

Организация Объединенных Наций

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Конвенция по Борьбе с Опустыниванием

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Комитет по рассмотрению осуществления Конвенции

Десятая сессия

Чханвон, Республика Корея, 11–20 октября 2011 года Подпункты b) и c) пункта 2 повестки дня Обзор осуществления Конвенции и Десятилетнего стратегического плана и рамок деятельности по активизации осуществления Конвенции (2008–2018 годы) Многолетние планы работы учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции Результативность работы учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции

Многолетние планы работы учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции

Проект решения, представленный Председателем Комитета по рассмотрению осуществления Конвенции

Конференция Сторон,

ссылаясь на решение 3/СОР.8, которым Стороны приняли Десятилетний стратегический план и рамки деятельности по активизации осуществления Конвенции (2008–2018 годы) (Стратегия), и в частности на пункт 38 этого решения, касающийся плановых и бюджетных циклов, в котором учреждениям Конвенции Организации Объединенных Наций по борьбе с опустыниванием адресована просьба разработать в соответствии со Стратегией свои соответствующие многолетние планы работы с использованием метода управления, ориентированного на конкретные результаты, а также на раздел VII приложения к этому решению, касающийся отчетности о результативности работы,

ссылаясь также на пункт 2 b) приложения к решению 11/СОР.9, в котором Комитету по рассмотрению осуществления Конвенции поручается проведение обзора результативности работы учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции с использованием подхода к управлению с ориентацией на конкретные результаты и на основе докладов о рассчитанной по стоимости двухгодичной программе работы,



^{*} Переиздано по техническим причинам.

рассмотрев документы ICCD/CRIC(10)/2, ICCD/CRIC(10)/3, ICCD/CRIC(10)/4, ICCD/CRIC(10)/5, ICCD/CRIC(10)/6, ICCD/CRIC(10)/7–ICCD/COP(10)/CST/10, ICCD/CRIC(10)/8 и ICCD/CRIC(10)/9, а также сославшись на документы ICCD/COP(10)/10, ICCD/COP(10)/11, ICCD/COP(10)/12, ICCD/COP(10)/13, ICCD/COP(10)/14 и ICCD/COP(10)/15,

подчеркивая важность эффективного и согласованного функционирования учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции при оказании поддержки Сторонам в осуществлении ими Стратегии,

- 1. одобряет стратегическую ориентацию Комитета по науке и технике, Комитета по рассмотрению осуществления Конвенции, Глобального механизма и секретариата, описание которой содержится в прилагаемых планах работы:
- 2. просит Комитет по науке и технике, Комитет по рассмотрению осуществления Конвенции, Глобальный механизм и секретариат использовать планы работы, содержащиеся в приложениях, организуя свою работу таким образом, чтобы она согласовывалась с положениями Конвенции и решениями, принятыми на десятой сессии Конференции Сторон, и соответствовала руководящим указаниям, изложенным в Стратегии;
- 3. просит Комитет по науке и технике продолжать при осуществлении своего плана работы на 2012–2015 годы активизировать деятельность, связанную с пропагандистской, информационной и просветительской работой, описанной в программе работы Комитета по науке и технике, содержащейся в Стратегии;
- 4. *просит также* секретариат поддерживать описанную в решении .../СОР.10 деятельность по выяснению наиболее оптимальных путей определения прогресса в достижении стратегических целей 1, 2 и 3 Стратегии при выполнении подпрограммы 3;
- 5. просит далее Комитет по науке и технике и Комитет по рассмотрению осуществления Конвенции участвовать в дальнейшей координационной работе, связанной с совершенствованием управления знаниями в рамках Конвенции Организации Объединенных Наций по борьбе с опустыниванием, в целях обеспечения связной и легкодоступной информации;
- 6. предлагает Сторонам Конвенции, донорам и финансовым учреждениям обеспечивать дальнейшую техническую и финансовую поддержку для инструментария управления знаниями Конвенции Организации Объединенных Наций по борьбе с опустыниванием в целях более эффективного осуществления Конвенции;
- 7. просит секретариат и Глобальный механизм подготовить в соответствии с решением 3/СОР.8 многолетние планы работы (2014–2017 годы) с использованием подхода к управлению с ориентацией на конкретные результаты;
- 8. *просит также* секретариат включить эти планы во всеобъемлющий многолетний план работы по Конвенции, который должен быть рассмотрен на одиннадцатой сессии Конференции Сторон;

Результативность работы учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции

- 9. постановляет, что будущие обзоры результативности, подлежащие проведению Комитетом по рассмотрению осуществления Конвенции начиная с его двенадцатой сессии, должны основываться на докладах о выполнении рассчитанных по стоимости двухгодичных программ работы учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции;
- 10. постановляет также использовать показатели результативности и относящиеся к ним целевые параметры, которые включены в планы работы, с тем чтобы можно было надлежащим образом оценить результативность работы учреждений и вспомогательных органов Конвенции.

Annex I

[English only]

$Multi-year\ workplan\ for\ the\ Committee\ on\ Science\ and\ Technology\ (2012–2015)$

Outcome area:		Risks/assumptions:
3.1 National monitoring and vulnerability assessments on biophysical and socioeconomic trends in affected countries are supported.		The political will of the Parties and low capacity in some affected countries.
Expecte	ed accomplishments	Performance indicators
3.1.1	Affected Parties conduct impact assessments under the UNCCD, focusing on progress made in meeting strategic objectives 1–3.	The extent to which affected Parties report on progress made in meeting strategic objectives 1–3. A COP decision on a common approach for the reporting process on impact indicators.
Outcon	ne area:	Risks/assumptions:
3.2 A baseline based on the most robust data available on biophysical and socio-economic trends is developed and relevant scientific approaches are gradually harmonized.		The political will of the Parties and low capacity in some affected countries.
Expecte	ed accomplishments	Performance indicators
3.2.1	National, regional and global baselines for assessing progress in meeting strategic objectives 1–3 are established.	The extent to which affected Parties set up a baseline for assessing the progress in implementing the 10-year Strategy. CST recommendations on baselines are reflected in COP decisions.
	ne area:	Risks/assumptions:
3.3 Knowledge of biophysical and socio- economic factors and of their interactions in affected areas is improved to enable better decision-making.		Engagement of the scientific community.
Expected accomplishments		Performance indicators
3.3.1	The CST advances knowledge of biophysical and socio-economic factors and of their interactions in affected areas including issues associated with delineation of affected areas and planning and implementation of action.	CST recommendations on scientific advice delivered to the UNCCD decision-making process.

Outcome area: Risks/assumptions: 3.4 Knowledge of the interactions between climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and restoration of degraded land in affected areas is improved to develop tools to assist decision-making. **Expected accomplishments** 3.4.1 The CST increasingly cooperates

with, and benefits from the work of, relevant organizations and bodies dealing with climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and restoration of degraded land.

The political will of the Parties, and the engagement of the scientific bodies of the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCCC) and the Convention on Biological Diversity (CBD).

Performance indicators

The extent to which CST interacts with the scientific subsidiary bodies of the UNFCCC and the CBD, and other relevant scientific cooperation bodies.

Outcome area:

3.5 Effective knowledge-sharing systems, including traditional knowledge, a are in place at the global, regional, subregional and national levels to support policymakers and end-users, including through the identification and sharing of best practices and success stories.

Risks/assumptions:

The political will of the Parties to continuously support the progressive development of the UNCCD knowledge management sys-

Expected accomplishments

3.5.1 Parties and other stakeholders increasingly use local, regional and global knowledge management sys-

Performance indicators

Number of Parties and other stakeholders using local, regional and global knowledge management systems.

^a Excluding traditional knowledge on genetic resources.

Outco	me area:	Risks/assumptions:
3.6 Science and technology networks and institutions relevant to desertification/land degradation and drought are engaged to support UNCCD implementation.		The political will of the Parties to engage science and technology networks and institutions in affected countries.
		Engagement of the scientific community.
Expected accomplishments		Performance indicators
3.6.1	Provisions for the engagement of science and institutions are improved.	The extent to which scientific institutions participate in the work of the CST.

Annex II

[English only]

Multi-year workplan for the Committee for the Review of the Implementation of the Convention (2012-2015)

A. Assessment of the implementation of the Convention and The Strategy

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties assess the progress made in meeting strategic objectives 1–4 of Th Strategy and related targets, and provide guidance on further steps to be	CRIC draft decisions on further steps to be taken to meet the strategic objectives, taking into consideration the section of the mid-term evaluation that deals with strategic objectives 1–4
taken	Strategic objectives 1–3 analysed by the CST and integrated into PRAIS
	Target for 2012
	Second assessment of implementation (2010–2011) undertaken, including against impact indicators
	Target for 2013
	Targets for strategic objectives 1-4 adopted, including input by the CST
Parties assess the progress made in meeting operational objectives 1–5 of The Strategy and related targets, and provide guidance on further steps to be taken	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to the eleventh session of the COP (COP 11) on further steps to be taken to meet the operational objectives
	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to the twelfth session of the COP (COP 12) on further steps to be taken to meet operational objectives, outcome areas, performance indicators and related targets that may be adopted/amended as part of the midterm evaluation at the performance level
	Target for 2012
	Second assessment of implementation (2010–2011) against performance indicators
	Target for 2014
	Third assessment of implementation (2012–2013) against performance indicators
Parties assess the mobilization and use of financial resources and other support, and provide guidance on how to	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to COP 11 on how to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of financial resources and other support
enhance their effectiveness and effi- ciency in the achievement of the objec- tives of the Convention	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to COP 12 on how to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of financial resources and other support, including on new provisions that may be adopted as part of

	the mid-term evaluation in this regard
	Target for 2012
	Second review of financial flows (2010–2011) based on preliminary analysis submitted by the GM to the secretariat
	Target for 2014
	Third review of financial flows (2012–2013) based on preliminary analysis submitted by the GM to the secretariat
Parties adopt methods that improve communication of information, as well as the quality and format of reports to be submitted to the COP	CRIC draft decision(s) submitted to COP 11 on methods to improve communication of information and the quality and formats of reports
	Target for 2013
	Complete the first iteration on reporting against impact indicators and the second iteration on reporting against performance indicators as part of the mid-term evaluation

B. Performance review of the Convention's institutions and subsidiary bodies

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties review the performance of the secretariat and the Global Mechanism, and provide guidance on further improvements	CRIC draft decisions submitted to COP 11 and COP 12 on improving the performance of the institutions of the Convention
	Target for 2013
	Second review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year work programmes (2012–2013) submitted by the secretariat and the GM
	Target for 2015
	Third review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year work programmes (2014–2015) submitted by the secretariat and the GM, and taking into consideration the outcome of the mid-term evaluation of The Strategy
Parties review the performance of the CRIC and the CST and the interaction between them, and provide guidance on further improvements	CRIC draft decisions submitted to COP 11 and COP 12 on improving the performance of the subsidiary bodies of the Convention
	Target for 2013
	Second review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year

work programmes (2012–2013) of the CRIC and the CST

Target for 2015

Third review of performance taking an RBM approach and based on the reports on the two-year work programmes (2014–2015) of the CRIC and the CST, and taking into consideration the outcome of the mid-term evaluation of The Strategy

C. Compilation and dissemination of best practices

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
CRIC facilitates the compilation and dissemination of best practices	CRIC reviews the accessibility of best practices according to table 3 annexed to decision/COP.10
	CRIC identifies recommended primary databases on the basis of reports provided to intersessional sessions and as part of the assessment of implementation
	CRIC draft decision submitted to COP 11 on the possible ways to promote the analysis and dissemination of best practices, according to the respective mandates of the two Committees
	Target for 2013
	Recommended primary databases have been identified on theme 1, 2, 3, 4, 6 of the annex of decision/COP.10
	Joint report of the CST and CRIC tabled through CRIC 11 to COP 11 in 2013

D. Mid-term evaluation of The Strategy

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties consider an update of the IWG on the mid-term evaluation with a view of providing feedback on the work undertaken	Update on the mid-term evaluation considered and feedback provided through the final report of CRIC 11
	Target for 2013:
	Review of the progress made by the IWG on the mid-term evaluation

E. Collaboration with the Global Environment Facility

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties assess the progress made in the cooperation with the Global Environment Facility, and provide guidance on further improvement in order for the GEF to serve as a financial mechanism of the Convention	CRIC draft decision submitted to COP 11 on a revised memorandum of understanding with the GEF Target for 2014 GEF reports according to the revised reporting requirements

F. Relationship with other relevant conventions and international organizations, institutions and agencies

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicator
Parties assess the progress made in the relationships with other relevant conventions and international organizations, institutions and agencies, and provide guidance on further promotion and strengthening of synergies	CRIC draft decisions submitted to COP 11 and COP 12 on strengthening the relationships with other relevant conventions and international organisations, institutions and agencies Target for 2013 and 2015 Two reports by the secretariat to be reviewed in
	2013 and 2015, respectively

Annex III

[English only]

Multi-year workplan for the Global Mechanism (2012–2015)

Operational objective 1 - Advocacy, awareness-raising and education

To actively influence relevant international, national and local processes and actors in adequately addressing desertification/land degradation and drought-related issues.

Outcome area:

1.2 DLDD issues are addressed in relevant international forums, including those pertaining to agricultural trade, climate change adaptation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use, rural development, sustainable development and poverty reduction

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
1.2.01 Finance for SLM is addressed in relevant international forums	The number of relevant international forums to which the GM contributes that address financial issues related to SLM
	<u>Target for 2012 - 2013</u> : 6

Outcome area:

1.3 CSOs and the scientific community in the North and the South are increasingly engaged as stakeholders in the Convention's processes, and DLDD is addressed in their advocacy, awareness-raising and education initiatives

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
1.3.01 CSOs engaged in IFSs and integrated investment frameworks	The number of civil society organizations engaged in IFS and IFF processes supported by the GM
Trume works	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 23
1.3.02 The scientific community is engaged to collect economic evidence for increasing investments in SLM	The number of scientific institutions engaged in SLM related processes supported by the GM
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 7

Operational objective 2 – Policy framework

To support the creation of enabling environments for promoting solutions to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

- **2.1** Policy, institutional, financial and socio-economic drivers of desertification/land degradation and barriers to SLM are assessed, and appropriate measures to remove these barriers are recommended
- **2.2** Affected country Parties revise their national action programmes (NAPs) into strategic documents supported by biophysical and socio-economic baseline information and include them in integrated investment frameworks

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
2.1.01 The development of SLM IFSs contribute to the alignment of the NAPs to The Strategy	The number of IFS-related processes contributing to NAP revision and alignment
.	Target for 2012 = 13: 12

Outcome area:

2.3 Affected country Parties integrate their NAPs and sustainable land management and land degradation issues into development planning and relevant sectoral and investment plans and policies

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
2.3.01 IFSs identify investment opportunities for NAP priorities in national development processes such as Poverty Reduction Strategy Papers and relevant sectoral and investment plans and policies	The number of affected country Parties supported by the GM to focus strategically on the interlinkages between development, poverty reduction and DLDD/SLM finance
	<i>Target for 2012 − 13</i> : 17

Outcome area:

2.4 Developed country Parties mainstream the objectives of the Convention and SLM interventions into their development cooperation programmes/projects in line with their support to national, sectoral and investment plans

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
2.4.01 SLM is mainstreamed into developed country Parties development policies	The number of donor platforms and individual donors that consider SLM issues in their development policies
do religionality politics	<i>Target for 2012 – 13</i> : 7

2.5 Mutually reinforcing measures among desertification/land degradation action programmes and biodiversity and climate change mitigation and adaptation are introduced or strengthened to enhance the impact of interventions

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
2.5.01 Increased SLM financing through synergistic implementation of the Rio conventions	The number of relevant global and regional events related to the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change and the Convention on Biological Diversity to which the GM contributes

Operational objective 5 - Financing and technology transfer

"To mobilize and improve the targeting and coordination of national, bilateral and multilateral financial and technological resources in order to increase their impact and effectiveness"

Outcome ar	ea	:
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5.1 Affected country Parties develop integrated investment frameworks for leveraging national, bilateral and multilateral resources with a view to increasing the effectiveness and impact of interventions

and multilateral resources with a view to increasing the effectiveness and impact of interventions	
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.1.01 Regional and subregional platforms relevant to SLM financing functioning and supported by the GM	The number of regional and subregional platforms relevant to SLM financing functioning and supported by the GM through partnerships
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 26
5.1.02 Affected country Parties increasingly establish Integrated Investment Frameworks for SLM	The number of SLM Integrated Financing Strategies and IIFs supported by the GM endorsed by affected country Parties
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 25
5.1.03 Economic arguments in support of SLM investments are generated	The number of country Parties that have assessed the economic value of land
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 21

5.2 Developed country Parties provide substantial, adequate, timely and predictable financial resources to support domestic initiatives to reverse and prevent desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects

5.3 Parties increase their efforts to mobilize financial resources from international financial institutions, facilities and funds, including the Global Environment Facility (GEF), by promoting the UNCCD/sustainable land management agenda within the governing bodies of these institutions

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.2.01 Developed countries and	Rate of increase in financing volume of de

ingly finance the SLM integrated investment frameworks

5.2.01 Developed countries and Rate of increase in financing volume of developed countries', IFIs and the IFIs, including the GEF, increas- GEF's contributions to support SLM IIFs (as per FIELD and PRAIS)

Target for 2012 - 13: 5%

Outcome area:

5.4 Innovative sources of finance and financing mechanisms are identified to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought, including from the private sector, market-based mechanisms, trade, foundations and civil society organizations, and other financing mechanisms for climate change adaptation and mitigation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use and for hunger and poverty reduction

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.4.01 Country Parties are enabled to identify innovative resources and potential entry	The number of modules and approaches on innovative finance developed $\underline{Target for 2012 - 13}$: 17
points for innovative sources of finance and financing mechanisms related to SLM	The number of organizations involved in partnerships with the GM related to innovative finance $\underline{Target for 2012 - 13}$: 20
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.4.02 Resources mobilized for SLM through the application of innovative sources of finance	The number of countries and subregions assisted by the GM with mobilizing innovative finance Target for 2012 – 13: 39

Outcome area:

5.5 Access to technology by affected country Parties is facilitated through adequate financing, effective economic and policy incentives and technical support, notably within the framework of South-South and North-South cooperation

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.5.01 South-South and North-South partnerships allow affected country Parties to access knowledge on technology transfer	Technology transfer in the context of DLDD/SLM increasingly understood through a number of initiatives
	<u>Target for 2012 – 13:</u> 7

Executive direction and management		
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)	
X.1.01 The GM is an effective partner on financing for the Convention in international dialogues, partnerships and strategy development for servicing the Convention and its Parties	JWP completed and implemented <u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : Yes	
	The proportion of the core budget adopted by the COP received for GM operations	
	Clearance by the President of IFAD on GM inputs	
	The number of meetings held among Facilitation Committee (FC) members $\underline{Target \ for \ 2012 - 13:}\ 2$	
X.2.01 Effective and transparent management of the work programme and financial resources	Quality and RBM performance enforced <u>Target for 2012 – 13:</u> Yes	
	Level of satisfaction of country parties with the support provided by the GM (survey) <u>Target for 2012 – 13:</u> 60%	
	IFAD audit results on the GM are satisfactory <u>Target 2012–2013:</u> Yes	
	Amount of voluntary contributions raised from donors <u>Target 2012–2013:</u> EUR 7 000 000	
	The number of staff development and team-building initiatives undertaken	
X.3.01 Communication to a wide audience of the services provided by the GM to the Convention	Unique visitors per day to the website <u>Target for 2012 – 13</u> : 306	

Annex IV

[English only]

Multi-year workplan for the secretariat (2012–2015)

Subprogramme 1 – Advocacy, awareness-raising and education

To actively influence relevant international, national and local processes and actors in adequately addressing desertification/land degradation and drought-related issues.

Outcome area:

Expected accomplishments

1.1 Desertification/land degradation and drought (DLDD) issues and the synergies with climate change adaptation/mitigation and biodiversity conservation are effectively communicated among key constituencies at the international, national and local levels

(2012-2015)1.1.1. Awareness of addressing DLDD as one of the solutions to key global chal-Target for 2013 lenges increased through the Convention's communication and awareness-raising activities

Performance indicators (2012-2015)

The extent to which Parties and other stakeholders use the Convention's awareness-raising programmes and material

Increase from 2011 in UNCCD website visits, number of articles addressing DLDD or sustainable land management (SLM) published, media requests and LandScan subscribers

Outcome area:

1.2 DLDD issues are addressed in relevant international forums, including those pertaining to agricultural trade, climate change adaptation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use, rural development, sustainable development and poverty reduction

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators (2012-2015)(2012-2015)

1.2.1 The Convention process is increasingly recognized as a normative reference and the Convention secretariat nominated a global focal point for DLDD issues

Number of invitations to the secretariat to co-organize, chair or speak at high-level

1.3 CSOs and the scientific community in the North and the South are increasingly engaged as stakeholders in the Convention's processes, and DLDD is addressed in their advocacy, awareness-raising and education initiatives

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
1.3.1 CSO contributions to the meetings and processes of the Convention are effec-	The extent to which CSO participation to Convention meetings is balanced <u>Target for 2013</u>
tively facilitated	CSO representation at CRIC 11 covers all regions and is balanced in terms of gender and expertise
	The extent to which CSOs present their positions during COP and CRIC deliberations

Subprogramme 2 - Policy framework

To support the creation of enabling environments for promoting solutions to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

- **2.1** The policy, institutional, financial and socio-economic drivers of desertification/land degradation and barriers to SLM are assessed, and appropriate measures to remove these barriers are recommended
- 2.2 Affected country Parties revise their national action programmes (NAPs) into strategic documents supported by biophysical and socio-economic baseline information and include them in integrated investment frameworks
- **2.3** Affected country Parties integrate their NAPs, SLM and land degradation issues into development planning and relevant sectoral and investment plans and policies

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015) Performance indicators (2012–2015)

2.1.1 Affected country Parties have increased support from major multilateral cooperation organizations and programmes in devising their NAPs and SLM, and addressing DLDD

The extent to which the policies and approaches of UNDP¹, UNEP², WMO³, FAO,⁴ UNESCO⁵ and IUCN⁶ reflect the work carried out under the Convention

¹ United Nations Development Programme.

² United Nations Environment Programme.

³ World Meteorological Organization.

⁴ Food and Agriculture Organization.

⁵ United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization.

⁶ World Conservation Union.

2.4 Developed country Parties mainstream the objetives of the Convention and SLM interventions into their development cooperation programmes/projects in line with their support to national sectoral and investment plans

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators (2012–2015) (2012–2015)

2.4.1 SLM/DLDD issues are mainstreamed into development agendas

The extent to which developed countries place DLDD issues on the agenda of multilateral policy forums

Outcome area:

2.5 Mutually reinforcing measures among desertification/land degradation action programmes and biodiversity and climate change mitigation and adaptation are introduced or strengthened in order to enhance the impact of interventions

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators (2012-2015)(2012-2015)2.5.1 Improved understand-The extent to which the Convention, DLDD or SLM is referred to in documents and ing of the importance of decisions concerning climate change and biodiversity DLDD and SLM in addressing climate change and biodiversity 2.5.2 Improved understand-The extent to which the Convention, DLDD or SLM is referred to in the ing of the interlinkages bedocuments and decisions concerning food security, water scarcity and drought, tween implementation of the forestry, gender issues and migration, building on inputs made by the secre-Convention and addressing food security, water scarcity and drought, forestry, gender issues and migration

Subprogramme 3 – Science, technology and knowledge

To become a global authority on scientific and technical knowledge pertaining to desertification/land degradation and mitigation of the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

3.1 National monitoring and vulnerability assessments of biophysical and socio-economic trends in affected countries are supported

3.1.(a) Substantive preparation of the assessment of progress in meeting the strategic and operational objectives of The Strategy

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators $(20\overline{12}-2015)$ (2012-2015)3.1.1 Effective support to affected Parties The extent to which the reports of Parties follow the reporting guidein conducting assessments of implementation in meeting the five operational objec-Target for 2013 tives under the Strategy At least 75% of the reports received follow the guidelines The extent to which the reports of affected countries follow the report-3.1.2 Effective support to Parties in monitoring impact, with focus on progress ing guidelines made in meeting the strategic objectives Target for 2013 under The Strategy

under the Strategy	At least 75% of the reports received follow the guidelines		
3.1.(b) Support to the review and assessment of progress in implementing The Strategy			
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)		
3.1.3 Parties assess the relevance and effectiveness of The Strategy, and recommend appropriate measures for improving per-	The extent to which the assessment of The Strategy is conducted according to the modalities, criteria and terms of reference adopted at COP 10		
formance and furthering its implementation	<u>Target for 2013:</u>		
	Linkages between GEF investment and the objectives of The Strategy clarified, including alignment of the sets of impact indicators of the GEF land degradation focal area and The Strategy;		
	The merits of a fixed timeframe, with 2018 being the final year of The Strategy, versus a rolling system, as applied in the RBM framework of the workplans of the institutions and subsidiary bodies of the Convention, considered.		
3.1.4 Parties assess the progress made with the implementation of The Strategy and recommend appropriate measures to im- prove efficiency	The extent to which the assessment of progress made in the implementation of The Strategy is undertaken by referring to the baseline assessment of CRIC 9 (as reflected in the pertinent decisions of COP 10) and the analysis of trends to be undertaken at CRIC 1, by making use of the findings of the iterative process undertaken mainly in		

ing use of the findings of the iterative process undertaken mainly in 2011 and 2012; and by considering how the results achieved under the operational objectives contribute to the delivery of the expected accomplishments under the strategic objectives

The extent to which PRAIS is implemented according to the provisions contained in the relevant decisions of COP 11

3.1.5 Parties assess the CRIC and provide	Э
guidance to improve its performance and	
increase its effectiveness	

The extent to which the assessment of the CRIC concerns its operation under the terms of reference as modified by the relevant decision of COP 11

Target for 2013

Assessment of the relevance, impact, effectiveness, appropriateness of format and cost-effectiveness of CRIC meetings

of it fulfilling operational objective 3 on how best to measure progress on strategic objectives 1,2 and 3

3.1.6 Parties assess the CST, with reference The extent to which the assessment of the CST concerns its fulfillment of operational objective 3 on how best to measure progress on strategic objectives 1,2 and 3

3.1.7 Parties assess PRAIS and provide guidance on further improvement of its effectiveness

The extent to which the assessment of PRAIS concerns its implementation according to the provisions contained in the relevant decisions of COP 11

3.1.8 Parties assess the effectiveness of existing institutional arrangements and regional coordination mechanisms, and provide guidance on further improvement of regional coordination of the implementation of the Convention

The extent to which the assessment of the institutional arrangements for RCMs supports the revision and amendment of these arrangements

Outcome area:

3.2 A baseline based on the most robust data available on biophysical and socio-economic trends is developed and relevant scientific approaches are gradually harmonized

Expected accomplishments (2012-2015)

Performance indicators (2012-2015)

3.2.1 Effective support to the CST to guide the development of national and global baselines for assessing progress in meeting strategic objectives 1–3

The extent to which the background information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

3.3 Knowledge of biophysical and socio-economic factors and of their interactions in affected areas is improved to enable better decision-making

Expected accomplishments (2012-2015)

Performance indicators (2012-2015)

3.3.1 Effective support to the CST in advancing knowledge of the biophysical and socio-economic factors of DLDD and of related interactions in affected areas

The extent to which background information for and outcomes of the Convention's scientific conferences are disseminated in a timely manner to a large group of recipients

Target for 2013

The outcomes of the second scientific conference are made available online at least three months before COP 11

Outcome area:

3.4 Knowledge of the interactions between climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and restoration of degraded land in affected areas is improved to develop tools to assist decision-making

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators (2012-2015)

(2012 - 2015)

3.4.1 Effective support to the CST in addressing interlinkages between the agenda of the CST and the agendas of other organizations and bodies relating to the interactions between climate change adaptation, drought mitigation and the restoration of degraded lands

The extent to which the background information of the secretariat on interlinkages is reflected in CST recommendations

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

The extent to which the actions and needs of the CST are reflected in the work of those scientific bodies and organizations that the secretariat has addressed

3.4.2 Improved knowledge and understanding of the mutual benefits of measures to address drought mitigation and the restoration of degraded land

The extent to which background information on drought mitigation is reflected in CST recommendations and COP decisions

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

3.5 Effective knowledge-sharing systems, including traditional knowledge,⁷ are in place at the global, regional, subregional and national levels to support policymakers and end-users, including through the identification and sharing of best practices and success stories

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

3.5.1 Effective support to the CST in promoting the use of scientific knowledge to support decision-making concerning the Convention

The extent to which partners support or join the improvement of knowledge management under the Convention

Target for 2013

10% increase of involved partners on 2011

Outcome area:

3.6 Science and technology networks and institutions relevant to DLDD are engaged to support the implementation of the Convention

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)

Performance indicators (2012–2015)

3.6.1 The secretariat effectively supports the CST in improving the provisions for the engagement of scientists and scientific institutions

The extent to which the background information of the secretariat on how to improve provisions for the engagement of scientists and scientific institutions is reflected in CST recommendations

Target for 2013

At least 75% of the information provided by the secretariat is reflected in CST recommendations

Subprogramme 4 – Capacity-building

To identify and address capacity-building needs to prevent and reverse desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Outcome area:

- **4.1** Countries which have carried out the national capacity self-assessment (NCSA) implement the resulting action plans to develop the necessary capacity at the individual, institutional and systemic levels to tackle DLDD issues at the national and local levels
- **4.2** Those countries which have not previously undertaken capacity needs assessments engage in relevant assessment processes to identify capacity needs for tackling DLDD at the national and local levels

⁷ Excluding traditional knowledge on genetic resources.

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
4.1.1 Opportunities for targeted capacity-building under the Convention are improved	The extent to which Parties participate in capacity-building that addresses Convention-related needs

Subprogramme 5 – Financing and technology transfer

To mobilize and improve the targeting and coordination of national, bilateral and multilateral financial and technological resources in order to increase their impact and effectiveness.

Outcome area:

- **5.1** Affected country Parties develop integrated investment frameworks for leveraging national, bilateral and multilateral resources with a view to increasing the effectiveness and impact of interventions
- **5.2** Developed country Parties provide substantial, adequate, timely and predictable financial resources to support domestic initiatives to reverse and prevent desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought
- **5.3** Parties increase their efforts to mobilize financial resources from international financial institutions, facilities and funds, including the GEF, by promoting the Convention's SLM agenda within the governing bodies of these institutions.
- **5.4** Innovative sources of finance and financing mechanisms are identified to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought, including from the private sector, market-based mechanisms, trade, foundations and CSOs, and other financing mechanisms for climate change adaptation and mitigation, biodiversity conservation and sustainable use, and hunger and poverty reduction
- **5.5** Access to technology by affected country Parties is facilitated through adequate financing, effective economic and policy incentives and technical support, most notably within the framework of South-South and North-South cooperation

Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)
5.1.1. Increased understanding of the importance of DLDD and SLM on the part of the GEF, IFAD, the World Bank and regional banks	The extent to which the policies and approaches of the GEF, IFAD and the World Bank reflect the priorities set under the Convention

Subprogramme 6 - Management support for strategy implementation

(a) Executive direction and management		
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015) The extent to which Parties express their satisfaction	
6.1 Improved integrity and coherence of the Convention process		
(b) Conference services		
Expected accomplishments (2012–2015)	Performance indicators (2012–2015)	
6.2 Parties are satisfied with improved conditions for taking informed decisions at the level of the COP and its subsidiary bodies	The extent to which arrangements to organize the sessions of the COP and its subsidiary bodies improve	
	Target for 2013	
	Feedback from Parties about the arrangements at CRIC 11 and the third special session of the CST (CST S-3)	
	The number of official documents promptly and effectively submitted to Parties for consideration at sessions of the COP and its subsidiary bodies	
	Target for 2013	
	Increased percentage of prompt submission of documentation	
6.3 Exchanges among Parties' representatives, scien-	The extent to which requested meetings, workshops and seminars are organized promptly and within the limits of the allocated budget	
tific experts and/or other key stakeholders are efficiently	Target for 2013	
facilitated	Feedback from partners in the organization of the meetings	
	The extent to which requested publications, documentation and information materials are processed promptly and within the limits of the allocated budget	
	Target for 2013	
	Feedback from units involved in the production of the publications, documentation and information material	

(c) Administration, finance and human resources

Expected accomplishments Performance indicators $(20\overline{12}-2015)$ (2012-2015)6.4 The secretariat's financial The proportion of actual expenditure compared to the approved budget and human resources are ad-Target for 2013 100% ministered effectively and efficiently, and in accordance The extent to which staff members' training requirements are met to implement the with the financial rules of the work programme of the secretariat Convention and the regula-Target for 2013 tions and rules of the United Nations At least 30% of the staff participates in training relating to their own work 6.5 Improved information The extent to which information and communication technology services meet and communication technolthe secretariat's requirements ogy services of the secre-Target for 2013 tariat The staff recognizes improvements in ICT services The extent to which Parties and other users express their satisfaction with services at conferences

Annex V

[English only]

The 2012–2013 joint work programme between the secretariat and the Global Mechanism

Operational objective 1: Advocacy, awareness-raising and education

To actively influence relevant international, national and local processes and actors in adequately addressing issues relating to desertification/land degradation and droughtrelated issues.

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
	Joint contributions to at least four forums and processes	Joint or shared information materials on key DLDD-related issues that have relevance for resource mobilization

Operational objective 2: Policy framework

To support the creation of enabling environments for promoting solutions to combat desertification/land degradation and mitigate the effects of drought.

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP 2.1 Regional co- operation and coordi- nation to address DLDD and advance SLM are effectively supported	- The number of regional action programmes (RAPs) and subregional action programmes (SRAPs) that are aligned with The Strategy - The extent to which Parties use the services of the Regional Coordination Units in regional coordination	Support to regional cooperation and coordination in the content of the five annexes, including - provision of services to the regional advisory committee according to the agreed regional work programme, - support for the alignment of regional and subregional action programmes, and - organization of regional meetings preparatory to the sessions of the COP and its subsidiary bodies
JWP 2.2. Increased effectiveness of servicing countries in national action programme (NAP) alignment and mainstreaming	The number of NAPs aligned with The Strategy	Support for the alignment of NAPs with The Strategy, including - information products, - technical assistance, and - organization of subregional workshops on capacity-building for NAP, SRAP and RAP alignment

Operational objective 3: Science, technology and knowledge

To become a global authority on scientific and technical knowledge pertaining to desertification/land degradation and mitigation of the effects of drought.

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP 3.1 The review by the CRIC of the status of financing for the implementation of the	At least 50% of the recommendations of the GM and the secretariat are reflected in the recommendations of	A CRIC document containing an analysis of financial information in the national reports
Convention is based on sound information	based on the CRIC Information	Information on key issues on financing SLM for the CRIC and the COP
		Collaboration in the context of PRAIS, including use of the query functions on the public interface of PRAIS to allow access to data by the general public
		Revised templates, reporting guide- lines and glossary as regards the pro- gramme and project sheets, the stan- dard financial annex and strategic ob- jective 4
		CRIC documentation on best practices

Operational objective 5: Financing and technology transfer

To mobilize and improve the targeting and coordination of national, bilateral and multilateral financial and technological resources in order to increase their impact and effectiveness

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP 5.1 A policy environment that is more conducive to financing the Convention	The extent to which the fi- nancial requirements of and flows to the Convention are clearly and transparently	Material on resource needs, priorities and policy arguments for effective resource mobilization
through the implemen- tation of the common fundraising strategy	communicated to and un- derstood by partners	Joint or coordinated outreach to potential donors and partners
	The extent to which resources are mobilized to effectively deliver the work packages of the secretariat	
JWP 5.2 Improved op- portunities for SLM initiatives to access innovative sources of financing	The number of financing channels/opportunities and initiatives for DLDD/SLM issues	Development of innovative approaches for marketing DLDD/SLM issues

EE: An enabling environment for strengthened collaboration

Expected accomplishments	Performance indicators	Main joint outputs
JWP EE.1 Coordination, collaboration and communication between the two institutions is substantially improved		Documentation on the JWP for consideration by the CRIC and the COP Coordinated approaches to various administrative issues