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# Draft provisional rules of procedure of the International Meeting to Review the Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States 

## Note by the Secretary-General

1. The General Assembly, in its resolution 57/262, decided to hold an international meeting to review the implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States in 2004 in Mauritius.
2. The draft provisional rules of procedure for the international meeting are contained in the annex to the present note, and are submitted to the General Assembly for approval.

# Draft provisional rules of procedure of the International Meeting to Review the Implementation of the Programme of Action for the Sustainable Development of Small Island Developing States 

## I. Representation and credentials

## Rule 1

Composition of delegations
The delegation of each State participating in the International Meeting shall consist of a head of delegation and such other representatives, alternate representatives and advisers as may be required.

## Rule 2

## Alternates and advisers

The head of delegation may designate an alternate representative or an adviser to act as a representative.

## Rule 3

## Submission of credentials

The credentials of representatives and the names of alternate representatives and advisers shall be submitted to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, if possible not less than one week before the date fixed for the opening of the International Meeting. The credentials shall be issued either by the Head of the State or Government or by the Minister for Foreign Affairs or, in the case of the European Community, by the President of the European Commission.

## Rule 4

## Credentials Committee

A Credentials Committee of nine members shall be appointed at the beginning of the International Meeting. Its composition shall be based on that of the Credentials Committee of the General Assembly of the United Nations at its fiftyeighth session. It shall examine the credentials of representatives and report to the International Meeting without delay.

## Rule 5

Provisional participation in the International Meeting
Pending a decision of the International Meeting upon their credentials, representatives shall be entitled to participate provisionally in the Conference.

## II. Officers

## Rule 6

## Elections

The International Meeting shall elect from among the representatives of participating States the following officers: a President and 14 Vice-Presidents, ${ }^{4}$ from among which shall be selected a Rapporteur-General, as well as a Chairman for the Main Committee established in accordance with rule 46. These officers shall be elected with a view to ensuring the representative character of the General Committee. The International Meeting may also elect such other officers as it deems necessary for the performance of its functions.

## Rule 7

## General powers of the President

1. In addition to exercising the powers conferred upon him elsewhere by these rules, the President shall preside at the plenary meetings of the International Meeting, declare the opening and closing of each meeting, put questions to the vote and announce decisions. The President shall rule on points of order and, subject to these rules, shall have complete control of the proceedings and over the maintenance of order thereat. The President may propose to the International Meeting the closure of the list of speakers, a limitation on the time to be allowed to speakers and on the number of times each representative may speak on a question, the adjournment or closure of the debate and the suspension or the adjournment of a meeting.
2. The President, in the exercise of his functions, remains under the authority of the International Meeting.

## Rule 8

## Acting President

1. If the President is absent from a meeting or any part thereof, he shall designate one of the Vice-Presidents to take his place.
2. A Vice-President acting as President shall have the same powers and duties as the President.

## Rule 9

## Replacement of the President

If the President is unable to perform his functions, a new President shall be elected.

## Rule 10

Voting rights of the President
The President, or a Vice-President acting as President, shall not vote in the International Meeting, but may appoint another member of his delegation to vote in his place.

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## III. General Committee

## Rule 11

## Composition

The President, the Vice-Presidents, the Rapporteur-General and the Chairman of the Main Committee shall constitute the General Committee. The President, or in his absence one of the Vice-Presidents designated by him, shall serve as Chairman of the General Committee. The Chairman of the Credentials Committee and other committees established by the International Meeting in accordance with rule 48 may participate, without the right to vote, in the General Committee.

## Rule 12

## Substitute members

If the President or a Vice-President of the International Meeting is to be absent during a meeting of the General Committee, he may designate a member of his delegation to sit and vote in the Committee. In case of absence, the Chairman of the Main Committee shall designate the Vice-Chairman of that Committee as his substitute. When serving on the General Committee, a Vice-Chairman of the Main Committee shall not have the right to vote if he is of the same delegation as another member of the General Committee.

## Rule 13

Functions
The General Committee shall assist the President in the general conduct of the business of the International Meeting and, subject to the decisions of the International Meeting, shall ensure the coordination of its work.

## IV. Secretariat of the International Meeting

## Rule 14

Duties of the Secretary-General of the International Meeting

1. The Secretary-General of the International Meeting shall act in that capacity in all meetings of the International Meeting and its subsidiary organs.
2. The Secretary-General of the International Meeting may designate a member of the secretariat to act in his place at these meetings.
3. The Secretary-General of the International Meeting or his designated representative shall direct the staff required by the International Meeting.

## Rule 15

Duties of the secretariat of the International Meeting
The secretariat of the International Meeting shall, in accordance with these rules:
(a) Provide simultaneous interpretation of speeches made at meetings;
(b) Receive, translate, reproduce and circulate the documents of the International Meeting;
(c) Publish and circulate the official documents of the International Meeting;
(d) Prepare and circulate records of public meetings;
(e) Make and arrange for the keeping of sound recordings;
(f) Arrange for the custody and preservation of the documents of the International Meeting in the archives of the United Nations;
(g) Generally perform all other work that the International Meeting may require.

## Rule 16

## Statements by the secretariat

The Secretary-General of the United Nations, or any member of the secretariat designated for that purpose, may, at any time, make either oral or written statements concerning any question under consideration.

## V. Opening of the International Meeting

## Rule 17

## Temporary President

The Secretary-General of the United Nations or, in his absence, any member of the secretariat designated by him for that purpose, shall open the first meeting of the International Meeting and preside until the International Meeting has elected its President.

## Rule 18

## Decisions concerning organization

The International Meeting shall at its first meeting:
(a) Adopt its rules of procedure;
(b) Elect its officers and constitute its subsidiary organs;
(c) Adopt its agenda, the draft of which shall, until such adoption, be the provisional agenda of the International Meeting;
(d) Decide on the organization of its work.

## VI. Conduct of business

## Rule 19

Quorum
The President may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when at least one third of the representatives of the States participating in the International Meeting are present. The presence of representatives of a majority of the States so participating shall be required for any decision to be taken.

## Rule 20

Speeches

1. No one may address the International Meeting without having previously obtained the permission of the President. Subject to rules 21,22 and 25 to 27 , the President shall call upon speakers in the order in which they signify their desire to speak. The secretariat shall be in charge of drawing up a list of speakers.
2. Debate shall be confined to the question before the International Meeting and the President may call a speaker to order if his remarks are not relevant to the subject under discussion.
3. The International Meeting may limit the time allowed to each speaker and the number of times each participant may speak on any question. Permission to speak on a motion to set such limits shall be accorded only to two representatives in favour of and to two opposing such limits, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote. In any event, with the consent of the International Meeting, the President shall limit each intervention on procedural matters to five minutes. When the debate is limited and a speaker exceeds the allotted time, the President shall call him to order without delay.

## Rule 21

Points of order
During the discussion of any matter, a representative may at any time raise a point of order, which shall be immediately decided by the President in accordance with these rules. A representative may appeal against the ruling of the President. The appeal shall be immediately put to the vote, and the President's ruling shall stand unless overruled by a majority of the representatives present and voting. A representative may not, in raising a point of order, speak on the substance of the matter under discussion.

## Rule 22

## Precedence

The Chairman or Rapporteur of the Main Committee, or the representative of a subcommittee or working group, may be accorded precedence for the purpose of explaining the conclusions arrived at by the body concerned.

## Rule 23

## Closing of the list of speakers

During the course of a debate, the President may announce the list of speakers and, with the consent of the International Meeting, declare the list closed.

## Rule 24

## Right of reply

1. Notwithstanding rule 23, the President shall accord the right of reply to a representative of any State participating in the International Meeting or of the European Community who requests it. Any other representative may be granted the opportunity to make a reply.
2. The statements made under this rule shall normally be made at the end of the last meeting of the day, or at the conclusion of the consideration of the relevant item if that is sooner.
3. The representatives of a State or of the European Community may make no more than two statements under this rule at a given meeting on any item. The first shall be limited to five minutes and the second to three minutes; representatives shall in any event attempt to be as brief as possible.

## Rule 25

## Adjournment of debate

A representative of any State participating in the International Meeting may at any time move the adjournment of the debate on the question under discussion. In addition to the proposer of the motion, permission to speak on the motion shall be accorded only to two representatives in favour and to two opposing the adjournment, after which the motion shall, subject to rule 28 , be immediately put to the vote.

## Rule 26

## Closure of debate

A representative of any State participating in the International Meeting may at any time move the closure of the debate on the question under discussion, whether or not any other representative has signified his wish to speak. Permission to speak on the motion shall be accorded only to two representatives opposing the closure, after which the motion shall, subject to rule 28 , be immediately put to the vote.

## Rule 27

## Suspension or adjournment of the meeting

Subject to rule 38, a representative of any State participating in the International Meeting may at any time move the suspension or the adjournment of the meeting. No discussion on such motions shall be permitted and they shall, subject to rule 28 , be immediately put to the vote.

## Rule 28

Order of motions
The motions indicated below shall have precedence in the following order over all proposals or other motions before the meeting:
(a) To suspend the meeting;
(b) To adjourn the meeting;
(c) To adjourn the debate on the question under discussion;
(d) To close the debate on the question under discussion.

## Rule 29

## Submission of proposals and substantive amendments

Proposals and substantive amendments shall normally be submitted in writing to the Secretary-General or his designated representative, who shall circulate copies to all delegations. Unless the International Meeting decides otherwise, substantive proposals shall be discussed or put to a decision no earlier than 24 hours after copies have been circulated in all languages of the International Meeting to all delegations. The President may, however, permit the discussion and consideration of amendments, even though these amendments have not been circulated or have been circulated only the same day.

## Rule 30

## Withdrawal of proposals and motions

A proposal or a motion may be withdrawn by its sponsor at any time before a decision on it has been taken, provided that it has not been amended. A proposal or a motion thus withdrawn may be reintroduced by any representative.

## Rule 31

## Decisions on competence

Subject to rule 28 , any motion calling for a decision on the competence of the International Meeting to adopt a proposal submitted to it shall be put to the vote before a decision is taken on the proposal in question.

## Rule 32

## Reconsideration of proposals

When a proposal has been adopted or rejected, it may not be reconsidered unless the International Meeting, by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting, so decides. Permission to speak on a motion to reconsider shall be accorded only to two speakers opposing reconsideration, after which the motion shall be immediately put to the vote.

## VII. Decision-making

## Rule 33

## General agreement

The International Meeting shall make its best endeavour to ensure that the work of the International Meeting is accomplished by general agreement.

## Rule 34

## Voting rights

Each State participating in the International Meeting shall have one vote.

## Rule 35

## Majority required

1. Subject to rule 33, decisions of the International Meeting on all matters of substance shall be taken by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting.
2. Except as otherwise provided in these rules, decisions of the International Meeting on all matters of procedure shall be taken by a majority of the representatives present and voting.
3. If the question arises whether a matter is one of procedure or of substance, the President of the International Meeting shall rule on the question. An appeal against this ruling shall be put to the vote immediately, and the President's ruling shall stand unless overruled by a majority of the representatives present and voting.
4. If a vote is equally divided, the proposal or motion shall be regarded as rejected.

## Rule 36

## Meaning of the phrase "representatives present and voting"

For the purpose of these rules, the phrase "representatives present and voting" means representatives casting an affirmative or negative vote. Representatives who abstain from voting shall be regarded as not voting.

## Rule 37

## Method of voting

1. Except as provided in rule 44, the International Meeting shall normally vote by show of hands, except that a representative may request a roll-call, which shall then be taken in the English alphabetical order of the names of the States participating in the International Meeting, beginning with the delegation whose name is drawn by lot by the President. The name of each State shall be called in all roll-calls, and its representative shall reply "yes", "no" or "abstention".
2. When the International Meeting votes by mechanical means, a nonrecorded vote shall replace a vote by show of hands and a recorded vote shall replace a roll-call. A representative may request a recorded vote, which shall, unless a representative requests otherwise, be taken without calling out the names of the States participating in the International Meeting.
3. The vote of each State participating in a roll-call or a recorded vote shall be inserted in any record of or report on the meeting.

## Rule 38

## Conduct during voting

After the President has announced the commencement of voting, no representative shall interrupt the voting, except on a point of order in connection with the process of voting.

## Rule 39

## Explanation of vote

Representatives may make brief statements consisting solely of explanations of vote, before the voting has commenced or after the voting has been completed. The President may limit the time to be allowed for such explanations. The representative of a State sponsoring a proposal or motion shall not speak in explanation of vote thereon, except if it has been amended.

## Rule 40

## Division of proposals

A representative may move that parts of a proposal be decided on separately. If a representative objects, the motion for division shall be voted upon. Permission to speak on the motion shall be accorded only to two representatives in favour of and to two opposing the division. If the motion is carried, those parts of the proposal that are subsequently approved shall be put to the International Meeting for decision as a whole. If all operative parts of the proposal have been rejected, the proposal shall be considered to have been rejected as a whole.

## Rule 41

## Amendments

A proposal is considered an amendment to another proposal if it merely adds to, deletes from or revises part of that proposal. Unless specified otherwise, the word "proposal" in these rules shall be regarded as including amendments.

## Rule 42

## Order of voting on amendments

When an amendment is moved to a proposal, the amendment shall be voted on first. When two or more amendments are moved to a proposal, the International Meeting shall vote first on the amendment furthest removed in substance from the original proposal and then on the amendment next furthest removed therefrom and so on until all the amendments have been put to the vote. Where, however, the adoption of one amendment necessarily implies the rejection of another amendment, the latter shall not be put to the vote. If one or more amendments are adopted, the amended proposal shall then be voted upon.

## Rule 43

## Order of voting on proposals

1. If two or more proposals, other than amendments, relate to the same question, they shall, unless the International Meeting decides otherwise, be voted on in the order in which they were submitted. The International Meeting may, after each vote on a proposal, decide whether to vote on the next proposal.
2. Revised proposals shall be voted on in the order in which the original proposals were submitted, unless the revision substantially departs from the original proposal. In that case, the original proposal shall be regarded as withdrawn and the revised proposal shall be treated as a new proposal.
3. A motion requiring that no decision be taken on a proposal shall be put to the vote before a decision is taken on the proposal in question.

## Rule 44

## Elections

All elections shall be held by secret ballot unless, in the absence of any objection, the International Meeting decides to proceed without taking a ballot when there is an agreed candidate or slate.

## Rule 45

1. When one or more elective places are to be filled at one time under the same conditions, those candidates, in a number not exceeding the number of such places, obtaining in the first ballot a majority of the votes cast and the largest number of votes, shall be elected.
2. If the number of candidates obtaining such majority is less than the number of places to be filled, additional ballots shall be held to fill the remaining places, the voting being restricted to the candidates obtaining the greatest number of votes in the previous ballot to a number not more than twice the places remaining to be filled.

## VIII. Subsidiary bodies

## Rule 46

## Main Committee

The International Meeting may establish a Main Committee as required which may set up subcommittees or working groups.

## Rule 47

Representation on the Main Committee
Each State participating in the International Meeting and the European Community may be represented by one representative on the Main Committee established by the International Meeting. It may assign to the Committee such alternate representatives and advisers as may be required.

## Rule 48

## Other Committees and working groups

1. In addition to the Main Committee referred to above, the International Meeting may establish such committees and working groups as it deems necessary for the performance of its functions.
2. Subject to the decision of the Plenary of the International Meeting, the Main Committee may set up subcommittees and working groups.

## Rule 49

1. The members of the committees and working groups of the International Meeting, referred to in rule 48, paragraph 1, shall be appointed by the President,
subject to the approval of the International Meeting, unless the International Meeting decides otherwise.
2. Members of the subcommittees and working groups of committees shall be appointed by the Chairman of the committee in question, subject to the approval of that committee, unless the committee decides otherwise.

## Rule 50

Officers
Except as otherwise provided in rule 6, each committee, subcommittee and working group shall elect its own officers.

## Rule 51

## Quorum

1. The Chairman of the Main Committee may declare a meeting open and permit the debate to proceed when representatives of at least one quarter of the States participating in the International Meeting are present. The presence of representatives of a majority of the States so participating shall be required for any decision to be taken.
2. A majority of the representatives of the General or Credentials Committee or of any committee, subcommittee or working group shall constitute a quorum provided that they are representatives of participating States.

## Rule 52

Officers, conduct of business and voting
The rules contained in sections II, VI (except rule 19) and VII above shall be applicable, mutatis mutandis, to the proceedings of committees, subcommittees and working groups, except that:
(a) The Chairmen of the General and Credentials Committees and the Chairmen of the committees, subcommittees and working groups may exercise the right to vote, provided that they are representatives of participating States;
(b) Decisions of committees, subcommittees and working groups shall be taken by a majority of the representatives present and voting, except that the reconsideration of a proposal or an amendment shall require the majority established by rule 32 .

## IX. Languages and records

## Rule 53

## Languages of the International Meeting

Arabic, Chinese, English, French, Russian and Spanish shall be the languages of the International Meeting.

## Rule 54

## Interpretation

1. Speeches made in a language of the International Meeting shall be interpreted into the other such languages.
2. A representative may speak in a language other than a language of the International Meeting if the delegation concerned provides for interpretation into one such language.

## Rule 55

## Languages of official documents

Official documents of the International Meeting shall be made available in the languages of the International Meeting.

## Rule 56

## Sound recordings of meetings

Sound recordings of meetings of the International Meeting and of the Main Committee shall be made and kept in accordance with the practice of the United Nations. Unless otherwise decided by the International Meeting or the Main Committee, no such recordings shall be made of the meetings of any working group thereof.

## X. Public and private meetings

## General principles

## Rule 57

The plenary meetings of the International Meeting and the meetings of any committee shall be held in public unless the body concerned decides otherwise. All decisions taken by the Plenary of the International Meeting at a private meeting shall be announced at an early public meeting of the plenary.

## Rule 58

As a general rule, meetings of the General Committee, subcommittees or working groups shall be held in private.

## Rule 59

## Communiqués on private meetings

At the close of a private meeting, the presiding officer of the organ concerned may issue a communiqué through the Secretary-General or his designated representative.

## XI. Other participants and observers

## Rule 60

Entities, intergovernmental organizations and other entities that have received a standing invitation from the General Assembly to participate in the capacity of observer in the sessions and work of all international conferences convened under its auspices

Representatives of entities, intergovernmental organizations and other entities that have received a standing invitation from the General Assembly to participate in the capacity of observer in the sessions and work of all international conferences convened under its auspices have the right to participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the International Meeting, the Main Committee and, as appropriate, any other committee or working group.

## Rule 61

## Associate members of regional commissions

Representatives designated by the associate members of regional commissions may participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the International Meeting, the Main Committee and, as appropriate, any other committee or working group.

## Rule 62

Representatives of the specialized agencies
Representatives designated by the specialized agencies may participate, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the International Meeting, the Main Committee and, as appropriate, any other committee or working group on questions within the scope of their activities.

## Rule 63

## Representatives of other intergovernmental organizations

Save where otherwise specifically provided with respect to the European Community in these rules of procedure, representatives designated by other intergovernmental organizations invited to the International Meeting may participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the International Meeting, the Main Committee and, as appropriate, any other committee or working group on questions within the scope of their activities.

## Rule 64

## Representatives of interested United Nations organs

Representatives designated by interested organs of the United Nations may participate as observers, without the right to vote, in the deliberations of the International Meeting, the Main Committee and, as appropriate, any other committee or working group on questions within the scope of their activities.

[^1]
## Rule 65

## Representatives of non-governmental organizations ${ }^{\text {B }}$

1. Non-governmental organizations accredited to participate in the International Meeting may designate representatives to sit as observers at public sessions of the Meeting and its Main Committee.
2. Upon the invitation of the presiding officer of the International Meeting and subject to the approval of the Meeting, such observers may make oral statements on questions in which they have special competence. If the number of requests to speak is too large, the non-governmental organizations shall be requested to form themselves into constituencies, such constituencies to speak through spokespersons.

## Rule 66

## Written statements

Written statements submitted by the designated representatives referred to in rules 60 and 61 shall be distributed by the secretariat to all delegations in the quantity and in the language in which the statements are made available to it at the site of the International Meeting. Any such statement submitted on behalf of a nongovernmental organization must be related to the work of the International Meeting and be on a subject in which the organization has a special competence. Written statements shall not be made at United Nations expense and shall not be issued as official documents.

## XII. Suspension and amendment of the rules of procedure

## Rule 67

## Method of suspension

Any of these rules may be suspended by the International Meeting provided that 24 hours notice of the proposal for the suspension has been given, which may be waived if no representative objects. Any such suspension shall be limited to a specific and stated purpose and to a period required to achieve that purpose.

## Rule 68

## Method of amendment

These rules of procedure may be amended by a decision of the International Meeting taken by a two-thirds majority of the representatives present and voting, after the General Committee has reported on the proposed amendment.

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[^0]:    1 Three from each of the following groups: African States; Asian States; Eastern European States; Latin American and the Caribbean States; and Western European and other States.

[^1]:    2 For the purpose of these rules, the term "specialized agencies" includes the International Atomic Energy Agency, the Organization for the Prohibition of Chemical Weapons, the Preparatory Commission for the Comprehensive Nuclear-Test-Ban Treaty Organization, the World Tourism Organization and the World Trade Organization.

[^2]:    ${ }^{3}$ It is recalled that paragraph 23.3 of Agenda 21 provides that "any policies, definitions or rules affecting access to and participation by non-governmental organizations in the work of the United Nations institutions or agencies associated with the implementation of Agenda 21 must apply equally to all major groups". Agenda 21 defines major groups as comprising women, children and youth, indigenous people, non-governmental organizations, local authorities, workers and their trade unions, business and industry, the scientific and technological community and farmers. Therefore, based on Agenda 21 , rule 64 shall apply equally to nongovernmental organizations and other major groups.

