



# Assemblée générale

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## Conseil des droits de l'homme

### Trente-septième session

26 février-23 mars 2018

Point 3 de l'ordre du jour

**Promotion et protection de tous les droits de l'homme,  
civils, politiques, économiques, sociaux et culturels,  
y compris le droit au développement**

## **Communication de la Commission des droits de l'homme et de la bonne gouvernance de la Tanzanie\***

### **Note du secrétariat**

Le secrétariat du Conseil des droits de l'homme fait tenir ci-joint la communication présentée par la Commission des droits de l'homme et de la bonne gouvernance de la Tanzanie\*\*, qui est reproduite conformément à l'article 7 b) du Règlement intérieur figurant dans l'annexe de la résolution 5/1 du Conseil, qui dispose que la participation des institutions nationales des droits de l'homme s'exerce selon les modalités et les pratiques convenues par la Commission des droits de l'homme, y compris la résolution 2005/74 du 20 avril 2005.

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- \* Institution nationale des droits de l'homme à laquelle l'Alliance globale des institutions nationales pour la promotion et la protection des droits de l'homme a accordé le statut d'accréditation « A ».
- \*\* La communication est reproduite en annexe telle qu'elle a été reçue, dans la langue de l'original seulement.



## **Annexe**

### **Persons with albinism in Tanzania**

The Commission for Human Rights and Good Governance (CHRAGG) is pleased to give a statement in this 37<sup>th</sup> Session of the Council and thank the Council for their commitment in ensuring that human rights are well protected worldwide.

In this session, CHRAGG would like to congratulate the Tanzanian government for the initiatives it has taken in making sure disability rights are well protected and promoted in the country, where among the undertaken measures is the protection of right of Persons with Albinism including prosecution of perpetrators of this shameful crime.

So far the government has signed and domesticated number of International and Regional human rights instruments that protect and recognize the rights of person with disabilities. We can all agree that our government has been forefront in ensuring that atrocities against persons with albinism have been stopped and their rights being respected and protected by every individual. This sets the country as a good example for many other African countries going through the same problem.

We would also like to extend our congratulations to the United Nations Independent Expert on the enjoyment of rights of persons with albinism for the work she has been doing in fulfilling the mission of promoting and protecting human rights of persons with albinism.

The Commission would also like to thank the United Nations Country Team of Tanzania for their effective cooperation.

#### **Initiatives taken by the Institution**

The Commission for Human Rights and Good Governance is an independent government institution and is vested with a broad mandate, powers and competence to promote, protect and preserve human rights and principles of good governance in Tanzania mainland and Zanzibar Island.

The institution convened several stakeholders meetings with the aim of adopting measures to end the killings and brutalities committed against persons with albinism since the incidents were first reported in 2007.

The meetings were conducted in collaboration with the President's Office Regional Administration and Local Government, Judiciary, Office of the Attorney Generals Chamber (AGC), Office of the Director of Public Prosecution (DPP) and other stakeholders from the Civil Society Organizations (CSOs), Media and Religious organizations.

#### **Measures taken**

Among the measures taken in those meetings includes:

- Creation of public awareness on the rights of persons with Albinism, where all stakeholders should ensure that the existing initiatives and strategies are disseminated such that no community should remain unreached by awareness and other campaigns to end attacks and killings of Persons with Albinism,
- Developing Action Plan to end the problem, which contains specific tasks for every stakeholder, within specified time frame and report quarterly on measures taken,
- The President Office- Regional Administration and Local Government should get involved in all activities and interventions particularly in local government authorities on activities that aim to combat attacks and killings of Persons with Albinism.
- Bringing to justice the alleged perpetrators of these barbaric acts.

#### **Challenges**

Challenges which hinder the efforts to stop the killings of persons with albinism includes:

- **Cultural barriers and myths.** There are societies which still believe that persons with albinism are not normal persons. This is mainly due to lack of understanding on albinism, that it is the lack of melanin in the human skin and that a human being is born with albinism when both parents carry a gene of albinism. Negative beliefs are widespread in the societies that PWA are unique human beings who possess supernatural powers which can be exploited for economic or political advantage,
- **Financial constraints and lack of adequate working tools.** Financial constraints as well as inadequate working tools among some government authorities working on the protection of the human rights of persons with albinism is a major challenge in ending attacks against PWA,,
- **Some of PWA lives in the risk areas.** Some of the PWAs are living in isolated places and remote rural areas which is a risk to their security. Some of them live in restricted areas such as game and forest reserves, a situation which further endanger their lives,
- **Failure to differentiate between Traditional healers and witchdoctors.** There is a problem of differentiating between alternative traditional medicine practitioners and witchdoctors. These are accused for fueling the demand of some parts of PWAs for witchcrafts beliefs.

The Commission continues to work with the State, Civil Society Organisations and other international mechanisms so as to end atrocities against persons with albinism.

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