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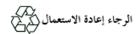
مجلس حقوق الإنسان الدورة الثانية عشرة البند ١٠ من حدول الأعمال المساعدة التقنية وبناء القدرات

رسالة مؤرخة ١٢ تشرين الأول/أكتوبر ٢٠٠٩ وموجهة إلى رئييس مجلس حقوق الإنسان من البعثة الدائمة لمملكة كمبوديا

أتشرف بأن أشير إلى البيان الذي ألقاه البروفيسور سوريا سوبيدي المقرر الخاص المعني بحقوق الإنسان في كمبوديا يوم ١ تشرين الأول/أكتوبر ٢٠٠٩، أثناء المناقشة التفاعلية في إطار البند ١٠ بشأن الخدمات الاستشارية والمساعدة التقنية لكمبوديا في الدورة الثانية عشرة لمحلس حقوق الإنسان؛ وفي هذا الصدد أود إبداء بضعة تعليقات على هذا البيان بالإضافة إلى بياني في المناقشة التفاعلية (انظر المرفق)* وأكون ممتناً لو أمكنكم تعميم هذه الرسالة كوثيقة توضع في الوثائق الرسمية للمجلس.

(*توقيع)* سون سوون السفير والممثل الدائم

^{*} تُعمم هذه الرسالة بجميع اللغات الرسمية. أما المرفق لهذه الرسالة فيُعمم كما ورد وباللغة التي قُدم بها فقط.



Annex

1. Rule of Law:

The country has emerged from scratch over the past tragic period and its consequences were enormous for Cambodia to overcome, including addressing the areas of legal and judiciary system. The Royal Government has thus made its great strides on improvement of the legal and judiciary systems through its reform process over the past decade, mainly on the enactment of laws, establishment of strategies and institutional frameworks and taking the necessary steps to strengthen and improve the capacity, independence, and neutrality of the Court system.

As a matter of fact, Cambodia has thus made significant progress in adopting various legislations and enhancing its institutional capacities. For example, in the Third Legislature, a total number of 140 laws were promulgated to enhance the legal system in the country. The Court system has significantly been strengthened with the support from development partners. With regard to the Special Rapporteur's concern on the issue of impunity as mentioned in his statement, we would like to underlines the policy of the government that there is no impunity in Cambodia. Any offence and infringement shall be punished without exception. The Royal Government of Cambodia has made significant and various efforts to conduct full investigations toward alleged culprits and bring them to the court in accordance with the Cambodian law. Some of those achievements have also been recognised in the draft resolution on human rights in Cambodia, as adopted by the Council at its twelfth Session. We acknowledged that there are more works that need to be done, but progress so far should be recognized as a positive step in its overall achievements of Cambodia.

2. Freedom of Expression:

We disagree to the view that "some of the core political rights such as freedom of expression and peaceful assembly have been undermined in Cambodia". In reality, the Cambodian people have largely enjoyed the right of freedom of expression and other fundamental rights. However it should also be recognised that the exercise of the right to freedom of opinion and expression is an important indicator of the level of protection of other human rights and freedoms, bearing in mind that all human rights are universal, indivisible, interdependent and interrelated. In this context, the International Covenant of Civil and Political Rights provides for in its Article 19 (3) that the exercise of freedom of expression carries with its special duties and responsibilities. It may therefore be subject to certain restrictions, but these shall only be such as are provided by law and are necessary:

- (a) For respect of the rights or reputations of others;
- (b) For the protection of national security or of public order, or of public health or morals.

These are the context that reflects the recent situation involving a few cases of the disinformation and defamation in Cambodia. Like any other democratic countries in the world, Cambodia can't allow the proliferation of voluntary public defamation and disinformation intended to create social disorder, which is detrimental to the well being of the entire society and the dignity of all citizens.

GE.09-16826 2

Finally, we wish to stress that Cambodia remains committed to guaranteeing this fundamental right which we have embraced as one of the essential foundations of building a democratic society. Cambodia has been actively promoting the exercise of the rights to freedom of expression by its citizens that can play a positive role (such as criticism) in the strengthening of democracy and human rights under its Constitution and in line with relevant international instruments.

3 GE.09-16826