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المجلس الاقتصادي والاجتماعي



لجنة حقوق الإنسان

الدورة الحادية والستون

البنود ٣ و ٤ و ١١ (ب) من جدول الأعمال

تنظيم أعمال الدورة

تقرير مفوضة الأمم المتحدة السامية لحقوق الإنسان

ومتابعة المؤتمر العالمي لحقوق الإنسان

الحقوق المدنية والسياسية، بما في ذلك مسألة حالات الاختفاء

والإعدام بإجراءات موجزة

مذكرة شفوية مؤرخة ٨ آذار/مارس ٢٠٠٥ موجهة من البعثة الدائمة لجمهورية السودان

لدى مكتب الأمم المتحدة والمنظمات الدولية الأخرى في جنيف إلى مفوضية الأمم المتحدة

السامية لحقوق الإنسان

تهدي البعثة الدائمة لجمهورية السودان لدى مكتب الأمم المتحدة والمنظمات الدولية الأخرى في جنيف
تحياتها إلى مفوضية الأمم المتحدة السامية لحقوق الإنسان، ومتابعةً لمذكرتها الشفوية المؤرخة ٤ حزيران/يونيه
٢٠٠٤ (E/CN.4/2005/G/3) بشأن المرسوم الذي أصدره رئيس الجمهورية بإنشاء لجنة التحقيق في الادعاءات

المتعلقة بانتهاكات حقوق الإنسان في دارفور بغرب السودان، برئاسة رئيس القضاء السابق دفع الله الحاج يوسف،
تود البعثة أن توجه نظر المفوضية إلى إنشاء رئاسة الجمهورية اللجان التالية* تنفيذًا لتوصيات لجنة التحقيق
وبالتشاور مع رئيس القضاء.

وترجو البعثة الدائمة لجمهورية السودان تعميم هذه المذكرة كوثيقة رسمية من وثائق الدورة الحادية
والستين للجنة حقوق الإنسان في إطار البنود ٣ و ٤ و ١١ (ب) من بنود جدول أعمالها.

* النص مستنسخ في المرفق كما ورد باللغة التي قدم بها فقط.

Annex

- a. Judicial Investigation Committee headed by member of the High Court Hon. Mohamed Abd Alraheem.
- b. Damage Assessment Committee headed by Judge of the High Court Hon. Hussein Abulgasim.
- c. Administrative Committee headed by Police Force Gen. Eltayeb Abd Alraheem.

The measures, steps and findings of the three Committees to date are as follows:

A. Findings of the Judicial Investigation Committee:

After several visits to Darfur three states and several meetings with all concerned, the Committee drew the following conclusions:

- 1. Regarding Boram events the committee has received sufficient evidence that Justice and Equality Group has committed crimes of killing, robbery, sabotage, war crimes including attacks on areas protected by international law and killing protected groups including the burning alive of wounded persons.
- 2. In Kass the committee has received sufficient established evidence proving that some individuals have committed killings, burning, rape, forced displacement and torture.
- 3. Some villagers have deserted their villages in Kass locality because of the attacks against them as well as of fear of imminent attacks. They are still unwilling to return to their homes for lack of security as some of the criminals are still around in their areas.

B. Damage Assessment Committee:

The Committee has looked into and decided on 2002 cases in northern Darfur and southern Darfur. The Committee has launched a successful campaign of awareness to encourage people living in Camps to come forward with their complaints. The Committee will visit also Western Darfur. (Elgenina).

C. Findings of the Administrative Committee:

The Committee has held meetings in the capital Khartoum as well as in Darfur with concerned authorities, experts and concerned parties. The Committee indicated that corridors, which are used by nomadic tribes to cross from one area to another, are affected by scarcity of water, as well as by development projects and agricultural activities. The Committee advised that more consultation should be pursued with all beneficiaries. The situation is aggravated by drought and desertification in Darfur and land ownership problems. This situation has led to tensions and conflicts between nomadic and sedentary tribes. The Committee has established a Forum for Dialogue in order to facilitate dialogue between all concerned parties. The Committee will continue its work to find ways and means to solve these issues in collaboration with the affected populations and concerned authorities.
