



联合 国

FCCC/SBI/2019/17



气候变化框架公约

Distr.: General
24 October 2019
Chinese
Original: English

附属履行机构

第五十一届会议

2019 年 12 月 2 日至 9 日，圣地亚哥

临时议程项目 3(c)

《公约》附件一所列缔约方的报告和审评

《公约》附件一所列缔约方 1990-2016 年期间和
1990-2017 年期间国家温室气体清单数据报告

1990-2017 年期间国家温室气体清单数据

秘书处的报告*

摘要

2019 年，所有 43 个《公约》附件一所列缔约方(附件一缔约方)都提交了温室气体(GHG)清单通用报告格式表和国家清单报告。到 2019 年 4 月 15 日截止日为止，共收到 39 个缔约方的通用报告格式表和国家清单报告。在 1990 至 2017 年期间，所有附件一缔约方不包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业(LULUCF)排放量和清除量的温室气体排放合计总量下降了 13.2%，而包括 LULUCF 排放量和清除量的温室气体合计总量下降了 17.4%。经济转型期附件一缔约方不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别下降了 40.0% 和 49.8%。非经济转型期附件一缔约方不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别下降了 1.6% 和 2.9%。本文件中的资料所依据的是截至 2019 年 10 月 19 日收到的附件一缔约方国家温室气体清单数据。本文件印发之时，对附件一缔约方温室气体清单的年度审评工作仍在进行；因此，文中数据未必反映缔约方提供的最新资料。最新的温室气体清单数据可查阅《气候公约》网站。

* 出于提交人无法控制的情况，本文件订于在标准发布日期之后发布。



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简称和缩略语

Annex I Parties	《公约》附件一所列缔约方(附件一缔约方)
CH ₄	甲烷
COP	《公约》缔约方会议
CO ₂	二氧化碳
CO ₂ eq	二氧化碳当量
CRF	通用报告格式
EIT	转型期经济体
F-gases	含氟气体
GHG	温室气体
IPPU	工业加工与产品使用
LULUCF	土地利用、土地利用变化与林业
NIR	国家清单报告
N ₂ O	氧化亚氮
UNFCCC Annex I inventory reporting guidelines	《公约》附件一所列缔约方国家信息通报编制指南 第一部分：《气候公约》年度温室气体清单报告指南(《气候公约》附件一缔约方清单报告指南)

一. 导言

A. 任务

1. 《公约》缔约方会议第 24/CP.19 号决定请附件一缔约方在每年 4 月 15 日之前提交按源排放量和汇清除量分列的国家温室气体清单数据。《公约》缔约方会议在第 13/CP.20 号决定第 8 和第 10 段中, 请秘书处汇编并综合附件一缔约方提交的温室气体清单数据信息, 供《公约》缔约方会议及其附属机构审议。

B. 范围

2. 本文件列示附件一缔约方 2019 年提交温室气体清单报告的情况(第二章), 并概述 1990-2017 年期间温室气体排放量和清除量的现有最新数据(第三章)。本文提供二氧化碳、甲烷、氧化亚氮和含氟气体的数据,¹ 若缔约方选择予以报告, 本文还提供甲烷、一氧化碳和非甲烷挥发性有机化合物在空气中氧化导致的二氧化碳的间接排放量。本文提供温室气体排放的合计² 总量³ 数据, 既有包括也有不包括 LULUCF 的净温室气体排放量和清除量的数据。

3. 本文件中的资料所依据的是截至 2019 年 10 月 19 日收到的所有 43 个附件一缔约方的国家温室气体清单数据(见表 1)。

4. 本文件印发之时, 对附件一缔约方温室气体清单的年度审评工作仍在进行; 因此, 文中数据未必反映缔约方提供的最新资料。最新的温室气体清单数据可查阅《气候公约》网站。⁴

C. 附属履行机构可采取的行动

5. 附属履行机构不妨注意本文件所载信息, 并酌情向《公约》缔约方会议寻求进一步指导。

二. 报告提交情况

A. 提交材料的及时性和完整性

6. 根据《气候公约》附件一缔约方清单报告指南,⁵ 附件一缔约方须每年提交一份国家清单报告和通用报告格式表, 载列从基准年到提交年份前两年的数据。

¹ 含氟气体包括氢氟碳化物、全氟化碳、六氟化硫、氢氟碳化物和全氟化碳的不明混合物以及三氟化氮。

² “合计”一词指的是通用报告格式中各部门的排放量相加; 合计总和包括 LULUCF 的排放量时将单独说明; 除非另有说明, 合计总和不包括间接二氧化碳的排放量。

³ “总量”一词指的是温室气体排放量和清除量是作为二氧化碳、甲烷、氧化亚氮、氢氟碳化物、全氟碳化物、六氟化硫、氢氟碳化物和全氟化碳的不明混合物以及三氟化氮的加权总和计算的, 采用《公约》之下商定的全球升温潜能值计算。

⁴ <https://unfccc.int/process-and-meetings/transparency-and-reporting/reporting-and-review-under-the-convention/greenhouse-gas-inventories-annex-i-parties/national-inventory-submissions-2019>.

2019 年，所有 43 个附件一缔约方都提交了 1990 年⁶ 至 2017 年所有年份的温室气体数据。

7. 到 2019 年 4 月 15 日截止日为止，共收到 39 个缔约方的通用报告格式表和 38 个缔约方的国家清单报告。在上述日期后六周内，所有 43 个缔约方均提交了通用报告格式表和国家清单报告。在初步提交后，有 11 个缔约方提交了通用报告格式表的修订本，10 个缔约方重新提交了国家清单报告。初步提交通用报告格式表的日期见表 1。

表 1
2019 年附件一缔约方温室气体清单数据提交情况

<i>Party</i>	<i>CRF tables submission date^a</i>	<i>Party</i>	<i>CRF tables submission date^a</i>
Australia	<i>24 May 2019</i>	Liechtenstein	15 April 2019
Austria	15 April 2019	Lithuania	12 April 2019
Belarus	12 April 2019	Luxembourg	4 April 2019
Belgium	15 April 2019	Malta	<i>10 May 2019</i>
Bulgaria	15 April 2019	Monaco	15 April 2019
Canada	15 April 2019	Netherlands	15 April 2019
Croatia	11 April 2019	New Zealand	10 April 2019
Cyprus	<i>16 April 2019</i>	Norway	12 April 2019
Czechia	12 April 2019	Poland	9 April 2019
Denmark	12 April 2019	Portugal	2 April 2019
Estonia	12 April 2019	Romania	15 April 2019
European Union	15 April 2019	Russian Federation	13 April 2019
Finland	10 April 2019	Slovakia	11 April 2019
France	3 April 2019	Slovenia	10 April 2019
Germany	12 April 2019	Spain	2 April 2019
Greece	15 April 2019	Sweden	12 April 2019
Hungary	15 April 2019	Switzerland	15 April 2019
Iceland	14 April 2019	Turkey	13 April 2019
Ireland	10 April 2019	Ukraine	<i>16 May 2019</i>
Italy	5 April 2019	United Kingdom	15 April 2019
Japan	15 April 2019	United States	13 April 2019
Latvia	12 April 2019		

^a Dates after 15 April 2019 are shown in italics. The dates of submission of NIRs may be different.

B. 重新计算

8. 根据《气候公约》附件一缔约方清单报告指南，缔约方在必要时应进行重新计算，以提高排放量估算的质量并确保时间序列的一致性。

⁵ 第 24/CP.19 号决定，附件一。

⁶ 除非另有说明，某些缔约方所用数据为基准年数据，而不是 1990 年数据。根据第 9/CP.2 和第 11/CP.4 号决定，可不采用 1990 年为基准年的缔约方是保加利亚(1988 年)、匈牙利(1985 年至 1987 年的平均数)、波兰(1988 年)、罗马尼亚(1989 年)和斯洛文尼亚(1986 年)。

9. 2019 年, 所有 43 个附件一缔约方都报告了对其 1990 年温室气体估算排放量有影响的重新计算情况(见表 2)。重新计算反映了活动数据、排放因素和方法的变动。37 个缔约方不包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放合计总量变化不到 1%, 两个缔约方的变化大于 3%。21 个缔约方包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放合计总量变化不到 1%, 八个缔约方的变化大于 3%。

表 2

2019 年附件一缔约方清单重新计算情况

<i>Party</i>	<i>Impact on GHG emissions for 1990 without LULUCF (%)</i>	<i>Impact on GHG emissions for 1990 with LULUCF (%)</i>
Australia	0.05	4.87
Austria	-0.03	-0.04
Belarus	0.0002	0.0002
Belgium	-0.05	-0.66
Bulgaria	0.0008	2.51
Canada	-0.17	-0.29
Croatia	-0.71	-1.05
Cyprus	1.39	1.77
Czechia	-0.04	0.66
Denmark	-0.12	0.09
Estonia	-0.02	0.12
European Union	0.06	0.34
Finland	-0.01	-1.33
France	0.31	1.09
Germany	-0.05	-0.05
Greece	0.00	0.01
Hungary	-0.11	-0.12
Iceland	-0.99	-5.26
Ireland	0.06	-2.58
Italy	-0.12	-0.17
Japan	0.26	0.27
Latvia	-0.64	4.43
Liechtenstein	-0.12	0.49
Lithuania	0.28	0.31
Luxembourg	-0.23	0.36
Malta	0.05	0.05
Monaco	1.90	1.90
Netherlands	0.09	0.28
New Zealand	-0.22	-4.88
Norway	-0.94	-0.22
Poland	1.06	1.13
Portugal	-1.23	-1.20
Romania	0.57	1.15
Russian Federation	-14.66	-20.03
Slovakia	-0.83	-1.19
Slovenia	-0.38	-2.47
Spain	0.29	1.74

<i>Party</i>	<i>Impact on GHG emissions for 1990 without LULUCF (%)</i>	<i>Impact on GHG emissions for 1990 with LULUCF (%)</i>
Sweden	-0.30	3.71
Switzerland	0.10	-3.24
Turkey	4.03	-10.10
Ukraine	-0.91	-1.12
United Kingdom	-0.25	0.05
United States	0.24	0.51

10. 表 3 为附件一缔约方 2018 年和 2019 年温室气体清单提交材料所载 1990 年温室气体排放合计总量估算数的比较。

表 3
2018 年与 2019 年报告的附件一缔约方 1990 年温室气体排放合计总量估算数的比较

	<i>Estimate reported in 2018</i>	<i>Estimate reported in 2019</i>	<i>Explanation of the difference between the estimates reported in 2018 and 2019</i>
Total aggregate GHG emissions without LULUCF (thousands of Tg CO₂ eq)			
All Annex I Parties	19.70	19.17	Aggregate impact of inventory recalculations by individual Annex I Parties
Annex I EIT Parties	6.36	5.81	Inventory recalculations, for example by Hungary, Russian Federation and Ukraine
Annex I non-EIT Parties	13.34	13.36	Inventory recalculations, for example by Japan, United Kingdom and United States
Total aggregate GHG emissions with LULUCF (thousands of Tg CO₂ eq)			
All Annex I Parties	18.68	17.94	Aggregate impact of inventory recalculations by individual Annex I Parties
Annex I EIT Parties	6.35	5.57	Inventory recalculations, for example by Poland, Russian Federation and Ukraine
Annex I non-EIT Parties	12.33	12.38	Inventory recalculations, for example by Australia, Turkey and United States

三. 附件一缔约方的排放趋势和排放源概述

A. 温室气体排放合计总量

11. 1990 年至 2017 年, 所有附件一缔约方不包括 LULUCF 排放量和清除量的温室气体排放合计总量下降了 13.2%, 从 19,172.79 兆吨二氧化碳当量下降到 16,633.75 兆吨。包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放合计总量同期下降了 17.4%, 从 17,944.45 兆吨二氧化碳当量下降到 14,818.81 兆吨。2000 年至 2017 年, 不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别下降了 7.0% 和 7.7%。2016 年至 2017 年, 不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别下降了 0.3% 和 0.8%。

12. 图 1 和图 2 显示 1990 年至 2017 年所有附件一缔约方、经济转型期附件一缔约方和非经济转型期附件一缔约方的温室气体排放合计总量的趋势。

图 1

1990、1995、2000、2005、2010、2015、2016 和 2017 年附件一缔约方温室气体排放量

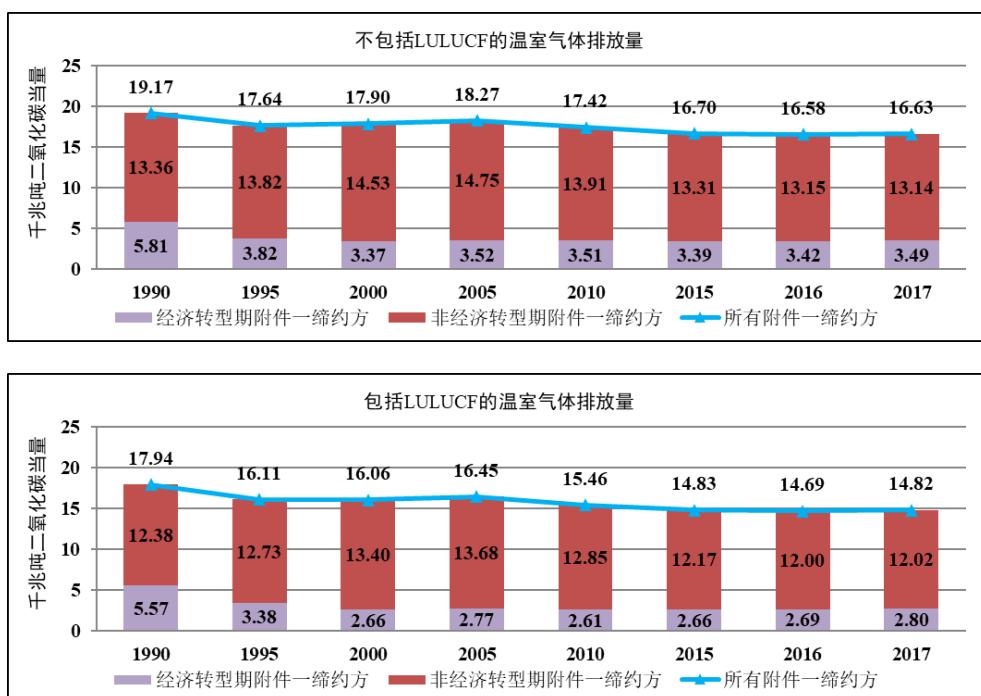
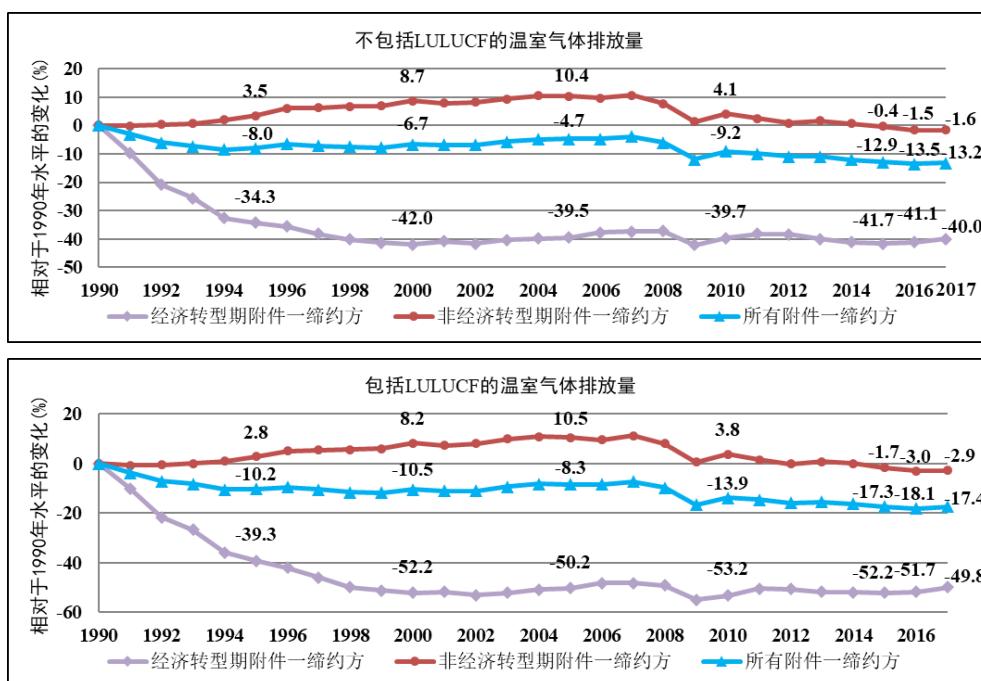


图 2

1990-2017 年附件一缔约方温室气体排放量的变化

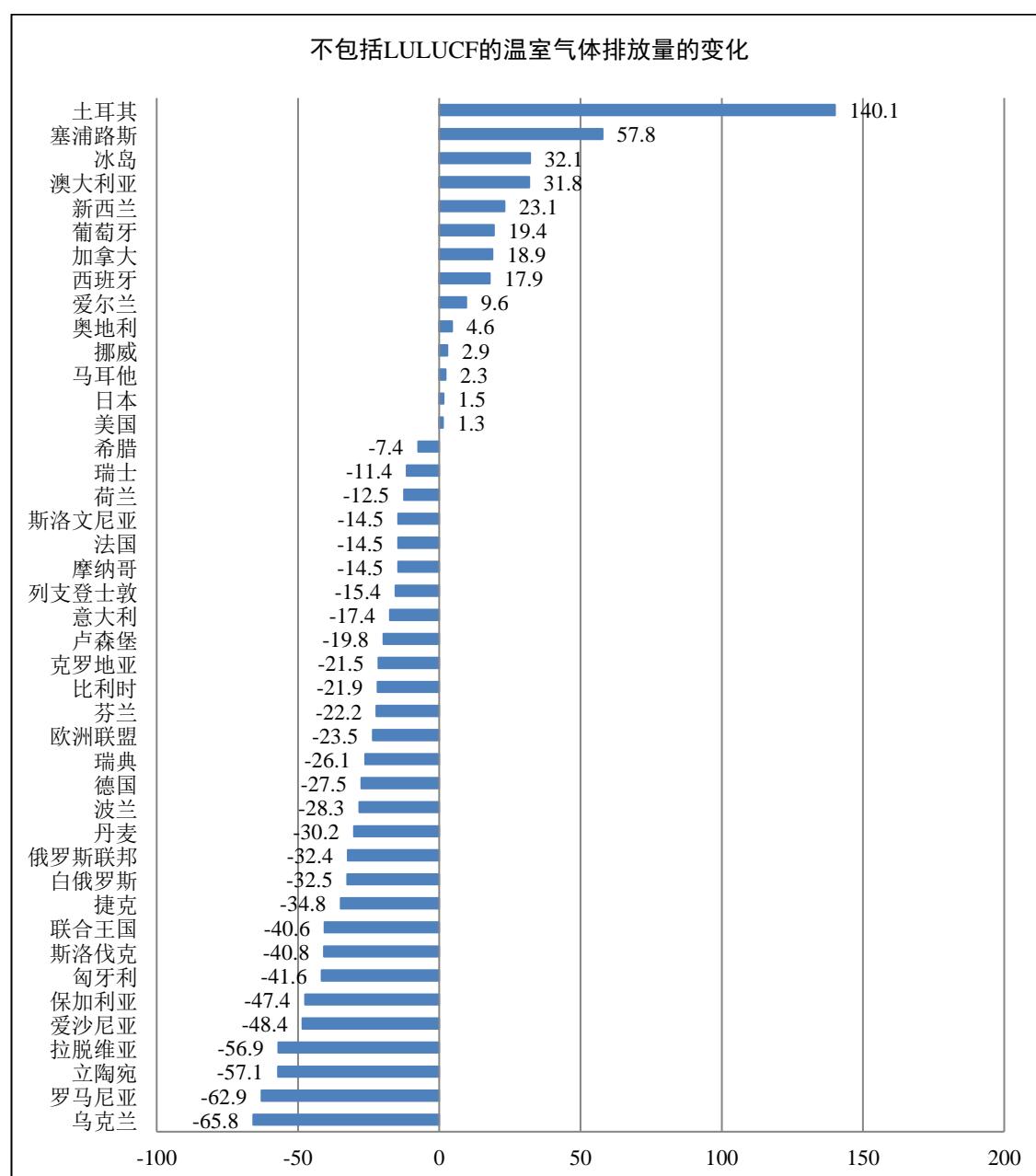


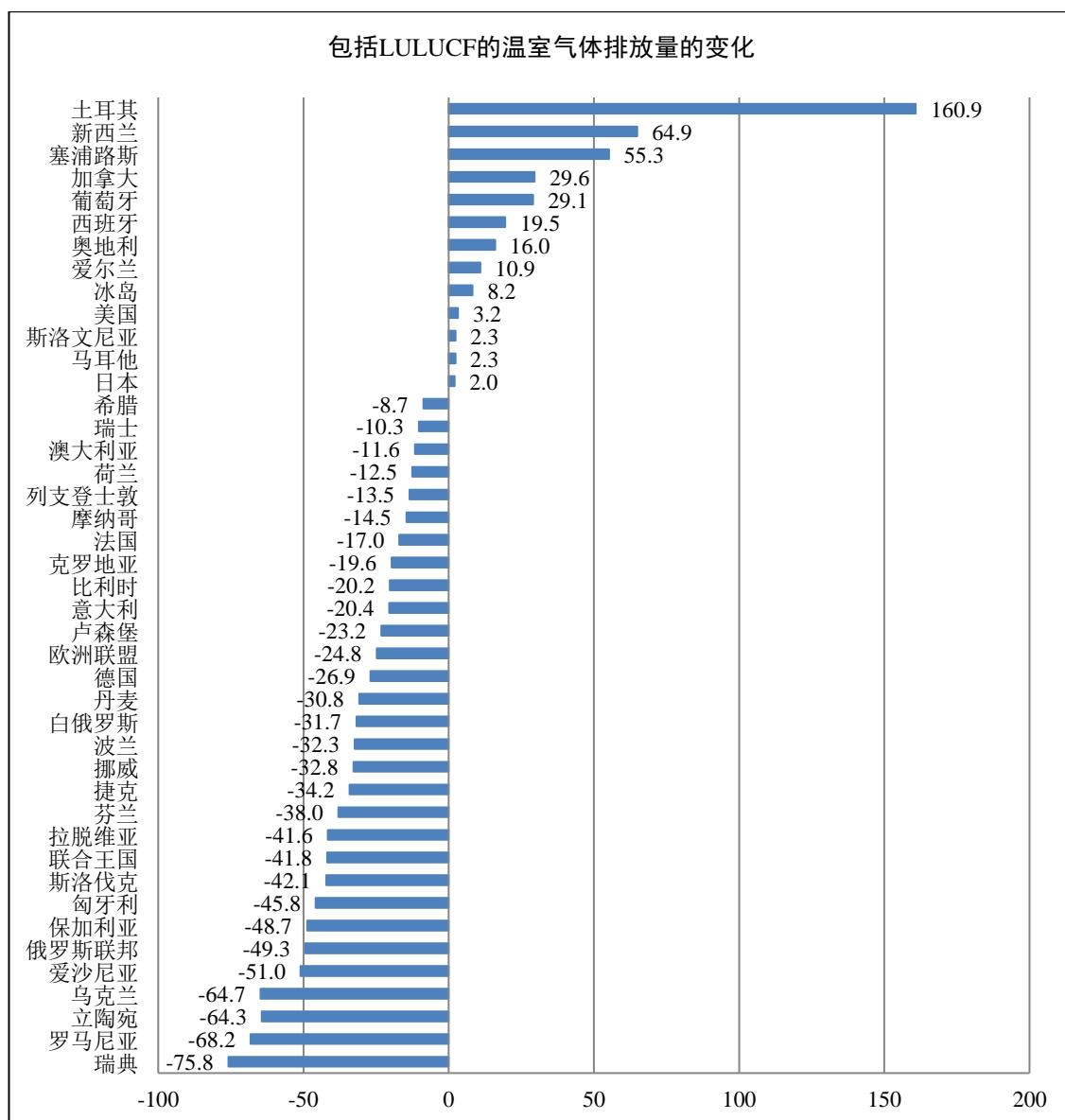
13. 1990 年至 2017 年，经济转型期附件一缔约方不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别下降了 40.0% 和 49.8%。2000 年至 2017 年，不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别上升了 3.6% 和 5.0%。2016 年至 2017 年，不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别上升了 2.0% 和 3.9%。

14. 1990 年至 2017 年，非经济转型期附件一缔约方不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别下降了 1.6% 和 2.9%。2000 年至 2017 年，不包括和包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量分别下降了 9.5% 和 10.3%。2016 年至 2017 年，不包括 LULUCF 的温室气体排放量下降了 0.1%，包括 LULUCF 的排放量上升 0.2%。

15. 1990 年至 2017 年期间，各缔约方温室气体排放合计总量的变化差别很大（见图 3）。就不包括 LULUCF 的排放量而言，乌克兰的降幅最大(65.8%)；就包括 LULUCF 的排放量而言，瑞典的降幅最大(75.8%)。就不包括和包括 LULUCF 的排放量而言，土耳其增幅最大(分别为 140.1% 和 160.9%)。

图 3
1990-2017 年各附件一缔约方排放合计总量的变化





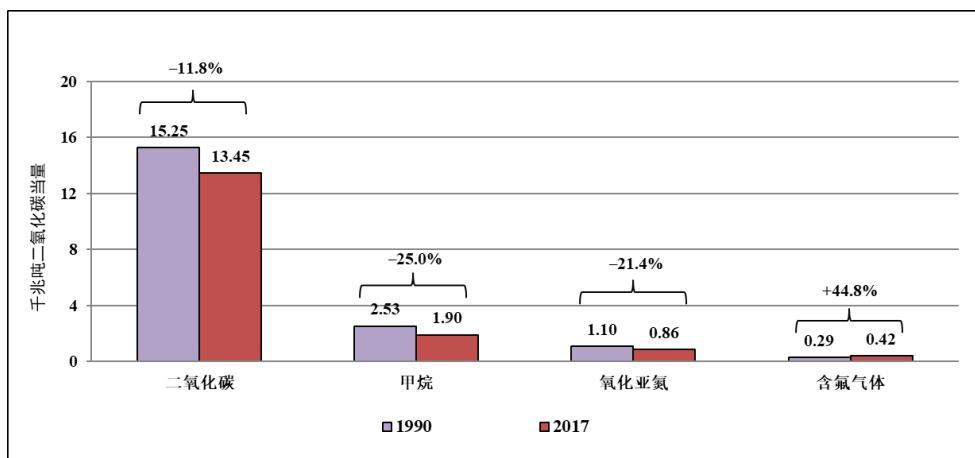
B. 按气体分列的温室气体排放量

16. 1990 年至 2017 年期间，二氧化碳在排放总量中所占比例最大，1990 年和 2017 年分别占排放总量的 79.5% 和 80.9%。甲烷在温室气体排放总量中所占比例排名第二位(1990 年为 13.2%，2017 年为 11.4%)，然后是氧化亚氮(1990 年为 5.7%，2017 年为 5.2%)。含氟气体占 1990 年温室气体排放总量的 1.5%，2017 年的 2.5%。

17. 图 4 显示每一种温室气体在 1990 年和 2017 年不包括 LULUCF 的排放总量中所占比例，以及每一种温室气体从 1990 年至 2017 年在排放总量中占比的变化情况。二氧化碳、甲烷和氧化亚氮的排放量有所下降，而含氟气体的排放量增加了 44.8%。

图 4

1990 年和 2017 年附件一缔约方按气体分列的不包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的温室气体排放量



18. 2016 至 2017 年, 二氧化碳、甲烷、氧化亚氮和含氟气体的排放量分别上升了 0.1%、0.8%、0.7% 和 4.0%。

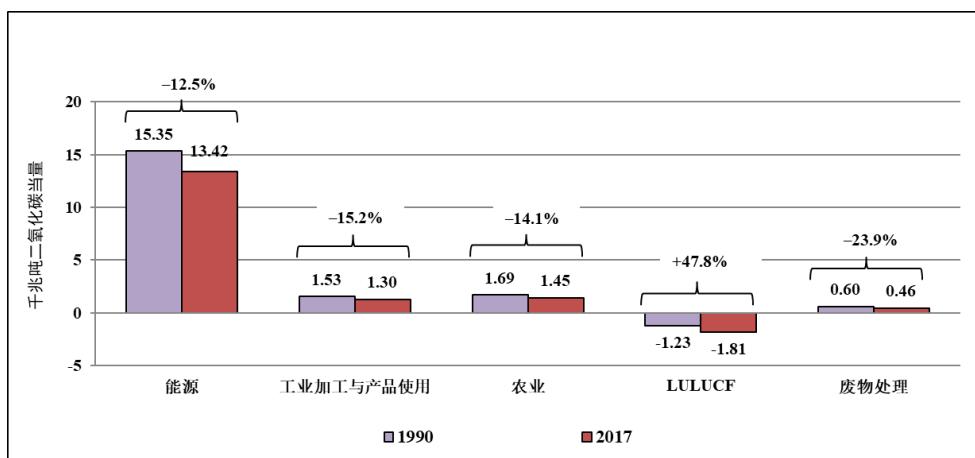
C. 按部门分列的温室气体排放量

19. 1990 年至 2017 年, 所有部门的排放量均有所下降(见图 5)。废物处理部门的排放量相对降幅最大(23.9%), 然后依次是工业加工与产品使用、农业和能源部门。同期, LULUCF 的温室气体净清除量提高了 47.8%, 从 -1,228.34 兆吨二氧化碳当量增加到 -1,814.94 兆吨。

20. 2016 年至 2017 年, 能源、工业加工与产品使用和农业部门的排放量分别上升了 0.1%、1.8% 和 1.2%, 而废物处理部门的排放量下降了 0.3%。LULUCF 的温室气体净清除量下降了 3.6%。

图 5

1990 年和 2017 年附件一缔约方按部门分列的温室气体排放量和清除量

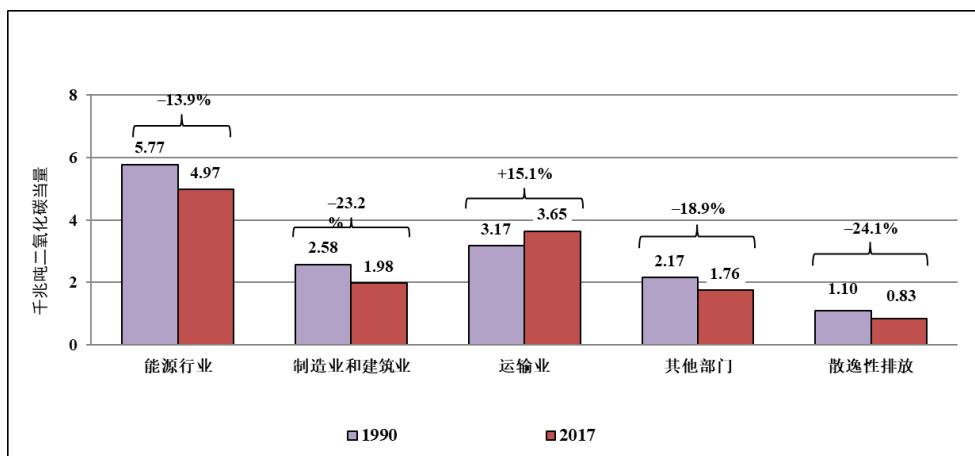


注：图中没有列入其他部门，因为其对温室气体排放总量的影响微不足道。其他部门的排放量在 1990 年至 2017 年期间下降了 2.2%。

21. 在能源部门下，除运输分部门的排放量上升了 15.1% 外，所有其他分部门的温室气体排放量在 1990 年至 2017 年期间均有所下降(见图 6)。排放量相对降幅最大的是燃料的散逸性排放(排放量下降了 24.1%)。

图 6

1990 年和 2017 年附件一缔约方能源部门的温室气体排放量



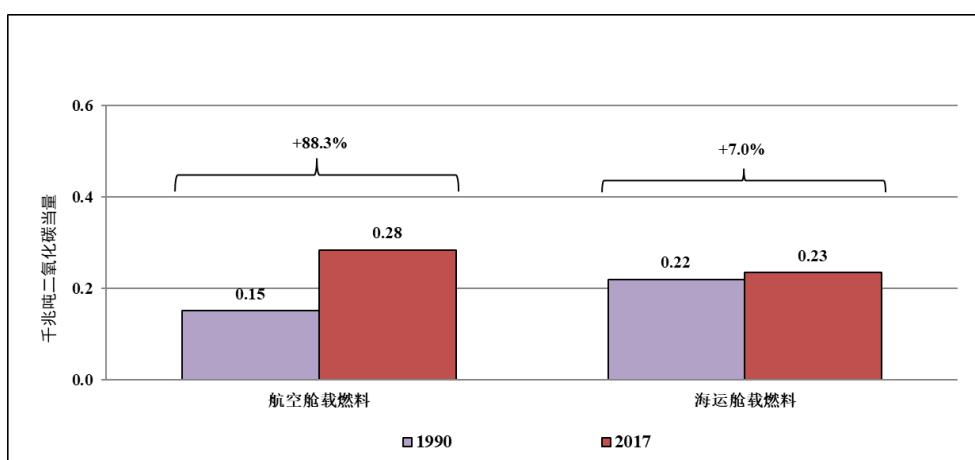
注：图中没有列入二氧化碳运输和储存分部门，因为该分部门对温室气体排放总量的影响微不足道。该分部门的排放量在 1990 年至 2017 年期间上升了 8,661.4%。

22. 2016 年至 2017 年，能源行业的排放量下降了 2.1%，而制造业和建筑业、运输业和其他部门的排放量以及散逸性排放分别增加了 1.4%、1.2%、2.2% 和 2.0%。

23. 1990 年至 2017 年期间，国际舱载燃料的排放量有所增加，航空业排放量增加了 88.3%，海运业增加了 7.0%(见图 7)。

图 7

1990 年和 2017 年附件一缔约方国际舱载燃料的温室气体排放量



24. 2016 年至 2017 年，国际舱载燃料的排放量有所下降，航空业排放量下降了 5.2%，海运业下降了 4.2%。

25. 表 4 比较了附件一缔约方 2018 年与 2019 年温室气体清单提交材料报告的 1990 年至最近年份温室气体排放合计总量的百分比变化，表中列有对估算数差别的解释。

表 4

2018 年和 2019 年报告的附件一缔约方温室气体排放合计总量变化的比较

	<i>Estimate reported in 2018</i>	<i>Estimate reported in 2019</i>	<i>Explanation of the difference between the estimates reported in 2018 and 2019</i>
Change in total aggregate GHG emissions without LULUCF from 1990 to the latest available year (%)			
All Annex I Parties	-11.71	-13.24	Combined impact of changes for individual Annex I Parties
Annex I EIT Parties	-37.79	-39.95	Decreases in emissions between 2016 and 2017 and inventory recalculations, for example for Romania, Russian Federation and Ukraine
Annex I non-EIT Parties	0.73	-1.62	Decreases in emissions between 2016 and 2017 and inventory recalculations, for example for Belgium, Japan and United States
Change in total aggregate GHG emissions with LULUCF from 1990 to the latest available year (%)			
All Annex I Parties	-17.42	-17.42	Combined impact of changes for individual Annex I Parties
Annex I EIT Parties	-50.23	-49.79	Increases in emissions between 2016 and 2017 and inventory recalculations, for example for Belarus, Czechia and Poland
Annex I non-EIT Parties	0.54	-2.85	Decreases in emissions between 2016 and 2017 and inventory recalculations, for example for Germany, United Kingdom and United States

D. 单个附件一缔约方的排放数据

26. 表 5 至 17 列有单个附件一缔约方详细的温室气体排放数据。表 5 和表 6 显示不包括和包括 LULUCF 排放量和清除量的温室气体排放合计总量；表 7 至 12 显示二氧化碳、甲烷和氧化亚氮(不包括和包括 LULUCF 排放量和清除量)的排放量；表 13 显示含氟气体的排放量；表 14 至 16 显示 LULUCF 的排放量和清除量。表 17 显示二氧化碳的间接排放量。

27. 表中空格有的是表示没有数据，有的是表示为报告排放数据使用了说明符号，如，“没有发生(NO)”、“没有估算(NE)”、“不适用(NA)”、“已包含在别处(IE)”或“机密(C)”。负值表示清除量；正值表示排放量。

28. 1990 年至 2017 年排放量的变化是用精确值(而非四舍五入)计算的，因此可能与用表中提供的四舍五入值计算的变化率不同。

表 5

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年二氧化碳、甲烷、氧化亚氮和含氟气体的人为排放合计总量(不包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	420 315	485 019	537 275	546 772	554 127	31.8
Austria	78 670	80 415	84 753	79 596	82 261	4.6
Belarus ^a	139 274	81 241	93 766	91 583	93 960	-32.5
Belgium	146 587	149 730	132 922	115 783	114 540	-21.9
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	116 754	59 567	60 550	59 085	61 367	-47.4
Canada	602 184	730 588	692 619	707 727	715 749	18.9
Croatia ^a	31 858	25 861	28 085	24 385	25 020	-21.5
Cyprus	5 669	8 387	9 459	8 741	8 945	57.8
Czechia ^a	197 393	149 334	139 734	129 757	128 675	-34.8
Denmark	70 515	71 368	64 178	51 298	49 226	-30.2
Estonia ^a	40 432	17 360	21 214	19 665	20 880	-48.4
European Union ^c	5 649 529	5 168 912	4 783 628	4 303 392	4 323 163	-23.5
Finland	71 133	70 130	75 627	58 044	55 334	-22.2
France	551 049	556 370	517 116	467 622	471 028	-14.5
Germany	1 250 993	1 045 187	942 542	911 049	906 611	-27.5
Greece	103 101	126 346	118 436	91 698	95 421	-7.4
Hungary ^{a, b}	109 314	73 208	64 949	61 140	63 788	-41.6
Iceland	3 598	4 038	4 845	4 640	4 755	32.1
Ireland	55 417	68 478	61 105	61 270	60 744	9.6
Italy	517 746	554 106	505 773	432 119	427 708	-17.4
Japan	1 270 004	1 374 847	1 302 732	1 305 751	1 289 631	1.5
Latvia ^a	26 259	10 488	12 279	11 269	11 306	-56.9
Liechtenstein	229	248	229	188	194	-15.4
Lithuania ^a	48 242	19 603	21 009	20 510	20 706	-57.1
Luxembourg	12 756	9 678	12 180	10 052	10 236	-19.8
Malta	2 103	2 768	2 910	1 896	2 152	2.3
Monaco	102	109	88	88	87	-14.5
Netherlands	220 794	219 304	213 363	195 384	193 260	-12.5
New Zealand	65 668	76 180	78 965	79 136	80 853	23.1
Norway	51 210	54 832	55 467	53 608	52 713	2.9
Poland ^{a, b}	577 258	395 472	411 669	399 123	413 781	-28.3
Portugal	59 092	82 082	68 801	65 936	70 546	19.4
Romania ^{a, b}	306 690	143 126	123 905	114 272	113 796	-62.9
Russian Federation ^a	3 186 796	1 900 820	2 057 673	2 097 477	2 155 471	-32.4
Slovakia ^a	73 365	49 263	46 367	42 298	43 438	-40.8
Slovenia ^{a, b}	20 415	19 076	19 626	17 681	17 453	-14.5
Spain	288 492	387 528	357 677	326 383	340 231	17.9
Sweden	71 304	68 483	64 282	52 943	52 660	-26.1
Switzerland	53 252	52 352	54 117	48 183	47 159	-11.4
Turkey ^d	219 202	298 890	398 661	498 469	526 253	140.1
Ukraine ^a	938 603	425 536	405 103	335 116	320 626	-65.8
United Kingdom	797 948	715 687	614 361	487 035	474 346	-40.6
United States	6 371 001	7 232 011	6 938 592	6 492 267	6 456 718	1.3
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						29
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						14

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 6

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年二氧化碳、甲烷、氧化亚氮和含氟气体的人为排放合计总量(包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	604 904	536 154	585 955	530 431	534 695	-11.6
Austria	66 682	63 996	78 890	75 217	77 355	16.0
Belarus ^a	118 169	47 998	53 639	69 680	80 659	-31.7
Belgium	143 273	147 955	132 591	115 498	114 280	-20.2
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	104 064	47 379	50 722	50 810	53 335	-48.7
Canada	533 943	688 682	660 211	682 316	692 027	29.6
Croatia ^a	25 204	18 894	20 968	18 841	20 253	-19.6
Cyprus	5 418	8 455	8 970	8 817	8 411	55.3
Czechia ^a	192 167	141 446	134 195	124 599	126 540	-34.2
Denmark	75 454	74 968	63 162	55 801	52 197	-30.8
Estonia ^a	38 942	13 968	19 069	16 920	19 087	-51.0
European Union ^c	5 404 553	4 871 910	4 468 688	4 017 554	4 065 089	-24.8
Finland	56 361	51 245	53 478	39 518	34 956	-38.0
France	529 213	539 912	477 846	434 365	439 420	-17.0
Germany	1 219 681	1 007 227	926 173	897 140	891 426	-26.9
Greece	100 993	124 405	115 393	88 224	92 212	-8.7
Hungary ^{a, b}	107 557	72 801	60 937	56 837	58 349	-45.8
Iceland	13 005	13 425	14 317	13 985	14 075	8.2
Ireland	60 185	74 138	66 427	65 037	66 741	10.9
Italy	514 462	537 877	471 099	395 561	409 329	-20.4
Japan	1 207 528	1 286 939	1 232 185	1 251 231	1 232 173	2.0
Latvia ^a	16 431	1 736	12 357	10 962	9 599	-41.6
Liechtenstein	236	273	250	197	204	-13.5
Lithuania ^a	43 180	11 042	12 025	14 478	15 410	-64.3
Luxembourg	12 881	9 007	12 092	9 600	9 892	-23.2
Malta	2 106	2 771	2 912	1 899	2 155	2.3
Monaco	102	109	88	88	87	-14.5
Netherlands	227 285	225 376	218 932	200 963	198 860	-12.5
New Zealand	34 506	45 115	47 805	54 305	56 895	64.9
Norway	41 242	30 423	29 009	29 829	27 722	-32.8
Poland ^{a, b}	561 554	362 576	381 648	373 079	379 935	-32.3
Portugal	60 247	76 404	57 890	60 542	77 777	29.1
Romania ^{a, b}	289 617	122 214	103 187	91 167	92 116	-68.2
Russian Federation ^a	3 113 394	1 388 351	1 330 618	1 480 903	1 577 767	-49.3
Slovakia ^a	63 665	39 370	40 219	35 576	36 853	-42.1
Slovenia ^{a, b}	15 565	14 837	13 232	15 278	15 929	2.3
Spain	252 617	348 005	320 257	288 154	301 903	19.5
Sweden	36 908	31 888	20 336	8 405	8 933	-75.8
Switzerland	50 767	57 921	51 498	46 067	45 561	-10.3
Turkey ^d	163 437	237 334	325 169	402 539	426 345	160.9
Ukraine ^a	879 311	379 881	375 758	333 284	310 271	-64.7
United Kingdom	798 203	711 812	605 251	477 236	464 453	-41.8
United States	5 563 986	6 464 573	6 269 233	5 769 654	5 742 623	3.2
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						30
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						13

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 7

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年二氧化碳的人为排放总量(不包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	278 424	350 195	406 426	413 157	417 041	49.8
Austria	62 323	66 313	72 228	67 315	69 979	12.3
Belarus ^a	104 139	55 463	63 883	60 942	62 699	-39.8
Belgium	120 482	126 769	113 814	98 422	97 564	-19.0
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	89 407	45 211	47 794	45 258	47 402	-47.0
Canada	462 502	571 507	556 420	564 068	571 139	23.5
Croatia ^a	23 337	19 699	21 064	18 083	18 717	-19.8
Cyprus	4 665	7 140	8 082	7 362	7 538	61.6
Czechia ^a	164 204	127 060	117 460	106 599	105 607	-35.7
Denmark	54 850	55 611	50 695	38 329	36 283	-33.9
Estonia ^a	37 067	15 360	19 016	17 477	18 654	-49.7
European Union ^c	4 469 107	4 180 838	3 941 225	3 497 546	3 515 490	-21.3
Finland	56 972	57 038	64 097	47 241	44 705	-21.5
France	403 207	419 301	394 447	349 248	352 285	-12.6
Germany	1 052 520	900 376	832 388	801 655	797 966	-24.2
Greece	83 375	102 982	97 343	71 367	74 845	-10.2
Hungary ^{a, b}	85 570	58 560	52 138	47 430	49 646	-42.0
Iceland	2 237	2 934	3 621	3 490	3 614	61.5
Ireland	32 891	45 200	41 678	39 895	38 728	17.7
Italy	439 640	470 294	426 351	353 487	348 991	-20.6
Japan	1 158 515	1 264 978	1 214 424	1 206 166	1 188 122	2.6
Latvia ^a	19 505	7 065	8 554	7 232	7 235	-62.9
Liechtenstein	199	217	191	149	155	-22.0
Lithuania ^a	35 810	11 880	13 964	13 368	13 628	-61.9
Luxembourg	11 848	8 729	11 217	9 076	9 243	-22.0
Malta	1 943	2 526	2 532	1 413	1 609	-17.2
Monaco	97	99	76	75	73	-24.5
Netherlands	162 428	171 943	182 186	166 387	164 478	1.3
New Zealand	25 455	32 298	34 997	34 260	36 024	41.5
Norway	35 323	42 515	46 229	44 463	43 702	23.7
Poland ^{a, b}	471 979	318 209	333 457	323 022	336 557	-28.7
Portugal	45 631	66 128	52 937	50 368	54 658	19.8
Romania ^{a, b}	208 946	95 428	84 022	75 798	74 998	-64.1
Russian Federation ^a	2 525 501	1 471 235	1 613 523	1 617 653	1 647 041	-34.8
Slovakia ^a	61 577	41 224	38 499	34 893	36 034	-41.5
Slovenia ^{a, b}	16 669	15 445	16 369	14 414	14 259	-14.5
Spain	231 061	310 828	283 109	260 289	274 427	18.8
Sweden	57 446	54 678	52 845	42 582	42 050	-26.8
Switzerland	44 162	43 612	45 043	39 187	38 172	-13.6
Turkey ^d	151 508	229 791	314 380	401 240	425 330	180.7
Ukraine ^a	705 832	285 338	294 079	234 204	223 220	-68.4
United Kingdom	601 481	567 902	512 672	400 554	388 101	-35.5
United States	5 121 179	5 997 299	5 700 108	5 306 662	5 270 749	2.9
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						29
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						14

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 8

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年二氧化碳的人为排放总量(包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	443 947	382 862	437 062	381 424	381 754	-14.0
Austria	50 166	49 735	66 206	62 775	64 910	29.4
Belarus ^a	83 012	22 192	23 736	39 019	49 378	-40.5
Belgium	117 157	124 944	113 381	97 979	97 141	-17.1
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	76 494	32 550	37 451	36 407	38 804	-49.3
Canada	392 956	528 082	522 974	537 732	546 532	39.1
Croatia ^a	16 649	12 534	13 865	12 443	13 751	-17.4
Cyprus	4 413	7 200	7 592	7 422	7 004	58.7
Czechia ^a	158 893	119 097	111 821	101 381	103 404	-34.9
Denmark	59 568	58 998	49 467	42 608	39 035	-34.5
Estonia ^a	35 275	11 661	16 549	14 404	16 533	-53.1
European Union ^c	4 197 475	3 856 491	3 601 333	3 185 039	3 231 149	-23.0
Finland	38 536	34 657	38 864	25 700	21 304	-44.7
France	377 135	397 899	350 826	311 708	316 366	-16.1
Germany	1 019 502	860 743	814 342	786 020	781 052	-23.4
Greece	81 198	100 806	94 266	67 846	71 601	-11.8
Hungary ^{a, b}	83 766	58 057	48 060	43 067	44 131	-47.3
Iceland	7 873	8 563	9 380	9 132	9 232	17.3
Ireland	37 053	50 228	45 927	42 884	43 630	17.7
Italy	434 050	452 453	390 908	316 117	328 643	-24.3
Japan	1 095 737	1 176 793	1 143 624	1 151 393	1 130 387	3.2
Latvia ^a	8 599	-2 782	7 580	5 790	4 378	-49.1
Liechtenstein	206	241	211	158	165	-19.6
Lithuania ^a	30 614	3 181	4 815	7 158	7 921	-73.4
Luxembourg	11 951	8 036	11 112	8 612	8 888	-25.6
Malta	1 946	2 529	2 534	1 417	1 612	-17.2
Monaco	97	99	76	75	73	-24.5
Netherlands	168 914	177 953	187 651	171 871	169 982	0.6
New Zealand	-6 012	914	3 542	9 194	11 865	-297.4
Norway	24 958	17 666	19 300	20 203	18 231	-27.0
Poland ^{a, b}	452 009	280 849	298 728	290 441	299 117	-33.8
Portugal	45 909	59 623	41 327	44 105	60 061	30.8
Romania ^{a, b}	190 633	72 790	61 461	50 849	51 473	-73.0
Russian Federation ^a	2 420 392	923 015	851 671	963 718	1 031 746	-57.4
Slovakia ^a	51 770	31 252	32 304	28 117	29 391	-43.2
Slovenia ^{a, b}	11 767	11 157	9 934	11 979	12 706	8.0
Spain	194 501	270 475	245 273	221 588	235 636	21.1
Sweden	21 283	16 290	7 159	-3 623	-3 332	-115.7
Switzerland	41 592	49 119	42 365	37 007	36 514	-12.2
Turkey ^d	95 617	167 959	240 823	305 175	325 291	240.2
Ukraine ^a	646 310	239 389	264 500	232 233	212 698	-67.1
United Kingdom	599 468	561 910	501 958	389 288	376 771	-37.1
United States	4 306 396	5 210 014	5 018 158	4 568 589	4 541 186	5.5
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						
31						
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						
1						
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						
11						

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 9

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年甲烷的人为排放总量(不包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	120 081	112 761	102 501	102 048	103 602	-13.7
Austria	10 363	8 396	7 256	6 617	6 597	-36.3
Belarus ^a	18 744	13 507	15 982	16 721	16 875	-10.0
Belgium	12 198	11 008	8 789	8 073	7 973	-34.6
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	16 838	10 149	7 736	7 049	6 785	-59.7
Canada	89 032	112 546	92 742	93 165	92 848	4.3
Croatia ^a	4 424	3 524	4 191	4 224	4 108	-7.1
Cyprus	655	781	813	846	864	32.0
Czechia ^a	23 492	15 351	14 433	13 701	13 511	-42.5
Denmark	7 635	7 910	7 345	6 914	6 920	-9.4
Estonia ^a	1 896	1 236	1 216	1 065	1 071	-43.5
European Union ^c	727 449	605 491	490 359	454 079	453 422	-37.7
Finland	7 746	6 608	5 369	4 733	4 606	-40.5
France	69 642	69 765	61 656	57 090	56 659	-18.6
Germany	120 944	88 789	59 353	55 924	55 247	-54.3
Greece	10 907	11 630	11 001	9 665	9 915	-9.1
Hungary ^{a, b}	12 447	8 778	7 877	7 389	7 539	-39.4
Iceland	543	602	632	594	581	7.1
Ireland	14 761	14 346	12 069	13 715	14 034	-4.9
Italy	48 263	50 765	46 919	43 577	43 852	-9.1
Japan	44 347	37 951	34 497	30 504	30 064	-32.2
Latvia ^a	3 537	1 808	1 729	1 779	1 805	-49.0
Liechtenstein	19	17	19	18	18	-5.8
Lithuania ^a	7 006	3 861	3 685	3 335	3 285	-53.1
Luxembourg	580	584	591	586	594	2.3
Malta	105	175	180	184	187	78.1
Monaco	2	3	3	3	2	13.5
Netherlands	31 850	24 283	19 407	18 348	18 031	-43.4
New Zealand	32 150	35 223	34 221	34 196	34 132	6.2
Norway	5 801	5 698	5 380	5 093	5 024	-13.4
Poland ^{a, b}	75 727	53 114	51 380	49 487	49 413	-34.7
Portugal	9 606	11 162	10 348	9 431	9 477	-1.3
Romania ^{a, b}	74 074	36 329	31 037	29 012	28 725	-61.2
Russian Federation ^a	462 817	316 584	350 911	366 885	383 258	-17.2
Slovakia ^a	6 993	5 285	4 753	4 564	4 601	-34.2
Slovenia ^{a, b}	2 680	2 563	2 272	2 152	2 102	-21.6
Spain	35 233	42 497	40 322	39 468	40 013	13.6
Sweden	7 422	6 840	5 243	4 554	4 518	-39.1
Switzerland	6 005	5 286	5 127	4 917	4 854	-19.2
Turkey ^d	42 407	43 562	51 315	53 867	54 193	27.8
Ukraine ^a	182 442	117 892	84 497	65 967	63 638	-65.1
United Kingdom	132 991	108 901	64 298	51 508	51 884	-61.0
United States	779 846	709 304	697 450	654 898	656 317	-15.8
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						34
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						9

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 10

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年甲烷的人为排放总量(包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	134 838	126 928	115 794	113 609	115 533	-14.3
Austria	10 387	8 419	7 280	6 641	6 621	-36.3
Belarus ^a	18 752	13 516	15 987	16 725	16 880	-10.0
Belgium	12 198	11 008	8 789	8 073	7 973	-34.6
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	16 839	10 284	7 751	7 064	6 795	-59.6
Canada	89 901	113 557	93 441	93 781	93 433	3.9
Croatia ^a	4 425	3 621	4 193	4 232	4 177	-5.6
Cyprus	655	788	814	858	864	32.0
Czechia ^a	23 536	15 393	14 489	13 734	13 549	-42.4
Denmark	7 828	8 098	7 529	7 107	7 112	-9.1
Estonia ^a	1 955	1 297	1 277	1 127	1 133	-42.1
European Union ^c	734 874	613 315	496 119	459 873	461 437	-37.2
Finland	9 280	7 956	6 347	5 654	5 526	-40.5
France	70 659	71 537	62 871	58 283	57 874	-18.1
Germany	121 820	89 660	60 221	56 789	56 111	-53.9
Greece	10 969	11 838	11 018	9 697	9 933	-9.4
Hungary ^{a, b}	12 472	8 804	7 886	7 398	7 558	-39.4
Iceland	4 263	4 304	4 285	4 236	4 222	-1.0
Ireland	15 222	14 775	12 695	14 097	14 672	-3.6
Italy	49 746	51 698	47 276	43 973	45 333	-8.9
Japan	44 432	38 031	34 569	30 571	30 154	-32.1
Latvia ^a	4 036	2 313	2 174	2 298	2 338	-42.1
Liechtenstein	19	17	19	18	18	-5.8
Lithuania ^a	7 009	3 865	3 687	3 336	3 285	-53.1
Luxembourg	580	584	591	586	594	2.3
Malta	105	175	180	184	187	78.1
Monaco	2	3	3	3	2	13.5
Netherlands	31 850	24 283	19 407	18 348	18 031	-43.4
New Zealand	32 248	35 307	34 322	34 302	34 225	6.1
Norway	5 946	5 848	5 532	5 245	5 175	-13.0
Poland ^{a, b}	75 771	53 146	51 412	49 529	49 450	-34.7
Portugal	9 906	11 496	10 643	9 882	10 736	8.4
Romania ^{a, b}	74 074	36 333	31 037	29 013	28 727	-61.2
Russian Federation ^a	484 006	336 869	373 656	389 689	406 169	-16.1
Slovakia ^a	7 003	5 309	4 771	4 583	4 622	-34.0
Slovenia ^{a, b}	2 681	2 563	2 272	2 153	2 103	-21.6
Spain	35 547	42 790	40 410	39 630	40 177	13.0
Sweden	7 893	7 315	5 693	4 992	4 953	-37.3
Switzerland	6 034	5 301	5 140	4 933	4 868	-19.3
Turkey ^d	42 483	43 721	51 338	53 927	54 251	27.7
Ukraine ^a	182 480	117 908	84 535	65 979	63 666	-65.1
United Kingdom	133 007	108 930	64 333	51 541	51 913	-61.0
United States	784 833	720 778	704 445	663 657	665 105	-15.3
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						33
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						1
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						9

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 11

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年氧化亚氮的人为排放总量(不包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	15 558	18 950	19 312	19 172	20 851	34.0
Austria	4 329	4 320	3 366	3 582	3 505	-19.0
Belarus ^a	16 392	12 271	13 899	13 917	14 382	-12.3
Belgium	10 094	10 219	7 560	5 698	5 938	-41.2
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	10 506	4 167	4 338	5 360	5 345	-49.1
Canada	38 896	35 892	33 368	37 233	38 037	-2.2
Croatia ^a	2 847	2 479	2 441	1 589	1 700	-40.3
Cyprus	286	345	318	288	293	2.6
Czechia ^a	9 613	6 365	5 329	5 912	5 838	-39.3
Denmark	7 988	6 993	5 233	5 385	5 473	-31.5
Estonia ^a	1 469	682	805	884	916	-37.7
European Union ^c	380 966	302 513	237 135	232 931	237 733	-37.6
Finland	6 362	5 739	4 754	4 659	4 689	-26.3
France	66 360	55 281	42 135	40 759	42 129	-36.5
Germany	64 134	42 745	36 362	37 858	37 666	-41.3
Greece	7 443	6 346	5 489	4 301	4 351	-41.5
Hungary ^{a, b}	10 920	5 292	3 642	4 546	4 687	-57.1
Iceland	322	307	269	271	284	-11.8
Ireland	7 730	7 964	6 350	6 469	6 751	-12.7
Italy	26 084	28 445	18 826	17 944	17 796	-31.8
Japan	31 788	29 876	22 282	20 262	20 461	-35.6
Latvia ^a	3 217	1 600	1 823	2 007	2 021	-37.2
Liechtenstein	11	10	10	10	10	-10.8
Lithuania ^a	5 425	3 840	3 095	3 070	3 074	-43.3
Luxembourg	328	333	311	316	318	-3.0
Malta	55	59	50	42	44	-20.3
Monaco	2	3	4	3	3	30.1
Netherlands	18 040	16 152	8 634	8 487	8 721	-51.7
New Zealand	7 133	8 355	8 631	9 090	9 116	27.8
Norway	4 093	3 826	2 486	2 439	2 394	-41.5
Poland ^{a, b}	29 405	22 583	19 773	19 792	20 824	-29.2
Portugal	3 855	4 349	3 370	3 038	3 112	-19.3
Romania ^{a, b}	19 224	9 615	7 794	7 513	7 835	-59.2
Russian Federation ^a	146 044	75 644	75 160	84 615	86 429	-40.8
Slovakia ^a	4 480	2 621	2 473	2 155	2 048	-54.3
Slovenia ^{a, b}	823	877	706	726	702	-14.8
Spain	17 930	21 268	17 836	17 548	18 278	1.9
Sweden	5 759	5 701	4 807	4 569	4 870	-15.4
Switzerland	2 831	2 626	2 449	2 362	2 394	-15.4
Turkey ^d	24 661	24 808	29 426	37 068	38 535	56.3
Ukraine ^a	50 093	22 173	25 747	34 031	32 730	-34.7
United Kingdom	46 128	26 554	19 913	18 912	19 271	-58.2
United States	370 308	376 997	382 929	364 486	360 516	-2.6
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						37
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						6

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 12

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年氧化亚氮的人为排放总量(包括土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的排放量/清除量)

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	19 866	23 251	24 062	23 005	24 777	24.7
Austria	4 473	4 456	3 500	3 720	3 644	-18.5
Belarus ^a	16 406	12 290	13 915	13 933	14 398	-12.2
Belgium	10 105	10 269	7 661	5 856	6 101	-39.6
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	10 727	4 505	4 838	5 920	5 901	-45.0
Canada	39 331	36 400	33 707	37 542	38 337	-2.5
Croatia ^a	2 880	2 580	2 523	1 676	1 829	-36.5
Cyprus	286	348	318	292	293	2.6
Czechia ^a	9 653	6 399	5 372	5 939	5 868	-39.2
Denmark	8 015	7 020	5 260	5 416	5 501	-31.4
Estonia ^a	1 712	928	1 065	1 151	1 183	-30.9
European Union ^c	400 196	322 034	256 327	253 807	255 984	-36.0
Finland	8 493	7 888	6 860	6 753	6 792	-20.0
France	69 578	58 452	45 273	43 848	45 224	-35.0
Germany	64 964	43 546	37 171	38 718	38 531	-40.7
Greece	7 450	6 373	5 507	4 318	4 367	-41.4
Hungary ^{a, b}	10 943	5 362	3 699	4 598	4 744	-56.6
Iceland	374	362	329	332	346	-7.4
Ireland	7 875	8 167	6 797	6 866	7 209	-8.5
Italy	26 907	29 123	19 238	18 360	18 285	-32.0
Japan	32 005	30 074	22 463	20 447	20 650	-35.5
Latvia ^a	3 795	2 190	2 430	2 623	2 639	-30.5
Liechtenstein	11	10	10	10	10	-9.6
Lithuania ^a	5 557	3 974	3 260	3 247	3 263	-41.3
Luxembourg	349	354	328	328	329	-5.6
Malta	55	59	50	42	44	-20.3
Monaco	2	3	4	3	3	29.9
Netherlands	18 045	16 213	8 738	8 582	8 817	-51.1
New Zealand	7 340	8 591	8 825	9 219	9 223	25.7
Norway	4 344	4 116	2 806	2 767	2 723	-37.3
Poland ^{a, b}	33 626	27 014	24 450	26 287	24 380	-27.5
Portugal	4 432	4 842	3 774	3 457	3 680	-17.0
Romania ^{a, b}	20 465	11 337	9 636	9 356	9 678	-52.7
Russian Federation ^a	156 562	91 110	87 212	99 171	101 110	-35.4
Slovakia ^a	4 577	2 676	2 503	2 191	2 085	-54.4
Slovenia ^{a, b}	874	926	747	756	729	-16.6
Spain	18 301	21 806	18 164	17 858	18 577	1.5
Sweden	7 055	7 018	6 096	5 798	6 090	-13.7
Switzerland	2 887	2 674	2 495	2 411	2 440	-15.5
Turkey ^d	24 711	24 924	29 468	37 143	38 609	56.2
Ukraine ^a	50 286	22 451	25 943	34 158	32 869	-34.6
United Kingdom	48 380	28 642	21 483	20 346	20 679	-57.3
United States	373 090	385 370	388 527	371 186	367 195	-1.6
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						37
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						6

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 13
1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年含氟气体的人为排放合计总量

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	6 252	3 113	9 037	12 393	12 632	102.0
Austria	1 656	1 387	1 904	2 082	2 180	31.6
Belarus ^a		0.1	2	3	3	
Belgium	3 813	1 734	2 759	3 590	3 066	-19.6
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	3	40	682	1 419	1 835	-
Canada	11 755	10 643	10 089	13 260	13 725	16.8
Croatia ^a	1 251	160	388	490	495	-60.4
Cyprus	64	120	246	245	250	290.8
Czechia ^a	84	558	2 512	3 545	3 719	4315.1
Denmark	42	853	906	670	549	1195.5
Estonia ^a		82	177	238	239	
European Union ^c	72 008	80 070	114 909	118 836	116 519	61.8
Finland	53	744	1 407	1 412	1 335	2432.0
France	11 840	12 024	18 877	20 525	19 956	68.6
Germany	13 395	13 278	14 440	15 612	15 732	17.5
Greece	1 376	5 388	4 603	6 364	6 310	358.6
Hungary ^{a, b}	377	578	1 292	1 775	1 916	407.9
Iceland	496	194	322	285	275	-44.6
Ireland	35	968	1 008	1 191	1 231	3393.8
Italy	3 759	4 602	13 678	17 111	17 068	354.0
Japan	35 354	42 042	31 529	48 820	50 982	44.2
Latvia ^a		15	173	251	245	
Liechtenstein	0.0001	4	10	11	11	-
Lithuania ^a		23	264	737	719	
Luxembourg	1	33	61	75	81	9149.3
Malta	0.01	8	147	257	312	-
Monaco	0.2	4	5	7	8	3702.7
Netherlands	8 476	6 927	3 136	2 162	2 030	-76.1
New Zealand	930	303	1 116	1 590	1 581	70.0
Norway	5 993	2 793	1 372	1 613	1 593	-73.4
Poland ^{a, b}	147	1 566	7 059	6 822	6 988	4645.2
Portugal		443	2 146	3 098	3 299	
Romania ^{a, b}	4 447	1 754	1 052	1 949	2 237	-49.7
Russian Federation ^a	52 433	37 357	18 078	28 324	38 742	-26.1
Slovakia ^a	315	133	642	686	755	139.7
Slovenia ^{a, b}	243	191	280	390	391	60.8
Spain	4 268	12 935	16 410	9 078	7 513	76.0
Sweden	677	1 264	1 387	1 238	1 222	80.5
Switzerland	254	828	1 498	1 717	1 740	586.1
Turkey ^d	625	730	3 539	6 294	8 195	1210.6
Ukraine ^a	236	132	780	913	1 038	340.1
United Kingdom	17 349	12 330	17 477	16 061	15 090	-13.0
United States	99 668	148 411	158 104	166 221	169 137	69.7

Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:

8

Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:

0

Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:

27

Note: An en dash (–) signifies a percentage change exceeding 10,000 per cent.

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 14

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的二氧化碳人为净排放量/清除量

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	165 523	32 667	30 636	-31 734	-35 287	-121.3
Austria	-12 157	-16 578	-6 022	-4 540	-5 069	-58.3
Belarus ^a	-21 127	-33 271	-40 148	-21 923	-13 321	-36.9
Belgium	-3 325	-1 825	-433	-443	-422	-87.3
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	-12 913	-12 661	-10 344	-8 851	-8 598	-33.4
Canada	-69 546	-43 425	-33 446	-26 337	-24 607	-64.6
Croatia ^a	-6 689	-7 166	-7 200	-5 640	-4 965	-25.8
Cyprus	-251	59	-490	60	-535	112.7
Czechia ^a	-5 310	-7 963	-5 639	-5 218	-2 203	-58.5
Denmark	4 718	3 386	-1 227	4 278	2 752	-41.7
Estonia ^a	-1 792	-3 699	-2 466	-3 074	-2 121	18.4
European Union ^c	-271 631	-324 347	-339 892	-312 507	-284 341	4.7
Finland	-18 436	-22 382	-25 233	-21 541	-23 401	26.9
France	-26 072	-21 402	-43 621	-37 539	-35 919	37.8
Germany	-33 018	-39 633	-18 045	-15 634	-16 914	-48.8
Greece	-2 177	-2 176	-3 077	-3 522	-3 243	49.0
Hungary ^{a, b}	-1 804	-503	-4 078	-4 363	-5 515	205.8
Iceland	5 635	5 629	5 759	5 642	5 618	-0.3
Ireland	4 162	5 028	4 249	2 989	4 902	17.8
Italy	-5 590	-17 841	-35 443	-37 370	-20 349	264.0
Japan	-62 778	-88 185	-70 800	-54 772	-57 735	-8.0
Latvia ^a	-10 906	-9 847	-974	-1 442	-2 858	-73.8
Liechtenstein	7	24	20	9	10	52.5
Lithuania ^a	-5 197	-8 699	-9 150	-6 210	-5 485	5.6
Luxembourg	103	-693	-105	-464	-355	-444.2
Malta	3	3	2	3	4	23.1
Monaco	-0.01	-0.05	-00.06	-0.02	-0.01	45.1
Netherlands	6 486	6 010	5 465	5 484	5 504	-15.1
New Zealand	-31 467	-31 385	-31 455	-25 065	-24 158	-23.2
Norway	-10 365	-24 849	-26 930	-24 259	-25 471	145.7
Poland ^{a, b}	-19 969	-37 360	-34 730	-32 581	-37 440	87.5
Portugal	278	-6 505	-11 609	-6 263	5 404	1844.5
Romania ^{a, b}	-18 314	-22 638	-22 561	-24 949	-23 525	28.5
Russian Federation ^a	-105 110	-548 220	-761 852	-653 934	-615 295	485.4
Slovakia ^a	-9 807	-9 973	-6 196	-6 777	-6 642	-32.3
Slovenia ^{a, b}	-4 902	-4 288	-6 435	-2 435	-1 553	-68.3
Spain	-36 560	-40 354	-37 835	-38 701	-38 791	6.1
Sweden	-36 163	-38 388	-45 686	-46 205	-45 382	25.5
Switzerland	-2 571	5 507	-2 678	-2 180	-1 658	-35.5
Turkey ^d	-55 891	-61 832	-73 557	-96 065	-100 039	79.0
Ukraine ^a	-59 523	-45 949	-29 579	-1 971	-10 522	-82.3
United Kingdom	-2 012	-5 992	-10 715	-11 266	-11 330	463.1
United States	-814 784	-787 285	-681 951	-738 074	-729 563	-10.5
Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:						20
Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:						1
Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:						22

^a EIT Party.^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 15

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的甲烷人为排放量

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	14 757	14 167	13 293	11 560	11 930	-19.2
Austria	24	24	24	24	24	-1.6
Belarus ^a	8	9	5	5	5	-40.0
Belgium	1	0.002				
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	1	135	15	15	11	889.0
Canada	869	1 011	700	616	585	-32.7
Croatia ^a	1	97	2	9	69	5526.8
Cyprus	0.05	7	1	12	0.4	622.0
Czechia ^a	44	41	57	33	38	-13.7
Denmark	193	188	185	194	192	-0.8
Estonia ^a	60	61	61	62	62	3.3
European Union ^c	7 425	7 824	5 760	5 793	8 015	7.9
Finland	1 534	1 348	978	921	920	-40.0
France	1 018	1 772	1 214	1 193	1 216	19.5
Germany	876	871	868	865	865	-1.2
Greece	63	208	16	32	19	-70.4
Hungary ^{a, b}	25	26	9	9	19	-23.8
Iceland	3 720	3 703	3 653	3 642	3 641	-2.1
Ireland	461	429	626	381	637	38.3
Italy	1 483	933	357	396	1 481	-0.1
Japan	85	80	72	67	89	4.3
Latvia ^a	499	505	445	520	533	6.9
Liechtenstein						
Lithuania ^a	3	4	1	1	0.3	-89.8
Luxembourg						
Malta						
Monaco						
Netherlands	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	32.0
New Zealand	98	84	101	106	93	-5.1
Norway	145	150	152	152	151	4.1
Poland ^{a, b}	44	33	32	42	38	-15.0
Portugal	300	334	295	450	1 259	319.1
Romania ^{a, b}	0.09	3	0.2	1	2	2185.8
Russian Federation ^a	21 190	20 285	22 745	22 804	22 911	8.1
Slovakia ^a	10	25	18	19	21	110.2
Slovenia ^{a, b}	1	0.5	0.3	1	1	-24.0
Spain	314	292	88	162	164	-47.8
Sweden	472	475	450	438	434	-7.9
Switzerland	30	15	13	16	14	-53.2
Turkey ^d	76	160	23	60	58	-24.3
Ukraine ^a	38	16	38	12	29	-24.1
United Kingdom	16	29	35	33	28	77.9
United States	4 987	11 474	6 995	8 759	8 788	76.2
Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:						19
Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:						2
Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:						17

^a EIT Party.^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 16

1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年土地利用、土地利用变化与林业的氧化亚氮人为排放量

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia	4 308	4 301	4 750	3 832	3 925	-8.9
Austria	144	136	135	137	139	-3.6
Belarus ^a	14	19	16	16	15	11.6
Belgium	11	50	102	157	163	1376.0
Bulgaria ^{a, b}	221	338	501	561	555	150.9
Canada	435	509	339	309	300	-31.2
Croatia ^a	33	102	82	87	130	295.7
Cyprus	0.02	3	0.4	4	0.1	622.0
Czechia ^a	40	34	43	27	30	-23.9
Denmark	27	27	26	32	28	3.7
Estonia ^a	243	246	261	267	267	9.8
European Union ^c	19 230	19 521	19 192	20 875	18 251	-5.1
Finland	2 131	2 149	2 106	2 095	2 104	-1.3
France	3 218	3 171	3 138	3 089	3 095	-3.8
Germany	830	801	809	860	864	4.1
Greece	6	27	17	17	16	143.4
Hungary ^{a, b}	22	70	56	52	57	157.3
Iceland	52	55	60	61	62	20.0
Ireland	145	203	446	396	458	215.1
Italy	823	679	413	416	489	-40.6
Japan	218	198	181	185	189	-13.4
Latvia ^a	578	591	607	616	618	6.9
Liechtenstein	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	34.0
Lithuania ^a	132	134	165	177	189	43.2
Luxembourg	21	21	17	12	12	-46.0
Malta						
Monaco	0.01	0.01	0.009	0.01	0.01	-8.3
Netherlands	6	61	104	94	96	1581.0
New Zealand	207	236	194	128	107	-48.4
Norway	251	290	320	329	329	30.8
Poland ^{a, b}	4 222	4 431	4 678	6 495	3 556	-15.8
Portugal	577	493	404	419	568	-1.5
Romania ^{a, b}	1 241	1 723	1 843	1 843	1 843	48.6
Russian Federation ^a	10 518	15 466	12 052	14 557	14 681	39.6
Slovakia ^a	97	55	30	35	37	-61.9
Slovenia ^{a, b}	51	49	41	30	28	-45.9
Spain	371	538	328	310	299	-19.4
Sweden	1 296	1 317	1 289	1 229	1 220	-5.9
Switzerland	57	47	46	49	46	-18.0
Turkey ^d	50	116	42	75	74	47.0
Ukraine ^a	193	278	196	127	139	-28.2
United Kingdom	2 252	2 088	1 570	1 434	1 409	-37.4
United States	2 783	8 373	5 598	6 701	6 679	140.0
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						21
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						21

^a EIT Party.^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.

表 17
1990、2000、2010、2016 和 2017 年二氧化碳的间接排放量

Party	kt CO ₂ eq					Change from 1990 to 2017 (%)
	1990	2000	2010	2016	2017	
Australia						
Austria	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	-3.4
Belarus ^a						
Belgium						
Bulgaria ^{a, b}						
Canada	805	967	634	564	546	-32.2
Croatia ^a						
Cyprus						
Czechia ^a	1 849	1 161	968	752	708	-61.7
Denmark	1 129	824	470	285	281	-75.1
Estonia ^a						
European Union ^c	4 218	2 873	2 180	1 716	1 705	-59.6
Finland	167	109	68	54	53	-68.2
France						
Germany						
Greece						
Hungary ^{a, b}						
Iceland						
Ireland						
Italy						
Japan	5 474	4 220	2 406	2 103	2 118	-61.3
Latvia ^a	40	25	16	18	19	-52.5
Liechtenstein						
Lithuania ^a						
Luxembourg						
Malta						
Monaco						
Netherlands	917	532	458	451	453	-50.6
New Zealand						
Norway						
Poland ^{a, b}						
Portugal	115	222	199	156	190	65.3
Romania ^{a, b}						
Russian Federation ^a						
Slovakia ^a						
Slovenia ^{a, b}						
Spain						
Sweden						
Switzerland	403	179	109	95	96	-76.3
Turkey ^d						
Ukraine ^a						
United Kingdom						
United States						
<i>Number of Parties showing a decrease in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						10
<i>Number of Parties showing a change in emissions within 1%:</i>						0
<i>Number of Parties showing an increase in emissions by more than 1%:</i>						1

Note: In accordance with decision 24/CP.19, Annex I Parties may report indirect CO₂ from the atmospheric oxidation of CH₄, carbon monoxide and non-methane volatile organic compounds. Eleven Parties voluntarily reported indirect CO₂ emissions in their 2019 inventory submissions.

^a EIT Party.

^b Data for the base year defined by decisions 9/CP.2 and 11/CP.4 (Bulgaria (1988), Hungary (average of 1985–1987), Poland (1988), Romania (1989) and Slovenia (1986)) are used for this Party instead of 1990 data.

^c Emission estimates of the European Union are as reported for its 28 member States as a group and are reported separately from those of each individual member State.

^d Decision 26/CP.7 invited Parties to recognize the special circumstances of Turkey, which place it in a situation different from that of other Annex I Parties.