



General Assembly

Distr.: General
18 February 2020

English only

Human Rights Council

Forty-third session

24 February–20 March 2020

Agenda item 4

Human rights situations that require the Council's attention

Written statement* submitted by Association for Defending Victims of Terrorism, a non-governmental organization in special consultative status

The Secretary-General has received the following written statement which is circulated in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1996/31.

[02 February 2020]

* Issued as received, in the language(s) of submission only.



Human rights as a consistent process

Human rights are the legal rules authoring on human behaviour in world society and is under authority of different legal systems; and everyone based on it and his human nature and without any differences by nationality, religion, geography and race, etc. has rights and obligations. The rights which are inalienable and everlasting and have been affirmed and asserted by major religions like Judaism, Christianity, Islam and even other religions in the world.

This controversial word has been under many misconceptions and there has been no success of international monitoring including the United Nations. Terrorism as the strongest violation of human rights in Islamic Republic of Iran, Afghanistan, Pakistan, Iraq, Syrian Arab Republic, Yemen, Nigeria, the Sudan and other countries is culminating its case of crimes against humanity. But the terrorist organizations' leaders and their supporting states are organizing evils against vulnerable nations. It seems that they don't believe in any human dignity and values, which has been asserted in UN charter. They abuse the human rights and this is the reality of the human rights that are forgotten necessities nowadays.

Human rights are consistent and united and must be seen in process, but the Special Rapporteur of the situation of human rights in Iran focus on the particular and premeditated subjects. Static view about these useful rules of human life is not helpful and not only has no effect in spreading of the human rights but hinders the actions of civil societies and activists. There are thousands of victims of terrorism in Iran which resulted in affecting thousands of families. Affording the physical, financial and mental needs of these persons is an exhausting and complex work. Unfortunately, the mandate holder pays no attention to these vast numbers of violations of human rights.

Daesh (ISIS) is by-product of this neglect about human rights of victims of terrorism as a priority of human rights in any country. Without the full attention to human rights of victims of terrorism, tackling this problem is impossible and useless. How can we protect human rights and say nothing about the victims and terrorism as the main violator of human rights? Addressing to the effect while ignoring the cause will lead to spreading terrorism in the world, as we see today.

As a member of civil society and human rights defender of victims of terrorism, in order to defend the rights of thousands of victims of terrorism in Iran, we propose Special Rapporteur on the situation of human rights in Iran, after decades of violations of human rights by terrorist groups in Iran, to allocate some parts of his next report to atrocious crimes against innocent people and the pains of the victims and survivors.
