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防治荒漠化公约

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《公约》执行情况审评委员会

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临时议程项目 2 (e)

评估《公约》的执行情况：供资和技术转让

评估《公约》的执行情况：供资和技术转让

秘书处的说明

概要

本文件汇总和初步分析国家缔约方和其他报告实体就《推进执行《公约》的十年战略规划和框架(2008-2018 年)》的业务目标 5——“供资和技术转让”提交的资料。从全球、区域和次区域视角说明了五个相关绩效指标的最新情况，提出了实现这些指标之已定具体目标的可能发展趋势。

本文件还就如何调整、精简和加强实现主要目标的措施提出了一些建议，供《公约》执行情况审评委员会审议。

在反复提出的建议中概述了对报告程序，包括这套绩效指标和相关方法加以完善的考虑。

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缩略语表

CEE	中东欧[《荒漠化公约》区域附件]
COP	缔约方会议
CRIC	《公约》执行情况审评委员会
DLDD	荒漠化、土地退化和干旱
GEF	全球环境基金
GM	全球机制[《荒漠化公约》]
GSP	全球支持方案
IFS	综合融资战略
IGO	政府间组织
IIF	综合投资框架
LAC	拉丁美洲和加勒比地区[《荒漠化公约》区域附件]
NMED	地中海北部地区[《荒漠化公约》区域附件]
OO	业务目标[《荒漠化公约》十年战略计划和框架]
OECD	经济合作与发展组织
PRAIS	履约绩效审查和评估系统
RAP	区域行动方案
SRAP	次区域行动方案
UFA	统一资金附件
UNCCD	联合国防治荒漠化公约
UNDP	联合国开发计划署

一. 导言

1. 《联合国防治荒漠化公约》(《荒漠化公约》)缔约方会议在第 16/COP.11 号决定中,呼吁秘书处与全球机制一起修订报告准则和模板,减少绩效指标的总体数目,简化履约绩效审查和评估系统,以减轻缔约方和其他报告实体的总体报告负担。
2. 根据这一要求,秘书处与全球机制在整个 2013-2014 两年期广泛合作,简化报告模板,尤其是资金报告模板;还与全球环境基金和联合国环境规划署一起设立了全球支持方案,以便增加履约审评所需信息数量和提高其质量。
3. 在 460 万美元的总预算中,全球支持方案取得了以下成果:(一)提高了《荒漠化公约》报告实体利用新的报告准则和模板,根据指标报告履约情况的能力;(二)制定了技术援助框架,以便利国家一级 2014-2015 两年期的报告和审评工作;(三)改进了《荒漠化公约》的报告体系(包括强化了履约绩效审查和评估系统的平台),以方便所有报告实体进行报告。
4. 这一重要的能力建设活动,主要包括八次互动式次区域培训讲习班、一本综合报告手册、经过改进的网上报告平台和专门服务台以及在当地提供援助的区域支持系统。通过这些工作,国家缔约方得以广泛参与《荒漠化公约》第五个报告和审评周期,所有区域附件的报告率均达到或接近 100%。
5. 本文件汇总和初步分析了 2014 年国家缔约方和其他报告实体通过简化资金报告模板——“统一资金附件”提交的信息,如有可能还分析了历史数据中的趋势信息。全球机制与苏黎世大学和经济合作与发展组织的分析团队合作,对这些信息进行了分析。分析是按照第 13/COP.9 号、第 14/COP.11 号和第 16/COP.11 号决定进行的。

二. 分析的目标、范围和方法以及局限性

A. 目标

6. 本报告的总体任务是在《荒漠化公约》秘书处 2012-2013 两年期收到的数据以及其他历史数据的基础上,对业务目标 5(OO 5)——“供资和技术转让”进行分析。对资金流动的分析有助于《公约》的执行,分析是按照修订后的分析框架进行的。
7. 本文件的目的是对 OO 5 的所有五个绩效指标进行趋势分析,以监测全球目标取得的进展,发现资源配置中的主要差距。
8. 分析所依据的是国家缔约方和其他报告实体 2012-2013 两年期提交的正式报告中综合指标 CONS-O-14 至 CONS-O-18 章节所包含经部分修订的问题。这些综合指标旨在评估:(一)所建立的综合投资框架数目;(二)发达国家缔约方的捐款

额；(三) 发达国家缔约方所提供资金的充足性、及时性和可预测性；(四) 成功提交和获得批准的项目数；(五) 受影响国家缔约方鼓励获得技术的扶持性活动。

9. 本文件中所使用的资金数据、统计和分析来源于受影响和发达国家缔约方、报告次区域和区域行动方案执行情况的机构、全球环境基金、联合国机构和政府间组织，以及全球机制通过 **PRAIS** 门户网站提交的数据。应该指出，除了正式报告截止日期 2014 年 10 月 3 日前提交的数据，2014 年 10 月 15 日前提交的更正¹也包含在分析中。

B. 范围和方法

10. 本文件综述对缔约方和观察员国就《推进执行《公约》的十年战略规划和框架(2008-2018 年)》(《战略》)的业务目标 5——“供资和技术转让”所提交信息的修订初步分析结果。²

11. 如果数据允许，都参照 2008-2009 年和 2010-2011 年报告进行了系统趋势分析，以记录实现这些指标之已定具体目标的进展。

12. 分析采用“R 语言”统计软件³进行。这一统计软件为数据汇总、数据分析和研究提供了先进的可视化和最具创新的功能。必要时，R 语言还与其他软件包，如用于实时数据动态可视化的数据驱动文件⁴一起使用。

13. 数据处理的第一步是将所有实体的数据合并成一个大的数据集。在这一过程中，对各种数据的质量和一致性进行了检查。潜在隐患包括使用各种语言(阿拉伯语、俄语、西班牙语等)和各种格式(左到右和右到左语言，加上可填写 PDF 版本表格的各种记录分隔符)。此外，由于以往两年期间号标签粒度与 2012-2013 年报告活动的标签粒度不同，所以对 **PRAIS** 数据库中历史数据进行转换在结构上具有挑战性。

14. 与所有大数据集一样，数据的复杂性影响到确保和管理数据处理质量需要的时间(从预处理/合并到可视化)。为了完成这些分析，利用 7,500 多行的代码编程分析了 100 多万条记录。需要处理的例外只占少数，在 5,000 多行中总共不到 10 例，主要涉及没有项目名称和/或承诺数额的条目。

15. 本文件末尾提出了一般性结论(见第九章)。第十章建议采取措施，增加对防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱活动的供资和技术转让，供《公约》执行情况审评委

¹ 少数发达国家缔约方最初在统一资金附件中提交了加权数值，后来作了更正。

² 第 3/COP.8 号决定。

³ 见 <http://www.r-project.org>。

⁴ 见 <http://d3js.org>。

员会审议。审评委不妨根据这些建议，向缔约方、公约机构和附属机构，以及其他相关组织提供具体指导，供缔约方会议第十二届会议审议。

C. 局限性

16. 2014 年推出的离线报告模板无法配备所有文件域特别是开放文本域的完整数据输入控件。这导致多国语言和包含特殊字符的大量非结构化数据的聚集，在技术上很难及时和划算地进行规范和分析。

17. 报告模板的简化增加了分析的复杂性，因为在分析时需要对详细程度或粒度不一的不同数据集以及不同数据库储存的数据集进行比较。在本分析可利用的时间内，只能进行有限的比较，即区域和全球层面的比较。有了综合数据库，将所有历史数据合并在一起，并开发了数据开采平台之后，才能进行较详细的综合分析。预计 2015 年将在全球支持方案的一个项目框架内完成这项工作。

18. 资金数据的分析过程十分复杂，因为计算和综合国家、次区域、区域和全球数据需要多层面分析。为了避免重复记录，验证数据与报告准则和定义的一致性，还进行了数据的完整性控制。

19. 在数据清理过程中，有些资金附件被认为不完整，多数附件使用的字段分隔符不一致，例如自由文本或非标准缩写中的公开引用就不规范。以联合国语文报告的数据也包括在分析中，尽管这提出了额外挑战，并放慢了处理时间。2012-2013 两年期，没有相应名义承诺数额的报告活动不列入。

20. 一些报告实体将单一资金数额与区域内和次区域内或跨区域和跨次区域的多个国家联系在起来。这些承诺数额没有列入该区域和次区域的总数中，而是列入全球数据中。在适当情况下，将承诺数额在多个接受方之间分割，以评估记入单个接受方的数据。

21. 由于三个报告周期的分析使用的报告数量不同，所以这些两年期(2008-2009 年；2010-2011 年；2012-2013 年)观察到的趋势仅供参考。尤其是将三个两年期的集体趋势与单个报告实体趋势进行比较时，则可能看出差异。这类分析的细节，可向秘书处查询。

22. 虽然绩效指标的历史数据大多与 CONS-O-14 至 CONS-O-18 的现有报告相兼容，但目前分析没有将国家的过去期待与后来行动相联系，例如测试拟议规划或承诺数额在以后两年期是否真能实现的假设。为了下一步工作，显然需要这样的分析，以了解为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱项目和方案承诺数额的主要缺口。

23. 在报告模板允许在单个字段中填写多个条目的情况下，都根据出现的频次进行了分析。这不应该与活动数目相混淆，因为活动数目较少。

三. 所报告活动的情况

24. 各国家或以受影响国家缔约方或以发达国家缔约方名义，或以兼具两者的双重名义提交报告(图 1)。

25. 在本报告周期，《荒漠化公约》秘书处收到了 197 份报告，其中 159 份来自受影响国家缔约方，31 份来自发达国家缔约方，4 份来自联合国机构和政府间组织，3 份来自次区域和区域行动方案(表 1)。与以前的两年期相比，报告范围大幅扩大，全球平均达到了 60%。

26. 受影响国家缔约方提交的 2012-2013 两年期报告与前一两年期相比大幅增加(图 2-4)：非洲为 98%(提交了 53 份，2010-2011 年为 28 份)；亚洲为 89%(提交了 47 份，2010-2011 年为 21 份)；拉丁美洲和加勒比地区为 94%(提交了 31 份，2010-2011 年为 11 份)；中东欧为 100%(提交了 15 份，2010-2011 年为 7 份)；地中海北部地区为 100%(提交了 12 份，2010-2011 年为 4 份)。

27. 在世界范围内，受影响国家缔约方报告率约为 95%，发达国家缔约方为 69%(图 5；另见文件 ICCD/CRIC(13)/INF.2)。

四. 《战略》的成果 5.1 的绩效指标 CONS-O-14

在全球机制设计的综合融资战略或其他融资战略之内建立的投资框架反映了其利用国家、双边或多边资源防治荒漠化、土地退化干旱活动情况的受影响国家缔约方、次区域和区域实体数目/全球目标：到 2014 年为 $\geq 50\%$ 。

28. 已建立综合投资框架国家数目的趋势是，2008-2009 年为 11%，2010-2011 年增至 25%，2012-2013 年增至 37%(表 2-3 和图 6-8)。所有五个区域——非洲、亚洲、拉丁美洲和加勒比、中东欧和地中海北部地区都有所增长，2012-2013 年共有 57 个受影响国家缔约方和 3 个次区域实体建立了综合投资框架(占 37%)(2008-2009 年和 2010-2011 年分别有 12 个和 17 个受影响国家缔约方建立了综合投资框架)(见表 2-3)。

29. 在非洲，2012-2013 与 2010-2011 两年期相比，又有 22 个受影响国家缔约方报告说它们建立了综合投资框架。同时，报告说尚无计划建立综合投资框架的受影响国家缔约方数目没有变化，整个地区是 5 个；14 个受影响国家缔约方和一个次区域实体报告说它们计划在未来建立综合投资框架。具体而言，5 个在 2014-2015 两年期建立，9 个在 2016-2017 两年期建立。

30. 在亚洲, 2012-2013 与 2010-2011 两年期相比, 又有 8 个受影响国家缔约方报告说它们建立了综合投资框架。同时, 报告说尚无计划建立综合投资框架的受影响国家缔约方从 7 个增至 17 个。20 个受影响国家缔约方和 2 个次区域实体报告说它们计划在未来建立综合投资框架。具体而言, 10 个在 2014-2015 两年期建立, 9 个在 2016-2017 两年期建立, 3 个在 2018-2019 两年期建立。

31. 在拉丁美洲和加勒比地区, 2012-2013 年与 2010-2011 两年期相比, 又有 8 个受影响国家缔约方报告说它们建立了综合投资框架。同时, 报告说尚无计划建立综合投资框架的受影响国家缔约方从 2 个增至 8 个。12 个受影响国家缔约方报告说它们计划在未来建立综合投资框架。具体而言, 4 个在 2014-2015 两年期建立, 7 个在 2016-2017 两年期建立, 1 个在 2018-2019 两年期建立。

32. 在中东欧, 2012-2013 年与 2010-2011 两年期相比, 又有一个受影响国家缔约方报告说它建立了综合投资框架。同时, 报告说尚无计划建立综合投资框架的受影响国家缔约方从 4 个增至 7 个。6 个受影响国家缔约方报告说它们计划在未来建立综合投资框架。具体而言, 4 个在 2014-2015 两年期建立, 2 个在 2016-2017 两年期建立。

33. 在地中海北部地区, 2012-2013 年与 2010-2011 两年期相比, 又有 4 个受影响国家缔约方报告说它们建立了综合投资框架。同时, 报告说尚无计划建立综合投资框架的受影响国家缔约方从 3 个增至 8 个, 没有任何受影响国家缔约方报告说它们在未来建立综合投资框架。

34. 总共有 55 份报告指出, 它们计划在未来的 2014-2015、2016-2017 和 2018-2019 两年期建立综合投资框架(表 2 和图 9)。各次区域计划在下两个两年期建立综合投资框架的国家数目如下: 南部非洲(8 个)、西亚(8 个)、加勒比地区(8 个)、中东欧(6 个)、中部非洲(5 个)、中亚(4 个)、太平洋(3 个)、南锥体(3 个)、西非(2 个)、南亚(2 个)、东南亚(2 个)、北非(1 个)和中美洲(1 个)。以下次区域有 5 个国家表示计划在以后即 2018-2019 年两年期建立综合投资框架: 南部非洲、中亚、亚太、西亚和加勒比地区。

35. 7 个发达国家缔约方报告说它们在 2012-2013 年对建立综合投资框架提供了支持, 多边机构向两个国家提供了支持, 包括全球环境基金、联合国机构和政府间组织对报告活动的支持。各国报告说, 2010-2011 年支持了 9 个国家的综合投资框架, 2008-2009 年支持了 3 个国家的综合投资框架(表 2-3 和图 10-12)。与前一报告周期相比, 这一趋势变化不大, 比上一两年期略有下降。

36. 在表示计划在 2014-2015 两年期建立综合投资框架的受影响国家缔约方与它们的发展伙伴, 特别是以前两年期支持过建立综合投资框架的发达国家缔约方的共同努力下, 到 2014 年很可能达到 50%的目标(图 10-12)。2014 年活动数据发布后, 将予以证实。

五. 《战略》的成果 5.2 的绩效指标 CONS-O-15

发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱提供的资金数额/全球目标：无。

37. 全球机制根据发达国家缔约方在统一资金附件中提供的数据对这一指标进行了分析。

38. 发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱提供的资金数额呈稳定趋势。2012-2013 年为受影响非发达国家缔约方的相关活动承诺提供 22 亿美元，高于 2010-2011 年的 13 亿美元，但低于 2008-2009 年的 27 亿美元(见表 4 和图 13-15)。2012-2013 年的加权承诺数额为 8.03 亿美元，共报告了 1,579 项活动。非洲在所报告活动和名义承诺数额中占大部分(13 亿美元)，其次是亚洲(7.51 亿美元)、拉丁美洲和加勒比地区(1.6 亿美元)、中东欧(1,270 万美元)和地中海北部地区(89 万美元)。

39. 在非洲，东非和西非次区域国家在所报告活动数目以及名义和加权承诺数额上都占主导地位，表明这些次区域是发达国家缔约方提供防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱资金的主要对象(表 4 和图 16-18)。

40. 在拉丁美洲和加勒比地区，安第斯山脉次区域国家占主要地位，其次是南锥体国家，表明这些次区域是发达国家缔约方提供防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱资金的主要对象(表 4 和图 19-21)。

41. 在亚洲，南亚和东南亚次区域是接受发达国家缔约方防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱资金最多的国家，其次是东亚国家，但重点不是荒漠化(表 4 将名义承诺数额与加权承诺数额相比较)(图 22-24)。

42. 在整个中东欧地区，共报告了 23 项活动，名义承诺资金数额 1,270 万美元，加权承诺数额 540 万美元(表 4 和图 25-27)。

43. 在整个地中海北部地区，共报告了 4 项活动，名义承诺数额 89 万美元，加权承诺数额 57 万美元(表 4 和图 25-27)。

六. 《战略》的成果 5.3 的绩效指标 CONS-O-16

发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱所提供资金的充足性、及时性和可预测性/全球目标：无

44. 对发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱所提供资金的充足性、及时性和可预测性的定性评估结果，是从最低的 1(未获好评)到最高的 3(获好评)。

45. 发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱所提供资金的充足性趋势平均从 1.7(2008-2009 年)升至 2.5(2012-2013 年), 及时性趋势平均从 1.8(2008-2009 年)升至 2.4(2012-2013 年), 可预测性趋势平均从 1.6(2008-2009 年)升至 2.5(2012-2013)(图 28 和表 5))。

46. 与以前两年期相比, 所有地区都有更多国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得了援助(2012-2013 年为 69 个国家)(2008-2009 年为 31 个国家, 2010-2011 年为 29 个国家)(表 6 和图 29-31)。本两年期有更多国家报告说它们在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面没有得到援助(表 7)。

47. 在非洲, 与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比, 2012-2013 年又有 12 个国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得了援助。南部非洲和西非次区域国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得的援助最多; 然而, 所有地区的国家都将获得资金(充足性、及时性和可预测性)评定为高于平均水平(表 5-6, 图 28-29)。

48. 在拉丁美洲和加勒比地区, 与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比, 2012-2013 年又有 7 个国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得了援助。安第斯次区域国家和南锥体国家在提供资金的定性评估中给予的平均评价最低(2012-2013 年分别为 1.5 和 2.0)。然而, 加勒比和中美洲国家报告说, 它们从本地区的双边捐助方得到的援助最多(表 5-6 和图 28-29)。

49. 在亚洲, 与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比, 2012-2013 年又有 17 个国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得了援助。增加最多的是太平洋次区域国家, 又有 9 个国家报告说它们在 2012-2013 年接受了双边援助。所有次区域的国家都报告说, 它们对发达国家缔约方所提供资金的充足性、及时性和可预测性表示赞同。

50. 在整个中东欧地区, 与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比, 2012-2013 年又有 4 个国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得了援助。这一地区的国家报告说, 它们对发达国家缔约方所提供资金的充足性、及时性和可预测性表示赞同。

51. 在整个地中海北部地区, 2012-2013 年没有任何国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得援助。这些国家对发达国家缔约方所提供资金的充足性、及时性和可预测性的定性评估情况没有变化, 尽管缺乏 2010-2011 年数据, 难以对趋势作出判断。

七. 《战略》的成果 5.3 的绩效指标 CONS-O-17

向国际金融机构、专项基金和基金会, 包括全球环境基金成功提交的防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱相关项目建议书数目/全球目标: 成功提交的防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱相关项目建议书数目在《战略》(2009-2018 年)执行期间稳步增加。

52. 全球环境基金、全球机制和联合国开发计划署报告说，它们共收到 164 份项目建议书，资助了 172 个项目，承诺提供资金总额 11 亿美元。全球环境基金在其中占据最大份额(8.9 亿美元)，其次是开发计划署(1.47 亿美元)和全球机制(1,400 万美元)。在以前的两年期，全球环境基金 2010-2011 年提供项目资金 2.66 亿美元(包括联合融资 25 亿美元)，2008-2009 年提供项目资金 1.76 亿美元。

53. 联合国机构和政府间组织在业务目标 OO 5 中报告说它们承诺提供资金 11 亿美元，但统一资金附件中的数额高达 51 亿美元。这一差异可能因为加上了全球环境基金所说的联合融资数额(29 亿美元)。

54. 将各区域和次区域正在执行的项目数与以前两年期提交的项目建议书数进行直接比较是不可能的，因为它们是缔约方报告的。在本两年期，CONS-O-17 的数据是多边机构而不是国家提供的(见表 8)。

55. 联合国组织和政府间组织在提供上述数额的同时还补充了以下信息：

(a) 全球环境基金：“(一) 共批准了 107 个项目，资金来自土地退化重点领域⁵。全球环境基金对这些项目的赠款总额为 6.52 亿美元，另有 29 亿美元的联合融资。在全球环境基金的赠款中，1.99 亿美元是各国独立重点领域项目或多个重点领域项目利用的土地退化重点领域资金；(二) 项目组合包括 76 个大型项目、5 个中型项目、27 个扶持活动项目。这些项目中有 41 个是土地退化重点领域的独立项目，使用资金 6,100 万美元(占 31%)；有 60 个是多个重点领域项目，使用全球环境基金资金 5.78 亿美元，包括土地退化重点领域资金 1.38 亿美元(占 69%)；(三) 通过多个重点领域项目提供的 1.39 亿美元土地退化重点领域资金，与其他重点领域的 4.39 亿美元相联系，其中包括生物多样性(2.23 亿美元)、气候变化(1.39 亿美元)，国际水域(2,200 万美元)和 SFM/REDD+⁶ 激励计划(5,500 万美元)。此外，31 个获批准的土地退化相关项目由最不发达国家基金⁷ 提供资金，13 个获批准的土地退化相关项目由气候变化特别基金⁸ 提供资金，共计 2.38 亿美元”；

(b) 全球机制：“以下项目的赠款建议书已成功提交欧盟委员会：FLEUVE——创建绿色欧盟的当地环境联盟(775 万欧元)；scope | acp, 南南合作项目(2012-2013 年为 1,530,648 美元)；将气候变化资金纳入可持续土地管理战略项目(2012-2013 年为 2,008,210 美元)”；

⁵ 土地退化重点领域。

⁶ 发展中国家可持续森林管理以及减少毁林和森林退化所致排放量、养护森林的碳储存、可持续森林管理和加强森林碳储存(REDD+)。

⁷ 最不发达国家基金。

⁸ 气候变化特别基金。

(c) 开发计划署：“2012-2013 年开发计划署——全球环境基金的项目组合总计 1.17 亿美元：以上所列处于审批阶段的项目是土地退化和多个重点领域项目，项目鉴定表于 2012 年和 2013 年获得批准：10 个项目(4 个是完全的土地退化项目)，全球环境基金提供赠款 5,270 万美元，加上项目筹备赠款 190 万美元，总计 5,460 万美元。以上所列获批准项目已于 2012 年得到首席执行官核可”。

八. 《战略》的成果 5.5 的绩效指标 CONS-O-18

帮助受影响国家缔约方获得技术的资金数额以及激励机制类型/全球目标：成功提交的防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱相关项目建议书数目在《战略》(2009-2018 年)执行期间稳步增加。

56. 2012 年，促进技术转让的拨款为 133 亿美元，是前一报告周期 2010-2011 年的两倍多(见图 32 和表 9)。2013 年，由于中美洲报告的数额减少，总额降至 91 亿美元。

57. 在非洲，与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比，又有 27 个国家 2012-2013 年建立了鼓励获得技术的激励机制。南部非洲和西非次区域国家报告说，它们大多在努力建立鼓励获得技术的激励机制。2012-2013 年尚未建立激励机制的国家在各次区域所占比例相当(表 10 和图 33-35)。

58. 在拉丁美洲和加勒比地区，与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比，又有 14 个国家 2012-2013 年建立了鼓励获得技术的激励机制。增长最大的是加勒比地区，又有 8 个国家报告说它们在努力建立鼓励获得技术的激励机制。此外，根据加勒比地区国家报告，那里尚未建立鼓励获得技术的激励机制的国家也最多(表 10 和图 33-35)。

59. 亚洲的统计表明，与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比，又有 20 个国家 2012-2013 年建立了鼓励获得技术的激励机制。太平洋、南亚、东南亚和西亚次区域国家报告说它们的增幅最大，只有少数几个国家尚未建立激励机制。南亚次区域国家的这一数字是零(表 10 和图 33-35)。

60. 在中东欧地区，与前一两年期 2010-2011 年相比，又有 8 个国家 2012-2013 年建立了鼓励获得技术的激励机制。共有 4 个国家尚未建立激励机制(表 10 和图 33-35)。

61. 在地中海北部地区，与前一两年期 2010-2011 年(3 个国家)相比，2012-2013 年建立了鼓励获得技术的激励机制的国家有所增加(4 个国家)。共有 7 个国家尚未建立激励机制(表 10 和图 33-35)。

62. 可以看到一个积极趋势，2012-2013 年总共有 105 个国家建立了鼓励获得技术的激励机制，而 2008-2009 年为 35 个，2010-2011 年为 34 个(见表 10-11 和图 33-35)。非洲建立激励机制的国家最多(41 个)，其次是亚洲(32 个)、拉丁美洲和

加勒比地区(18个)、中东欧地区(10个)和地中海北部地区(4个)。已建立激励措施的国家与尚未建立激励机制国家的比例在三个两年期保持稳定(表 11)，平均有 70%的国家报告说它们建立了激励机制。

63. 对鼓励获得技术的拨款预计将增加(表 12 和图 36)，在所有受影响国家缔约方区域 2015 年最低平均值为 3.4%，2016 年最高平均值为 22%。各次区域的波动预计很大，无法看到清晰趋势(表 12)。

64. 单个受影响国家缔约方报告说，它们计划 2014-2018 年增加对鼓励获得技术的拨款百分比，表明承诺数额在将呈积极和稳定增长趋势(图 36)。

九. 结论

65. 2012-2013 年报告期，受影响国家缔约方和发达国家缔约方提交的报告数量与以前两年期相比呈大幅上升趋势，全球平均报告率为：受影响国家缔约方 95% 以上，发达国家缔约方 69%。《荒漠化公约》区域附件所列国家的报告率为：非洲国家 98%，亚洲国家 89%，拉丁美洲和加勒比国家 94%，中东欧国家 100%，地中海北部地区国家 100%。

66. CONS-O-14: 2012-2013 年，已建立综合投资框架国家数目在《荒漠化公约》附件所列五个区域都呈积极趋势，总体达到 37%。

67. CONS-O-14: 《荒漠化公约》附件中的四个区域的国家次区域表示它们计划在未来两年期建立综合投资框架：非洲(15 个)、亚洲(22 个)、拉丁美洲和加勒比(12 个)和中东欧(6 个)。大多数国家计划在 2014-2015 两年期(44%)或 2016-2017 年两年期(49%)建立综合投资框架。

68. CONS-O-14: 与前一两年期相比，发达国家缔约方支持建立综合投资框架的趋势变化不大，略有下降。然而，在表示计划建立综合投资框架的受影响国家缔约方和在以前两年期已支持建立综合投资框架的发达国家缔约方的共同努力下，2014 年可能达到 50%的目标。

69. CONS-O-15: 发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱提供的资金数量呈稳定趋势。2012-2013 年，为受影响国家缔约方防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱相关活动承诺提供资金 22 亿美元，高于 2010-2011 年的 13 亿美元，但低于 2008-2009 年的 27 亿美元。

70. CONS-O-15: 2012-2013 年，发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱提供的资金大部分流入以下次区域国家：东非和西非、安第斯次区域、南亚和东南亚。

71. CONS-O-16: 受影响国家缔约方报告了发达国家缔约方为防治荒漠化、土地退化和干旱所提供资金的充足性、及时性和可预测性(平均得分 2.5, 最低为 1, 最高为 3)。

72. CONS-O-16: 与以前两年期相比, 所有地区国家在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面都获得了更多援助(2012-2013 年为 69 个国家, 而 2008-2009 年为 31 个国家, 2010-2011 年为 29 个国家)。更多国家 2012-2013 年报告说, 它们在向各双边捐助方筹措资金方面没有得到任何援助。

73. CONS-O-16: 以下次区域报告说, 它们 2012-2013 年在向双边捐助方筹措资金方面获得的援助最多: 南部非洲和西非、加勒比和中美洲、太平洋、中东欧。

74. CONS-O-17: 多边机构 2012-2013 年承诺提供资金 11 亿美元(其中全球环境基金 8.9 亿美元), 而据 ICCD/CRIC(11)/12 号文件, 前一两年期 2010-2011 年提供资金 25 亿美元(其中全球环境基金 2.66 亿美元)。在一些情况下, 报告的数额包括了联合融资(如全球环境基金与开发计划署的联合融资); 在另一些情况下, 报告的是独立项目。

75. CONS-O-18: 2012 年, 促进技术转让的拨款为 133 亿美元, 是前一报告周期 2010-2011 年的两倍多。2013 年, 总额降至 91 亿美元。

76. CONS-O-18: 可以看出一个积极趋势, 2012-2013 年共有 105 个国家建立了鼓励获得技术的激励机制, 而 2008-2009 年为 35 个国家, 2010-2011 年为 34 个国家。2012-2013 年, 以下次区域大多数国家报告说, 它们在努力建立鼓励获得技术的激励机制: 南部非洲和西非、加勒比、亚太、南亚、东南亚和西亚、中东欧。

77. CONS-O-18: 单个受影响国家缔约方报告说, 它们计划 2014-2018 年增加对鼓励获得技术的拨款百分比, 表明承诺数额在各年将呈积极和稳定增长趋势。

十. 建议

78. 各缔约方可以在审评委第十三届会议上审议以下初步建议, 以便就决定草案及早磋商, 呈交缔约方会议第十二届会议审议:

(a) 敦促受影响国家缔约方加紧努力建立综合投资框架, 以期到 2014 年达到《战略》所设定的 50% 目标。请发达国家缔约方、全球环境基金和其他多边金融机构更加支持各地区, 特别是已表示计划在下几个两年期建立综合投资框架的国家, 建立综合投资框架;

(b) 请全球机制如上文所述继续协助受影响国家缔约方和次区域建立综合投资框架, 并探索创新型资金来源, 包括新的融资机会、工具和机制;

(c) 请发达国家缔约方和多边机构, 特别是全球环境基金, 根据有关国家的想法, 继续鼓励不断增加向受影响国家缔约方和次区域所提供资金的充足性、及时性和预测性; ;

(d) 根据第 14/COP.11 号决定, 请受影响国家缔约方按本报告要求, 继续不断努力鼓励获得技术;

(e) 请受影响国家缔约方更加积极地向多边金融机构、专门基金和基金会提交项目建议书，并利用为此目的提供的支持，特别是(但不限于)全球环境基金及其资源透明分配制度提供的资源；

(f) 请全球环境基金在为全球环境基金下一次增资提供资金时考虑进行国家需求评估；

(g) 请附属机构和参与《荒漠化公约》进程的机构在拟提交缔约方会议第十二届会议审议的各自工作方案和计划中考虑这些建议，以便向受影响国家缔约方提供与《战略》的业务目标 5 相关的必要援助。

Annex

[English only]

Tables and figures accompanying the preliminary analysis of impact indicators established under operational objective 5 of The Strategy

Disclaimer: The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on the following maps do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations Convention to Combat Desertification (UNCCD) and the United Nations. The information on these maps was derived from digital databases of the United Nations Statistics Division. Care was taken in the creation of these maps. The UNCCD, its staff and contractors cannot accept any responsibility for errors, omissions, or positional accuracy or be held responsible for any damages due to errors or omissions in these maps. Depiction of boundaries is not authoritative. There are no warranties, expressed or implied, including the warranty of merchantability or fitness for a particular purpose, accompanying these maps and figures. However, notification of any errors will be appreciated.

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I. Tables and figures on country status and submitted reports

Figure 1

Affected and developed country Parties, UNCCD 5th reporting and review cycle (2012–2013 reporting period)



Figure 2

Reports submitted by affected and developed country Parties and other reporting entities (2012–2013 reporting period)

2012/13



Figure 3
Reports submitted by affected and developed country Parties and other reporting entities (2010–2011 reporting period)



Figure 4
Reports submitted by affected and developed country Parties and other reporting entities (2008–2009 reporting period)



Figure 5

Percentage of submitted reports by affected country Parties, developed country Parties and the global trend from 2008–2013

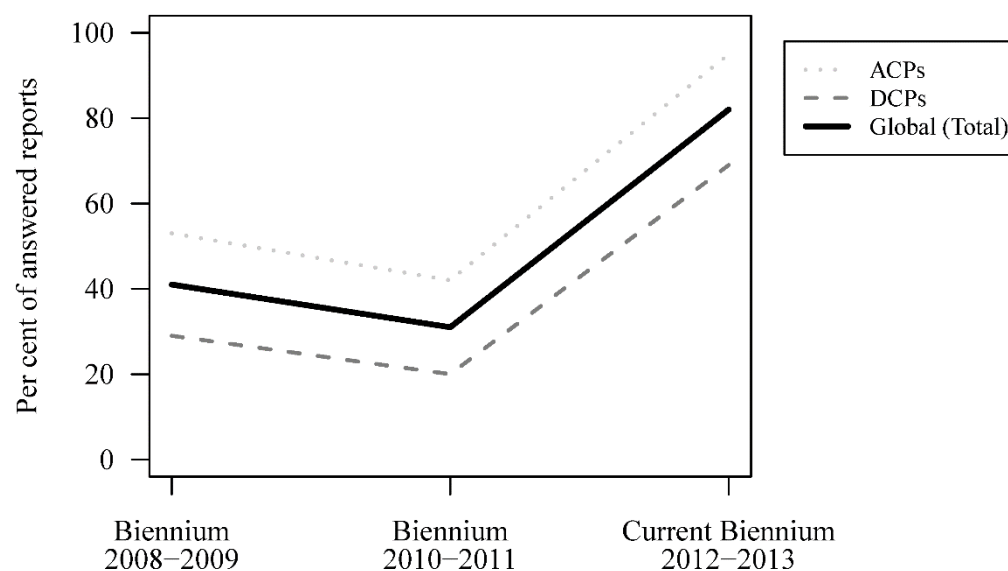


Table 1

Historic trend of answered reports across UNCCD regions, for affected country Parties (ACPs), developed country Parties (DCPs), United Nations agencies and intergovernmental organizations (UN/IGO), subregional organizations and other reporting entities globally in 2008–2013

Biennium	Africa	Asia	Latin America and the Caribbean	Central and Eastern Europe	Northern Mediterranean	ACPs (Subtotal)	DCPs	UN/IGO	Subregional organisations	Other entities	Total
2008–2009	30	28	17	9	5	89	12	2	0	11	114
2010–2011	28	21	11	7	4	71	9	2	3	0	85
2012–2013	53	47	31	15	12	159	31	4	3	0	197

II. Tables and figures for performance indicator CONS-O-14

Figure 6

Overview of affected country Parties that have established integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) (Global, 2012–2013)

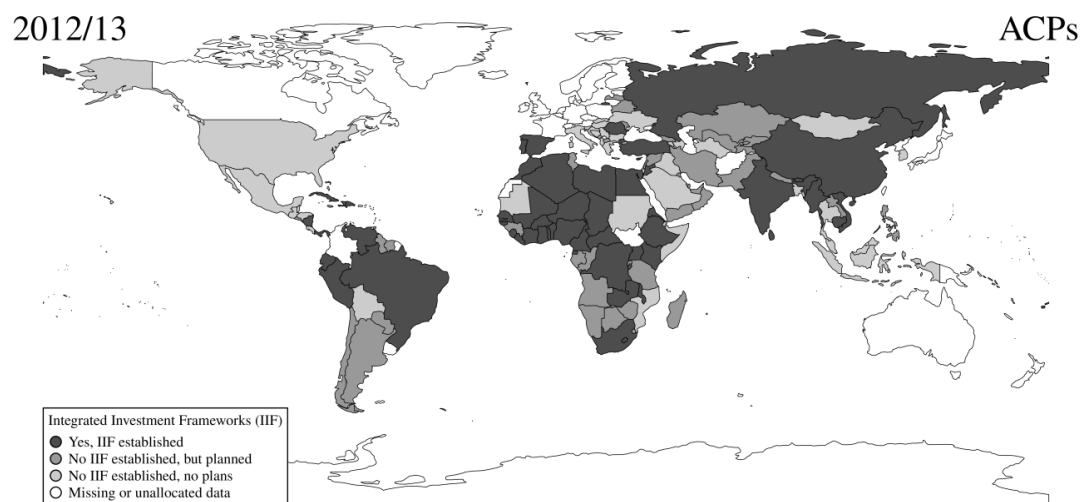


Figure 7

Overview of affected country Parties that have established integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) (Global, 2010–2011)



Figure 8

Overview of affected country Parties that have established integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) (Global, 2008–2009)



Figure 9

Overview of affected country Parties that planned to establish integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) (Global, 2012–2013)



Figure 10
Overview of developed country Parties that have supported the development of integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) in 2012–2013



Figure 11
Overview of developed country Parties that supported the development of integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) in 2010–2011



Figure 12
Overview of developed country Parties that supported the development of integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) in 2008–2009



Table 2
Historic trend of countries in UNCCD regions and subregions that have established integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) (Yes), have not established IIFs (No), and that planned to establish IIFs (Planned), (Global, 2008–2013)

Region	Subregion	Biennium 2008–2009				Biennium 2010–2011				Biennium 2012–2013			
		Yes	No	Planned	Total	Yes	No	Planned	Total	Yes	No	Planned	Total
Africa		8	14	17	39	12	5	9	26	34	5	15	54
	Central Africa	1	3	5	9	3		3	6	6		5	11
	Eastern Africa	2	2		4			2	2	5	3		8
	Northern Africa	2	2		4	1	1		2	4	1	1	6
	Southern Africa	1	3	4	8	2	1	3	6	6	1	7	14
	Western Africa	2	4	8	14	6	3	1	10	13		2	15
Asia		2	11	19	32	2	7	12	21	10	17	22	49
	Central Asia		2	3	5		1	3	4		1	5	6
	East Asia			2	2		1	1	2	1	2	1	4
	Pacific		2	5	7			2	2	2	6	4	12
	South Asia	1	1	3	5	1	3	1	5	3	1	2	6
	South East Asia	1	2	2	5	1	1	1	3	3	5	2	10
	West Asia		4	4	8		1	4	5	1	2	8	11
Central and Eastern Europe		1	7	3	11	1	4	2	7	2	7	6	15
Latin America and the Caribbean		1	9	12	22	2	2	7	11	10	8	12	30
	Andean		3		3	1		2	3	3	1		4
	Caribbean	1	4	7	12		1	1	2	4	2	8	14
	Mesoamerica		1	3	4		1	2	3	2	5	1	8
	South Cone		1	2	3	1		2	3	1		3	4
Northern			3	3	6		3	1	4	4	8		12
Other ACP											1		
ACP ^a (Subtotal)		12	44	54	110	17	21	31	69	60	46	55	161
DCP ^b		3	11		14	9			9	7	20		27
Multilaterals ^b										2	3	1	6
Total		15	55	54	124	26	21	31	78	69	69	56	194

^a Affected country Party.

^b Showing number of integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) that were supported by developed country Parties (DCPs) or Multilaterals.

Table 3
Historic trend percentage of countries in UNCCD regions and subregions that have established integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) (Yes), have not established IIFs (No), and that planned to establish IIFs (Planned), (Global, 2008–2013)

Region	Subregion	Biennium 2008–2009			Biennium 2010–2011			Biennium 2012–2013		
		Yes(%)	No(%)	Planned(%)	Yes(%)	No(%)	Planned(%)	Yes(%)	No(%)	Planned(%)
Africa		21	36	43.59	46	19	35	63	9	28
	Central Africa	11	33	56	50		50	55	0	45
	Eastern Africa	50	50				100	63	38	
	Northern Africa	50	50		50	50		67	17	17
	Southern Africa	13	38	50	33	17	50	43	7	50
	Western Africa	14	29	57	60	30	10	87	0	13
Asia		6	34	59	10	33	57	20	35	45
	Central Asia		40	60		25	75		17	83
	East Asia			100		50	50	25	50	25
	Pacific		29	71			100	17	50	33
	South Asia	20	20	60	20	60	20	50	17	33
	South East Asia	20	40	40	33	33	33	30	50	20
	West Asia		50	50		20	80	9	18	73
Central and Eastern Europe		9	64	27	14	57	29	13	47	40
Latin America and the Caribbean		5	41	55	18	18	64	33	27	40
	Andean		100		33		67	75	25	
	Caribbean	8	33	58		50	50	29	14	57
	Mesoamerica		25	75		33	67	25	63	13
	South Cone		33	67	33		67	25		75
Northern Mediterranean			50	50		75	25	33	67	
Other ACPs									100	
ACP ^a (Subtotal)		11	40	49	25	30	45	37	29	34
DCP ^b		21	79		100			26	74	
Multilaterals ^b								33	50	17
Total		12	44	44	33	27	40	36	36	29

^a Affected country Party.

^b Showing number of integrated investment frameworks (IIFs) that were supported by developed country Parties (DCPs) or Multilaterals.

III. Tables and figures for performance indicator CONS-O-15

Figure 13

Countries supported by developed country Parties globally in 2012–2013 (number of activities)

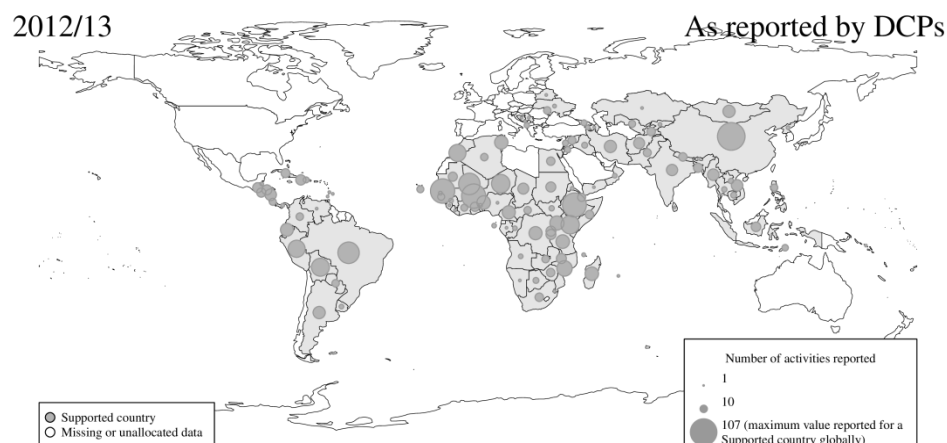


Figure 14

Countries supported by developed country Parties globally in 2012–2013 (nominal commitments in USD million)



Figure 15
Countries supported by developed country Parties globally in 2012–2013 (weighted commitments in USD million)



Figure 16
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Africa in 2012–2013 (number of activities)

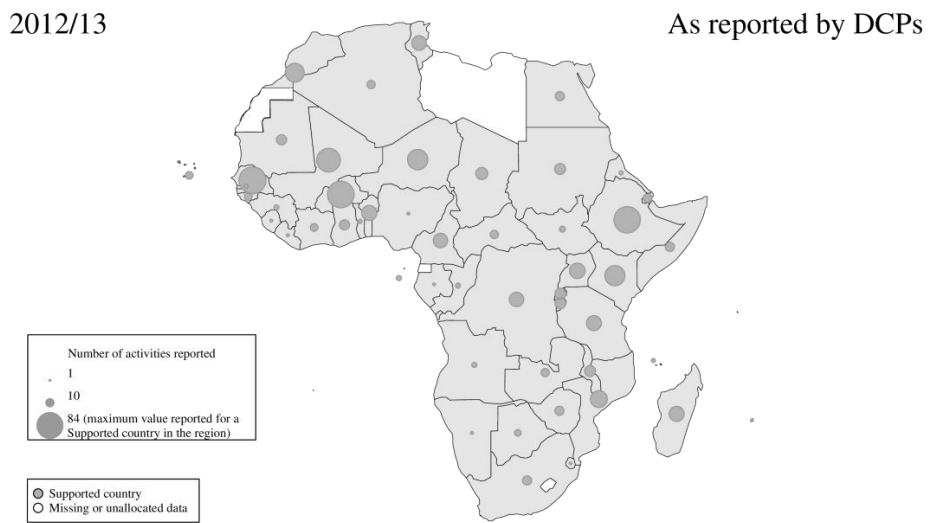


Figure 17
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Africa in 2012–2013 (nominal commitments in USD million)

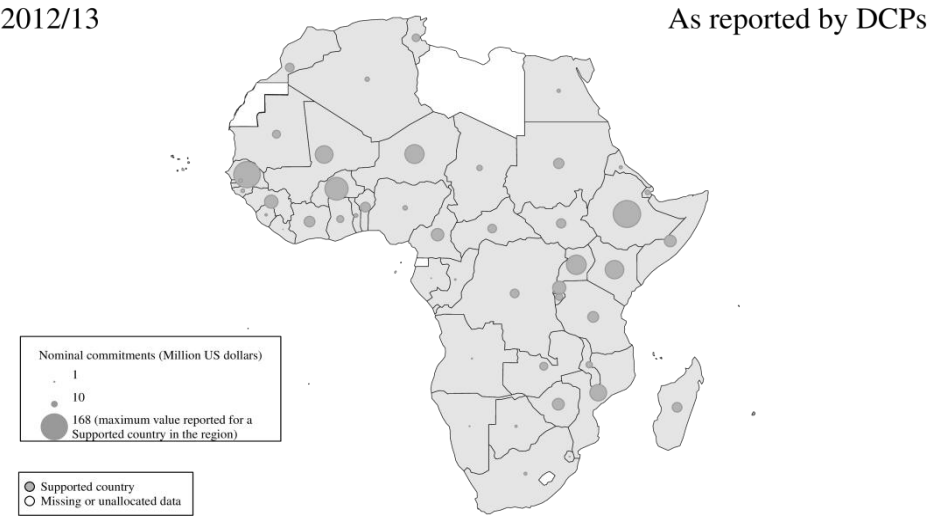


Figure 18
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Africa in 2012–2013 (weighted commitments in USD million)

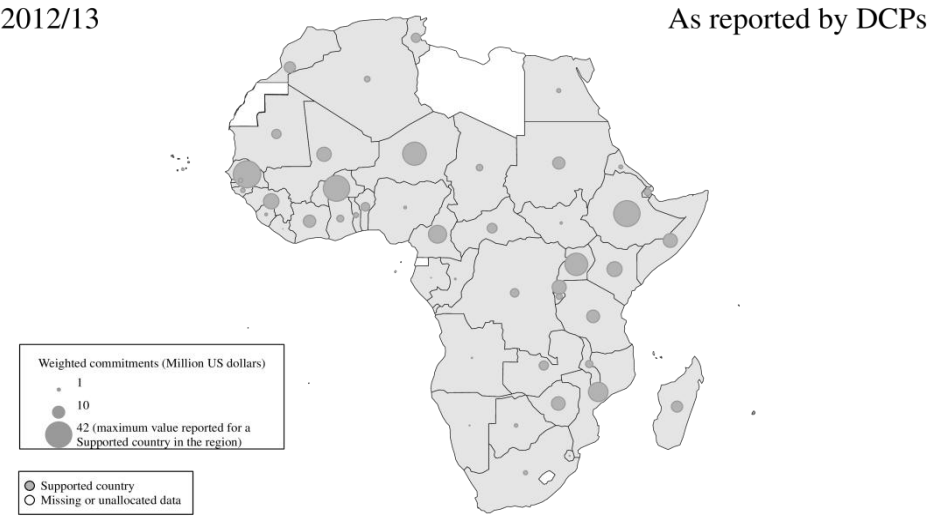


Figure 19
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Latin America and the Caribbean in 2012–2013 (number of activities)



Figure 20
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Latin America and the Caribbean in 2012–2013 (nominal commitments in USD million)



Figure 21
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Latin America and the Caribbean in 2012–2013 (weighted commitments in USD million)



Figure 22
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Asia in 2012–2013 (number of activities)



Figure 23

Countries supported by developed country Parties in Asia in 2012–2013 (nominal commitments in USD million)



Figure 24

Countries supported by developed country Parties in Asia in 2012–2013 (weighted commitments in USD million)



Figure 25
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Eastern Europe and Northern Mediterranean in 2012–2013 (number of activities)

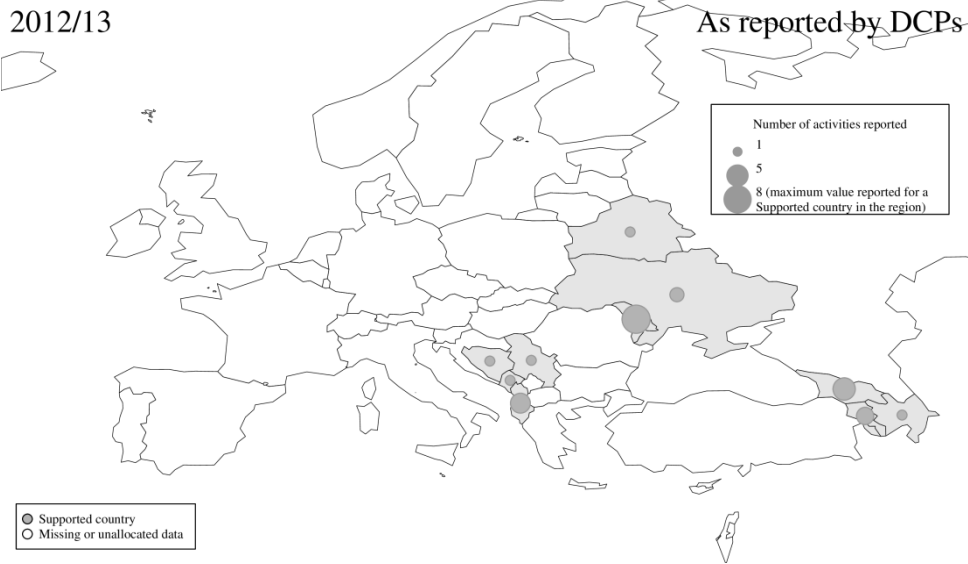


Figure 26
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Central and Eastern Europe and Northern Mediterranean in 2012–2013 (nominal commitments in USD million)



Figure 27
Countries supported by developed country Parties in Central and Eastern Europe and Northern Mediterranean in 2012–2013 (weighted commitments in USD million)



Table 4
Amount of financial resources (USD) made available by developed country Parties to combat DLDD in affected country Parties by regions and subregions in 2012–2013*

<i>Region</i>	<i>Subregion</i>	<i>Number of activities</i>	<i>Nominal commitments</i>	<i>Weighted commitments</i>
Africa		887	1 314 373 838	386 424 928
	Central Africa	108	127 503 496	44 557 908
	Eastern Africa	197	417 430 744	104 826 435
	Northern Africa	96	51 163 968	19 784 555
	Southern Africa	138	170 085 334	58 720 788
	Western Africa	348	548 190 296	158 535 242
Asia		345	750 931 707	359 442 761
	Central Asia	20	7 630 069	2 831 347
	East Asia	130	102 801 469	38 581 677
	Pacific	1	56 139	18 713
	South Asia	68	237 595 784	109 393 963
	South East Asia	77	383 336 938	200 175 083
	West Asia	49	19 511 308	8 441 978
Central and Eastern Europe		23	12 790 153	5 395 959
Latin America and the		320	160 122 270	51 270 646
	Andean	118	91 923 121	25 356 295
	Caribbean	35	22 273 097	8 065 727
	Mesoamerica	70	18 265 044	7 128 460
	South Cone	97	27 661 008	10 720 164
Northern Mediterranean		4	891 914	569 671
Total		1 579	2 239 109 882	803 103 965

* Excluding countries which have the status of affected and developed country parties as recipients.

IV. Tables and figures for performance indicator CONS-O-16

Figure 28

Historic trend of degree of adequacy, timeliness and predictability of financial resources made available by developed country Parties to UNCCD in 2008–2013

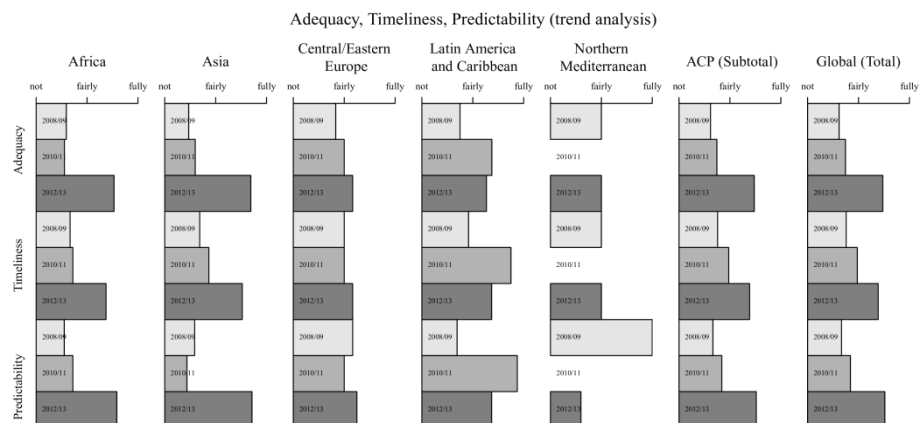


Figure 29

Assistance received by affected country Parties in raising resources from bilateral donors globally in 2012–2013



Figure 30
Assistance received by affected country Parties in raising resources from bilateral donors globally in 2010–2011



Figure 31
Assistance received by affected country Parties in raising resources from bilateral donors globally in 2008–2009



Table 5
Historic trend of average degree of adequacy, timeliness and predictability of financial resources made available by developed country Parties across UNCCD regions and subregions in 2008–2013

Region	Subregion	Adequacy			Timeliness			Predictability		
		2008–2009	2010–2011	2012–2013	2008–2009	2010–2011	2012–	2008–2009	2010–	2012–
Africa		1,6	1,7	2,6	1,7	1,7	2,4	1,6	1,6	2,5
	Central Africa	1,9	2,0	2,4	1,8	1,8	2,4	1,6	1,8	2,3
	Eastern Africa	1,0	1,0	2,6	2,0	1,0	2,4	2,5	1,0	2,5
	Northern Africa	1,0	2,0	2,7	1,0	2,0	2,7	1,0	2,0	2,7
	Southern Africa	1,5	1,4	2,7	1,5	1,6	2,4	1,5	1,6	2,5
	Western Africa	1,6	2,0	2,5	1,8	2,0	2,2	1,6	1,4	2,6
Asia		1,6	1,4	2,7	1,7	1,9	2,5	1,5	1,6	2,7
	Central Asia	2,7	2,0	2,2	2,7	2,3	2,2	2,3	2,3	3,0
	East Asia	1,0	1,5	2,7	1,0	1,5	2,0	1,0	1,5	2,7
	Pacific	1,7	1,0	2,8	1,0	2,0	2,6	1,3	1,0	2,7
	South Asia	1,0	1,3	3,0	1,3	1,3	2,8	1,3	1,3	2,7
	South East Asia	1,7	1,0	2,6	2,0	2,0	2,5	1,7	1,5	2,5
	West Asia	1,3	1,5	2,9	1,7	2,0	2,6	1,0	1,7	2,8
Central and Eastern Europe		2,2	2,0	2,3	2,0	2,0	2,2	1,8	2,0	2,2
Latin America and the Caribbean		1,7	2,9	2,4	1,9	2,8	2,4	1,8	2,4	2,3
	Andean	0,0	3,0	1,5	0,0	3,0	1,5	0,0	3,0	1,5
	Caribbean	1,6	0,0	2,7	1,9	0,0	2,7	1,6	0,0	2,5
	Mesoamerica	1,0	2,7	2,4	1,0	3,0	2,5	2,0	2,0	2,5
	South Cone	3,0	3,0	2,3	3,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0	2,0
Northern Mediterranean		3,0	0,0	1,6	2,0	0,0	2,0	2,0	0,0	2,0
Average value		1,7	1,8	2,5	1,8	2,0	2,4	1,6	1,7	2,5

Note: Range: 0 = no data available, 1 = not well received, 2 = fairly well received, 3 = well received)

Table 6

Historic trend of numbers of affected country Parties across UNCCD regions and subregions that received assistance (Yes), or that did not receive assistance (No) in raising resources from bilateral donors globally in 2008–2013

Region	Subregion	2008–2009		2010–2011		2012–2013	
		Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Africa		15	8	11	7	23	29
	Central Africa	3	4	3	2	4	6
	Eastern Africa	2		1	1	4	3
	Northern Africa	2			1	2	4
	Southern Africa	2	3	3	2	6	8
	Western Africa	6	1	4	1	7	8
Asia		9	5	11	4	28	17
	Central Asia	2		2	1	5	
	East Asia	1		1		2	1
	Pacific	1	1	1	1	10	2
	South Asia	2	1	1	2	4	2
	South East Asia	2	1	2		6	3
	West Asia	1	2	4		1	9
Central and Eastern Europe		3	2	1	1	5	9
Latin America and the Caribbean		4	4	6	1	13	16
	Andean			3		3	1
	Caribbean	2	3			4	9
	Mesoamerica		1	2		3	4
	South Cone	2		1	1	3	2
Northern Mediterranean							9
Other ACPs							1
Total		31	19	29	13	69	81

Table 7

Historic trend in per cent of affected country Parties across UNCCD regions and subregions that received assistance (Yes), or that did not receive assistance (No) in raising resources from bilateral donors globally in 2008–2013

Region	Subregion	Biennium 2008–2009		Biennium 2010–2011		Biennium 2012–2013	
		Yes (%)	No (%)	Yes (%)	No (%)	Yes (%)	No (%)
Africa		65	35	61	39	44	56
	Central Africa	43	57	60	40	40	60
	Eastern Africa	100		50	50	57	43
	Northern Africa	100			100	33	67
	Southern Africa	40	60	60	40	43	57
	Western Africa	86	14	80	20	47	53
Asia		64	36	73	27	62	38
	Central Asia	100		67	33	100	
	East Asia	100		100		67	33
	Pacific	50	50	50	50	83	17
	South Asia	67	33	33	67	67	33
	South East Asia	67	33	100		67	33
	West Asia	33	67	100		10	90
Central and Eastern Europe		60	40	50	50	36	64
Latin America and the Caribbean		50	50	86	14	45	55
	Andean			100		75	25
	Caribbean	40	60			31	69
	Mesoamerica		100	100		43	57
	South Cone	100		50	50	60	40
Northern Mediterranean							100
Other ACPs							100
Average value		62	38	69	31	46	54

V. Table for performance indicator CONS-O-17

Table 8

Total amount raised for financing DLDD-related projects (USD), number of proposals submitted to international financial institutions and number of proposals funded through international financial institutions globally in 2012–2013

Entity	Amount (USD)	Submitted Proposals	Funded Proposals
Global Environment Facility (GEF)	889 930 000	151	151
Global Mechanism (GM)	14 207 508	3	3
United Nations Development Programme (UNDP)	146 892 806	10	18
Total	1 051 030 314	164	172

VI. Tables and figures for performance indicator CONS-O-18

Figure 32
Total amount of resources (USD million) allocated by affected country Parties across UNCCD regions to facilitate access to technology globally in 2012–2013

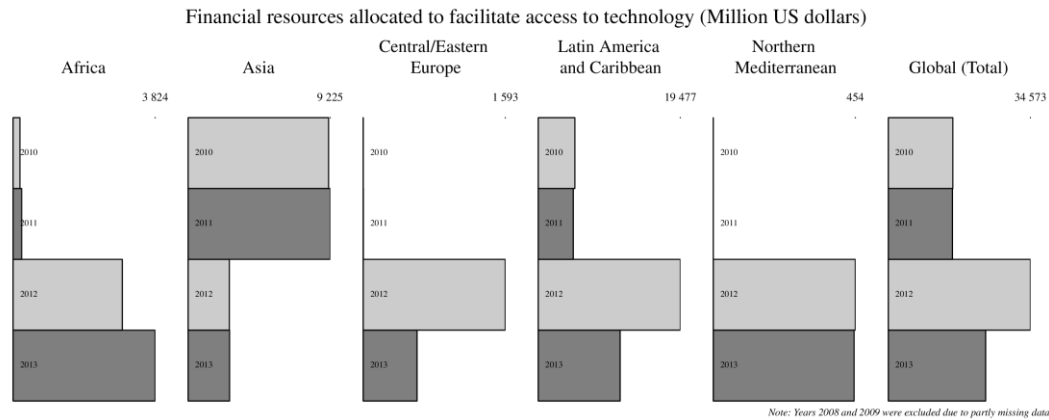


Figure 33
Overview of countries that established incentives to facilitate access to technology globally in 2012–2013

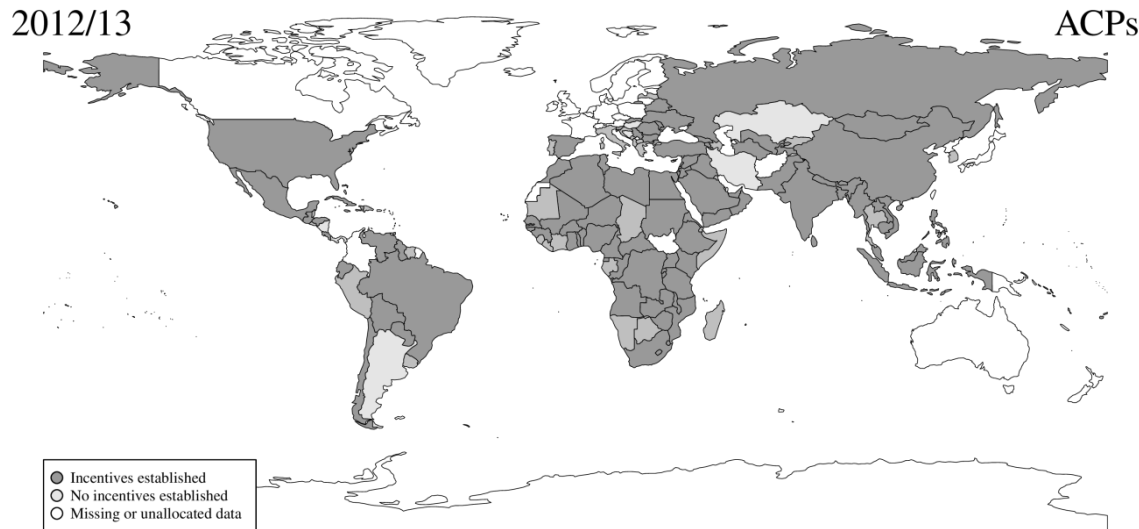


Figure 34

Overview of countries that established incentives to facilitate access to technology globally in 2010–2011



Figure 35

Overview of countries that established incentives to facilitate access to technology globally in 2008–2009

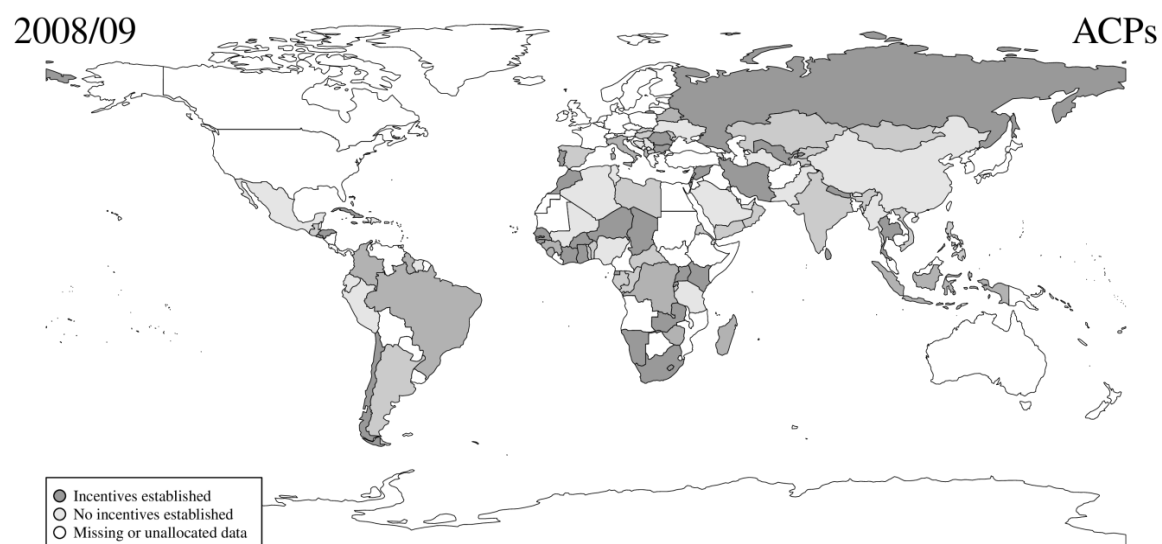
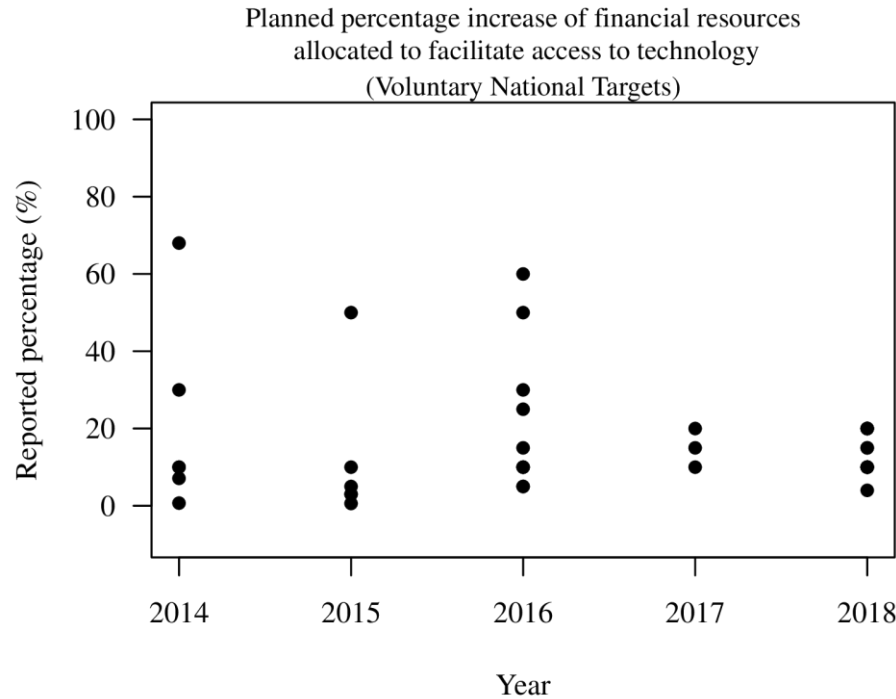


Figure 36
Planned percentage increase of financial resources allocated to facilitate access to technology globally in 2014–2018.



Note: Affected country Parties are represented by a single dot.

Table 9

Estimated amount (USD) of financial resources allocated by affected country Parties (ACPs) to UNCCD regions and subregions to facilitate access to technology (Global, 2008–2013)

<i>Region</i>	<i>Subregion</i>	<i>2008</i>	<i>2009</i>	<i>2010</i>	<i>2011</i>	<i>2012</i>	<i>2013</i>
Africa			100 000	98 400 000	123 800 000	1 565 513 182	2 036 203 852
	Central Africa			200 000	200 000	156 422 833	162 337 698
	Eastern Africa					103 501 392	135 721 222
	Northern Africa			3 000 000	2 600 000	102 519 546	101 802 028
	Southern Africa					25 374 644	26 694 389
	Western Africa		100 000	95 200 000	121 000 000	1 177 694 766	1 609 648 516
Asia				3 547 900 000	3 588 400 000	1 040 616 825	1 047 593 845
	Central Asia			23 400 000	32 400 000	65 279 189	71 894 566
	East Asia					11 225 008	13 518 270
	Pacific					50 254 992	51 115 632
	South Asia			4 100 000	5 300 000	11 037 396	12 081 553
	South East Asia			20 400 000	50 700 000	301 281 659	286 989 490
	West Asia			3 500 000 000	3 500 000 000	601 538 580	611 994 335
Central and Eastern Europe		141 865 870	1 000 000	1 800 000	1 153 087 742	437 190 915	
Latin America and the Caribbean			2 413 600 000	2 309 200 000	9 358 199 614	5 396 342 556	
	Andean		4 200 000	5 100 000	15 021 687	14 510 699	
	Caribbean				145 099 023	39 732 410	
	Mesoamerica		2 298 800 000	2 159 500 000	9 056 294 718	3 668 003 933	
	South Cone		110 600 000	144 600 000	141 784 186	1 674 095 514	
Northern Mediterranean					228 199 199	226 164 073	
Total		141 965 870	6 060 900 000	6 023 200 000	13 345 616 561	9 143 495 242	

Table 10

Total number of countries across UNCCD regions and subregions that established incentives (Yes) to facilitate access to technology or did not establish incentives (No) (Global, 2008–2013)

Region	Subregion	2008–2009			2010–2011			2012–2013		
		Yes	No	Total	Yes	No	Total	Yes	No	Total
Africa		16	5	21	14	5	19	41	12	53
	Central Africa	3	1	4	3	1	4	7	3	10
	Eastern Africa	2	0	2	2	0	2	6	2	8
	Northern Africa	1	0	1	1	0	1	5	1	6
	Southern Africa	4	2	6	3	2	5	11	3	14
	Western Africa	6	2	8	5	2	7	12	3	15
Asia		7	4	11	12	4	16	32	11	43
	Central Asia	1	0	1	3	1	4	3	1	4
	East Asia	0	0		1	0	1	2	1	3
	Pacific	1	2	3	0	0		6	5	11
	South Asia	2		2	2	1	3	6	0	6
	South East Asia	1	1	2	2	1	3	7	3	10
	West Asia	2	1	3	4	1	5	8	1	9
Central and Eastern Europe		3	1	4	2	1	3	10	4	14
Latin America and the Caribbean		7	4	11	4	1	5	18	10	28
	Andean	0	1	1	0	1	1	3	1	4
	Caribbean	4	2	6	0	0		8	6	14
	Mesoamerica	2	0	2	2	0	2	4	2	6
	South Cone	1	1	2	2	0	2	3	1	4
Northern Mediterranean		2	2	4	2	1	3	4	7	11
Total		35	16	51	34	12	46	105	44	149

Table 11

Percentage of countries across UNCCD regions and subregions that established incentives (Yes) to facilitate access to technology or did not establish incentives (No) (Global, 2008–2013)

Region	Subregion	2008–2009		2010–2011		2012–2013	
		Yes (%)	No(%)	Yes(%)	No(%)	Yes(%)	No(%)
Africa		76	24	74	26	77	23
	Central Africa	75	25	75	25	70	30
	Eastern Africa	100	0	100	0	75	25
	Northern Africa	100	0	100	0	83	17
	Southern Africa	67	33	60	40	79	21
	Western Africa	75	25	71	29	80	20
Asia		64	36	75	25	74	26
	Central Asia	100	0	75	25	75	25
	East Asia	0	0	100	0	67	33
	Pacific	33	67	0	0	55	45
	South Asia	100	0	67	33	100	0
	South East Asia	50	50	67	33	70	30
	West Asia	67	33	80	20	89	11
Central and Eastern Europe		75	25	67	33	71	29
Latin America and the Caribbean		64	36	80	20	64	36
	Andean	0	100	0	100	75	25
	Caribbean	67	33	0	0	57	43
	Mesoamerica	100	0	100	0	67	33
	South Cone	50	50	100	0	75	25
Northern Mediterranean		50	50	67	33	36	64
Average value		69	31	74	26	70	30

Table 12

Overview of percentage increase of financial resources allocated to facilitate access to technology by a given year (Global, 2014–2018)

<i>Region</i>	<i>Subregion</i>	<i>2014</i>	<i>2015</i>	<i>2016</i>	<i>2017</i>	<i>2018</i>
Africa		26.5	-8.6	37.5	12.5	12.5
	Central Africa	0.7	0.6			
	Eastern Africa	7.1				10
	Northern Africa	30				
	Southern Africa	68			12.5	13.3
	Western Africa		-11.7	37.5		
Asia		10	3	20		16.7
	Central Asia					
	East Asia					
	Pacific		3	5		10
	South Asia					20
	South East Asia	10		23.8		
	West Asia					20
Central and Eastern Europe			27.5			10
Latin America and the Caribbean				15	20	11.3
	Andean					
	Caribbean			10		7
	Mesoamerica			17.5	20	
	South Cone					20
Northern Mediterranean		10				20
Total		21	3.4	22	15	13.4

VII. Sources of information

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
	10th Malaysia Plan	http://www.epu.gov.my/epu-theme/RMKE10/img/pdf/en/chapt6.pdf
CGIAR	A Global Agricultural Research Partnership	http://www.cgiar.org
MESA SDAC	African Monitoring of the Environment for Sustainable Development financial reports	http://www.mesasadc.org/
APIA	Agence de Promotion des Investissements Agricoles	http://www.apia.com.tn/
ANIP	Agência Nacional para o Investimento Privado	http://www.anip.co.ao/
	Agrarian Sector Reform Programme	http://minagro.tj
	Agricultural and Forestry Academy of Science, Forestry Research Institute	
	Agriculture Department - Crop Development and SLM Division	
	Aid Policy Framework	http://www.regeringen.se/sb/d/108/a/242899
	Alternative Energy Promotion Centre, Khumaltar, Lalitpur	
ALNAP	Annual Innovation Fairs	http://www.alnap.org/ourwork/innovations/fair
	Annual Report of Department of Soil Conservation and Watershed Management, Nepal	
	Answers to the Questionnaire for Stakeholders (Government institutions)	http://www.midas.co.me/indexEn.htm
	Antigua Ministry of Agriculture	http://www.antiguanice.com/v2/client.php?id=1030
	Approved PIF titled Pakistan-National Action Programme Alignment and Strengthening of National Reporting Processes	
	Asamblea Nacional Poder Popular	
FUNDECI	Banco do Nordeste do Brasil	https://www.bnb.gov.br/content/aplicacao/sobre_nordeste/fundeci/gerados/fundeci_obtendo.asp
BARC	Bangladesh Agricultural Research Council	http://aas.cgiar.org/partners/bangladesh-agricultural-research-council-barc
PERACOD	Programme pour la promotion des énergies renouvelables, de l'électrification rurale et de l'approvisionnement durable en combustibles domestiques (Biocharbon et technologies performantes de carbonisation)	http://www.peracod.sn/?Biocharbon-et-technologies&lang=fr

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
BIOFIN	Biodiversity Finance Initiative	http://www.biodiversityfinance.net/
	Botswana Millennium Development Goals Status Report	
	Cabinet of Ministers of Ukraine	
	Cabinet Secretary	
CSI/GDT	Cadre strategique d'investissement pour la gestion durable des terres (CSI/GDT)	
Camoes	Camões - Instituto da Cooperação e da Língua, I. P	http://www.instituto-camoes.pt/
CACILM	Central Asian Countries for Land Management	http://global-mechanism.org/platforms-and-initiatives/central-asian-countries-initiative-for-land-management-cacilm
CNR	Comision Nacional de Riego	http://www.cnr.gob.cl/Ley18450/Paginas/sistema18450.aspx
COMCURE	Comision para el ordenamiento y manejo de la cuenca del rio Reventazon	http://comcure.go.cr/
CNFL	Compania Nacional de Fuerza y Luz	https://www.cnfl.go.cr/
FDR	Compte d'Affectation Special- Fond National Forestier, Fonds de développement agricole et FDR (rural)	
	Concept to transfer to the green economy	http://strategy2050.kz/ru/news/1211/
CNEDD	Conseil National de l'Environnement pour un Développement Durable	
COOPELESCA	Cooperativa de electrificación de San Carlos	http://www.coopelesca.co.cr/
CONAF	Corporación Nacional Forestal	http://www.conaf.cl/nuestros-bosques/
GEDEFOR	Decentralised Forest Management Programme, Mali	
	Department of Agriculture and Cooperation	
DBM	Department of Budget and Management	
	Department of Environment	
	Department of Environmental Affairs	http://www.environment.gov.za
	Department of Forestry	
	Department of National Treasury	http://www.treasury.gov.za/
	Department of Science and Technology	
	Department of Waters, Forests and Fish-farming, National Environment Protection Agency	
DRC	Desert Research Center	http://www.gndri.net/institution_drc_cairo_egypt_gn.php?PHPSESSID=eolsrr36689h8qkm31d4ap5nb2
DBSA	Development Bank of Southern Africa	http://www.dbsa.org

Abbreviation	Entity	Homepage / web link
	Development Cooperation Department of the MFA	
DIPRES	Direccion de Presupuestos	http://www.dipres.gob.cl/595/w3-propertyvalue-15401.html
DNTA	Direccion Nacional de Tecnologias Ambientas Direction des Eaux et Forets	
DGP	Direction General du Plan	
DGCOOP	Direction G énérale de la Cooperation du Ministaire des Finance	http://www.finances.gov.bf/index.php/le-ministere/les-services-centraux/dgcoop
DGFF	Direction Generale des Forest et Faune	
	Directions G énérale des Etudes et des Statistiques	http://www.stat-gabon.org/
GDT	Document de Strategies de Financement Int égré pour la GDT	
CSI-GDT	Document du cadre strategique d'investissement en gestion durable des terres	
DSCR	Documents strategie de la Croissance pour la reduction de la pauverte	
DMCSEE	Drought Management Centre for Southeastern Europe	http://www.dmcsee.org/
DZGD	Dry Zone Greening Department	
	Economic Planning & Statistics - Ministry of Agriculture	
ESPH	Empresa de Servicios Publicos de Heredia	https://www.esph-sa.com/site/
	Environment and Conservation Division	
EMA	Environmental Management Agency	http://www.ema.co.zw/
	Environmental Management Department	
EPA	Environmental Protection Agency	
BIOS	Environmental protection, sustainable agriculture and community development in the Republic of Moldova	http://bios.ong.md/en/?l=en
EI	Equator Initiative	http://www.equatorinitiative.org/
EARTH	Escuela de Agricultura de la Regi ón Tropical H úmeda	http://www.earth.ac.cr/
GEO V CUBA	Estado del medio ambiente cubano	
	Estrategia Ambiental Nacional	
EFI/GSS	Estrategia de financiacion integrada para la gestion sostenible de suelos	
	Ethiopian Investment Agency	
	Ethiopian Ministry of Agriculture	
	Ethiopian Ministry of Environment and Forest	

Abbreviation	Entity	Homepage / web link
	Ethiopian Ministry of Finance and Economic Development	
ECBI	European Capacity Building Initiative	
	Federal Ministry of Agriculture	
	Federal Ministry of Environment	
	Financiadora de estudios e projects do Ministario da Ciencia, Tecnologia e Informacao	http://www.finep.gov.br/
	Financial Departement of the European Agriculture Fond for Rural Development	http://www.finprv.sk/index.php?p=2#os_4_realizacia_pristupu_leader
FONACIT	Fondo Nacional de Ciencia, Tecnologia e Innovacion	http://www.fonacit.gob.ve/
FONAFIFO	Fondo Nacional de Financiamiento Forestal	http://www.fonafifo.go.cr/
	Foreign Cooperation of the Ministry of Forestry	
	Forest and Wildlife Department	
FCPF	Forest Carbon Partnership	http://www.forestcarbonpartnership.org
	Forest Policy and Action Plan	
	Forestry Service, Ministry of Agro-Industry and Food Security	
IDEA	Fundacion Instituto de Estudios Avanzados	http://www.idea.gob.ve
FUNDECOR	Fundacion para el Desarrollo de la Cordillera Volcanica Central	http://www.fundecor.org/en
	Gastos de inversion para la proteccion del medio ambiente	
GIZ	German Federal Enterprise for International Cooperation	http://www.giz.de/en/
GEF	Global Environment Facility	
GEF SGP	Global Environment Facility Small Grant Programme UNDP	https://sgp.undp.org/
GEF SCCF	Global Environment Facility Special Climate Change Fund	http://www.thegef.org/gef/SCCF
GEF LDCF	Global Environment Facility Special Least Developed Country Fund	http://www.thegef.org/gef/LDCF
GEF Trust Fund	Global Environment Facility Trust Fund	http://www.thegef.org/gef/trust_funds
GM	Global Mechanism	http://global-mechanism.org/
GM IFS	Global Mechansim Integrated Financing Strategy	http://www.global-mechanism.org/dynamic/documents/document_file/ifs_eweb.pdf
	Gobiernos Autonomo Descentralizados Provinciales, Cantonales y Parroquiales	

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
GORTT	Government of the Republic of Trinidad and Tobago	http://www.ttconnect.gov.tt/gortt/portal/ttconnect
GFC	Guyana Forestry Commission	www.forestry.gov.gy
GRIF	Guyana REDD+ Investment Fund	www.guyanareddfund.org
HC3N	Haut Commissariat à l'initiative 3N Indian Council of Agricultural Research Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education Indian Council of Forestry Research and Education	
MAGAP, SENAGUA	Información reportada por instituciones gubernamentales Iniciativa Latinoamericana y Caribeña para el desarrollo Sostenible CUBA Institut National de Pedologie Institute of Pedology, Agrochemistry and Soil Protection	http://www.agua.gob.ec/
INDAP	Instituto de Desarrollo Agropecuario	http://indap.gob.cl/programas/sistema-de-incentivos-para-la-sustentabilidad-agroambiental-de-los-suel
INTA	Instituto de Innovación y Transferencia de Tecnología Agropecuaria Instituto Interamericano de Cooperación para la Agricultura en Paraguay	http://www.inta.go.cr/
IMN	Instituto Meteorológico Nacional	http://www.imn.ac.cr/
IVIC	Instituto Venezolano de Investigaciones Científicas	http://www.ivic.gob.ve/
IFS	Integrated Financing Strategy for Sustainable Land Management Integrated Watershed Management Approach - Poverty Alleviation Project Document	
IADB	Inter-American Development Bank Project Document on Environmental Policy	http://www.iadb.org/
IFAD	International Fund for Agricultural Development	
IIED	International Institute for Environment and Development	
ITP	International Training Programme in West Africa	
MFA	Israel Ministry of Foreign Affairs	http://mfa.gov.il/MFA/Pages/default.aspx
MASHAV	Israel's Agency for International Development Cooperation	http://mfa.gov.il/MFA/mashav/AboutMASHAV/Pages/default.aspx

Abbreviation	Entity	Homepage / web link
MASHAV	Israel's Agency for International Development Cooperation	http://mfa.gov.il/mfa/mashav/Pages/default.aspx
	Kenya National Bureau of Statistics	
	Kenya Revenue Authority	
METTELSAT	Agence Nationale de M é té orologie et de T é lé él éction par Satellite	http://www.meteo-congo-kinshasa.net/
	La Direction G é né rale de l'Environnement	
	Labores Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales	
CCMRD	Land and Water Resources Sub-committees	
	Land Development Department	
	Land Resource Planning & Development Division - Ministry of Agriculture	
	Law on Forest	
	Law on Soil Protection and Coping with Desertification	
MDE/PNUD	Le Point focal national de la convention de la lutte contre la d é serti fication	http://www.apartados.hacienda.gob.mx/contabilidad/documentos/informe_cuenta/2013/html/t3_Info
	Le Programme des Nations unies pour le d é veloppement	http://www.apartados.hacienda.gob.mx/contabilidad/documentos/informe_cuenta/2012/html/sector
LCDS	Livelihood improvement strategy 2020	
	Low Carbon Development Strategy	www.lcds.gov.gy
	Luz para todos - Programa de Electrificao para o Sector Rural	http://www.cgtee.gov.br/sitenovo/index.php?secao=103&periodico=13
	Ministère chargé des nouvelles technologies	
	Ministère de l'Eau, de l'Environnement, de l'Amenagement du Territoire et de l'Urbanisme	http://www.burundi-gov.bi/Burundi-Politique-Ministere-de-l
MESU/DD	Ministère de l'enseignement supérieur, universitaire et recherche scientifique	http://www.enseignement.gouv.ci/
	Ministère de l'Environnement de la Salubrite Urbaine et du D é veloppement Durable	
	Ministère de l'Environnement et du D é veloppement Durable	
MPAT/DC	Ministère du Plan de l'Amenagement du Territoire et du D é veloppement Communautaire	
	Minist è re de l'enseignement superieur et de de la recherche scientifique	http://www.enseignement.gouv.ci/

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
MAEDI	Ministère des Affaires étrangères et du Développement international	http://www.diplomatie.gouv.fr/fr/le-ministere-et-son-reseau/annuaire-et-adresses-du-maedi/adresses-du-ministere-des-affaires/
	Ministère en charge de l'Environnement	
MAG	Ministerio de Agricultura y Ganadería	http://www.mag.go.cr/
	Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería y Alimentación	
MAGAP	Ministerio de Agricultura, Ganadería, Acuicultura y Pesca	
MINAE	Ministerio de Ambiente y Energía	http://www.minae.go.cr/
	Ministerio de Desarrollo Rural y Tierras	http://www.agroboivia.gob.bo/
MGAP-RENARE	Ministerio de Ganadería, Agricultura y Pesca de la República Oriental del Uruguay	http://www.mgap.gub.uy/portal/page.aspx
	Ministerio de Hacienda y Presupuesto	
	Ministerio de las Comunas	
	Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Medio Rural y Marino	
	Ministerio de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales	
	Ministerio de Planificación del Desarrollo	http://www.planificacion.gob.bo/
	Ministerio del Ambiente - Coordinación General de Planificación e Información	
	Ministerio del Ambiente - Subsecretaría de Cambio Climático	
	Ministerio del Ambiente - Subsecretaría de Patrimonio Natural	
	Ministerio del Poder Popular para el Ambiente	http://www.minamb.gob.ve
	Ministerio del Poder Popular para la Agricultura y Tierras	http://www.mat.gob.ve/
	Ministerio del Poder Popular para la Alimentación	http://www.minpal.gob.ve
	Ministerio del Poder Popular para la Ciencia, Tecnología e Innovación	http://www.mcti.gob.ve
	Ministerio del Poder Popular para la Energía Eléctrica	http://www.mppee.gob.ve
	Ministerio del Poder Popular para la Salud	http://www.mpps.gob.ve/
	Ministerio del Poder Popular para las Finanzas	
MMA	Ministerio do Meio Ambiente - Departamento de Combate a Desertificação	
	Ministries for Agriculture, Environment and Foreign Affairs	

Abbreviation	Entity	Homepage / web link
	Ministry of Minerals / Environment	
	Ministry for Foreign Affairs, Department for Multilateral Development Cooperation, Section for Global Environment and Climate Change	http://www.government.se/sb/d/2059
	Ministry of Agriculture	
FDA	Ministry of Agriculture - Agriculture Development Fund	
MINAGRI	Ministry of Agriculture and Animal Resources	http://www.minagri.gov.rw/
	Ministry of Agriculture and Environment Protection	
	Ministry of Agriculture and Fisheries	
	Ministry of Agriculture and Forests Department of Agriculture	
MOAI	Ministry of Agriculture and Irrigation	http://www.modins.net/myanmarinfo/ministry/agriculture.htm
	Ministry of Agriculture and Land Reclamation	
	Ministry of Agriculture and Livestock	
	Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development	http://www.mpsr.sk/index.php?navID=1&sID=43&navID2=280
	Ministry of Agriculture and Rural Development	http://www.mard.gov.vn
	Ministry of agriculture and rural development	http://www.madr.ro/ro/
AFIR	Ministry of agriculture and rural development	http://www.apdrp.ro/
	Ministry of agriculture and rural development	http://www.mpsr.sk/
	Ministry of Agriculture Food Security and Cooperatives	
	Ministry of Agriculture livestock and fisheries	
MAAIF	Ministry of Agriculture, Animal Industry and Fisheries SLM Programme	
	Ministry of Agriculture, Food and Water Administration	http://www.bujquesia.gov.al/
	Ministry of Agriculture, Lands, Forestry, Fisheries and the Environment	
	Ministry of Agriculture, Ministry of Environment and Forest	
	Ministry of Agriculture, Natural Resources and Environment	
	Ministry of Animal Resources and Fisheries	
	Ministry of Development	http://www.mod.gov.tr/Pages/index.aspx
	Ministry of Development Planning and Aid Coordination	

Abbreviation	Entity	Homepage / web link
M/E & RE	Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources of Azerbaijan Republic	http://www.eco.gov.az/en/
	Ministry of Ecology and Natural Resources of Ukraine	
	Ministry of Economic Planning and Development	
	Ministry of economy of the Slovak Republic	http://www.economy.gov.sk/
	Ministry of Energy and Power Development	
	Ministry of Environment	http://www.gpp.pt/pdr2020/
	Ministry of Environment	http://www.minzp.sk/
	Ministry of Environment and Renewable Energy	
	Ministry of Environment and Water	http://www.moew.gov.ae/en/home.aspx
	Ministry of Environment Climate Change Disaster Management and Meteorology	
MOECAF	Ministry of Environment water and Natural resources	
	Ministry of Environment, Science, Technology and Innovation	
	Ministry of Environmental Conservation and Forestry	http://www.moecaf.gov.mm/
	Ministry of Finance	http://www.financa.gov.al/
	Ministry of Finance	http://www.mof.go.tz
	Ministry of Finance and Economic Affairs	
	Ministry of Finance and Economic development and Regional States of the Federal Government	
	Ministry of Finance Eritrea	
	Ministry of Finance Trade and Investment	
	Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Israel	
	Ministry of Forestry	
	Ministry of Forestry and Land Reclamation	
	Ministry of Forestry and Research	
	Ministry of Gender, Labour and Social Affairs	
	Ministry of Health	
	Ministry of Housing, Utilities and Urban Communities	
	Ministry of Irrigation and Water Resources	
	Ministry of Land, Water, Environment and Climate Change	
	Ministry of Lands, Natural Resources and Environmental Protection	

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
MOLFRD	Ministry of Livestock, Fisheries and Rural Development Ministry of Mines, Energy and Water Development	http://consult-myanmar.com/tag/molfrd/
MINIRENA	Ministry of Natural Resources Ministry of Natural Resources & Environment	http://www.minirena.gov.rw/index.php?id=3
MoNRE	Ministry of Natural Resources and Environment of the Socialist Republic of Vietnam Ministry of Natural Resources and the Environment Ministry of Physical Development, Housing and Urban Renewal: Department of Planning Ministry of Planning	http://www.monre.gov.vn/wps/portal/Trangchu!/ut/p/c5/04_SB8K8xLLM9MSSzPy8xBz9CP0os3hnd0cPE3MfAwMDT1dDA89AtyBjD3cflyBfPxykwyzeAAAdwNND388jPTdUvyM4rBwDpuoT1/dl3/d3/L2dBISEvZ0FBIS9nQSEh/ http://www.nre.gov.gy/bulletin.html
MPD	Ministry of Planning and Development Ministry of Planning and Devolution	
MOST	Ministry of Science and Technology Ministry of Science, Technology, Energy and Mining Ministry of Strategic Planning Ministry of Sustainable Development, Energy, Science and Technology	http://www.most.gov.vn
MOE	Ministry of the Environment Ministry of Trade and Industry	http://www.moe.gov.al/
MOT	Ministry of Transport Ministry of Water and Irrigation	http://www.mot.gov.mm/
CACIFL	Multicountry Capacity building projects	http://global-mechanism.org/platforms-and-initiatives/central-asian-countries-initiative-for-land-manage
NAP	National action of programme National Action Program for Combating Desertification National Action Programme for conservation of environmental resource National Action Programme for Nature Protection	
NAFRI	National Advanced Fire and Resource Institute	http://www.nafri.gov/
VUPOP	National Agriculture and Food Center National Agriculture and Livestock Sector Policy	http://www.vupop.sk/

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
NBSAP	National Biodiversity Strategies and Action Plans National Climate Change Investment Plan National Development Strategy National Drought Management Authority	https://www.cbd.int/nbsap/
NEDA	National Economic Development Authority National Environment Service - Cook Islands	
NETFUND	National Environment Trust Fund National Focal Agency's report on international trainings attended	http://www.netfund.go.ke/
NFP	National focal point	
FNI	National Fund for Research National Planning Agency National Science and Technology Council	
NSSC	National Soil Services Centre	http://www.nssc.gov.bt/
BELSTAT	National Statistical Committee of the Republic of Belarus National Strategic Planning & Development	http://www.belstat.gov.by/ofitsialnaya-statistika/otrasli-statistiki/okruzhayuschaya-sreda/operativnye-p
NSLMC	National Sustainable Land Management Committee, Federal Ministry of Agriculture National Technology Business Centre National Treasury NDBP energy efficiency loan program Nepal Academy of Science and Technology, Khumaltar, Lalitpur Ninh Thuan Portal	http://www.ninhthuan.gov.vn/Pages/default.aspx
ONEI	Oficina Nacional Estadística e Información, República de Cuba Physical Planning Division, Environmental Coordinating Unit Plan Nacional para el Buen Vivir	http://www.one.cu/
PNSA	Plan Nacional para la Seguridad Alimentaria	

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
PNACC	Plan national d'adaptation au changement climatique	
PND	Plan national de développement du Congo	http://www.nationalplanningcycles.org/sites/default/files/country_docs/Congo/ndp_congo.pdf
	Point focal de la plate-forme TerreAfrica	
	Point focal national UNCCD	
	Point focal PDDA	
	Policy Coordination and Planning Unit, Ministry of Natural Resources and Agriculture	
	Prime Minister's Office, Ministry of Agriculture and Animal Resources	
	Programa Agua Doce	http://www.mma.gov.br/agua/agua-doce
	Programa Ciasncia sem Fronteiras	
PRONATEC	Programa Nacional de Acesso ao ensino técnico e emprego	http://pronatec.mec.gov.br/
P1MC	Programa P1MC - Um Milhao de Cisternas	http://www.asabrazil.org.br/Portal/Informacoes.asp?COD_MENU=1150
PROUNI	Programa Universidade para todos	http://prouniportal.mec.gov.br/
	Programas de Extensao Rural	
PAN/LCD	Programme d'action national pour la lutte contre la désertification	http://www.gn.undp.org/content/guinea/fr/home/operations/projects/environment_and_energy/programme-d-action-national-pour-la-lutte-contre-la-desertification-pan-lcd/
PAP	Programme d'Action Prioritaire	
PNIA	Programme National d'Investissement agricole	http://www.agriculture.gouv.ci/index.php?option=com_content&view=article&id=159
PNIERN	Programme National d'Investissement pour l'Environnement et les Ressources Naturelles	
	Programme national de biogaz	
PADE	Programme national de diversification Économique	
PNSR	Programme National du Secteur Rural	
PNEFEB	Programme National Environnement, Forêts, Eaux et Biodiversity	
PERACOD	Programme pour la promotion des énergies renouvelables, de l'électrification rurale et de l'approvisionnement durable en combustibles domestiques	http://www.peracod.sn/?lang=fr

Abbreviation	Entity	Homepage / web link
CPP	Projet CPP/Sous-Composante Coordination Nationale	
	Projet d'appui institutionnel pour l'amélioration du climat des affaires	
	Proyecto Proders	http://www.mag.gov.py/SiteProders/pag es/presupuesto_general.html
	Public Investment Framework	
PFN UNCCD	Puntos focales nacionales UNCCD	
ISTA	Rapport de l'Institut supérieur des techniques appliquées	
WATSAN	Rarotonga Water Tank Subsidy scheme - Ministry of Finance and Economic Management	http://watsan.gov.ck/water-tank-subsidy
	Report of the IIF Feasibility Study for Samoa	
	Report on the implementation of Coping with Desertification project	
	Report on the implementation of Green Belt project	
	Report on the implementation of Green Gold project	
	Report on the implementation of Sustainable Land Management for Combating Desertification project	
	Reportes de agencias implementadoras y/o donantes	
	Reportes de Responsables Provinciales del Ministerio del Ambiente de Desertificación	
RE CARE	Research Institute of Field Crops Selectia	
	Reventing and Remediating degradation of soils in Europe through Land Care	http://www.recare-project.eu/
	Royal Forest Department	http://www.forest.go.th/index.php?lang=en
REMA	Rwanda Environment Management Authority	http://www.rema.gov.rw/
RNRA	Rwanda Natural Resources Authority	http://www.rnra.rw/
	Secretaria de Medio Ambiente y Recursos Naturales	http://web2.semarnat.gob.mx/Pages/Inicio.aspx
SENPLADES	Secretaria Nacional de Planificación y Desarrollo	
SPREP	Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme	http://www.sprep.org/
SAG	Servicio Agrícola y Ganadero	http://www.sag.gob.cl/ambitos-de-accion/programa-de-recuperacion-de-suelos
SNA	Servizo Nacionale del Alfandegas	

Abbreviation	Entity	Homepage / web link
	Socialist Republic of Viet Nam Government Portal	http://www.chinhphu.vn/portal/page/portal/chinhphu/cactinhvathanhpho/tinhbinhthuan
	Sokoine University of Agriculture	
SomRep	Somalia Resilience Program	
SANBI	South Africa National Biodiversity Institute	http://www.sanbi.org/
	State Committee for Coordination of Science and Technology of Uzbekistan	http://uzscience.uz/index.php/ru/
	State Hydrometeorological Service	
	State Statistics Service of Ukraine	
	State Strategy Agrobusiness-2020	http://mgov.kz/pravitel-stvom-rk-prinyata-novaya-otraslevaya-program
SEI	Stockholm Environment Institute	http://www.sei-international.org/
SRC	Stockholm Resilience Centre	http://www.eld-initiative.org/index.php?id=51&tx_ttnews[tt_news]=54&cHash=8b573b7d1cd770cc05d555a314013278
ClimaEast	Support to Climate Change Mitigation and Adaptation in the Eastern Neighbourhood countries and Russia	http://www.climaeast.eu/partner-countries/moldova
SLM	Sustainable Land Management Project, Climate Change Division	
	Swaziland Environment Authority	
	Swaziland Investment Authority	
SIDA	Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency	http://www.sida.se/english/
SMHI	Swedish Meteorological and Hydrological Institute	http://www.smhi.se/en
	Tanzania Parliament	www.parliament.go.tz
TEC	Tarif Extérieur Commun	
TNA	Technology Needs Assessment	http://tech-action.org/
APUA	The Antigua Public Utilities Authority	http://www.apua.ag/
CACILM NPF	The Central Asian Countries Initiative for Land Management	http://www.thegef.org/gef/projects/CACILM
CSIF	The Country Strategic Investment Framework for SLM: Integrated Financing Strategy Document	http://blengrafix.com/terrAfrica/wp-content/uploads/files/InfoNote-CSIF.pdf
	The decision of the state council on further strengthening the work of combating desertification	http://english.gov.cn/
SGP	The GEF Small Grants Programme	https://sgp.undp.org
GM	The Global Mechanism of the UNCCD	http://global-mechanism.org/

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
	The Ministry of Finance on ecological construction investment policy framework	www.dipres.cl
	The Ministry of Food, Agriculture and Livestock	
	The Ministry of Forest and Water Affairs	
	The national science and technology supporting program (government document)	http://english.gov.cn/
	The opinions of the Ministry of S&T on further encouraging and guiding the private capital to enter into technology innovation fields (Government document)	http://english.gov.cn/
	The opinions of the state council about encouraging and orientating healthy development of investment from private sectors (Government document)	http://english.gov.cn/
REC	The Regional Environmental Centre	http://www.rec.md/ro/node/140
	The Rural Support Service	http://www.lad.gov.lv/en/about-us/general-information/
	Treasury and Finance Department	
	Typhoons Bopha and Haiyan	
NPCC/VUPOP	UNCCD agenda of NPPC / National Agriculture and Food Center	http://www.vupop.sk/
IDDP	UNDP Integrated Drylands Development Programme	http://web.undp.org/drylands/iddp.html
	UNDP Project on Support to Innovation Policy and Technology Transfer	
	UNDP Uzbekistan	http://www.uz.undp.org/content/uzbekistan/en/home.html
UNDP	United Nations Development Programme	http://www.undp.org/content/undp/en/home.html
	University of Dar es Salaam	
CIG	USDA National Resources Conservation Service Conservation Innovation Grants	http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/national/programs/financial/cig/
	USDA National Resources Conservation Service Conservation Technical Assistance	http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/national/programs/technical/
EQIP	USDA National Resources Conservation Service Environmental Quality Incentives Program	http://www.nrcs.usda.gov/wps/portal/nrcs/main/national/programs/financial/eqip/
	USP project in Kayangel	
	Water desalination project EU-GCCA-SPC	
	Water Reservoir Programmes in Burkina Faso	
	Wellness and the Environment	
WAAPP/PPAAO	West Africa Agricultural Productivity Program	http://waapp.coraf.org/index.php/fr

<i>Abbreviation</i>	<i>Entity</i>	<i>Homepage / web link</i>
	World Bank	
PROGEDE	World Bank project Second Sustainable and Participatory Energy Management	http://www.worldbank.org/projects/P120629/second-sustainable-participatory-energy-management-progede-ii?lang=en
	Zambia Development Agency	
CSD		
DRSA-EV		
CDC		Database Website
DSCE		
PANA		
UMOEА		
MRVS		
		http://mgov.kz/na-49-mlrd-tenge-budut-prosubsidirovany-sel-hoztovaroproizvoditeli-v-kazahstane/
MEEF		
GSDM		
MFB		
MEEA		
CSO		
STI		
CADETI		
KenInvst		
MEEF		
MFB		
MINAM/EFI/MII		