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РАССМОТРЕНИЕ ОСУЩЕСТВЛЕНИЯ ДЕКЛАРАЦИИ

ОБ УКРЕПЛЕНИИ МЕЖДУНАРОДНОЙ
БЕЗОПАСНОСТИ

ОСУЩЕСТВЛЕНИЕ ПОЛОЖЕНИЙ УСТАВА

ОРГАНИЗАЦИИ ОБЪЕДИНЕННЫХ НАЦИЙ

О КОЛЛЕКТИВНОЙ БЕЗОПАСНОСТИ ДЛЯ

ПОДДЕРЖАНИЯ МЕЖДУНАРОДНОГО МИРА

И БЕЗОПАСНОСТИ

РАЗВИТИЕ И УКРЕПЛЕНИЕ ДОБРОСОСЕДСКИХ

ОТНОШЕНИЙ МЕЖДУ ГОСУДАРСТВАМИ

МИРНОЕ РАЗРЕШЕНИЕ СПОРОВ МЕЖДУ

ГОСУДАРСТВАМИ

ДОКЛАД СПЕЦИАЛЬНОГО КОМИТЕТА ПО

РАЗРАБОТКЕ МЕЖДУНАРОДНОЙ КОНВЕНЦИИ

О БОРЬБЕ С ВЕРБОВКОЙ, ИСПОЛЬЗОВАНИЕМ,

ФИНАНСИРОВАНИЕМ И ОБУЧЕНИЕМ

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СОВЕТ БЕЗОПАСНОСТИ

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Имею честь препроводить Вам экземпляр книги, озаглавленной "Белая книга о вмешательстве Китая во внутренние дела Демократической Республики Афганистан", которая выпущена министерством иностранных дел Демократической Республики Афганистан (см. приложение)*.

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Посол
Постоянный представитель

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CHINA'S INTERFERENCE IN THE INTERNAL AFFAIRS OF THE DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF AFGHANISTAN

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DRA Ministry of Foreign Affairs
Information and Press Department

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Introduction

The undeclared war against the April Revolution and the working people of Afghanistan is going on. By using all means at their disposal, the forces of domestic and regional reaction, which are supported and aided in every way by world imperialism, above all US imperialism, and the Peking hegemonists, are doing their utmost in an attempt to impede our country's socio-economic development and reduce to nought the revolutionary gains of the Afghan people.

After the victory of the April Revolution, when the forces of reaction and imperialism formed their criminal alliance and started an undeclared war against the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan, a no small role in the escalation of bandit actions by Afghan counter-revolutionaries has been played by the Peking hegemonists, who were no less active in this respect than the overseas imperialists. The US has supplied the counter-revolutionary groupings with large quantities of various types of weapons. China has added anti-tank and ground-to-air missiles to them. The US Central Intelligence Agency has undertaken to set up military training camps for counter-revolutionaries and to carry out acts of sabotage on the territory of the DRA, while the Peking espionage department, acting in close contact with the CIA, has engineered armed provocations and acts of sabotage on the Afghan-Chinese and Afghan-Pakistani borders.

Numerous facts attest to China's interference in the internal affairs of our sovereign republic, to Peking's armed support for the counter-revolutionary gangs fighting against the Afghan people.

For example, it has been recently reported that some camps of the Afghan counter-revolutionaries have been moved from Pakistan to the People's Republic of China. Special camps have been set up in China's Sinkiang province near the border with the DRA, where counter-revolutionary gangs are trained by Chinese instructors to handle modern weapons. Several hundred Chinese advisors are training counter-revolutionary gangs in special centres on Pakistani territory.

Exchanges of visits between leaders of imperialist powers and their hegemonistic confederates have become more and more frequent in recent years. And so have their visits to Pakistan. The aim of that pseudo-diplomatic activity (which, to be sure, is not the only aim) is to step up aggression against the DRA and prod Pakistan to play an ever more active role in the conspiracy of the imperialists and hegemonists against our country.

China is doing its utmost to ensure that the undeclared war against the April Revolution should be further stepped up and large-scale armed interference in the affairs of independent, free and peaceful Afghanistan be carried on.

The bandits trained by Chinese instructors and their Western colleagues have perpetrated heinous crimes against the working people of Afghanistan and spilled the blood of tens of thousands of loyal sons of the Afghan people. They have inflicted damage on our country's economy running into 35,000 million afghanis and destroyed nearly 2,000 schools and madrasahs.

The long list of bloody crimes and economic subversion is itself a document condemning all dark forces participating in the undeclared war against revolutionary Afghanistan.

A Dangerous Trend in Peking's Policy

The People's Republic of China is the world's most populous nation. According to the 1982 census, its population is over 1,000 million.

China occupies a territory of nearly 9.6 million square kilometres. It ranks third in the world in the size of its territory after the USSR and Canada. The PRC is a permanent member of the UN Security Council.

The main trends of China's foreign policy were outlined at the 12th Congress of the Chinese Communist Party (1982). In conformity with these trends China is to pursue an independent policy and not to join any military blocs. The PRC Constitution says that China firmly believes in five principles: sovereignty, territorial integrity, mutual non-aggression, non-interference in the internal affairs of other countries, mutual benefit and peaceful coexistence, and also makes efforts to develop diplomatic, economic and cultural relations with other countries. The PRC Constitution also says that China opposes imperialism, hegemonism and colonialism, favours a strengthening of the alliance with other peoples, and supports the oppressed countries and the struggle of the developing countries for national freedom and economic development, for peace all over the world.

But in practice China's foreign policy serves different aims: the Chinese leadership openly follows a course of great-power chauvinism and hegemonism in the international arena.

This course consists in a hostile attitude to the Soviet Union and the other countries of the socialist community, and to the international communist movement; divisive activities in the national-liberation movement and connivance at reactionary militaristic forces; the kindling of hatred between peoples; and attempts to undermine the process of detente and plunge the world into the abyss of a disastrous nuclear war in such a way that China itself could stand aloof.

The whole world knows that immediately after the victory of the April National-Democratic Revolution in Afghanistan, Pakistan has become a springboard of aggression against the DRA. Following in the footsteps of US imperialism, China has undertaken to play a key role in instigating the undeclared war against our country. Peking follows imperialism's global military and political strategy and tries to disrupt the radical reforms which are being implemented for the benefit of the working people in revolutionary Afghanistan.

There are irrefutable documents and facts which show that every year China supplies large quantities of weapons and ammunition and remits vast sums of money to Pakistan for the purpose of arming and financing the counter-revolutionary gangs. Chinese military instructors and advisors play the main role in the training of counter-revolutionary elements sent into our country to kill and plunder.

Peking's foreign policy is characterised by a coincidence or closeness of the position of China, on the one hand, and imperialism of the USA and the other NATO countries, on the other, on many international disputes, by their coordinated actions, for example, against Afghanistan, Kampuchea and Vietnam in Asia, and against Ethiopia, Angola, Mozambique and SWAPO in Africa, by various provocations against sovereign states, members of the non-aligned movement, and so on.

During his six-day visit to Peking in April 1984, US President Ronald Reagan described Chinese-US relations as "warm" and "friendly". He also said that the two countries were drawing closer together.

During that visit both sides stressed the coincidence of their foreign policy goals. That, in fact, was not really necessary. For the similarity of the positions of these two countries can be seen in the aggressive imperialist and hegemonistic tendencies of their foreign policy and in their joint efforts aimed at undermining detente, preserving seats of tension in the world, and stepping up confrontation with the countries of the socialist community.

It may be recalled that on the eve of the NATO Council session in Washington in 1978, at which a decision was taken to increase annually until the end of the 20th century the military budgets of the countries belonging to that bloc, the then US President, Jimmy Carter, sent Zbigniew Brzezinski, his Assistant for National Security Affairs, to Peking in order to "normalise" relations between China and the USA. Since then the Chinese leaders have acted as accomplices in the crimes of US imperialism in various parts of the world.

The closeness of the views of the Peking and Washington leadership in the present complex situation is a threat to peace in the world, to the independence and

freedom of the peoples. The concurrence of the military-political views of the USA and China and the attempts to upset the strategic balance that has taken shape increase the danger of an outbreak of worldwide nuclear catastrophe.

Whereas in the past the Peking hegemonists' commitment to the expansionist plans and imperialist policy of the USA was camouflaged by all sorts of reservations, nowadays this commitment has become Peking's official policy.

At the same time, the Peking leaders are assuming the role of champions of peace and of an end to the arms race in order to mislead the peace forces. In actual fact Peking is against world peace and detente and supports the decision of NATO member countries on the deployment of new American medium-range missiles in Europe and Reagan's decision on the production of neutron weapons.

In October 1979, the journal *Hungqi* carried an article by Xu Xiangqian, China's Minister of National Defence, which actually spelled out Peking's present military-strategic doctrine. The aggressive character of that doctrine is clear from the article. Xu Xiangqian said, among other things: "... We must perfect some types of nuclear weapons and other technical facilities and be ready for war any time..."

Despite the fact that the Peking-Washington alliance is torn by deep differences arising from the expansionist character of their strategic objectives, the US administration regards the Peking leadership as its military-political ally, above all in the Far East and in Southeast Asia.

The aims which US imperialism tries to achieve with the assistance of the Peking hegemonists are obviously in conflict with the interests of the Chinese people.

And it is not by chance that the policy of the Peking hegemonists has undermined China's prestige among the developing and non-aligned countries and among the anti-imperialist forces.

The policy of connivance at imperialism, of going along with the dangerous militaristic policy of the White House is a source of growing concern among the Chinese people who have not forgotten the aggressive actions of the USA against the PRC in the 1940s and 1950s and who condemn Washington's "two Chinas" policy.

Afghanistan in Peking's and Washington's Strategy

To wage the clandestine war against the DRA, the US Central Intelligence Agency has joined forces with the Pakistani military, the Peking leaders, and the reactionary Saudi Arabian and Egyptian rulers.

It should be recalled that the anti-Afghan collusion between the secret services of the United States and China and the defence departments of those countries did not begin with Reagan's visit to Peking in April 1984. As some US newspapers have correctly pointed out, this secret cooperation in organising subversive actions against our country started immediately after the victory of the April Revolution.

The newspaper *Boston Globe* (January 17, 1980) noted that having realised what changes had taken place in Afghanistan [in April 1978] the Chinese immediately began consultations as regards their possible consequences. Three months later the United States, which had then a ramified espionage network in Afghanistan, sent a detailed written report to the Chinese authorities concerned.

Thus, China and the CIA have cooperated closely from the very start, as soon as acts of interference in the DRA's domestic affairs were planned.

The essence of Peking's general strategy vis-a-vis almost all the neighbouring countries is as follows: to extend China's borders as far as possible and seize the territory of its neighbours, and increasingly spread its political hegemony and the ideology of hegemonism and chauvinism.

Implementation of this strategy has led to serious political friction between China and nearly all of its neighbours—the Soviet Union, India, Vietnam and the People's Republic of Mongolia. But the Peking leaders have learnt nothing from this bitter experience. Peking's basic aim is to overthrow the revolutionary government of the DRA with which China has an 84-kilometre border. To pursue this policy it naturally had to enter into close cooperation with the imperialist powers, above all the USA.

It should be noted that at the first stage of the undeclared war against the DRA China confined itself to

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supplying light weapons and sending its advisors and instructors to Pakistan for training Afghan counter-revolutionaries. Thus, for example, the Chinese who, prior to the victory of the new stage of the April Revolution, pinned great hopes on building up tensions in Afghanistan's northeastern provinces, in particular in Badakhshan and in Wakhan area, sent their military instructors to one of the camps in Chitral (Pakistan) to train counter-revolutionaries in handling Chinese-made weapons.

According to Western press reports, ten Chinese military advisors, among them military topographers, were in Chitral in mid-1980. Peking hoped to seize a part of our country's territory (and the topographers were to recommend which part), taking advantage of the troubled situation in the northeastern regions of Afghanistan and with the aid of traitors and counter-revolutionaries. In a word, the Chinese leadership wanted not only to defeat the Afghan revolution. No, China has laid and continues to lay claim to a part of our territory, in exactly the same way as it lays claims to the territory of other neighbouring countries.

China's interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs soon went beyond sending military advisors and instructors to camps in Chitral. On January 12, 1980, the Indian newspaper *Blitz* reported that the Chinese were training Afghan rebels on a large scale in a dozen camps in Pakistan.

From January to mid-February 1980 Islamabad played host to many foreign visitors. Among them was Frank Stewart-Gene, known at the CIA as a "tough guy", "big shot", and "an expert on crisis situations". He went to regions bordering on Afghanistan to collect intelligence for the CIA. Stewart-Gene also visited camps where Afghan counter-revolutionaries were trained. Then came Chinese Foreign Minister Huang Hua, British Secretary of State for Foreign and Commonwealth Affairs Lord Carrington, Assistant to the US President for National Security Affairs Zbigniew Brzezinski, and US Deputy Secretary of State Warren Christopher. It is noteworthy that each such visit to our country's border was followed by a considerable increase in the scale of the undeclared war against the DRA. As *The Washington Post* wrote, quoting reliable intelligence sources, the CIA's secret aid to the Afghan rebels

had turned into the biggest US clandestine operation since the Vietnam war.

In subsequent years such visits continued and became routine. Among the visitors to the Pakistani-Afghan border were British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher, US Secretary of State George Shultz, China's Minister of National Defence Zhang Aiping, US Secretary of Defence Caspar Weinberger and others. And again those visits were followed by an escalation of subversive actions against the people of Afghanistan.

It is also noteworthy that when the intrigues against the DRA were stepped up, both the Western and the Chinese press showed a greater interest in our country. Newspapers carried front-page articles and commentaries under banner headlines. All those articles had one feature in common: their authors were not at all interested in the well-being of the people of Afghanistan, in their day-to-day needs. The articles concentrated on such subjects as the "problem of Afghanistan", "Soviet occupation", "a threat to Islam", and tears were shed over the so-called "freedom fighters".

The whole of that frenzied activity was not accidental, but was a result of behind-the-scenes manipulations carried out on the pretext of "deciding the destiny" of the Afghan people, who have in fact already resolutely decided what their future should be. The propaganda campaign masterminded by the CIA and designed to advertise a "new way of life" for Afghanistan reached its peak.

Another report in *The Washington Post* is noteworthy. It said that representatives of three Asian countries were taking part in the CIA's clandestine operations, but did not name them. Soon, however, a British journal raised the curtain over that "mystery" and named China, Saudi Arabia and Israel.

Thus, China's close cooperation with the US special services giving aid to the counter-revolutionary gangs, especially with the CIA, is proof that China is motivated in its attitude to the Afghan counter-revolution by something more than sympathy and humanism. In assessing China's activities in Afghanistan one should consider the military strategic thinking of its official circles rather than its "humane sympathy for the destiny of the Afghan people", as is demagogically claimed by the Chinese press.

During his official visit to Pakistan on July 25, 1983, Chinese Foreign Minister Wu Xueqian told Pakistani news-

men that his talks with Pakistani government officials would centre on the problem of Afghanistan, which was a source of growing concern for China. He added that the positions of China and Pakistan on that problem had been similar from the very outset.

Following in the footsteps of his US counterpart George Shultz, Wu Xueqian went to Afghan counter-revolutionary camps in Nasir-Bagh (Peshawar) and in the northwest of Pakistan, where he promised them increased military aid.

It should also be noted that in accordance with the agreement reached between the USA and China in January 1980 on secret consultations on questions pertaining to the situation in South Asia and in Afghanistan and on coordination of their actions in that region, Peking and Washington, following a definite military-strategic line, are building up Pakistan's military capacity. It is significant that US and Chinese arms supplies to Pakistan are mutually complementary.

According to the International Institute for Strategic Studies in London the coordinated actions in arming Pakistan were planned not by the Pakistani military, but outside that country. Chinese-made MIG-19 and MIG-21 fighter-bombers have been re-equipped to carry the US Sparrow missiles. These air-to-air missiles have a range of more than ten nautical miles. The Chinese have also supplied Pakistan with multiple rocket launchers. The Americans, being notified about those supplies in advance, naturally have not supplied such launchers to the Pakistani army. On their part, the Americans increasingly take into consideration Pakistan's aggressive demands for such weapons as long-range sea-to-surface, air-to-surface and IM-9 air-to-air missiles, as well as AWACS radars and fighter-bombers which, for that matter, are nuclear capable.

Out of a spirit of "true commitment" to the cause of friendship with China, the USA is also modernising China's military machine, thus trying to create on the borders of the PRC with the USSR, India, Vietnam, and in South and Southeast Asia a situation that runs counter to China's national interests. Such a conclusion is inescapable, particularly if one analyses the visits exchanged by Peking and Washington leaders.

The coincidence of views of US and Chinese leaders is

not something new, which resulted from the aforementioned "historical visits". For more than ten years Peking has regarded US imperialism as its ally.

Since the early 1970s the Peking leaders have backed aggressive imperialist forces and reactionary circles in any region of the world; they oppose the national-liberation movements in Asia, Africa and Latin America, and support Pinochet, the butcher of the Chilean people, the Angolan counter-revolutionaries, the bloody Pol Pot clique, the American-Egyptian collusion against the Palestinian people, and the Afghan counter-revolution.

The USA and the PRC use the rostrum of the United Nations and other international forums in the interests of their aggressive policy, and conduct subversive activities through diplomatic channels and the media. At all UN General Assembly sessions representatives of Washington and Peking are the most zealous in starting discussions on the so-called Afghan problem. Things have gone so far that China is ready to make its enmity towards Afghanistan a "special condition" in its relations with some countries. Thus, China is trying hard to prevent a political settlement of the problems existing between Afghanistan and its neighbours.

As noted above, the Chinese hegemonists, disturbing peace and tranquility in Asia, pursue their own expansionist aims or, as the saying goes, are trying "to fish in troubled waters". China's claims to the territory of the USSR, India, Mongolia and other countries point to Peking's hegemonistic designs. Some time ago a new geographical map was published in China on which a number of regions belonging to several independent neighbouring states, including Afghanistan, are shown to be part of China. In history textbooks used in Chinese schools Afghanistan is said to be among the countries which were forcibly severed from China. In early 1984 maps and historical documents showing the countries which were part of the former Chinese empire were published in China. These maps and documents mark some areas of Afghanistan as Chinese territory.

The Democratic Republic of Afghanistan is convinced that the only way to ensure peace in the region and resolve the problem around Afghanistan lies in respect for the genuine will of our people, due regard for the realities that have taken shape as a result of the revolutionary transform-

ations carried out in our country, and an end to interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs by the countries taking part in the undeclared war against the DRA.

Any approach which does not accord with the will of the people and is in conflict with the revolutionary achievements of the Afghan working people, is doomed to a crushing defeat.

Let everybody realise this fact! The enemies may fluninate, but the indestructible and irreversible April Revolution is forging ahead, the new life in revolutionary Afghanistan wins ever new positions with every passing day!

The attempts of the Peking hegemonists and their imperialist allies to reverse the course of Afghanistan's history by means of the undeclared war are doomed to failure and will bring international imperialism, Chinese hegemonism and regional reaction nothing but disgrace.

China's Part in the "Psychological" and Propaganda War Against the DRA

The victorious march of the April Revolution, the growing prestige of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan (PDPA)—the revolutionary vanguard of the Afghan people, the successful effort to build a new just society in Afghanistan arouse impotent rage and fury among our enemies.

Counter-revolutionary groupings are trying hard to hamper the process of progressive transformations in the DRA. Bandits make raids into villages, stage ambushes on roads and mountain passes, and terrorise peaceful civilians. Of course, the counter-revolutionary bandits would not be able to carry out their criminal actions without the lavish financial aid provided by the forces of imperialism, hegemonism and regional reaction, headed by the USA. In 1985 alone, the US administration earmarked for the Afghan counter-revolution 250 million dollars, which were used to pay for the deliveries of weapons and materiel to the counter-revolutionaries.

The undeclared war against the people of Afghanistan is accompanied by acts of ideological sabotage by the USA, China and their partners, which are aimed at brainwashing the Afghan and the international public. Using the methods of the CIA the bourgeois media, Peking hegemonists and their menials from the camp of regional reaction have launched a large-scale campaign of lies and slander against revolutionary Afghanistan. The purpose of the slanderous inventions is to distort the essence of the revolutionary transformations in the DRA, and to discredit the internationalist assistance given to it by the socialist states and the stay in the country of a limited contingent of Soviet troops.

This aim determines the content of that propaganda campaign of lies, which is based on distorting facts, spreading misinformation and falsifying reports from Afghanistan. That is why slanderers of every stripe are holding forth about "instability" in the country, spreading deliberate lies about a "threat to Islam", "atrocities committed by Soviet soldiers", and are trying to use in their own interests nationalism, religious prejudices and the consequences of the undeclared war against the DRA.

One can clearly hear China's voice in that anti-Afghan chorus. Each time our revolutionary country scores successes in some area in the building of a new life, the PRC's media launch a large-scale propaganda campaign against the DRA. This has been the case for more than seven years now, following the victory of the April Revolution.

Out of all the lies and slander, fabrications and distorted facts which Chinese propaganda spreads, special mention should be made of one report which says: "In pursuit of its strategic interests in the region, the Soviet Union apparently intends to penetrate into the Indian Ocean and the Persian Gulf area via Afghanistan" (Xinhua News Agency, December 24, 1984).

If one takes an unbiased approach, one can see who really threatens peace and stability in the region. It is the United States of America, a close friend of China, which has declared the Indian Ocean and the Persian Gulf area "zones of its strategic interests", and which has long been building up tensions in that strategic part of the world, drawing more and more countries into various regional conflicts.

The "forgetful" Peking leaders may be reminded of just one White House statement, which said that any steps aimed at blockading the Persian Gulf would be regarded by the United States as a serious threat to its interests and would meet with an appropriate response.

Here are some facts which must not be ignored: the Soviet Union rendered assistance to Afghanistan at a time when the latter's independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity were seriously endangered, the country being faced with the threat of an armed intervention by the forces of imperialism, hegemonism and reaction, when the very existence of revolutionary, independent and non-aligned Afghanistan was in question. And it was then that the Soviet Union, in complying with the repeated requests by the legitimate government of Afghanistan and in full conformity with Article 51 of the UN Charter and with Article 4 of the Treaty of Friendship, Goodneighbourliness and Cooperation of December 5, 1978, sent to Afghanistan a limited contingent of its troops to help the people and the armed forces of the DRA in repelling the armed intervention by imperialism and Chinese hegemonism.

The malicious attacks against the Soviet Union and its fraternal, internationalist aid to our country are futile attempts to conceal the bloody crimes perpetrated by imperialism and hegemonism throughout the world, including in the DRA.

Going back to the main subject of this chapter, we stress that China is stepping up its "psychological" and propaganda war against revolutionary Afghanistan. Chinese advisors play a big role in organising the propaganda activity of counter-revolutionary gangs. China supplies them with propaganda facilities and trains propaganda "specialists". Chinese correspondents help Afghan counter-revolutionaries in preparing all sorts of false information and fabrications and setting afloat absurd rumours. In spreading anti-Afghan propaganda in the Chinese media, they use leaders of counter-revolutionary gangs as "reliable" sources of information.

But neither the malicious, poisonous propaganda, nor the continuing undeclared war against the DRA can shake the will of our people who have taken the road of building a new society. Our iron-willed people, led by the PDPA, are advancing, overcoming every day the obstacles that hinder the country's development.

Export of Counter-Revolution

The export of counter-revolution from Pakistan, Iran and China is the main cause of the tensions around Afghanistan.

Irrefutable facts show that more than 30,000 counter-revolutionaries are being trained by Chinese instructors and Pakistani army officers in 120 camps on Pakistani territory (and also at 8 camps in China's Sinkiang province), from where they are sent into the territory of the DRA. They are being trained to kill our compatriots, commit indiscriminate terror, destroy factories, burn fields, blow up mosques, and to murder peaceful civilians.

On May 5, 1985, a press conference was held in Kabul devoted to the subject of China's criminal role in the undeclared war against the DRA. Newsmen at the press conference put questions to three bandits who were captured by Afghanistan's security forces.

Abdul Fatah, member of the gang of Mawlawi Mohammad Khalis, said the following: "I joined that gang in 1982. On orders of the gang I went to Pakistan to get weapons. In the Jamrud camp in Pakistan we underwent military training under the guidance of American, Chinese and Pakistani military advisors. We learned to handle arms, all of which had Chinese markings. Among the weapons were grenade launchers, submachine guns, anti-personnel and anti-tank mines, grenades, etc. After our military training was completed, our group was supplied with 120 surface-to-surface missiles so that we could sow death and destruction with the help of Chinese and Pakistani advisors. One night, our group fired 95 of these missiles at Kabul. I personally took part in that operation."

Omarjan, who was also a member of the gang of Mawlawi Mohammad Khalis, said: "Chinese advisors at the office of Mawlawi Khalis prepare leaflets for the Afghan counter-revolution. The leaflets are smuggled into Afghanistan by members of the gang. At first they wanted to send me to China for military training, but then they decided to send me to Afghanistan to carry out acts of sabotage with the use of Chinese-made weapons." Omarjan also confessed that he took part in firing rockets at Kabul last year.

Abdussalim, member of the criminal gang operating

ations carried out in our country, and an end to interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs by the countries taking part in the undeclared war against the DRA.

Any approach which does not accord with the will of the people and is in conflict with the revolutionary achievements of the Afghan working people, is doomed to a crushing defeat.

Let everybody realise this fact! The enemies may eliminate, but the indestructible and irreversible April Revolution is forging ahead, the new life in revolutionary Afghanistan wins ever new positions with every passing day!

The attempts of the Peking hegemonists and their imperialist allies to reverse the course of Afghanistan's history by means of the undeclared war are doomed to failure and will bring international imperialism, Chinese hegemonism and regional reaction nothing but disgrace.

China's Part in the "Psychological" and Propaganda War Against the DRA

The victorious march of the April Revolution, the growing prestige of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan (PDPA)—the revolutionary vanguard of the Afghan people, the successful effort to build a new just society in Afghanistan arouse impotent rage and fury among our enemies.

Counter-revolutionary groupings are trying hard to hamper the process of progressive transformations in the DRA. Bandits make raids into villages, stage ambushes on roads and mountain passes, and terrorise peaceful civilians. Of course, the counter-revolutionary bandits would not be able to carry out their criminal actions without the lavish financial aid provided by the forces of imperialism, hegemonism and regional reaction, headed by the USA. In 1985 alone, the US administration earmarked for the Afghan counter-revolution 250 million dollars, which were used to pay for the deliveries of weapons and materiel to the counter-revolutionaries.

The undeclared war against the people of Afghanistan is accompanied by acts of ideological sabotage by the USA, China and their partners, which are aimed at brainwashing the Afghan and the international public. Using the methods of the CIA the bourgeois media, Peking hegemonists and their menials from the camp of regional reaction have launched a large-scale campaign of lies and slander against revolutionary Afghanistan. The purpose of the slanderous inventions is to distort the essence of the revolutionary transformations in the DRA, and to discredit the internationalist assistance given to it by the socialist states and the stay in the country of a limited contingent of Soviet troops.

This aim determines the content of that propaganda campaign of lies, which is based on distorting facts, spreading misinformation and falsifying reports from Afghanistan. That is why slanderers of every stripe are holding forth about "instability" in the country, spreading deliberate lies about a "threat to Islam", "atrocities committed by Soviet soldiers", and are trying to use in their own interests nationalism, religious prejudices and the consequences of the undeclared war against the DRA.

One can clearly hear China's voice in that anti-Afghan chorus. Each time our revolutionary country scores successes in some area in the building of a new life, the PRC's media launch a large-scale propaganda campaign against the DRA. This has been the case for more than seven years now, following the victory of the April Revolution.

Out of all the lies and slander, fabrications and distorted facts which Chinese propaganda spreads, special mention should be made of one report which says: "In pursuit of its strategic interests in the region, the Soviet Union apparently intends to penetrate into the Indian Ocean and the Persian Gulf area via Afghanistan" (Xinhua News Agency, December 24, 1984).

If one takes an unbiased approach, one can see who really threatens peace and stability in the region. It is the United States of America, a close friend of China, which has declared the Indian Ocean and the Persian Gulf area "zones of its strategic interests", and which has long been building up tensions in that strategic part of the world, drawing more and more countries into various regional conflicts.

jointly with the gang of Sebqatullah Mojadedi, told the following story: "I and a group of counter-revolutionaries had orders to get a consignment of Chinese-made weapons from the port of Karachi to Peshawar. In the port of Karachi, Chinese ships dropped anchor under the protection of Chinese officers. We unloaded various heavy and light weapons and took them to Peshawar. I witnessed how groups of counter-revolutionaries were sent in the same ships to China to undergo military training."

Unfortunately, some specific features of the long geographical border between Afghanistan and Pakistan create favourable opportunities for those who are waging an undeclared war against Afghanistan. In taking advantage of them, the counter-revolutionary leaders constantly draw into their ranks people who were deceived or who were forced to leave their homeland because of being ill-informed or under the pressure of the bandits. At the above-mentioned camps they are trained in methods of perpetrating monstrous crimes and then sent into Afghanistan, where they have orders to carry out subversive activities.

Export of counter-revolution is one of the methods used by Peking's reactionary ruling clique. By pursuing this policy, the Peking hegemonists are trying to halt the revolutionary process in free, independent Afghanistan and in several other regions of the world.

The confessions by members of such pro-Chinese counter-revolutionary groupings as Paykar, Rahayee, SAMA, Ahghar, Jahanmardan, Khorasan and others, who were arrested by Afghanistan's vigilant security forces, once again expose the sinister plans of the Chinese chauvinists who, together with the US administration and other reactionary international quarters, have become accomplices in imperialist intervention and criminal aggression against the revolutionary people of Afghanistan.

Abdul Hakim, a Central Council member of the pro-Peking Paykar organisation, said in his testimony: "In its foreign policy the Chinese leadership is following a militaristic line directed against peace all over the world. The essence of its foreign policy can be seen in its association with the imperialist circles and reactionary forces, which have covered themselves with shame, in its hostile actions against the forces of peace and socialism, especially against the Soviet Union, in its hostile attitude to revolu-

tions and national-liberation movements, and in its hegemonism and territorial claims against neighbouring countries."

Dr. Junos Akbari, former professor of the faculty of natural sciences at Kabul University, a member of the Rahayee gang, spoke about the connection of that gang with the CIA: "I am a member of the Rahayee gang, whose leader Faiz is a follower of Maoist ideology. Faiz's political philosophy is spelled out in the book *Torch*. Dr. Faiz is a cunning swindler, murderer and CIA agent. When staying abroad and in Kabul, Dr. Faiz was engaged in propaganda work, his activities being part of the CIA propaganda effort."

We will cite another interesting confession by Dr. Junos Akbari: "Dr. Faiz, his wife and Abeed—these three people head the organisation and are directly associated with the CIA. Abeed is in contact with the CIA's representative in Karachi, and Leila, Dr. Faiz's wife, with the CIA's representative in Sweden. I do not know with what other reactionary and imperialist circles and organisations apart from the CIA Dr. Faiz and his organisation are associated, but they are associated with China."

Here is what that agent Dr. Junos Akbari said about his trip to China: "I, Faiz, Leila, Faiz's wife, Najeeb, Abeed and Naseem from Karachi left by air for Singapore on our way to Peking. However much I questioned Dr. Faiz about the aim of his trip, he told me nothing. In Peking we were met by a high-ranking official in charge of foreigners and two interpreters. Later, the head of that department and his deputy met with our delegation. At that meeting Dr. Faiz made a report to the Chinese side and in conclusion asked ten million dollars in aid. The Chinese expressed doubt about that sum and gave him only 200,000 dollars."

Such confessions and testimonies clearly point to the dirty crimes perpetrated by the Chinese hegemonists in the DRA. But their efforts are doomed to failure.

...The struggle is going on. Our country's working people are steadfastly marching on, with their heads held high, along a path that leads to the ideals of the revolution, to a bright future through battles, in which they lose their comrades.

In the course of its revolutionary struggle, the Afghan people, supported by friends throughout the world, will

defeat the instigators of the undeclared war against our country, and the lot of the Chinese hegemonists will be one of disgrace and infamy.

Peking's Interference Is Doomed to Failure

In pursuing its adventurist and reckless policy, the PRC is not only stepping up aggression, impudent interference and the undeclared war against revolutionary Afghanistan, but is also building up its militaristic policy in the world.

New facts, documents and evidence indicate that the Chinese hegemonists are ever more actively playing the role of a military ally of criminal US imperialism in the war against the working people of free and independent Afghanistan.

The documents and testimonies concerning China's increasing interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs, exposing Peking's criminal part in the undeclared war against our people, which have been recently made public by the authorities of the DRA, have been widely commented on in the world.

In an attempt to justify their actions the official Chinese organs have launched a big propaganda campaign. The newspaper *Renmin ribao* hastened to print a lengthy article on the so-called "Afghan issue" written by its news analyst. The PRC's permanent representative to the United Nations circulated a letter denying any participation of China in the undeclared war against the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan.

Numerous facts, including statements by Chinese leaders, leave no doubt that the interventionist and instigatory activity of the Chinese authorities, which is in conflict with all recognised international norms, not only leads to a worsening of the situation around Afghanistan and in the region as a whole, but increasingly helps to satisfy the predatory appetites of world imperialism and regional reaction.

These facts were set forth in detail in a letter sent by the PDPA Central Committee to the CPC Central Committee,

in the statements and memorandums of the DRA Foreign Ministry in connection with the PRC's interference in Afghanistan's internal affairs and in a letter addressed by the permanent representative of the DRA to the UN Secretary-General.

Another irrefutable fact is that a large quantity of Chinese-made weapons has been captured by our glorious armed forces during operations in the Kuh-e Safi area.

Among those lethal weapons used against the country's civilian population, including the inhabitants of Kabul, were HN-5 ground-to-air missiles and their launchers, rockets, mines, light and anti-aircraft machine guns, and anti-tank grenade launchers.

It is also an indisputable fact that three centres for the military training of Afghan counter-revolutionaries were set up early in 1984 in Azgar, Gogirfeng and Maryang districts of Sinkiang province. Now the number of these camps has been increased to eight. More than 800 bandits are being trained in those camps; they learn to handle anti-aircraft rockets and other Chinese-made weapons, and also methods of sabotage operations.

High-ranking military and intelligence delegations from the USA and Pakistan have visited these centres. They conducted talks on cooperation and information exchange between the secret services of their countries and met with PRC Minister of Defence Zhang Aiping and a Deputy Chief of the General Staff of the Armed Forces.

As a result of these contacts, large numbers of LMG-SGI machine guns, tracer shells and Chinese-made field radio equipment are being sent to Pakistan for Afghan counter-revolutionaries.

From early 1983 through June 1984, China turned over to Pakistan 40,000 RPG-7 and 20,000 RPG-11 anti-tank rocket launchers. Members of the General Staff of the Armed Forces of China visited Pakistan. In January 1985 General John Vessey, Chairman of the US Joint Chiefs of Staff, visited Peking.

From April 1984 through November 1984, nine high-ranking Pakistani military officers visited China. Chinese newspapers only reported the visit of General Zahid Ali Khan, while the other visits were shrouded in secrecy.

These visits ended in the signing of an agreement between the partners in the Washington-Peking-Islamabad strategic triangle, under which:

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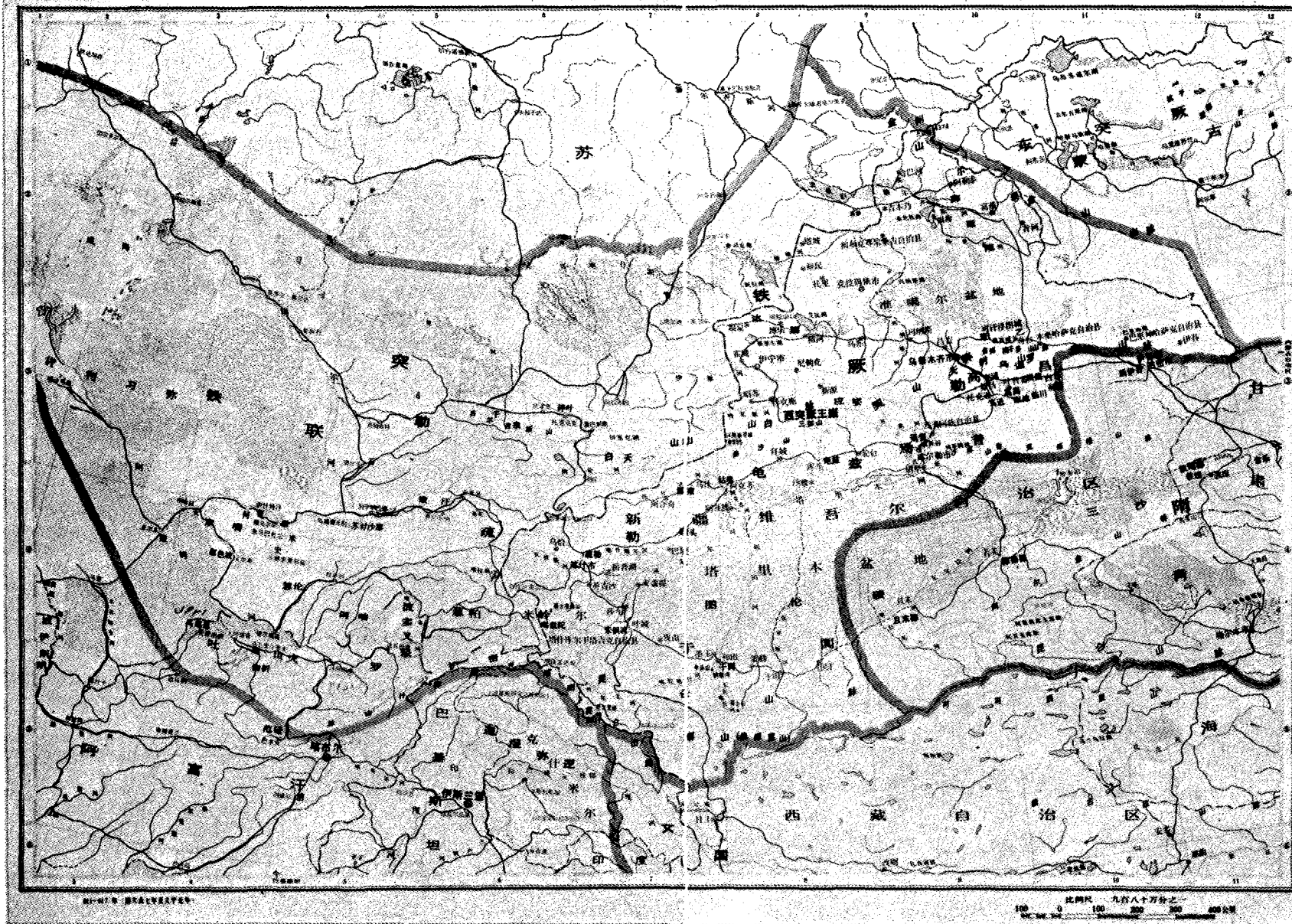
第五冊
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隋·唐·五代十國時期
The Sui Dynasty Period, The Tang Dynasty Period,
The Five Dynasties and Ten Kingdoms Period

譚其驤主編
CHIEF EDITOR
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地圖出版社
CARTOGRAPHIC PUBLISHING HOUSE

Title page of the Historical Atlas of China put out by the
Cartographic Publishing House in 1984



In this map some areas of Afghanistan are included in Chinese territory

中國歷史地圖集

THE HISTORICAL ATLAS OF CHINA

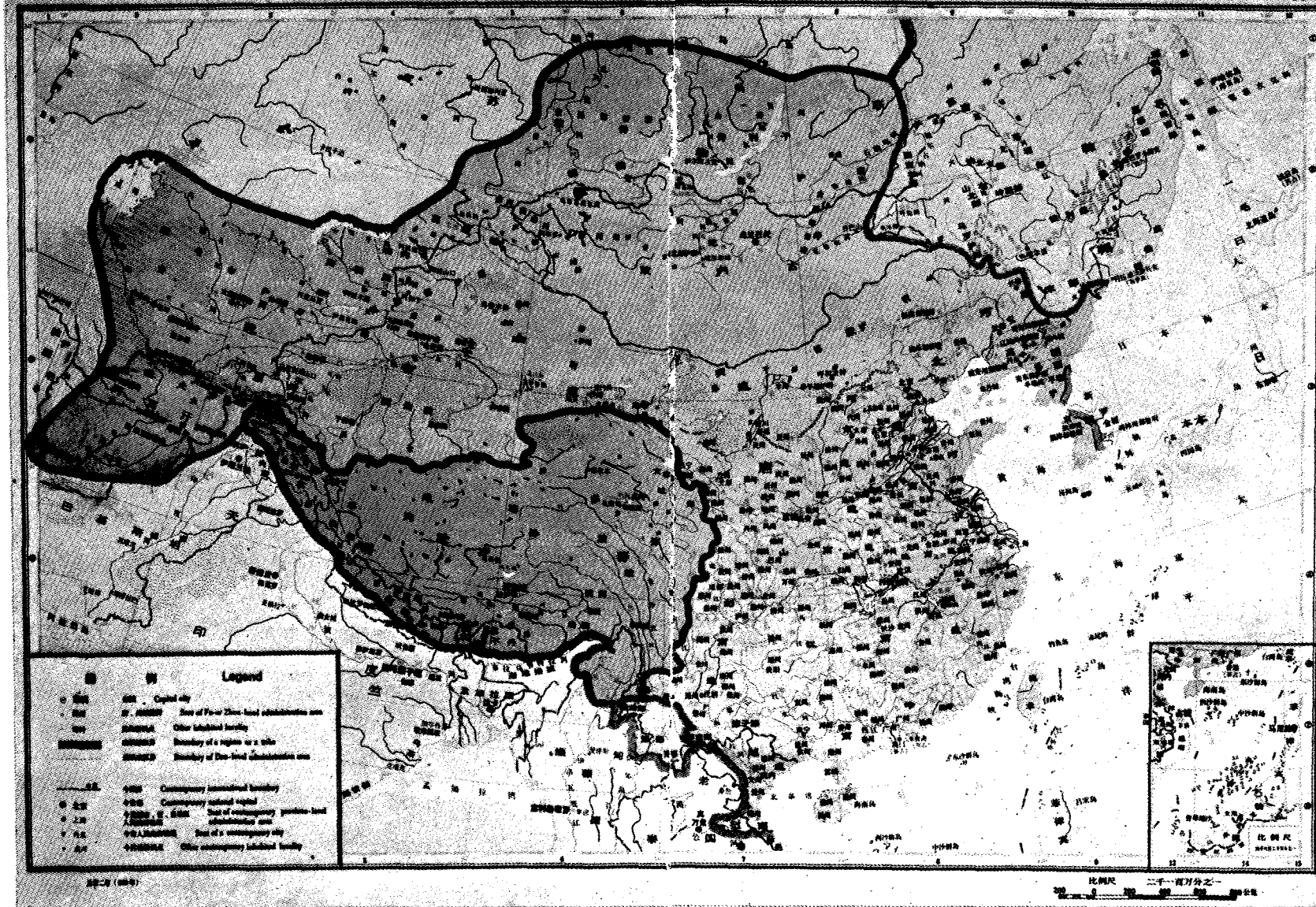
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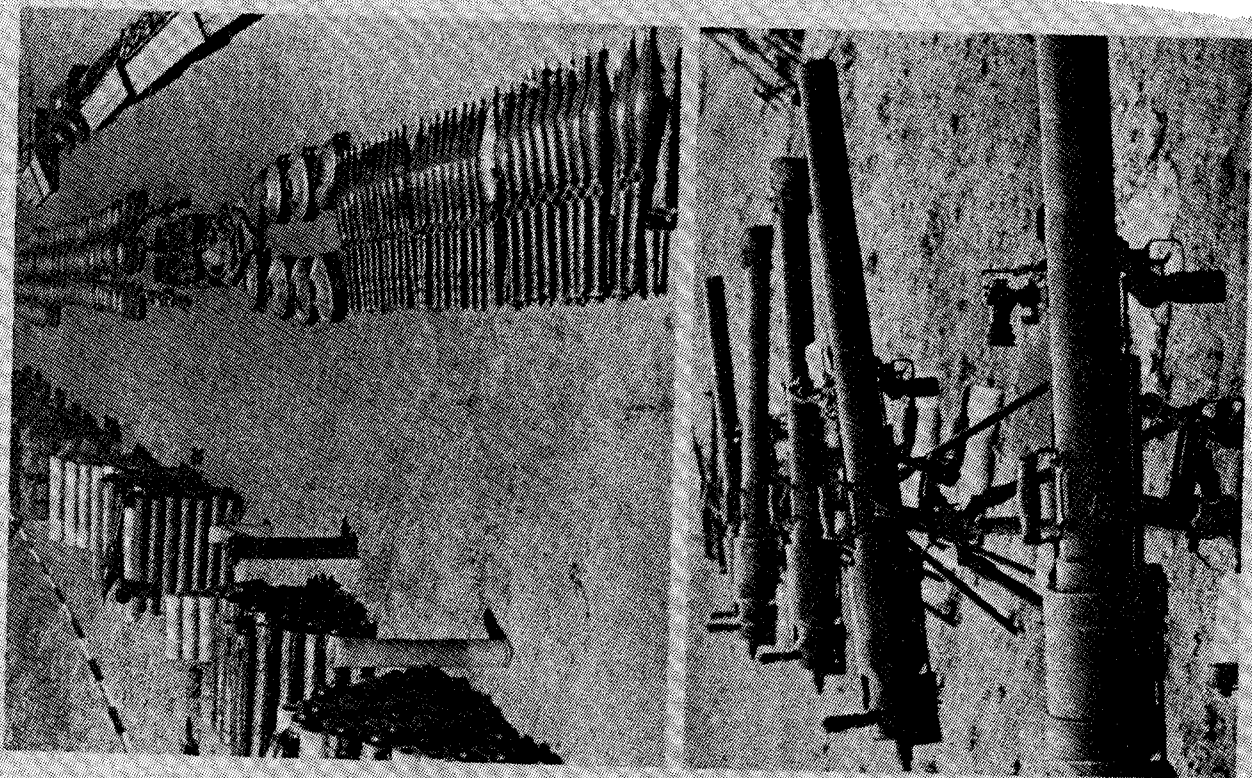
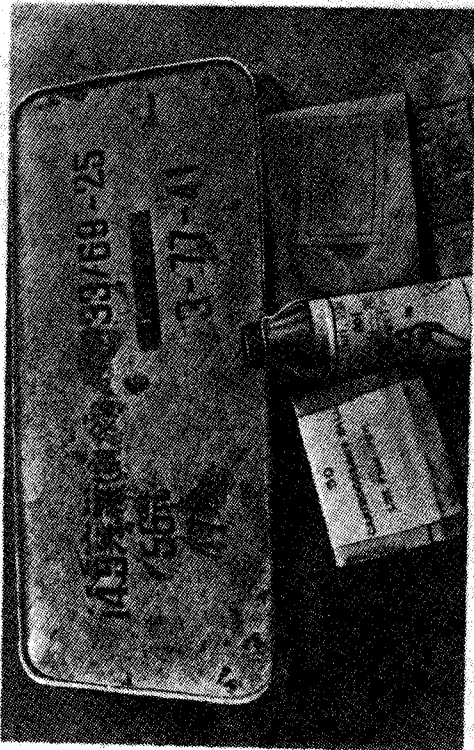
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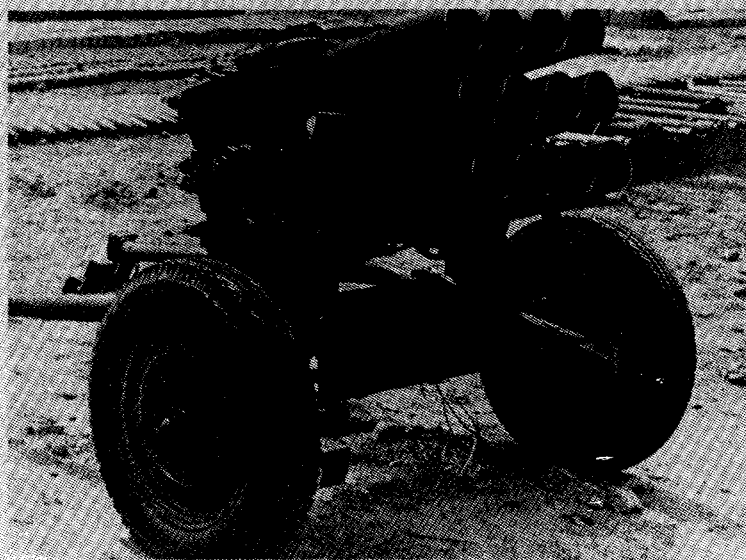
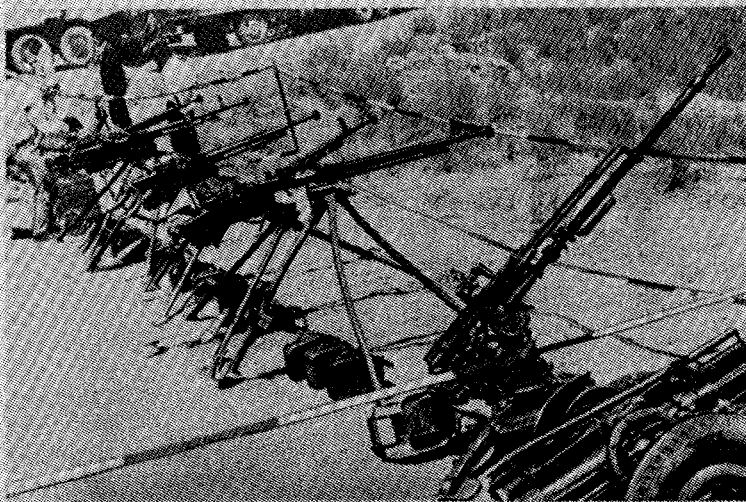
Title page of the Historical Atlas of China put out by the
Cartographic Publishing House in 1984



In 1984 a geographical map was published in China in which some areas of several independent neighbouring states, including certain areas of Afghanistan, were included in Chinese territory

Weapons and ammunition sent to Afghan counter-revolutionaries from abroad. Some of them have Chinese markings





Heavy anti-aircraft machine-guns and a VM-12 Chinese-made rocket launcher captured by the valiant armed forces of the DRA from counter-revolutionary bands

1) the USA and China undertook to increase their military and financial aid to the Afghan counter-revolutionaries;

2) it is planned, along with an expansion of the camps for the training of Afghan counter-revolutionaries in Pakistan, to move some of the camps to China.

Consequently, China will train Afghan counter-revolutionaries even on a larger scale on its territory.

A monitoring station has been built with US assistance near Wakhan, 100 kilometres from Maryang. China has built the Karakoram Highway linking China and Pakistan, along which death-dealing weapons are sent to the bandits. These are facts which the official Chinese organs cannot refute. Neither can they conceal their crimes against the revolutionary people of Afghanistan and their part in the undeclared war against our independent, sovereign country.

It shall be stressed once again that the fierce opposition to the powerful revolutionary process in the DRA is aimed at preventing our people from implementing the ideals of the April Revolution. The struggle waged by the enemies of the Afghan people is spearheaded against our country's working people, who had long suffered under the heavy yoke of exploitation and injustice and whose only hope is the implementation of the ideals of the revolution.

We believe that the PRC, as a "revolutionary and progressive country", should have nothing in common with that policy, since the people of China went through all the hardships of imperialist oppression in its history.

The revolution in China was accomplished in order to free the people of that country from exploitation. Why then does the Chinese leadership uphold the right of the people of its country to freedom, independence and independent choice of a path of development, while denying that right to the people of our country?

Has Peking ever thought what calamities there would be if the bandits should win? Victory of counter-revolution in our country will inevitably lead to a massacre of the true patriots and throw the country back into the Middle Ages.

The Chinese press is particularly irritated by the fact that the Soviet Union is rendering internationalist assistance to the people and army of our country in repelling aggression and foreign interference. Peking is unable to accept the fact that the Soviet Union, at the request of the DRA's le-

gitimate government, sent a limited contingent of its troops to our country at a difficult moment, at a time when our revolution, homeland and people were in serious danger.

Could the Chinese leaders forget that it was the Soviet Union which once defended the revolution in China and gave broad military assistance to it in its struggle against Kuomintang's imperialist and reactionary aggression?

Why is it that what was then acceptable to China is now regarded as an encroachment upon our country's national sovereignty?

Our revolution is developing dynamically, forging ahead, and every year more and more victories are scored in all fields.

The socialist community, above all the Soviet Union, are rendering truly disinterested aid to our country in its economic development, in building a new, just society, and in cultural development.

Afghanistan is fortunate that at a difficult moment in building a new system it has the disinterested support of the Soviet Union and the other countries of the socialist community and also of the whole of progressive mankind.

The DRA's foreign policy is built on the principles of peaceful coexistence, positive neutrality, and the struggle for peace and security. The DRA wishes to live in peace with all who respect Afghanistan's right to independent development.

Victorious Development of the April Revolution

More than seven years have passed since the victory of the April National-Democratic Revolution in our ancient country—more than seven years of great creative endeavour which laid the groundwork for far-reaching history-making transformations in Afghanistan and placed it on the threshold of new qualitative changes.

After the victory of the revolution the working people of Afghanistan became real masters of their country. The revolutionary power of the working people has found its way to the country's most remote areas and has put an end

to tyrannical oppression and arbitrary rule by the exploiter class.

The April Revolution, especially its new stage, has given land to thousands of peasants; liberated the young working class from the fetters of exploitation and by creating a state sector of the economy made it the collective owner of public property, and created broad possibilities for the creative development of the national intelligentsia; proclaimed the equality of all nationalities and tribes inhabiting the country; and created real prerequisites for the emancipation of women, ensuring them equal rights with men.

For the Afghan people the years of the revolution were years of victories and grim trials.

An inevitable result of every social revolution is that a part of the elements connected with the ruling feudal, bureaucratic and comprador classes and circles which can no longer exploit the population are forced to flee the country. Staying abroad, these reactionary elements and circles have started creating seats of counter-revolution and regrouping forces with the direct participation of imperialism, hegemonism and regional reaction, jointly with Pakistan, Iran and China.

The undeclared war waged by the reactionary forces, by imperialism and hegemonism in all of its aspects was unleashed against the working people of Afghanistan in order to halt the revolutionary process in our country.

At the start of the undeclared war against the DRA, attempts were made to conceal the ugly faces of the interventionists and masterminds of that dirty war. However, the powerful revolutionary process has torn the mask off and exposed their faces for the whole world to see. After the victory of the new stage of the April Revolution the armed forces of the DRA dealt a crushing blow to the counter-revolution being exported by reactionary forces. They have uncovered and destroyed bases and strongpoints of bandits, and captured enormous quantities of weapons made in the USA, China, Egypt and some other countries.

Scores of armed counter-revolutionary groupings have been routed, and thousands of those who only yesterday were waging a struggle against the revolution have laid down arms, having come to realise that the anti-popular

path is senseless, and have joined the ranks of the revolution.

The People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, relying on the strength of the people, on its unshakeable confidence in the correctness of the path it has chosen and using peaceful methods and means, is doing everything possible to lay the groundwork for a settlement of the situation around Afghanistan and put an end to war and bloodshed by ensuring general national peace.

The whole world knows that the current tense situation around Afghanistan has emerged as a result of the aggressive policy of US imperialism, its NATO allies, Chinese hegemonists, Pakistani militarists and Iranian reactionaries.

The DRA government, on the other hand, pursues a peaceful foreign policy whose main aim is to establish good relations with neighbouring countries.

The DRA government has repeatedly urged its neighbours to hold talks on normalising relations on the principles of mutual respect for national sovereignty, good neighbourliness, and non-interference in each other's internal affairs, and on the basis of putting an end to armed and other hostile activity on their territories directed against other countries.

In its history-making decisions on the domestic and foreign policy of the DRA government, the Loya Jirgah of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan has once again stressed the need for the presence of a limited Soviet military contingent in the country and for the closing of the country's borders. The celebrations of the 7th anniversary of the April Revolution by the working people have once again shattered the hopes of those who masterminded the undeclared war against revolutionary Afghanistan.

The whole world is witnessing how all classes, the national and democratic strata, all the nationalities and tribes of the country are expressing their unanimous support for the aims of the revolution which is an expression of our people's will.

The decisions of the Loya Jirgah, whose more than 2,000 delegates were democratically elected in keeping with historical traditions, have confirmed the fact that our revolution enjoys support of the people of our country. Even those who are daily fanning the flames of the undeclared war forced on Afghanistan cannot deny that.

Until recently reactionary and counter-revolutionary

forces used to their advantage the ignorance of the population. Today, the enemies of Afghanistan can no longer use for their own purposes the religious beliefs of our people since our people can see with their own eyes the national, patriotic, progressive and revolutionary aims of their party and of their revolutionary government. It is not by chance that the ranks of counter-revolution are decreasing with every passing day and thousands of people are abandoning its black banner. As the futility of counter-revolutionary activity becomes increasingly clear, more and more sun rays are bringing the truth of the revolution to the remotest corners of the country.

Life itself confirms, and will confirm even more forcefully as time goes on, the correctness of the principled and humane policy of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan and the DRA government. The attempts of the enemies of the Afghan revolution to undermine its gains are doomed to failure since our revolution relies for support on the might of the millions of working people, and this infuses it with strength. In the difficult conditions of the undeclared war, the working people who linked their destiny with that of the revolution are defending its ideals at the cost of their lives.

The revolutionary people of our country who regard it as their main aim to build a society of social justice without exploitation of man by man, are waging with ever greater force and dedication a struggle for the country's socio-economic and political development and upholding the gains of their revolution. No imperialist, hegemonistic and reactionary conspiracies, no intervention or aggression can prevent the implementation of the humane and noble aims of the national-democratic revolution in Afghanistan. Our glorious people can inflict a crushing defeat on hired counter-revolutionaries and give a resolute rebuff to any aggression and interference in their country's internal affairs.

Appendix

Appendix 1

Letter of the Central Committee of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China

Comrades,

In this letter to the Central Committee of the Communist Party of China the Central Committee of the People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan deems it necessary to point to the increasing interference of China in the internal affairs of Afghanistan and to its increasing support for the counter-revolutionary forces which are fighting against the Afghan revolution.

Undeniable facts point to the increase of such support. There are ever more weapons with the "Made in China" mark among those captured from the bandits, along with arms sent by the United States of America and other NATO member countries.

China is openly waging a hostile campaign against the revolutionary regime in Afghanistan. Resort is being made in this campaign to lies and slander and assistance is being rendered to the promotion of a negative view of our new system and our people. Chinese official representatives are openly talking about the continuation in the future of huge military and other assistance to counter-revolutionary bands which are committing crimes on Afghan soil.

Such a stand causes our legitimate protest, all the more so because the People's Republic of China has greatly suffered from imperialist oppression and has gone through the ordeals of the revolutionary liberation struggle. We know what a great price the toiling masses of China have paid for the victory of the people's revolution and what great sacrifices they have made and what hardships they have endured to win this victory. The People's Liberation Army of China was forced to continue an arduous and long struggle for liberation, first against the Japanese occupationists and then against Kuomintang forces which depended on the support of imperialist circles, first and foremost of the United States of America.

It is well known that during this struggle, the Communist Party of China enjoyed great political and other assistance from the Soviet Union. The rout of the Japanese Kwantung Army in Manchuria in 1945 effectively helped the Chinese Red Army in its struggle for the liberation of China from Japanese occupation as well as the domination of the Kuomintang.

It was expected that China which has gone through such trials would have come out in support of the April 1978 Revolution because Afghan patriots were fighting, and are still fighting, in many respects for the same goals for which thousands of Chinese revolutionaries gave their lives during the years of revolutionary liberation war. The People's Democratic Party of Afghanistan, which is now celebrating its 20th anniversary, fought for more than a decade for the victory of the revolution in difficult conditions of underground struggle.

We have fought, and are still fighting, for the independence of Afghanistan, for the liberation of the Afghan people from poverty, ignorance and backwardness, from the oppression of landlords, feudal lords and usurers, and for building a society free from the exploitation of man by man.

The Afghan revolution was carried out against Daoud's despotic regime and for the well-being of the people. The revolution has already done so much for the people and has every right to be proud of its first achievements. Industrial output in 1983 increased by 15 per cent as compared with 1981. This increase in the state and mixed sector amounted to 24 per cent.

A democratic land and water reform is being implemented in Afghanistan which has resulted in an improvement of the living standard of rural population. Different forms of economic cooperatives are being developed. 308 agricultural cooperatives, 138 consumer and trade cooperatives and 140 cooperative stores have been set up. These are all just the first steps.

From 1979 to 1983 the wages and salaries of workers and employees in the state sector were raised twice. The purchasing prices of cotton and sugar beet bought from peasants were also increased twice. The state is making huge allocations for subsidising primary commodities to stabilise prices in the interests of workers and employees as well as subsidising city transport. During the past five years the number of hospital beds has increased by 84 per cent and the number of doctors by 45 per cent. More than one million illiterate people have received an education.

The party is constantly following the policy of developing genuine democracy in the country. Already our sovereignty is

based on the growing unity of workers and peasants and is reflecting the basic interests of all Afghan working people and patriots. The establishment of this sovereignty is the most important achievement of our revolution.

Right now we have taken a new step towards increasingly drawing the toiling masses into participating in state affairs, above all in their localities. According to a new law, People's Assemblies (Jirgahs) and their executive committees will become new bodies of power and administration in localities.

These committees will consist of representatives of all nationalities, tribes and ethnic groups elected on a just basis.

The democratisation of power and administration in localities that is under way is being implemented for strengthening and consolidating the unity of administration and the people and for facilitating the faster and complete solution of problems in the interests of the working people. The Party attaches great importance to mass social organisations and regards them as the most important elements of the new political system. The influence of trade unions, cooperatives, youth and women's organisations and other organisations established in our country after the revolution is growing.

Thus, we have every reason to say that constructiveness and progress comprise the nature of our revolution.

In these years revolutionary Afghanistan could have achieved more successes if forces which are striving to keep Afghanistan in the back alleys of history and to perpetuate the wretched situation of backwardness and poverty, had not acted against Afghanistan. It is the criminal activities of these forces which are preventing the complete manifestation of the constructive nature of our revolution and the further expansion of possibilities for improving the living standards of the people. Feudals, their lackeys and stooges, tribal chieftains, comprador bourgeoisie and other elements who have been deprived of the privileged position in society have rallied against our revolution. They have succeeded in attracting, under false slogans, a number of ignorant people. There is no doubt that the enemies of the Afghan revolution would have been destroyed very rapidly if they had not been supported from abroad, by US imperialism and the reaction of the region. These forces are instigating and organising the undeclared war against revolutionary Afghanistan.

Class hatred for social progress, for genuine freedom of peoples, and efforts towards establishment of a bridgehead at the southern border of the Soviet Union for aggressive activities against it, are the driving force of reactionaries in their hostile

activities against the Afghan revolution. However, when the alliance of imperialism, the reaction of the region and the Afghan counter-revolution is based on class interests and on efforts to strangle all liberation and democratic movements, the participation of the People's Republic of China in such an alliance is completely unnatural. How did it happen that a country which is talking so much about revolution and social progress is assisting imperialism and reactionaries who have united on the basis of their hostility to revolution and progress? In other words, how did it happen that such a country is assisting, to call a spade a spade, the direct heirs of those who wanted to drown the Chinese revolution in blood?

It would have been understandable if agricultural technology, tractors, foodstuffs and machinery had been imported to new Afghanistan from China and if Chinese experts had worked shoulder to shoulder with Afghans for economic and cultural rehabilitation of our country and the elimination of the feudal-tribal legacy. However, instead of this bands armed with Chinese weapons are sent to our country from abroad to kill old people and children, to burn down schools, hospitals and mosques and to prevent peaceful constructive work.

The People's Republic of China has put at the disposal of the counter-revolutionaries mortars, recoilless guns, anti-tank rocket launchers, anti-aircraft weapons, small arms, rockets and other military hardware. Our soldiers, who are repelling the barbaric attacks of internal counter-revolution and foreign forces hostile to Afghanistan who are supporting them, have captured huge quantities of such weapons. 300 rockets and 12 barrel rocket launchers made in China are among these lethal weapons.

On Chinese territory, in Sinkiang, special camps have been set up in the vicinity of the DRA border where Chinese instructors are training and arming counter-revolutionary bands which are then sent to Afghanistan to fight the legitimate government. Hundreds of Chinese instructors are training Afghan bandits at training centres on Pakistani territory. Furthermore, this summer, around 2,000 heavy machine guns, 1,000 anti-tank rockets, about half a million light infantry weapons were put at the disposal of hired counter-revolutionaries through the Pakistani army. A question arises as to how could all these acts agree with the statements made by Chinese leaders about their support for the revolutionary liberation struggle of peoples. Such a policy has no class-oriented stand and stems from considerations which are alien to real internationalists.

Your position with regard to the presence of the Soviet military

contingent evokes our resolute opposition. This contingent is in Afghanistan on a legal basis and in accordance with the United Nations Charter and the Treaty of Friendship, Goodneighbourliness and Cooperation between Afghanistan and the Soviet Union signed in December 1978. We would like to remind you that at certain times the Soviet Union, in pursuance of the noble principles of internationalist solidarity, has rendered great military assistance to the People's Liberation Army of China. You used to receive military equipment and weapons from the Soviet Union. All the equipment and weapons of the one-million strong Kwantung Army which was defeated by the valorous Red Army in 1945, were handed over to you. Soviet military advisors served in the ranks of the People's Liberation Army of China. In their time Mao Tse-tung, Chou En-lai, Joady, Liu Shao-chi spoke about the Soviet Union's contribution to the victory of the Chinese people over Kuomintang and its supporter, i.e., US imperialism. Why was the Soviet military assistance to revolutionary China welcomed, but the right of our revolution to such assistance denied? Your position in this respect is blatantly contradictory.

We Afghan revolutionaries do not have hostile feelings towards the Communist Party of China and the great Chinese people. Afghanistan fully and resolutely supported the acceptance of new China in the international community as a full member, including the United Nations and the Bandung Conference. We want to live with you in friendship and good-neighbourliness and want to develop mutually beneficial and equitable relations with you. For this the only thing that is needed is for China to renounce its hostile policy towards the Afghan revolution and to stop supporting the counter-revolutionary forces.

This agrees with the interests of our two peoples and world peace.

With comradely regards,

CENTRAL COMMITTEE OF THE PEOPLE'S
DEMOCRATIC PARTY OF AFGHANISTAN

Appendix 2

A Note of Protest of the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the DRA to the Government of the People's Republic of China

In recent months, the armed forces and the security service of the DRA have seized a large quantity of Chinese-made weapons, including ground-to-air rockets and rocket launchers, mines, light machine guns, large-calibre anti-aircraft artillery and assorted arms and ammunition when they were defeating counter-revolutionary bands in the suburbs of Kabul.

The facts show that these weapons have been used every time against civilians, including the citizens of Kabul, and as a result, civilians have been killed and economic and cultural projects destroyed.

According to the available information some of the counter-revolutionary camps have been transferred from the territory of Pakistan to the People's Republic of China. In these camps Chinese instructors train the Afghan counter-revolutionaries in the use of arms provided by the Chinese authorities and teach them how to carry out terrorist operations.

In addition, Chinese advisors and instructors are working in the Afghan counter-revolutionary camps located on Pakistani soil.

The mass media of the People's Republic of China have launched an extensive and hostile propaganda campaign against the DRA. Its objective is to distort the facts inside the country and around it and to discredit the internationalist fraternal assistance rendered by the Soviet Union to the people of Afghanistan in their struggle against the enemies of the revolution and the motherland.

All these facts provide ample proof of the increase of the direct interference of the People's Republic of China in the internal affairs of an independent and sovereign country and its active contribution to the undeclared war unleashed by world imperialism and reactionary forces against Afghanistan.

In reality, China and the USA and its Western allies, Pakistan and the reaction of the region directly cooperate in the expansion of military aggression against Afghanistan from Pakistani soil.

Such acts of the Chinese authorities are naturally contrary to their statements that China desires a political settlement of the situation around Afghanistan and make the work of seeking ways for a peaceful settlement of issues between Afghanistan and its neighbours more difficult.

These acts evoke indignation and hatred of the people of Afghanistan who have become victims of armed intervention from abroad.

The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the DRA is lodging a strong protest against the hostile Chinese actions and demands that the People's Republic of China stop its armed aggression and other forms of intervention in the internal affairs of Afghanistan, which are against the international principles and the existing norms of diplomatic relations between the two countries.

Appendix 3

**Letter of February 7, 1985,
from the Permanent Representative
of Afghanistan at the United Nations
to the Secretary-General**

I have the honour to inform you that the Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the Democratic Republic of Afghanistan sent a note of protest to the government of the People's Republic of China on January 31, 1985. The text of the note is as follows:

"In recent months, the armed forces and the security service of the DRA have seized a large quantity of Chinese-made weapons, including ground-to-air rockets and rocket launchers, mines, light machine guns, large-calibre anti-aircraft artillery and assorted arms and ammunition when they were defeating counter-revolutionary bands in the suburbs of Kabul.

"The facts show that these weapons have been used every time against civilians, including the citizens of Kabul, and as a result civilians have been killed and economic and cultural projects destroyed.

"According to the available information, some of the counter-revolutionary camps have been transferred from the territory of Pakistan to the People's Republic of China. In these camps, Chinese instructors train the Afghan counter-revolutionaries in the use of arms provided by the Chinese authorities and teach them how to carry out terrorist operations.

"In addition, Chinese advisors and instructors are working in the Afghan counter-revolutionary camps located on Pakistani soil.

"The mass media of the People's Republic of China have launched an extensive and hostile propaganda campaign against the DRA. Its objective is to distort the facts inside the country and around it, and to discredit the internationalist fraternal assistance rendered by the Soviet Union to the people of Afghanistan in their struggle against the enemies of the revolution and the motherland.

"All these facts provide ample proof of the increase of the direct interference of the People's Republic of China in the internal affairs of an independent and sovereign country and its active contribution to the undeclared war unleashed by world imperialism and reactionary forces against Afghanistan.

"In reality, China and the USA and its Western allies, Pakistan and the reaction of the region directly cooperate in the expansion of military aggression against Afghanistan from Pakistani soil. Such acts of the Chinese authorities are naturally contrary to their statements that China desires a political settlement of the situation around Afghanistan and make the work of seeking ways for a peaceful settlement of issues between Afghanistan and its neighbours more difficult.

"These acts evoke indignation and hatred of the people of Afghanistan who have become victims of armed intervention from abroad.

"The Ministry of Foreign Affairs of the DRA is lodging a strong protest against the hostile Chinese actions and demands that the People's Republic of China stop its armed aggression and other forms of intervention in the internal affairs of Afghanistan, which are against the international principles and the existing norms of diplomatic relations between the two countries."

I also have the honour to request Your Excellency to arrange for the circulation of this letter as a document of the General Assembly, among the items entitled "Review of the Implementation of the Declaration on the Strengthening of International Security", "Implementation of the Collective Security Provisions of the Charter of the United Nations for the Maintenance of International Peace and Security", "Development and Strengthening of Goodneighbourliness Between States", "Peaceful Settlement of Disputes Between States", and "Report of the Ad Hoc Committee on the Drafting of an International Convention Against the Recruitment, Use, Financing and Training of Mercenaries", and of the Security Council.

Appendix 4

Interference and Hypocrisy

Documents proving intervention by China in the internal affairs of our country were made public at a press conference, held on February 16, 1985 in Ariana Hotel for local and foreign journalists. The documents which we publish here were also shown to the journalists at the press conference. These letters which are from or addressed to the ringleaders of counter-revolutionary bands expose the intervention of Chinese hegemons in the internal affairs of our country and the extent of their participation in the undeclared war against the DRA. One of the documents, a letter from an Afghan mercenary, who is undergoing military-terrorist training in the Sinkiang province of China, indicates that Chinese authorities not only render lavish aid such as delivery of arms, ammunition and advisors for arming and training counter-revolutionaries, but, by establishing military-terrorist training camps and sending these criminals to our country, directly take part in the undeclared war against the DRA.

These documents show once again that, contrary to the claims of lie-spreading media of the West and ruling circles of some countries as well as their expansionist accomplices in Peking, the events which are taking place in our country are not the manifestation of the "liberation struggle", but the outcome of intervention and the undeclared war which is being organised abroad in Peking, Washington, Islamabad and Teheran.

* * *

"Hezbi Islami
Afghanistan
Date: December 25, 1984

Respected Mujahid and standard-bearer of Islam, Mawlawi
Mohammad Yunus Khalis, greetings to you and God may bless you!

I wish health and success to you and all brothers in our faith. As stated in my previous letter, I deployed the Chinese radar which you sent to Zadrin region, and I have not been able to correctly use it so far. One of its transformers does not work and here we do not have a technician who can use it better. I spoke about this problem with the advisors from friendly China when they came here, and they promised to send an expert as soon as possible. But the expert has not come yet. I request you, respected brother, to send us a transformer and an expert as soon as possible so that we can make better use of it and not let the fighter planes of the enemy kill our Mujahid brothers. In conclusion, please convey our greetings to all Mujahid brothers.

God bless you."

* * *

"Ettehad Islami
Afghan Mujahiddin Committee
(Commander of Battalion No 1)
No and date: 112/23. 11. 1984

Respected Ustad Saiaf, General Chief of Ettehad Islami
Mujahiddin Afghanistan,

May God give you health!

Respected Ustad, the arms from friendly China which you sent have reached us. I thank you for your good opinion about our battalion. And I pray to God that you would always be victorious against the enemies.

The arms which have reached us are as follows:

1. 3 Chinese anti-aircraft guns
2. 50 Chinese submachine-guns
3. 120 plastic anti-tank mines
4. 227 plastic anti-personnel mines
5. 5 pistols with a box of ammunition
6. 3 boxes of anti-aircraft shells
7. 28 boxes of ammunition for submachine-guns

I request Your Excellency to send, if possible, a radar from China, because our Mujahiddin are in a bad situation due to the attacks of warplanes of the Kabul government.

God bless you!

Your brother,
Commander of Battalion No 1."

* * *

"Ettehad Islami
Afghan Mujahiddin
Committee (Secretariat)
Date: 13. 11. 1984

In the name of Allah, the beneficent and the merciful
Mujahid brother, the head of detection in Para Chinar, greetings to you!

I pray to God Almighty to bring success and victory to you and all Mujahiddin fighting for a just cause.

Respected brother, next month three friendly advisors of people's China will come to you to the area at the border with Afghanistan. I would like you to be fully prepared from now on for ensuring their security and put at their disposal three new Suzuki vehicles which have been sent to you. Please inform us of the results of their visit and their opinions.

Two of these friendly advisors speak Persian fluently, so don't worry about this.

God bless you!

Professor Abdul Rasoul Saiaf,
Chief of Ettehad Islami Mujahiddin Afghanistan."

* * *

"Ettehad Islami
Mujahiddin Afghanistan
No. and Date: 302/17-12-84

Respected Ustad Professor Abdul Rasoul Saiaf, Chief of Ettehad Islami Mujahiddin Afghanistan, greetings to you and God bless you!

I wish you good health and success from God Almighty.

Mujahid brother,

In accordance with your previous order, I welcomed the advisors of friendly China on the border. We hope that they left us with satisfaction. I will tell you about all their opinions later. They inspected all our depots and arms and expressed pleasure over their storage, took into account our problems and needs as regards heavy arms, crossed the border and entered three-four kilometres inside Afghanistan and inspected our internal fronts, and were invited to stay overnight by the commander of the border militia, who talked to them about their views. I will inform you of the details later.

I hope that the right will triumph over the wrong.
Commander of Mobarez Battalion."

* * *

"Esteemed brother, Dr. Khial Mohammad,

I am sending my warm greetings from the great country of China and Sinkiang to you, the Mujahid fighting for the just cause. And, thank God Almighty, I am in good health now, as I am writing this letter. However, I suffer very much, being away from my family. I pray to God Almighty that you, along with all members of your family and all brothers and sisters, would have good health.

Dear brother,

As you are aware I have been under training in a group, 100 men strong, in the use of Chinese arms in this city for three months. Only another three months' time is left. Then we will go first to a camp in Pakistan and then go to Afghanistan in order to save our country from the tyranny and oppression by strangers. Our living conditions are good here. But the training is strenuous and difficult. Chinese political lessons and films are too much and too difficult. We cannot learn all. We have little time to go for a walk. We are not allowed to go to the centre of the city. Our training centre is 15 km away from the city. I am worried about my family. I do not know how they live. I have no information about my little daughter. I request you to take care of them, and provide them with whatever they need. I will pay your loans on my return. I wish you to convey my warm greetings to Ghulam Sakhi Khan and Abdul Jan too. I do not know whether they are in battlefronts or have returned to Pakistan. I would be grateful if you write a letter and inform me about all these subjects. I am sending this letter through a reliable man and have asked him to talk to you in person so that Chinese authorities would not be aware of this subject.

May God protect you. Please kiss Zahir Jan on my behalf. I have requested my friend to send you this letter from Pakistan, as it is impossible to send it from China.

May God protect you."