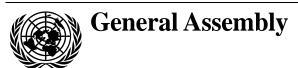
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Sixty-third session Second Committee

Agenda item 49 (g)

Sustainable development: report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its tenth special session

Draft resolution submitted by the Vice-Chairman of the Committee, Mr. Andrei Metelitsa (Belarus), on the basis of informal consultations held on draft resolution A/C.2/63/L.18

Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its tenth special session

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 2997 (XXVII) of 15 December 1972, 53/242 of 28 July 1999, 56/193 of 21 December 2001, 57/251 of 20 December 2002, 58/209 of 23 December 2003, 59/226 of 22 December 2004, 60/189 of 22 December 2005, 61/205 of 20 December 2006 and 62/195 of 19 December 2007,

Recalling also the 2005 World Summit Outcome, 1

Recognizing the need for more efficient environmental activities in the United Nations system, and noting the need to consider possible options to address this need, including through the ongoing informal consultative process on the institutional framework for United Nations environmental activities,

Taking into account Agenda 21² and the Plan of Implementation of the World Summit on Sustainable Development ("Johannesburg Plan of Implementation"),³

Reaffirming the role of the United Nations Environment Programme as the leading global environmental authority and principal body within the United

³ Report of the World Summit on Sustainable Development, Johannesburg, South Africa, 2 August-4 September 2002 (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.03.II.A.1 and corrigendum), chap. I, resolution 2, annex.



¹ See resolution 60/1.

² Report of the United Nations Conference on Environment and Development, Rio de Janeiro, 3-14 June 1992, vol. I, Resolutions Adopted by the Conference (United Nations publication, Sales No. E.93.I.8 and corrigendum), resolution 1, annex II.

Nations system in the field of environment, which should take into account, within its mandate, the sustainable development needs of developing countries,

Emphasizing that capacity-building and technology support to developing countries in environment-related fields are important components of the work of the United Nations Environment Programme,

Recognizing the need to accelerate implementation of the Bali Strategic Plan for Technology Support and Capacity-building,⁴ including through the provision of additional financial resources for that purpose,

- 1. *Takes note* of the report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its tenth special session⁵ and the decisions contained therein;⁶
- 2. Welcomes the continued efforts of the United Nations Environment Programme in shifting emphasis from delivery of outputs to achievement of results within its budget and programme of work, and also welcomes, in this regard, the United Nations Environment Programme Medium-term Strategy 2010-2013 which is results-based and elaborates six cross-cutting thematic priority areas of work and various means of implementation as a way of strengthening the work of the United Nations Environment Programme, bearing in mind all the relevant provisions of decisions of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme, and in this regard invites partner organizations to cooperate closely with the United Nations Environment Programme;
- 3. Stresses the need to further advance and fully implement the Bali Strategic Plan for Technology Support and Capacity-building,⁴ in this regard calls upon Governments and other stakeholders in a position to do so to provide the necessary funding and technical assistance, and welcomes the particular emphasis of the Medium-term Strategy 2010-2013 on significantly enhancing the capacity of the United Nations Environment Programme to deliver on the Bali Strategic Plan for Technology Support and Capacity-building;
- 4. Recognizes the progress made so far in the implementation of the Strategic Approach to International Chemicals Management,⁷ particularly through its Quick Start Programme,⁸ and invites Governments, regional economic integration organizations, intergovernmental organizations and non-governmental organizations to engage actively and cooperate closely to support the Strategic Approach implementation activities of the United Nations Environment Programme, including through providing adequate resources;
- 5. Also recognizes the global challenges posed by mercury, and, in this regard, welcomes the work of the ad hoc open-ended working group on mercury, established by the Governing Council at its twenty-fourth session, of to review and assess options for enhanced voluntary measures and new or existing international

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⁴ UNEP/GC.23/6/Add.1 and Corr.1, annex.

⁵ Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-third Session, Supplement No. 25 (A/63/25).

⁶ Ibid., annex I.

⁷ See the report of the International Conference on Chemicals Management on the work of its first session (SAICM/ICCM.1/7), annexes I-III.

⁸ See Official Records of the General Assembly, Sixty-second Session, Supplement No. 25 (A/62/25), annex I, decision 24/3.

⁹ Ibid.

legal instruments, and notes that the Governing Council will consider the outcomes of the work of the ad hoc open-ended working group at its twenty-fifth regular session;

- 6. *Emphasizes* the need for the United Nations Environment Programme, within its mandate, to further contribute to sustainable development programmes, the implementation of Agenda 21² and the Johannesburg Plan of Implementation,³ at all levels, and to the work of the Commission on Sustainable Development, bearing in mind the mandate of the Commission:
- 7. Notes that the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme at its tenth special session emphasized the need to implement fully decision SS.VII/1 on international environmental governance adopted by the Governing Council at its seventh special session, and also notes the continued discussions scheduled for the twenty-fifth session of the Governing Council;
- 8. Recognizes that the current global crises could adversely impact sustainable development and the achievement of the internationally agreed development goals, including the Millennium Development Goals, and emphasizes the need for mobilization of adequate funding to address their environmental aspects, and takes note of the proposal of the Executive Director of the United Nations Environment Programme, following consultations with the Bureau of the Governing Council and the Committee of Permanent Representatives to the United Nations Environment Programme, to address "Global crisis: national chaos" as one of the themes for the ministerial consultations, to be held at the twenty-fifth session of the Governing Council;
- 9. *Emphasizes* the need to further enhance coordination and cooperation among the relevant United Nations organizations in the promotion of the environmental dimension of sustainable development, and to enhance the cooperation between the United Nations Environment Programme and regional and subregional organizations, and welcomes the continued active participation of the United Nations Environment Programme in the United Nations Development Group and the Environment Management Group;
- 10. Takes note of the finding of Global Environment Outlook: Environment for Development, 10 the fourth in the series of assessment reports published by the United Nations Environment Programme, that current environmental degradation represents a serious challenge for human well-being and sustainable development, and expresses its deep concern over the evidence of unprecedented environmental changes at all levels, including possible irreversible changes with potentially negative implications for economic and social development, especially for the poor and vulnerable groups in society;
- 11. Reaffirms the need to strengthen the scientific base of the United Nations Environment Programme, as recommended by the intergovernmental consultation on strengthening of the scientific base of the Programme, including the reinforcement of the scientific capacity of developing countries, in the area of protection of the environment, including through the provision of adequate financial resources, and in this respect, emphasizes the importance of building on the

¹⁰ United Nations publication, Sales No. E.07.III.D.19.

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experiences gained from the preparation of different global environmental assessments as well as other relevant developments in this field;

- 12. Reiterates the need for stable, adequate and predictable financial resources for the United Nations Environment Programme, and, in accordance with General Assembly resolution 2997 (XXVII), underlines the need to consider the adequate reflection of all administrative and management costs of the Programme in the context of the United Nations regular budget;
- 13. *Invites* Governments that are in a position to do so to increase their contributions to the Environment Fund;
- 14. *Emphasizes* the importance of the Nairobi headquarters location of the United Nations Environment Programme, and requests the Secretary-General to keep the resource needs of the Programme and the United Nations Office at Nairobi under review so as to permit the delivery, in an effective manner, of necessary services to the Programme and to the other United Nations organs and organizations in Nairobi;
- 15. Decides to include in the provisional agenda of its sixty-fourth session, under the item entitled "Sustainable development", a sub-item entitled "Report of the Governing Council of the United Nations Environment Programme on its twenty-fifth session".

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