Mauritius and Southern Yemen in list A of the annex to General Assembly resolution 2152 (XXI);

2. Decides also to include in list A of the annex Equatorial Guinea and Swaziland, which have recently been admitted to membership in the United Nations.

> 1723rd plenary meeting, 19 November 1968.

As a result of the above resolution, the lists of States eligible for membership in the Industrial Development Board will be as follows:

A. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (a), OF GENERAL ASSEMBLY RESOLUTION 2152 (XXI)

Afghanistan Malaysia Maldive Islands Algeria Botswana Mali Mauritania Burma Burundi Mauritius Cambodia Mongolia Morocco Cameroon Central African Republic Nepal Niger Cevlon Chad Nigeria Pakistan China Congo (Brazzaville) Philippines Republic of Korea Congo (Democratic Republic Republic of Viet-Nam of) Dahomey Rwanda Saudi Arabia Equatorial Guinea Ethiopia Senegal Sierra Leone Gabon Gambia Singapore Ghana Somalia Guinea South Africa Southern Yemen India Indonesia Sudan Swaziland Tran Irag Svria Israel Thailand Ivory Coast Togo Jordan Tunisia Kenya Uganda Kuwait United Arab Republic United Republic of Tanzania Laos Upper Volta Lebanon Lesotho Western Samoa Liberia Yemen Libya Yugoslavia Madagascar Zambia Malawi

B. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (b)

Australia	Luxembourg
Austria	Malta
Belgium	Monaco
Canada	Netherlands
Cyprus	New Zealand
Denmark	Norway
Federal Republic of Germany	Portugal
Finland	San Marino
France	Spain
Greece	Sweden
Holy See	Switzerland
Iceland	Turkey
Ireland	United Kingdom of Great
Italy	Britain and Northern
Japan	Ireland
Liechtenstein	United States of America

C. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (c)

Argentina	Haiti
Bolivia	Honduras
Brazil	Jamaica
Chile	Mexico
Colombia	Nicaragua
Costa Rica	Panama
Cuba	Paraguay
Dominican Republic	Peru
Ecuador	Trinidad and Tobago
El Salvador	Uruguay

ruguay Venezuela

Guatemala Guyana

D. LIST OF STATES INDICATED IN SECTION II, PARAGRAPH 4 (d)

Albania Poland. Bulgaria Byelorussian Soviet Socialist Ukrainian Soviet Socialist Republic Republic Czechoslovakia Union of Soviet Socialist Hungary Republics

2386 (XXIII). Permanent sovereignty over natural resources

The General Assembly.

Recalling its resolutions 523 (VI) of 12 January 1952, 626 (VII) of 21 December 1952, 1515 (XV) of 15 December 1960 and 1803 (XVII) of 14 December 1962.

Reaffirming the principles and recommendations contained in its resolution 2158 (XXI) of 25 November

Noting the progress report of the Secretary-General on permanent sovereignty over natural resources2 and his suggestion that a further report might be submitted,

Considering that the full exercise of permanent sovereignty over natural resources will play an important role in the achievement of the goals of the Second United Nations Development Decade,

Considering that resolution 2158 (XXI) contains guidelines for the Secretary-General for the elaboration of the report requested under section II, sub-paragraph (c), of that resolution,

- 1. Requests the Secretary-General to include in his further report a comprehensive account of the implementation of the principles and recommendations set forth in General Assembly resolution 2158 (XXI), in particular section I, paragraphs 5, 6 and 7;
- 2. Decides to consider the report of the Secretary-General at its twenty-fifth session.

1723rd plenary meeting, 19 November 1968.

2387 (XXIII). Conversion to peaceful needs of the resources released by disarmament

The General Assembly,

Recalling its resolutions 1837 (XVII) of 18 December 1962, 2092 (XX) of 20 December 1965 and 2171 (XXI) of 6 December 1966 on the conversion to peaceful needs of the resources released by disarmament,

Stressing the importance of utilizing resources released by disarmament for the purpose of economic and social development, in particular of the developing countries.

² Ibid., Twenty-third Session, Annexes, agenda item 39, document A/7268.

Convinced that general and complete disarmament should be the final goal of all disarmament efforts,

Recognizing the importance of partial disarmament measures as a promising way of achieving genuine progress in the disarmament field and in releasing resources, both financial and human, for social and economic development,

Noting that the formulation of the framework for national and international studies and activities regarding economic and social aspects of disarmament agreed upon by the Economic and Social Council³ and the questionnaire on the economic and social consequences of disarmament agreed upon by the Administrative Committee on Co-ordination4 do not exclude the possibilities of studying the economic and social consequences of various partial disarmament measures as well,

- 1. Takes note of the Secretary-General's report entitled "Economic and social consequences of disarmament: conversion to peaceful uses of the resources released by disarmament";5
- 2. Requests the Secretary-General, when inviting Member States to submit national studies in accordance with General Assembly resolutions 2092 (XX) and 2171 (XXI), to draw their attention to the present resolution and to suggest that they may wish to embody, in some of their studies, considerations on the anticipated effects of important partial disarmament measures.

1723rd plenary meeting. 19 November 1968.

2388 (XXIII). United Nations Institute for Training and Research

The General Assembly,

Recalling its past resolutions relating to the United Nations Institute for Training and Research, particularly resolution 2277 (XXII) of 4 December 1967, and the resolutions of the Economic and Social Council on that subject, particularly resolution 1339 (XLV) of 16 July 1968,

- 1. Takes note of the report of the Executive Director of the United Nations Institute for Training and
- 2. Endorses Economic and Social Council resolution 1339 (XLV);
- 3. Notes with satisfaction the Executive Director's policy paper,7 annexed to his report to the General Assembly, on the strategy, scope and limitations of the Institute's training activities, which has been approved by the Board of Trustees;
- 4. Further notes that the Executive Director intends to conduct a review of the research programmes of the Institute to be submitted in due course to the Board of
- 5. Commends the Institute's expanding activities in both training and research and recognizes the importance of these activities, particularly the study on the international migration of professionals from developing

3 See Official Records of the Economic and Social Council, Forty-fifth Session, Annexes, agenda item 3, document E/4494,

4 Ibid

- to developed countries and the study on the criteria and methods of evaluation, in the preparations for the Second United Nations Development Decade;
- 6. Reaffirms the importance of co-operation and coordination between the Institute and the United Nations Secretariat, the specialized agencies, the regional economic commissions and other United Nations bodies including the other institutes within the United Nations family—as well as appropriate national and international institutions;
- 7. Expresses its appreciation of the assistance given or pledged to the Institute in various forms by Governments and non-governmental sources;
- 8. Invites the Executive Director to take into account, in his formulation of future plans of action to be considered by the Board of Trustees, the suggestions made in the course of the debate on this item;
- 9. Notes and supports the case presented by the Executive Director for greater financial support for the Institute through the fulfilment of the pledges already made by Governments and through additional voluntary contributions from governmental and nongovernmental sources.

1723rd plenary meeting, 19 November 1968.

2401 (XXIII). Technical assistance in trade and related fields

The General Assembly,

Having considered Trade and Development Board resolution 44 (VII) of 21 September 1968 on technical assistance in trade and related fields,

Taking note of the statement made by the Secretary-General of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development on this subject at the seventh session of the Board,9

Recalling its resolutions 2207 (XXI) of 17 December 1966 and 2297 (XXII) of 12 December 1967,

- 1. Endorses the recommendations contained in Trade and Development Board resolution 44 (VII);
- 2. Decides that the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development shall be a participating organization of the United Nations Development Programme in conformity with General Assembly resolution 2029 (XX) of 22 November 1965.

1741st plenary meeting, 13 December 1968.

2402 (XXIII). United Nations Conference on Trade and Development

The General Assembly,

Recalling the objective laid down in its resolution 2296 (XXII) of 12 December 1967 for the second session of the United Nations Conference on Trade and Development and its decision to consider the results of the second session of the Conference as a matter of high priority,

Further recalling its resolution 2305 (XXII) of 13 December 1967 on the United Nations Development Decade, in which, inter alia, it recognized that the

part II, annex I.

9 Ibid., Trade and Development Board resolution 44 (VII),

⁵ Ibid., document E/4494; E/4494/Add.1.
6 Official Records of the General Assembly, Twenty-third Session, agenda item 43, document A/7263.
7 Ibid., annex II.

⁸ Ibid., Twenty-third Session, Supplement No. 14 (A/7214),