



General Assembly

Distr.: General
30 August 2017

English only

Human Rights Council

Thirty-sixth session

11-29 September 2017

Agenda item 3

**Promotion and protection of all human rights, civil,
political, economic, social and cultural rights,
including the right to development**

Written statement* submitted by the Al Zubair Charitable Foundation, a non-governmental organization in special consultative status

The Secretary-General has received the following written statement which is circulated in accordance with Economic and Social Council resolution 1996/31.

[18 August 2017]

* This written statement is issued, unedited, in the language(s) received from the submitting non-governmental organization(s).

GE.17-15092(E)



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Economic Sanctions against Sudan

Dear Ladies and Gentle Men, Chairman and Members of UN Human Right Council
Greeting you all and appreciate Your High Excellency

Continuously in our gracious effort to combat the injustice embargo against Sudan. We have eligible rights as effective member in the international community and our consideration to the commitment of the global corporations towards the Sudanese community which is well-known with goodness and hospitality, a community whose ancestors had launched a campaign of soldiers as the rights of the horses had been violated at a time when the concept of human right was not practiced. The Sudanese people has created stability and peace in spite of changing environment and managed to produce peaceful heritage and religious co-existence and got its independences without bloodshed.

On behalf of Sudanese people who is well knowledgeable about humanity and consolidating with others for the sake of human dignity and creating a world of peace, justice and prosperity. I convey some inhuman aspects imposed on our innocent Sudanese people and charged with continuous allegations.

Esteemed UN Council of Human Rights, Sudan is a young country with extended family and gives special care to children and their rights at the government and community level. The Sudanese community and government exert great efforts to provide good environment for welfare of the children and their rights. However, the sanctions hinder the role of the government for providing health care, the government cannot provide the effective medicines for childhood care and available drugs are too expensive buy. The economic sanctions hinder the provision of sufficient food, necessary infrastructure for health care, education and qualification for children and in addition this lack of entertainment in large country Sudan which needs huge and consolidating efforts to provide necessary services in remote parts of the country.

So far, we request the UN council of Human Right to practice pressure on the United States of America to lift the sanctions from Sudan so that our children will fully enjoy their rights. The UN Human Right Council should also tackle the children issues as they represent priority in human development and pillars of children future and therefore they should be given full right in health and education.

These sanctions are hard violation to children rights and deprive them from the quality of life. Therefore we are totally rejecting these sanctions as they affect negatively the children, women and disabilities.

Esteemed UN Council of Human Rights. The woman participates in social and economic aspects of life. The woman rights are protected by constitution, law and social Sudanese norms. The Sudanese woman has hold different jobs in many fields achieving better performance than the Sudanese man. The woman has made use of the benefits of positive gender and empowerment in institutions and corporations of the states. However, the woman one of the vulnerable groups has also been affected by the injustice and harmful sanctions. Due to bad economic circumstances many families broke down, devoices, late marriage, lack nutritious food during pregnant and after birth. The sanction also prevents the stakeholders from providing health care and reduce death rate among women and children. We therefore request the UN council of the Human Rights to make justice for the Sudanese woman for her historical activities and potential humanitarian role.

Esteemed UN Council of Human Rights, we would also assure you that Sudan is no far the movement of international community towards the promotion and protection of the rights of disability people. Sudan has signed on the international treaty of the rights of the disabilities. Accordingly Sudan has established national union of the disabilities, the role of Ministry of Social Welfare and National Security towards supervision and oversight of institutes and associations of the disabilities, monitor and evaluate of their activities. This reflects the keenness of the Sudanese government in justice for the disability with any types of discrimination in legislation protecting laws of the disabilities. In addition to this, the disabilities enjoy social and moral support from the Sudanese community. However, the disable people suffer from lack of providing moving and transporting means. Most these means are imported from abroad

through international bank procedures which are hindered by the economic sanctions. The percentage of disability is increased due to conflicts because of development grievances and Sudan has not got international aid which should have been geared towards development projects of water sanitation, nomadic stability, climate reservation and combating of desertification. The sanction deprive the disability group of chance education, qualification and good living standard. These development programmers need international support and advanced technology which are very hard to be provided by the government under the economic sanctions. Now it is time for all of to consolidate to lift the sanctions for the sake of the Sudanese society in general and the disabilities in particular in Sudan which has recently stopped the longest war in Africa.

Esteemed UN Council of Human Rights, in the conclusion we convey to you that the children, women and disable people are the most affected groups by the imposed economic sanctions because Sudan as you know has open borders and surrounded by countries from which come some diseases that need high technical laboratory to diagnose them, the sanctions hindered this. Some samples are sent abroad, to Europe for example which takes long time, it very hard for Sudan to import vaccination subsistence and drug which pave the way for spreading of diseases among children and women. As you know Sudan does receive direct support for combating diseases of Malaria and Tuberculosis. Many grants have been rejected e.g insulin and heart medicines and cancer. There are urgent needs of soft ware and spare parts, kidney cleaning machines and other medical equipments.

Therefore the sanctions cause more problems and increasing suffering for patients in one hand and spreading of disease from other hand especially among children, women and disable people.

The imposing of economic sanctions is considered violation to UN convention for human right, child law, human right laws, all laws and human norms.

Now it time for your Esteemed UN Council of Human Rights to be a point of international humanitarian alliance for lifting of these sanctions from Sudanese people which is considers a member of international community, receive and host refugees and displaced people and contribute to fight against terrorism and making of stability and co-existence in spite of the effect of these sanction.
