a United Nations High Commissioner for Human Rights or some other appropriate international machinery,

Recalling also that in its resolution 2333 (XXII) of 18 December 1967 the General Assembly expressed regret that the consideration of this question had not been possible owing to the heavy programme of work and decided to give high priority to the consideration of the question at its twenty-third session,

Regretting that, despite that decision, it has not been possible to do so owing to the heavy programme of work at the current session,

- 1. Again decides to give high priority, in accordance with the aforementioned resolutions and decisions to the consideration of this question at its twenty-fourth session:
- 2. Requests the Secretary-General to provide the General Assembly at its twenty-fourth session with all the relevant information prepared in conformity with the resolutions of the General Assembly, the Economic and Social Council and the Commission on Human Rights on this matter.

1748th plenary meeting, 19 December 1968.

## 2438 (XXIII). Measures to be taken against nazism and racial intolerance

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolution 2331 (XXII) of 18 December 1967 on measures to be taken against nazism and racial intolerance,

Reaffirming that racism, nazism and the ideology and policy of apartheid are incompatible with the objectives of the Charter of the United Nations and the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the Convention on the Prevention and Punishment of the Crime of Genocide, the United Nations Declaration on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination, the International Convention on the Elimination of All Forms of Racial Discrimination and other international instruments,

Expressing its deep concern at the fact that, in spite of General Assembly resolution 2331 (XXII), the activities of groups and organizations propagating racism, nazism and similar ideologies based on terrorism and racial intolerance still continue,

Bearing in mind that such ideologies have in the past led to barbarous acts which outraged the conscience of mankind, to other heinous violations of human rights and eventually to a war which brought indescribable suffering to mankind,

Recalling that the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, the International Covenant on Economic, Social and Cultural Rights and the International Covenant on Civil and Political Rights stipulate that nothing in those instruments may be interpreted as implying for any State, group or person any right to engage in any activity or to perform any act such as racist or nazi practices and similar ideologies aimed at the destruction of any of the rights set forth therein,

Taking note of resolution II on measures to be taken against nazism and racial intolerance, adopted on 11 May 1968 by the International Conference on Human Rights,<sup>22</sup>

<sup>22</sup> See Final Act of the International Conference on Human Rights (United Nations publication, Sales No.: E.68.XIV.2), p. 5.

- 1. Once again resolutely condemns racism, nazism, apartheid and all similar ideologies and practices which are based on racial intolerance and terror as a gross violation of human rights and fundamental freedoms and of the principles of the Charter of the United Nations, and which may jeopardize world peace and the security of peoples;
- 2. Urgently calls upon all States to take without delay, with due regard to the principles contained in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights, legislative and other positive measures to outlaw groups and organizations which are disseminating propaganda for racism, nazism, the policy of apartheid and other forms of racial intolerance, and to prosecute them in the courts:
- 3. Calls upon all States and peoples, as well as national and international organizations, to strive for the eradication, as soon as possible and once and for all, of racism, nazism and similar ideologies and practices, including apartheid, which are based on racial intolerance and terror;
- 4. Requests the Secretary-General to submit to the General Assembly a survey of information which may be available to him on international instruments, legislation and other measures taken or envisaged, both at the national and international levels, with a view to halting racist, nazi and similar activities, such as apartheid;
- 5. Invites States Members of the United Nations and members of the specialized agencies to co-operate with the Secretary-General by providing him with information of this kind;
- 6. Decides to consider at its twenty-fourth session the question of measures to be taken against nazism and racial intolerance.

1748th plenary meeting, 19 December 1968.

## 2439 (XXIII). Measures for effectively combating racial discrimination and the policies of apartheid and segregation in southern Africa

The General Assembly,

Having considered the recommendation contained in Economic and Social Council resolution 1332 (XLIV) of 31 May 1968,

Recalling its resolution 2144 A (XXI) of 26 October 1966, in which it invited the Economic and Social Council and the Commission on Human Rights to give urgent consideration to ways and means of improving the capacity of the United Nations to put a stop to violations of human rights wherever they may occur,

Recalling also its resolution 2145 (XXI) of 27 October 1966, by which it terminated South Africa's Mandate for Namibia, then called South West Africa,

Taking into account its resolutions 2307 (XXII) of 13 December 1967 on the policies of apartheid of the Government of South Africa and 2324 (XXII) and 2325 (XXII) of 16 December 1967 on the question of Namibia,

Taking into account the documents and recommendations of the seminars on apartheid held in Brazil in 1966 and in Zambia in 1967,

Gravely concerned at the evidence of inhuman practices by the Government of South Africa and by the illegal racist minority régime in Southern Rhodesia