeting	21	17	5	16
-				
Total overall participation	1040	1276	326	2642
N participants per meeting	149	142	109	139

^{*} Covers the period of 1 January 1999 to 31 July 2001.

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