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COMMITTEE OF EXPERTS ON THE TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS AND ON THE GLOBALLY HARMONIZED SYSTEM OF CLASSIFICATION AND LABELLING OF CHEMICALS

Sub-Committee of Experts on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

Thirty-third session Geneva, 30 June-9 July (a.m.) 2008 Item 4 of the provisional agenda

LISTING, CLASSIFICATION AND PACKING

New entry for Iodine, raw in Class 8

Submitted by the expert from Germany*

Introduction

- 1. At present the substance Iodine, raw is shipped worldwide in big quantities with increasing tendency.
- 2. During controls in Germany it was detected that this substance was classified by the shippers in different ways:
 - As non dangerous good,
 - Under Class 9, UN 3077, PG III, Marine Pollutant,
 - Under Class 8, UN 1759, PG II or III,

*In accordance with the programme of work of the Sub-Committee for 2007-2008 approved by the Committee at its third session (refer to ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/60 para. 100 and ST/SG/AC.10/C.3/34, para. 14)

GE.08-22577

- Under Class 8, with subsidiary risk 6.1, UN 2923, PG II and
- Under Division 6.1 with subsidiary risk 8, UN 3290, PG II, Marine Pollutant.
- 3. For safety reasons, dangerous goods globally shipped in such large quantities should be assigned to individual UN numbers, because on the one hand this promotes a unique safety standard in multimodal transportation all over the world and on the other hand only individual UN entries allow the assigning of specific packing provisions, specific operational stowage instructions, specific treatment and faster identification and access to safety information for emergency intervening in cases of emergency.

For these reasons, the expert from Germany proposes the introduction of a new entry as mentioned below (see data sheet in the annex).

Proposal

4. (a) Add a new entry 3xxx in the Dangerous Goods List as follows:

UN No.	Name and description	Class or division	Subsidiary risk	UN packing group	Special provisions	Limite exce quan	pted	Packagings and IBCs		Portable tanks and bulk containers	
								Packing instruction	Special provisions	Instruction	Special provisions
(1)	(2)	(3)	(4)	(5)	(6)	(7a)	(7b)	(8)	(9)	(10)	(11)
3xxx	IODINE, RAW	8	6.1	II	-	1 kg	E2	P002 IBC08	B2, B4	Т3	TP 33

(b) Add an entry for Iodine, raw in the alphabetical index to read :

IODINE, RAW 8 3xxx

Figure 1

Date

DATA SHEET TO BE SUBMITTED TO THE UNITED NATIONS FOR NEW OR AMENDED CLASSIFICATION OF SUBSTANCES

Submitted by......GERMANY

to the processa	roduct i ry state	n the form to be trans "not known" or "not	uding sources of basic classification data. Data should relate sported. State test methods. Answer all questions - if applicable" - If data is not available in the form requested, ls. Delete inappropriate words.					
Section	1. SUE	STANCE IDENTI	ГҮ					
1.1	Chem	ical name	Iodine, raw					
1.2	Chemical formula I_2							
1.3	Other names/synonyms							
1.4.1	UN nu	ımber 3XXX	1.4.2 CAS number 7553-56-2					
1.5	Proposed classification for the Recommendations							
	1.5.1	Proper shipping nar	me (3.1.2 ¹) IODINE, RAW					
	1.5.2	Class/division 8 packing group II	subsidiary risk(s) 6.1					
	1.5.3	1.5.3 Proposed special provisions, if any						
	1.5.4	Proposed packing in	nstruction(s)					
Section	2. PH	YSICAL PROPERT	CIES					
2.1	Meltin	g point or range	114 °C					
2.2	Boiling point or range 184 °C							
2.3	Relative density at :							
	2.3.1							
	2.3.220 °C		4,94					
2.4	2.3.3 Vapou							
	2.4.1	50 °C	0,287 kPa					
	2.4.2.	65 °C	kPa					

 $^{^{1}}$ This and similar references are to chapters and paragraphs in the Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

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2.5	Viscosity at 20 °C ¹ n.a. m ² /s							
2.6	Solubility in water at 20 °C0,03 g/100 ml							
2.7	Physical state at 20°C (2.2.1.1 ¹) solid ²							
2.8	Appearance at normal transport temperatures, including colour and odour							
	bluish-black crystals; metallic luster, pungent odor							
2.9	Other relevant physical properties							
Section	3. FLAMMABILITY							
3.1	Flammable vapour							
	3.1.1 Flash point (2.3.3 ¹) n.a. °C oc/cc							
	3.1.2 Is combustion sustained? $(2.3.1.3^1)$ no							
3.2	Autoignition temperature °C							
3.3	Flammability range (LEL/UEL) n.a. %							
3.4	Is the substance a flammable solid? $(2.4.2^1)$ no							
	3.4.1 If yes, give details							
Section	4. CHEMICAL PROPERTIES							
4.1	Does the substance require inhibition/stabilization or other treatment such as nitrogen blanket to prevent hazardous reactivity? no							
	If yes, state:							
	4.1.1 Inhibitor/stabilizer used							
	4.1.2 Alternative method							
	4.1.3 Time effective at 55 °C							
	4.1.4 Conditions rendering it ineffective							

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This and similar references are to chapters and paragraphs in the Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

See definition of "liquid" in 1.2.1 of the Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

Is the substance an explosive according to paragraph 2.1.1.1? (2.1 ¹) no								
4.2.1 If yes, give details								
	e substance a desensitized explosive? (2.4.2.4 ¹) no							
4.3.	I If yes, give details							
••••								
Is th	e substance a self-reactive substance? (2.4.1 ¹) no							
If ye	es, state:							
4.4.	l Exit box of flow chart							
	What is the self-accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) for a 50 k							
	package?°C							
	Is the temperature control required? (2.4.2.3.4 ¹) yes/no							
4.4.2	2 Proposed control temperature for a 50 kg package °C							
4.4.3	Proposed emergency temperature for a 50 kg package °C							
Is th	e substance pyrophoric? (2.4.3 ¹) no							
4.5.	I If yes, give details							
Ic th	e substance liable to self-heating? $(2.4.3^{1})$ no							
Is th	e substance liable to self-heating? (2.4.3 ¹) no If yes, give details							

¹ This and similar references are to chapters and paragraphs in the Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

4.7	Is the substance an organic peroxide (2.5.1 ¹) no										
	If yes s	state:									
	4.7.1 Exit box of flow chart										
	What is the self accelerating decomposition temperature (SADT) for										
		package?	°C								
	Is temperature control required? (2.5.3.4.1 ¹) yes/no										
	4.7.2	Proposed control temperature for a 50 kg package °C									
	4.7.3	Proposed emergency temperature for a 50 kg package °C									
4.8	Does the substance in contact with water emit flammable gases? (2.4.4 ¹) no										
	4.8.1	4.8.1 If yes, give details									
			•••••								
4.9	Does the substance have oxidizing properties (2.5.1 ¹) no										
	4.9.1 If yes, give details										
4.10		ivity (2.8 ¹) to:		• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •			••••				
1.10		mild steel	mm/year	at	°C						
		aluminium	mm/year	at	°C						
	4.10.3other packaging materials (specify)										
		omer paemagi	mm/year	at	°C						
			mm/year		°C						
4.11	Other relevant chemical properties										
1111	Other relevant elemear properties										

¹ This and similar references are to chapters and paragraphs in the Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods

Section 5. HARMFUL BIOLOGICAL EFFECTS

5.1	LD ₅₀ , oral (2.6.2.1.1 ¹)	1840 mg/kg	Animal spec	cies rat .	
	LD _{LO} , oral (2.6.2.1.1 ¹)	800 mg/kg	Animal spec	cies dog	
5.2	LD ₅₀ , dermal (2.6.2.1.2 ¹)	mg/kg	Animal spe	cies no a	nimal data available
5.3	LC _{L0} , inhalation (2.6.2.1.3 ¹)	0.8 mg/litre	Animal spec	cies rat	Exposure time 1 hours
	or ml/m ³	Animal spec	ies		
5.4	Saturated vapour concentration	at 20 °C (2.6	2.2.4.3 ¹)	ml/m	3
5.5	Skin exposure (2.8 ¹) results	Exposure tin	ne	hours/1	minutes
		Animal spec	ies	no ani	mal data available
5.6	Other data				
	Octanol/water partition coefficients, LC50: 0.44 mg/kg	cient as log I	Pow: 2.49		

5.7 Human experience

Several incidences of accidental poisoning have been reported after oral, dermal or inhalative exposure. The observed acute toxic effects of iodine are mainly due to its irritating and corrosive effects on the gastrointestinal and respiratory tract, skin, and eyes. Locally, iodine affects cells in a way similar to that of a corrosive acid. After ingestion or inhalation of iodine, oedema of the glottis or pulmonary oedema have been reported. Skin contact may give rise to skin eruption. Iodine vapour causes irritation and lachrymation in human eyes.

Section 6. SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

6.1 Recommended emergency action

6.1.1 Fire (include suitable and unsuitable extinguishing agents)

Toxic gases and vapors may be released if involved in a fire. Wear full protective clothing and self-contained breathing apparatus with full facepiece operated in the pressure demand or other positive pressure mode. Use any means suitable for extinguishing surrounding fire. Water spray may be used to keep fire exposed containers cool.

¹ This and similar references are to chapters and paragraphs in the Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.

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6.1.2 Spillage

Notify safety personnel of iodine spill or leaks. Ventilate area of leak or spill. Wear protective equipment (supplied air, full-facepiece respirator, airlined hood, or full-facepiece selfcontained breathing apparatus; impervious protective clothing, including boots, gloves, lab coat, apron or coveralls, as appropriate, to prevent skin contact; chemical safety goggles and/or a full face shield where splashing is possible). Isolate hazard area. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Collect and containerize as much solid iodine as possible. Cover the spill area with an excess of reducing agent (sodium thiosulfate, bisulfate, or ferrous salts in 3M sulfuric acid) and then neutralize with soda ash. Collect slurry into approved containers.

- 6.2 Is it proposed to transport the substance in:
 - 6.2.1 Bulk Containers (6.8¹) yes/no
 - 6.2.2 Intermediate Bulk Containers (6.5^{1}) ? **yes/no**
 - 6.2.3 Portable tanks (6.7^1) ? **yes/no**

If yes, give details in Sections 7, 8 and/or 9.

Section 7. BULK CONTAINERS (only complete if yes in 6.2.1)

7.1 Proposed type(s)

Section 8. INTERMEDIATE BULK CONTAINERS (IBCs) (only complete if yes in 6.2.2)

8.1 Proposed type(s) All types listed in packing instruction IBC08

Section 9. MULTIMODAL TANK TRANSPORT (only complete if yes in 6.2.3)

- 9.1 Description of proposed tank (including IMO tank type if known) T3
- 9.2 Minimum test pressure **2,65 bar**
- 9.3 Minimum shell thickness **5 mm**
- 9.4 Details of bottom openings, if any 2 shut-off devices
- 9.5 Pressure relief arrangements **Normal type**
- 9.6 Degree of filling

This and similar references are to chapters and paragraphs in the Model Regulations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods.