



## Asamblea General

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### Consejo de Derechos Humanos

16º período de sesiones

Tema 3 de la agenda

**Promoción y protección de todos los derechos humanos,  
civiles, políticos, económicos, sociales y culturales,  
incluido el derecho al desarrollo**

### **Información presentada por la Comisión de Derechos Humanos de Malasia (SUHAKAM)\***

#### **Nota de la Secretaría**

La Secretaría del Consejo de Derechos Humanos transmite adjunta la comunicación presentada por la Comisión de Derechos Humanos de Malasia (SUHAKAM)\*\*, que se reproduce a continuación de conformidad con el artículo 7 b) del reglamento que figura en el anexo de la resolución 5/1 del Consejo, según el cual la participación de las instituciones nacionales de derechos humanos se basará en las disposiciones y prácticas convenidas por la Comisión de Derechos Humanos, incluida la resolución 2005/74, de 20 de abril de 2005.

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\* La institución nacional de derechos humanos tiene la acreditación de la categoría "A" ante el Comité Internacional de Coordinación de las Instituciones Nacionales para la Promoción y la Protección de los Derechos Humanos.

\*\* Se reproduce en el anexo como se recibió, en el idioma en que se presentó únicamente.

## Anexo

### **SUHAKAM concurs with the initial findings and recommendations of the UN Working Group on Arbitrary Detention**

The UN Working Group on Arbitrary Detention conducted a country mission to Malaysia on 7-18 June 2010, following an invitation from the Government of Malaysia. During this mission, the Working Group also met with relevant government and non-government bodies including the Human Rights Commission of Malaysia (SUHAKAM). A statement was released by the Working Group upon conclusion of its mission to Malaysia, on 18 June 2010, which outlines its initial findings and recommendations.

SUHAKAM concurs with the Working Group's initial findings and recommendations, which among others recommended that the Government repeal the four preventive laws, namely the Internal Security Act 1960 (ISA), the Emergency (Public Order and Prevention of Crime) Ordinance 1969 (EO), the Dangerous Drugs (Special Preventive Measures) Act 1985 (DDA), and the Restricted Residence Act 1933 (RRA).

SUHAKAM is against arbitrary detention and recommends that the Government repeal all preventive laws in Malaysia as they are inconsistent with human rights principles. In 2003, SUHAKAM released a report entitled "The Review of the Internal Security Act 1960" for the Government's consideration. The report identifies long and short term recommendations in relation to the ISA. SUHAKAM urges the Government to repeal the ISA and replace it with a new and comprehensive law that takes a tough stand on threats to national security and, at the same time, is in line with human rights standards.

SUHAKAM welcomes the announcements made by the Prime Minister and the Minister of Home Affairs, that a review would be undertaken on the ISA and related laws including EO, DDA and RRA, to ensure a comprehensive change in dealing with security issues in Malaysia. SUHAKAM hopes that the review will lead to amendments that will not only complement the existing laws but are also consistent with human rights principles especially with regard to the detainees' right to personal liberty, the right to a fair trial and the right to be presumed innocent until proven guilty as enshrined in Articles 3, 10 and 11(1) of the Universal Declaration of Human Rights 1948 (UDHR).

SUHAKAM also notes the Working Group's recommendation, during its meeting with SUHAKAM on 16 June 2010, that SUHAKAM request for participation in the deliberations of the Advisory Board.

In addition, SUHAKAM is of the view that the Government should incorporate measures towards the abolition of preventive laws, in the soon-to-be-developed National Human Rights Action Plan.

Through SUHAKAM's regular visits to places of detention including prisons and immigration detention centres, SUHAKAM verifies that the conditions in prisons have improved nationwide, especially in relation to overcrowding. The introduction of the Parole System and the operation of new prisons in Machang (in the state of Kelantan) and Bentong (in the state of Pahang) have helped ease overcrowding. SUHAKAM recommends that the Government make bilateral arrangements to repatriate foreigners, so that they can serve their sentence in their home country.<sup>1</sup>

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<sup>1</sup> SUHAKAM Annual Report 2009, p.33.

However, the same cannot be said about immigration detention centres. The poor conditions in immigration detention centres have led SUHAKAM to recommend that the Government upgrade facilities in the centres, prioritise hygiene and cleanliness to prevent the spread of diseases and assign medical staff to be permanently based at the centres. SUHAKAM also recommends that the Government develop measures to identify and separate trafficking in persons among migrant workers.

SUHAKAM also welcomes the Working Group's recommendation for the Government to strengthen the status, powers and functions of SUHAKAM, in line with the Paris Principles and to take necessary measures to ensure SUHAKAM's "A" status is maintained in the International Coordinating Committee of National Institutions for the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights (ICC).

SUHAKAM is pleased to be informed that on 28 January 2011, the International Coordinating Committee of National Institutions for the Promotion and Protection of Human Rights (ICC) confirmed SUHAKAM's 'A' status. SUHAKAM records its appreciation to the Government for the constructive steps taken in the retention of SUHAKAM's 'A' status.

SUHAKAM hopes that the Government will take cognizance of the report of the Working Group and take necessary measures towards the abolition of preventive laws or, pending the abolition, to ensure the amendments that the Government intends to undertake, are in compliance with human rights norms.

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